/*dining philosopher problem*/

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define N 5
#define THINKING 0
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 2
#define MAX_EAT_COUNT 1 // Reduced eat count for a shorter output
pthread_t philosophers[N];
sem_t forks[N];
sem_t mutex;
int state[N];
int eat_count[N] = {0}; // Initialize eat count for each philosopher
void test(int phil_id); // Declare the test function
void grab_forks(int phil_id) {
  sem_wait(&mutex);
  state[phil_id] = HUNGRY;
  printf("Philosopher %d is hungry\n", phil_id);
  test(phil_id);
  sem_post(&mutex);
  sem_wait(&forks[phil_id]);
}
void put_forks(int phil_id) {
```

```
sem_wait(&mutex);
  state[phil_id] = THINKING;
  printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", phil_id);
  test((phil_id + N - 1) % N); // Test left neighbor
  test((phil_id + 1) % N); // Test right neighbor
  sem_post(&mutex);
}
void test(int phil_id) {
  if (state[phil_id] == HUNGRY &&
    state[(phil_id + N - 1) % N] != EATING &&
    state[(phil_id + 1) % N] != EATING) {
    state[phil_id] = EATING;
    printf("Philosopher %d is eating\n", phil_id);
    eat_count[phil_id]++;
    sem_post(&forks[phil_id]);
  }
}
void *philosopher(void *arg) {
  int phil_id = *((int *)arg);
  while (eat_count[phil_id] < MAX_EAT_COUNT) {
    // Thinking
    sleep(1);
    // Grab forks and eat
    grab_forks(phil_id);
    sleep(2);
    put_forks(phil_id);
  }
```

```
}
int main() {
  int i, ids[N];
  sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
  for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
     sem_init(&forks[i], 0, 1);
     ids[i] = i;
  }
  for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
     pthread\_create(\&philosophers[i], NULL, philosopher, \&ids[i]);\\
  }
  for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
     pthread_join(philosophers[i], NULL);
  }
  return 0;
}
```

