```
# matrix chain multiplication
def PrintMat(m):
    for i in m:
        print(i)
def MatrixChainMult(p):
    n = len(p)-1
    max val = 999999999
    m = [[0 for x in range(n)] for x in range(n)]
    S = [[0 \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(n)] \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(n)]
    # m[i, j] = Minimum number of scalar
    # cost is zero when multiplying one matrix.
    for i in range(0, n):
        m[i][i] = 0
    # L is chain length.
    for L in range(2, n+1):
        for i in range(0, n-L + 1):
            j = i + L-1
            m[i][j] = max_val
            for k in range(i, j):
                 # q = cost / scalar multiplications
                 q = m[i][k] + m[k + 1][j] +
p[i]*p[k+1]*p[j+1]
                 if q < m[i][j]:</pre>
                     m[i][j] = q
                     S[i][j] = k
    mp = [[m[i][i] for i in range(0, n)]]
    for L in range(1, n):
        temp = [m[i][i+L] for i in range(0, n-L)]
```

```
mp.append(temp)
    print("\nMatrix M:")
    PrintMat(mp)
    sp = []
    for L in range(1, n):
        temp = [(S[i][i+L] + 1) for i in range(0, n-L)]
        sp.append(temp)
    print("\nMatrix S:")
    PrintMat(sp)
    return m[0][n-1]
#main func
\#p = [10, 100, 20, 5, 80]
n1=int(input("enter the no. of dims:"))
p=[] #p=mat dims array
print("enter dims")
for i in range(n1):
    11=int(input())
    p.append(l1)
print("the dim array:",p)
print("Minimum number of multiplications is "
,MatrixChainMult(p))
```

```
PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive\Desktop\5th sem codes(daa)> python -u "c:\Users\HP\OneDrive\Desktop\5th sem codes(daa)\mat_chain_dp_sir.py" enter the no. of dims:5 enter dims
10
100
20
5
80
the dim array: [10, 100, 20, 5, 80]

Matrix M:
[0, 0, 0, 0]
[20000, 10000, 8000]
[15000]
[15000]

Matrix S:
[1, 2, 3]
[1, 3]
[3]
Minimum number of multiplications is 19000
PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive\Desktop\5th sem codes(daa)>
```