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!pip install factor-analyzer
# Use the Chronic Kidney Disease database:
# • Perform factor analysis to distinguish between the features.
# • Arrange the features based on their importance
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder
from factor_analyzer import FactorAnalyzer
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/ml 7th sem codes/datasets/kidney.csv')
# Display the first few rows and check for missing values
print(df.head())
print(df.isnull().sum())
# Drop rows with missing target values (if any) and handle missing data in features
df = df.dropna()
# Check data types
print(df.dtypes)
# Encode categorical columns (if any) using LabelEncoder
for column in df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns:
  le = LabelEncoder()
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df[column] = le.fit\_transform(df[column])

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# Drop the 'class' column (if it's the target variable) for factor analysis
df_features = df.drop(columns=['class'], errors='ignore')
# Step 1: Standardize the data (important for factor analysis)
scaler = StandardScaler()
scaled_data = scaler.fit_transform(df_features)
# Step 2: Perform Factor Analysis
fa = FactorAnalyzer(n_factors=5, rotation='varimax') # Set number of factors to 5, adjust if needed
fa.fit(scaled_data)
# Step 3: Get the factor loadings
factor_loadings = fa.loadings_
print("Factor Loadings:")
print(factor_loadings)
# Step 4: Get the explained variance for each factor
variance = fa.get_factor_variance()
print("\nExplained Variance:")
print(variance)
# Step 5: Rank features based on their importance
feature_importance = pd.DataFrame(factor_loadings, index=df_features.columns)
feature_importance = feature_importance.abs().mean(axis=1)
sorted_features = feature_importance.sort_values(ascending=False)
# Display sorted features based on their importance
print("\nFeatures ranked by importance based on factor loadings:")
print(sorted_features)
# Step 6: Visualize the factor loadings
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plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
plt.matshow(factor_loadings, cmap='coolwarm', aspect='auto')
plt.colorbar()
plt.title("Factor Loadings Heatmap")
plt.xticks(range(factor_loadings.shape[1]), ['Factor ' + str(i+1) for i in range(factor_loadings.shape[1])])
plt.yticks(range(factor_loadings.shape[0]), df_features.columns)
plt.show()
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