Dataset 1 - Unit 1, Lecture 2 - World Health Organization

- Arithmetical operations. Functions sqrt and abs.
- How to use R help.
- How to save variables, and how to name them.
- How to see all the variables created in the current session.
- Creating vectors. Getting an element from a vector. Creating sequencies.
- Creating data frames. Adding new variables and new observations to a existing data frame.
- Changing the working directory. Getting the current working directory.
- How to read .csv documents in R.
- How to get the structure and the summary from a data frame.
- Understanding the structure and the summary from a data frame.
- Dividing the dataset. Subset function.
- Saving .csv files from data frames in R.
- Removing unnecessary variables.
- How to access to a variable contained in a data frame.
- How to calculate the mean and standard desviation of a variable.
- How to find where the maximum and minimum values of a variable in a data frame are.
- How to create a basic plot.
- How to visualize only some of the variables contained in a data frame.
- How to create histograms and boxplots, how to interpretate them, and how to label them.
- How to use the table function.
- How to use the tapply function. Removing observations with missing values from tapply.
- How to create and save an R Script.

Dataset 2 - Unit 1, Recitation - Nutritional Education with Data

- Changing the working directory and reading a .csv file.
- Structure and summary functions review.
- Finding where the maximum value of a variable contained in a data frame is.
- How to use the function names.
- Creating a subset.
- How to find a name in a vector with the match function. How to find a value in a data frame.
- Creating basic plots. Labelling the axis and the plot.
- Changing the colour of a plot.
- Histograms. Creating x-axis limits in a plot. How to break the cells in an histogram.
- Boxplots.
- Creating a logical variable. Changing a logical variable (FALSE TRUE) into numbers (0 1).
- Adding new variables to a data frame.
- Tables with 1 and 2 arguments and tapply function.

Dataset 3 - Unit 1, Homework 1 - An Analytical Detective

- Reading a .csv file.
- Getting the structure and the summary from the data frame.
- Using tables (1 and 2 arguments). Sorting values from tables.
- Converting a variable into dates (as.Date function).
- Extracting months and weekdays from a date.
- Histograms and Boxplots.
- Remmoving unnecessary categories from a variable.

Dataset 4 - Unit 1, Homework 2 - Stock Dynamics

- Reading a .csv file.
- Converting variables into dates.
- Getting the structure and the summary from the data. Calculating a standard desviation.
- Drawing line plots. Adding new lines to a line plot. Adding vertical lines to a plot.
- Creating y-axis limits in a plot. Selecting the data which data we want to plot in the graph.
- Calculating the mean. Using tapply function. Extracting months from dates.

<u>Dataset 5 - Unit 1, Homework 3 - Demographics and Employment in the</u> US

- Reading a .csv file. Getting the structure and the summary from the data frame.
- Creating a table (1 argument) and sorting it.
- Creating a table (2 arguments).
- Counting NA values with the is.na function. Using a tapply function with logical variables.
- Merging data frames on two variables from two different data frames.

Dataset 6 - Unit 1, Homework 4 (0) - Internet Privacy Poll

- Reading a .csv file. Getting the structure and the summary from the data frame.
- Creating tables (1 and 2 arguments).
- Creating a subset.
- Creating histograms.
- Adding a small amount of random noise to certain values.
- Using the tapply function.

Dataset 7 - Unit 2, Lecture 1 - The Statistical Sommelier

- Learning what one variable linear regression is.
- Measuring the errors. SSE, SST, RMSE, R².
- Multiple linear regression. What "overfitting" is.
- Creating a one variable linear regression in R. Getting a summary from the model.
- Coefficients in a model. Multiple and adjusted R-squared.
- Computing SSE and SST.
- Creating multiple linear regressions.
- Understanding the model. Selecting variables: "t value", "Pr > (|t|)", the star coding scheme.
- What are correlation and multicollinearity.
- Testing correlation in R. Dealing with multicollinearity in the models.
- Training data and testing data. Out-of-sample accuracy.
- Making predictions in new data. Computing out-of-sample R².

Dataset 8 - Unit 2, Lecture 2 - Moneyball: The Power of Sports Analytics

- Dividing a data frame into a training set and a testing set.
- Creating one variable linear regressions.
- Creating multivariable regressions.
- Getting summaries from the models.
- Testing correlation in R.
- Review Week 1: adding variables into a data frame, creating basic plots.

Dataset 9 - Unit 2, Recitation - Playing Moneyball in the NBA

- Creating a one variable linear regression. Getting a summary from the model.
- Creating multivariable regressions.
- Computing SSE and RMSE.
- Making predictions in new data. Computing out-of-sample RMSE and R².
- Review Week 1: adding variables into a data frame, tables (2 arguments), creating basic plots.

Dataset 10 - Unit 2, Homework 1 - Climate Change

- Dividing a data frame into a training set and a testing set.
- Creating a multivariable linear regression. Getting a summary from the model.
- Testing correlation in R.
- Finding automatically a good compromise of model simplicity and R². The step function.
- Making predictions in new data. Computing out-of-sample R².

<u>Dataset 11 - Unit 2, Homework 2 - Reading Test Scores</u>

- Removing observations with missing values.
- Dealing with factor variables.
- Setting reference values in unordered factors.
- Building a linear model using all the variables in the data frame (except the dependient one).
- Getting the summary from the model.
- Getting the RMSE from the model.
- Making predictions in new data. Calculating SSE, RMSE and R² in the testing set.
- Review Week 1: tapply function.

<u>Dataset 12 - Unit 2, Homework 3 - Detecting Flu Epidemics</u>

- Dealing with skewed variables. Using logarithms and exponential functions.
- Building a linear model with one independient variable.
- Getting the summary from the model.
- Making predictions when we use the logarithm of the dependient variable.
- Finding test in a data frame. Using the match function.
- Calculating SSE and RMSE in the testing set.
- Building a time series model with two independient variables. Lagging observations.
- Review Week 1: finding where maximum values are, histograms, basic plots.

Dataset 13 - Unit 2, Homework 4 (0) - State Data

- Using datasets that R has built in.
- Creating multivariable linear models and getting their summary.
- Making predictions in the training set.
- Review Week 1: basic plot, tapply, boxplot, subset, finding where minimum and maximum values are.

Dataset 14 - Unit 2, Homework 5 (0) - Forecasting Elantra Sales

- Splitting the data into a training set and a testing set.
- Creating a multivariable linear model.
- Converting numeric variables into factor variables. Building a model with factor variables.
- Testing correlations of more than two variables.
- Making predictions in new data. Computing out-of-sample SSE, RMSE and R².
- Review Week 1: finding maximum values.

Dataset 15 - Unit 3, Lecture 1 - D2Hawkeye (Modelling an Expert)

- Categorical and binary variables.
- Logistic Regression: concept. Odds and Logit.
- Splitting randomly a dataset. Setting a seed.
- Building a two variables logistic regression model.
- Getting a summary and interpreting the model. The AIC index.
- Making predictions with logistical regressions on the training set.
- Thresold values. Classification (or confusion) matrix. True and false positives and negatives.
- Comparing with baseline models.
- Sensitivity and specificity. ROC curve. Generating ROC curves in R.
- Area under the ROC curve (AUC) and accuracy. Computing AUC in R.
- Review Week 1: table, tapply.

Dataset 16 - Unit 3, Lecture 2 - The Framingham Heart Study

- Splitting randomly a dataset in a classification problem. Setting a seed.
- Building a logistic model using all the variables in the frame (except the dependient one).
- Getting the summary and interpreting the model.
- Making predictions in the test set.
- Comparing with baseline models. Creating a confusion matrix in R. Calculating the accuracy.
- Calculating specificity and sensitivity.
- Understanding the importance of external validation.
- Review Week 1: table.

Dataset 17 - Unit 3, Recitacion - Election Forecasting

- Filling missing points (NA vaules) with average values.
- Dealing with multicollinearity.
- Building a logistic with one independient variable. Getting the summary.
- Making predictions in the training set and comparing with a smart baseline model.
- Building a two variable model.
- Making predictions in the testing set.
- Review Week 1: table, searching where data are.
- Review Week 2: splitting a data frame into a training set and a testing set. Testing correlations.

Dataset 18 - Unit 3, Homework 1 - Popularity of Music Records

- Removing variables from a data frame.
- Creating a logistic model with all the variables in the frame (except the independient one).
- Getting the summary of the model and interpreting it.
- Dealing with multicollinearity. Removing variables before building a model.
- Testing the model in the testing set. Making predictions.
- Calculating accuracy, sensitivity and specificity.
- Review Week 1: creating subsets, searching where data are, table, finding maximums.
- Review Week 2: dividing a data frame into a training set and a testing set. Testing correlations in R.

<u>Dataset 19 - Unit 3, Homework 2 - Predicting Parole Violators</u>

- Splitting randomly a dataset in a classification problem. Setting a seed.
- Creating a logistic model with all the variables in the frame (except the independient one).
- Getting the summary of the model and interpreting it, specially its coefficients.
- Odds and probabilities.
- Making predictions in new data. Calculating accuracy, sensitivity and specificity.
- Calculating the AUC.
- Review Week 1: table.
- Review Week 2: converting variables into factors.

Dataset 20 - Unit 3, Homework 3 - Predicting Loan Repayment

- Setting a random seed. Filling missing points with average values.
- Splitting randomly a dataset in a classification problem.
- Creating a logistic model with all the variables in the frame (except the independient one).
- Getting the summary of the model and interpreting it. Calculating the AUC.
- Making predictions in new data. Calculating accuracy.
- Creating a smart baseline model.
- Review Week 1: table, subset.

<u>Dataset 8B - Unit 3, Homework 4 (0) - Predicting World Series</u> <u>Chamption</u>

- Converting a variable into characters.
- Building logistic models, getting their summary and interpreting them.
- Review Week 1: table, subset, converting logical variables into numerical variables.
- Review Week 2: testing correlations.

Dataset 21 - Unit 4, Lecture 1 - Predicting Supreme Court Decissions

- Classification tree concept.
- Creating a CART model in R. The "minbucket" argument.
- Plotting and interpreting trees. Making predictions in unseen data.
- Drawing ROC curves and computing the AUC in classification tree models.
- Random forests. Implemeting them into R. Making predictions with random forests.
- Complexity parameter concept.
- Using the cross validation method in R and selecting the best cp value.
- Creating a CART model using cp instead of minbucket.
- Review Week 1: table.
- Review Week 2: converting a variable into a factor variable.
- Review Week 3: splitting randomly data into a training set and a testing set. Setting a random seed. Confusion matrices. Calculating accuracy.

Dataset 22 - Unit 4, Lecture 2 - The D2Hawkeye Story. Health Costs

- Penalty error concept. Penalty matrixes.
- Creating matrices in R. Converting tables into matrices.
- Multipling matrices element by element.
- Building a CART model in R in classification problems with more than 2 cattegories.
- Plotting a tree.
- Including penalty matrices in the models.
- Predicting values in unseen data.
- Review Week 1: table.
- Review Week 3: splitting randomly data into a training set and a testing set. Setting a random seed. Confusion matrices. Calculating accuracy.

Dataset 23 - Unit 4, Recitation - Housing Data

- Regression tree concept.
- Colouring subsets of points in a basic plot.
- Building a regression tree model. Plotting it and making predictions.
- Parameters: λ , RSS, cp. Relationships between them.
- Optimizing the tree (cross validation). Building the optimal tree and testing it.
- Review Week 1: basic plots.
- Review Week 2: creating a linear regression. Adding vertical and horizontal lines to a plot.
- Review Week 3: splitting randomly data into a training set and a testing set. Setting a random seed.

Dataset 24 - Unit 4, Homework 1 - Why People Vote

- Creating regression trees. Plotting them.
- Making predictions on unseen data.
- Review Week 1: table, tapply, creating a data frame.
- Review Week 3: creating a logistic regression model and making predictions with it. Classification matrices. Computing the AUC value.

<u>Dataset 25 - Unit 4, Homework 2 - Letter Recognition</u>

- Creating a classification tree, and making predictions on unseen data with it.
- Creating a classification random forest, and making predictions on unseen data with it.
- Creating a multi-classification tree, and making predictions on unseen data with it.
- Creating a multi-classification random forest, and making predictions on unseen data with it.
- Review Week 1: table
- Review Week 2: dealing with factor variables.
- Review Week 3: splitting randomly a data set into a training and a testing set. Setting a random seed. creating a logistic regression model and making predictions with it. Classification matrices.

Dataset 26 - Unit 4, Homework 3 - Predicting Earnings from Census

- Building classification trees, and making predictions on unseen data with it.
- Plotting trees.
- Drawing ROC curves and computing the AUC in classification tree models.
- Taking a sample from a data set.
- Creating a classification random forest, and making predictions on unseen data with it.
- Finding ways to interpret random forest models.
- Cross validation method to optimize the tree. Making predicitons.
- Review Week 3: splitting randomly a data set into a training and a testing set. Setting a random seed. creating a logistic regression model and making predictions with it. Classification matrices. Plotting ROC curves and calculating their AUC.

Dataset 13B - Unit 4, Homework 4 (0) - State Data Revisited

- Building regression trees. Changing their parameters and making predictions on unseen data
- Computing SSE in problems with regression trees.
- Plotting trees. Applying cross validation to optimize the tree.
- Review Week 2: Using datasets that R has built in. Creating a linear model. Evaluating it. Making predictions. Computing SSE. Getting correlations.

Dataset 27 - Unit 5, Lecture 1 - Turning Tweets into Knowledge

- Introduction to text analytics.
- Bag of words concept.
- How to clean up irregularities, to remove stop words and stem the words. Limitations of these approaches.
- Setting the language to default. Reading .csv documents when text analytics has to be applied
- Creating a corpus in R.
- Pre-processing the text in R: cleaning up irregularities, removing stop words and stemming them. Getting the content from any element contained in the corpus.
- Getting frequencies of each word. Finding the most popular words. Removing terms that don't appear very often from the model.
- Converting frequencies matrices in data frames. Pre-processing variable names.
- Review Week 1: Table. Creating new variables.
- Review Week 3: Splitting randomly a data set into a training set and a testing set. Setting a random seed. Computing a classification matrix and calculating accuracy. Logistic regressions.
- Review Week 4: Classification trees, and plotting them. Random forests.

Dataset 28 - Unit 5, Recitation - Text Analytics into the Courtroom

- Setting the language to default. Reading .csv documents when text analytics has to be applied
- Creating a corpus in R.
- Pre-processing the text in R.
- Getting frequencies of each word. Finding the most popular words. Removing terms that don't appear very often from the model.
- Converting frequencies matrices in data frames.
- Review Week 1: Table. Creating new variables.
- Review Week 3: Splitting randomly a data set into a training set and a testing set. Setting a random seed. Computing a classification matrix and calculating accuracy. Plotting the ROC curve and computing the AUC.
- Review Week 4: Classification trees, and plotting them.

Dataset 29 - Unit 5, Homework 1 - Detecting vandalism on Wikipedia

- Setting the language to default. Reading .csv documents when text analytics has to be applied
- Creating a corpus in R.
- Pre-processing the text in R.
- Creating frequency matrices. Removing terms that don't appear very often from the model.
- Converting frequencies matrices in data frames. Modificating variable names.
- Searching text in a data frame. Creating a variable associated with the text searched.
- Getting the row sums from a matrix.
- Review Week 1: Tables. Converting variables into factors. Combining two data frames. Adding new variables into a data frame.
- Review Week 3: Splitting randomly the data into a training and a testing set. Creating a classification matrix. Calculating accuracies.
- Review Week 4: Building a classification tree. Making predictions with it. Plotting it.

Dataset 30 - Unit 5, Homework 2 - Automating Reviews in Medicine

- Setting the language to default. Reading .csv documents when text analytics has to be applied
- Counting the number of characters in a text.
- Pre-processing the text in R.
- Creating frequency matrices. Removing terms that don't appear very often from the model.
- Converting frequencies matrices in data frames.
- Getting the column sums from a matrix. Pre-processing variable names.
- Review Week 1: Tables. Finding minimums/maximums. Combining two data frames. Adding new variables.
- Review Week 3: Splitting randomly the data into a training and a testing set. Creating a classification matrix. Calculating accuracies, sensitivities and specifities.
- Review Week 4: Building a classification tree and plotting it. Making predictions with it. Calculating the AUC of the model.

Dataset 31 - Unit 5, Homework 3 + 4 (0) - Separating Spam from Ham

- Setting the language to default. Reading .csv documents when text analytics has to be applied
- Counting the number of characters in a text.
- Pre-processing the text in R.
- Creating frequency matrices. Removing terms that don't appear very often from the model.
- Converting frequencies matrices in data frames.
- Getting the column sums from a matrix. Pre-processing variable names.
- Predicting probabilities with a random forest.
- Getting row sums.
- Review Week 1: Tables. Finding minimums/maximums. Histograms. Boxplots.
- Review Week 2: Dealing with skewed variables.
- Review Week 3: Splitting randomly the data into a training and a testing set. Creating a logistic regression model. Making predictions with it. Creating a classification matrix. Calculating accuracies. Calculating the AUC.
- Review Week 4: Building a classification tree and a random forest model. Plotting the tree. Making predictions with the tree. Calculating accuracy and the AUC of the tree. Calculating accuracy and AUC of the forest.

<u>Dataset 32 - Unit 6, Lecture 1 - Movies Recommendations</u>

- Concepts of collaborative filtering and content filtering. Concept of clustering.
- Concept of distance.
- Hierachical clustering and dendrograms.
- Getting data into R from .txt files. Naming variables. Removing variables from a data frame.
- Deleting duplicate entries from a data set.
- Computing distances in R. Doing hierarchical clustering in R. Plotting a dendrogram.
- Cutting the data set into a particular number of clusters.
- Labelling the data points according to what cluster they belong.
- Searching in which cluster is a element from the data set. Searching which elements are contained into a cluster.
- Finding the cluster centroids when a lot of variables are involved.
- Review Week 1: Table. Tapply.

Dataset 33 - Unit 6, Recitation - Segmenting Images to Create Data

- Reading data corresponding to images into R.
- Converting a data frame into a matrix, and a matrix into a vector.
- Computing distances in R. Doing hierarchical clustering in R. Plotting a dendrogram.
- Cutting the data set into a particular number of clusters.
- Visualizing the cluster cuts in the dendrogram.
- Changing the dimension of an object.
- Outputting images from a matrix in R.
- K-means clustering method concept.
- Running the K-means algorithm in R. Testing a K-means algorithm.
- Revising and comparing all the methods learnt through the course until this moment.
- Review Week 1: Tapply.

Dataset 34 - Unit 6, Homework 1 - Document Clustering

- Computing distances in R. Doing hierarchical clustering in R. Plotting a dendrogram.
- Cutting the data set into a particular number of clusters.
- Finding maximum values in each cluster.
- Running the K-means algorithm in R.
- Review Week 1: Table.

Dataset 35 - Unit 6, Homework 2 - Market Segmentation for Airlines

- Normalising data, which is very useful when dealing with variables with different scales.
- Computing distances in R. Doing hierarchical clustering in R. Plotting a dendrogram.
- Cutting the data set into a particular number of clusters.
- Finding where the centroids of every cluster are.
- Running the K-means algorithm in R. Finding the new centroids.
- Review Week 1: Table.

<u>Dataset 36 - Unit 6, Homework 3 - Predicting Stock Returns</u>

- Getting the means from every column.
- Removing variables from a data frame. Normalising data.
- Running the K-means algorithm in R. Testing the K-means algorithm.
- Making predictions with the cluster-then-predict method.
- Review Week 1: Table. Combining vectors.
- Review Week 2: Getting correlations.
- Review Week 3: Splitting randomly the data into a training and a testing set. Creating a logistic regression model. Making predictions with it. Creating a classification matrix. Calculating accuracies.