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# Assignment 1 Ncert Exampler

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### I. Question-11.16.3.43

### Match the following:

(a) if $E_1$ and $E_2$ are the two mutually exclusive events	(i) $E_1 \cap E_2 = E_1$
(b) if $E_1$ and $E_2$ are the mutually exclusive and exhaustive events	(ii) $(E_1 - E_2) \cup (E_1 \cap E_2) = E_1$
(c) if $E_1$ and $E_2$ have common outcomes, then	(iii) $E_1 \cap E_2 = \phi, E_1 \cup E_2 = S$
(d) if $E_1$ and $E_2$ are two events such that $E_1 \subset E_2$	(iv) $E_1 \cap E_2 = \phi$

TABLE 0

#### **Solution:**

- (a) If  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  are mutually exclusive events, then  $E_1E_2 = \phi$ .
- (b) If  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  are mutually exclusive and exhaustive events, then  $E_1E_2=\phi$  and  $E_1+E_2=S$
- (c) If  $E_1$  and)  $E_2$  have common outcomes, this means:

$$E_1 E_2 \neq 0 \tag{1}$$

Let E be the outcomes that are present in  $E_1$  and not in  $E_2$ . So,

$$E_1 - E_2 = E$$
 and  $E_1 E_2 = E_2$  (2)

$$\therefore E_1 = E + E_2 \tag{3}$$

Referring to equation (2):

$$E_1 = (E_1 - E_2) + (E_1 E_2) \tag{4}$$

(d) If  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  are two events such that  $E_1 \subset E_2$ , then let E be subset of  $E_2$  containing elements other than  $E_1$ . So,

$$E_1 + E = E_2$$
 and  $E_1 E = E_2$  (5)

Referring to equation (5):

$$E_1 E_2 = E_1 (E_1 + E) \tag{6}$$

$$= (E_1 E_1) + (E_1 E) \tag{7}$$

$$=E_1 \tag{8}$$

Hence,

$$(a) \leftrightarrow (iv), (b) \leftrightarrow (iii), (c) \leftrightarrow (ii), (d) \leftrightarrow (i)$$