

Assignment 1

Ncert Exemplar

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I. QUESTION 12.13.2.74

A bag contains 5 red and 3 blue balls. If 3 balls are drawn at random without replacement, the probability of getting exactly one red ball is

- 1) $\frac{45}{196}$
- 2) $\frac{135}{392}$
- 3) $\frac{15}{56}$
- 4) $\frac{15}{29}$

Solution: Let X , Y and Z denote the random variables for first, second and third draw, respectively as follows:

For event E having exactly one red ball to be drawn, following conditions will be followed:

RV	Values	Description
X	$\{0,1\}$	1st Draw:- 0:red, 1: blue
Y	$\{0,1\}$	2nd Draw:- 0:red, 1: blue
Z	$\{0,1\}$	3rd Draw:- 0:red, 1: blue

TABLE 4

RANDOM VARIABLES

- 1) E_1 : First ball drawn is red, rest are blue
- 2) E_2 : Second ball drawn is red, rest are blue
- 3) E_3 : Third ball drawn is red, rest are blue

Therefore,

$$\Pr(E_1) = \Pr(X = 0, Y = 1, Z = 1) \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{2}{6} \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{5}{56} \quad (3)$$

$$\Pr(E_2) = \Pr(X = 1, Y = 0, Z = 1) \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{5}{7} \cdot \frac{2}{6} \quad (5)$$

$$= \frac{5}{56} \quad (6)$$

$$\Pr(E_3) = \Pr(X = 1, Y = 1, Z = 0) \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{6} \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{5}{56} \quad (9)$$

The probability of event that exactly one red ball is drawn is given by:

$$\Pr(E) = \Pr(E_1) + \Pr(E_2) + \Pr(E_3) \quad (10)$$

$$= \frac{5}{56} + \frac{5}{56} + \frac{5}{56} \quad (11)$$

$$= \frac{15}{56} \quad (12)$$