```
import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Dropout
from keras.layers.convolutional import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator ,load_img
#from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import random
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
     Mounted at /content/drive
#Importing data from csv file
data=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/fer2013.csv")
labels=data.iloc[:,[0]].values
pixels=data['pixels']
#Facial Expressions
Expressions={0:"Angry",1:"Disgust",2:"Fear",3:"Happy",4:"Sad",5:"Surprise",6:"Neutral"}
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
labels = to_categorical(labels,len(Expressions))
#converting pixels to Gray Scale images of 48x48
images = np.array([np.fromstring(pixel, dtype=int, sep=" ")for pixel in pixels])
images=images/255.0
images = images.reshape(images.shape[0],48,48,1).astype('float32')
plt.imshow(images[0][:,:,0])
Expressions[labels[0][0]]
```

```
'Disgust'
```

```
train_images,test_images,train_labels,test_labels = train_test_split(images,labels,test_si
train_labels
     array([[0., 0., 1., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., ..., 1., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., \ldots, 1., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]
            [0., 0., 0., \ldots, 1., 0., 0.],
            [0., 1., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]], dtype=float32)
from tensorflow.keras.layers import BatchNormalization
def create_convolutional_model(classes):
   model = Sequential()
   model.add(Conv2D(32,kernel size=(2,2),strides=(1,1),activation='relu',input shape=(48,
   model.add(BatchNormalization())
   model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2)))
   model.add(Dropout(0.25))
   model.add(Conv2D(filters=64,kernel_size=(2,2),strides=(1,1),activation='relu'))
   model.add(BatchNormalization())
   model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(1,1)))
   model.add(Dropout(0.25))#to prevent neural network from overfitting
   model.add(Conv2D(filters=128,kernel_size=(2,2),strides=(1,1),activation='relu'))
   model.add(BatchNormalization())
   model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(1,1)))
   model.add(Dropout(0.25))
   model.add(Conv2D(filters=256,kernel_size=(2,2),strides=(1,1),activation='relu'))
   model.add(BatchNormalization())
   model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(1,1)))
   model.add(Dropout(0.25))
   model.add(Flatten())
   model.add(Dense(256,activation='relu'))
   model.add(BatchNormalization())
   model.add(Dropout(0.25))
   model.add(Dense(512,activation='relu'))
   model.add(BatchNormalization())
   model.add(Dropout(0.25))
   model.add(Dense(classes,activation='softmax'))
```

model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

return model

classes=7
model = create_convolutional_model(classes)
model.summary()

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 47, 47, 32)	160
<pre>batch_normalization (BatchN ormalization)</pre>	(None, 47, 47, 32)	128
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 23, 23, 32)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 23, 23, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 22, 22, 64)	8256
batch_normalization_1 (Batc hNormalization)	(None, 22, 22, 64)	256
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 21, 21, 64)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 21, 21, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 20, 20, 128)	32896
batch_normalization_2 (Batc hNormalization)	(None, 20, 20, 128)	512
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 19, 19, 128)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 19, 19, 128)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 18, 18, 256)	131328
batch_normalization_3 (Batc hNormalization)	(None, 18, 18, 256)	1024
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 17, 17, 256)	0
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 17, 17, 256)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 73984)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 256)	18940160
batch_normalization_4 (Batchon_4)	(None, 256)	1024

```
dropout_4 (Dropout) (None, 256) 0

dense_1 (Dense) (None, 512) 131584

batch_normalization_5 (Batc (None, 512) 2048

hNormalization)
```

model.fit(train_images,train_labels,batch_size=105,epochs=30,verbose=2)

```
Epoch 1/30
274/274 - 21s - loss: 1.8808 - accuracy: 0.3236 - 21s/epoch - 77ms/step
Epoch 2/30
274/274 - 9s - loss: 1.4958 - accuracy: 0.4365 - 9s/epoch - 35ms/step
Epoch 3/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 1.3579 - accuracy: 0.4860 - 10s/epoch - 35ms/step
Epoch 4/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 1.2930 - accuracy: 0.5059 - 10s/epoch - 35ms/step
Epoch 5/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 1.1818 - accuracy: 0.5534 - 10s/epoch - 35ms/step
Epoch 6/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 1.0959 - accuracy: 0.5859 - 10s/epoch - 36ms/step
Epoch 7/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 1.0310 - accuracy: 0.6097 - 10s/epoch - 36ms/step
Epoch 8/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.9600 - accuracy: 0.6389 - 10s/epoch - 36ms/step
Epoch 9/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.8970 - accuracy: 0.6637 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 10/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.8119 - accuracy: 0.6980 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 11/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.7393 - accuracy: 0.7244 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 12/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.6405 - accuracy: 0.7623 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 13/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.5639 - accuracy: 0.7966 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 14/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.4916 - accuracy: 0.8202 - 10s/epoch - 36ms/step
Epoch 15/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.4183 - accuracy: 0.8486 - 10s/epoch - 36ms/step
Epoch 16/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.3679 - accuracy: 0.8692 - 10s/epoch - 36ms/step
Epoch 17/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.3258 - accuracy: 0.8833 - 10s/epoch - 36ms/step
Epoch 18/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.3100 - accuracy: 0.8887 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 19/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.2704 - accuracy: 0.9056 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 20/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.2342 - accuracy: 0.9169 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 21/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.2268 - accuracy: 0.9212 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 22/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.2114 - accuracy: 0.9249 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 23/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.1883 - accuracy: 0.9326 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 24/30
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.1801 - accuracy: 0.9367 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
Epoch 25/30
```

```
274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.1728 - accuracy: 0.9388 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
     Epoch 26/30
     274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.1725 - accuracy: 0.9386 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
     Epoch 27/30
     274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.1527 - accuracy: 0.9492 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
     Epoch 28/30
     274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.1575 - accuracy: 0.9450 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
     Epoch 29/30
     274/274 - 10s - loss: 0.1396 - accuracy: 0.9532 - 10s/epoch - 37ms/step
label_pred=model.predict(test_images)
label pred=np.argmax(label pred,axis = 1)
import itertools
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
def plot_confusion_matrix(cm, classes,
                          normalize=False,
                          title='Confusion matrix',
                          cmap=plt.cm.Blues):
    .. .. ..
   This function prints and plots the confusion matrix.
   Normalization can be applied by setting `normalize=True`.
    .....
    if normalize:
        cm = cm.astype('float') / cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]
        print("Normalized confusion matrix")
   else:
        print('Confusion matrix, without normalization')
   print(cm)
   plt.imshow(cm, interpolation='nearest', cmap=cmap)
   plt.title(title)
   plt.colorbar()
   tick_marks = np.arange(len(classes))
   plt.xticks(tick marks, classes, rotation=45)
   plt.yticks(tick marks, classes)
   fmt = '.2f' if normalize else 'd'
   thresh = cm.max() / 2.
   for i, j in itertools.product(range(cm.shape[0]), range(cm.shape[1])):
        plt.text(j, i, format(cm[i, j], fmt),
                 horizontalalignment="center",
                 color="white" if cm[i, j] > thresh else "black")
    plt.ylabel('True label')
    plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
    plt.tight_layout()
test_labels=np.argmax(test_labels,axis=1)
# Compute confusion matrix
cnf_matrix = confusion_matrix(test_labels,label_pred)
class names=Expressions
```

```
7/11/22, 10:07 PM
                                          Real time Facial Emotion Recognition - Colaboratory
    # Plot normalized confusion matrix
    plt.figure()
    plot_confusion_matrix(cnf_matrix, classes=class_names, normalize=True,
                           title='Normalized confusion matrix')
    plt.show()
         Normalized confusion matrix
         [[4.82830385e-01 8.32466181e-03 1.13423517e-01 1.03017690e-01
           1.60249740e-01 1.76899063e-02 1.14464100e-01]
          [1.98113208e-01 4.33962264e-01 5.66037736e-02 8.49056604e-02
           1.32075472e-01 1.88679245e-02 7.54716981e-02]
          [1.10337972e-01 4.97017893e-03 4.24453280e-01 7.35586481e-02
           2.09741551e-01 7.45526839e-02 1.02385686e-01]
          [3.53837779e-02 0.00000000e+00 1.52422428e-02 8.35601524e-01
           4.57267284e-02 1.52422428e-02 5.28034839e-02]
          [1.01506741e-01 0.00000000e+00 1.29262490e-01 9.27835052e-02
           5.20222046e-01 9.51625694e-03 1.46708961e-01]
          [3.62953692e-02 1.25156446e-03 7.13391740e-02 7.75969962e-02
           4.00500626e-02 7.39674593e-01 3.37922403e-02]
          [8.36092715e-02 8.27814570e-04 5.21523179e-02 1.10099338e-01
           2.07781457e-01 9.10596026e-03 5.36423841e-01]]
                 Normalized confusion matrix
                                                  0.8
                   0.01 0.11 0.10 0.16 0.02 0.11
               0.48
                                                  0.7
               0.20
                       0.06 0.08 0.13 0.02 0.08
                                                  0.6
               0.11 0.00
                           0.07 0.21 0.07 0.10
                                                  0.5
               0.04 0.00 0.02 0.84
                                0.05 0.02
                                        0.05
                                                  0.4
                  0.00 0.13 0.09
                                                  0.3
                                     0.74
                                                  0.2
               0.04 0.00 0.07 0.08 0.04
                                                  0.1
                                    0.01
               0.08 0.00 0.05 0.11 0.21
                                                  0.0
                             3
                                          6
                0
                        Predicted label
   filename='model_weights.hdf5'
   model.save_weights(filename,overwrite=True)
   filename='model weights.hdf5'
   model.load_weights(filename)
    import cv2
    def make prediction(unknown):
        unknown=cv2.resize(unknown,(48,48))
        unknown=unknown/255.0
```

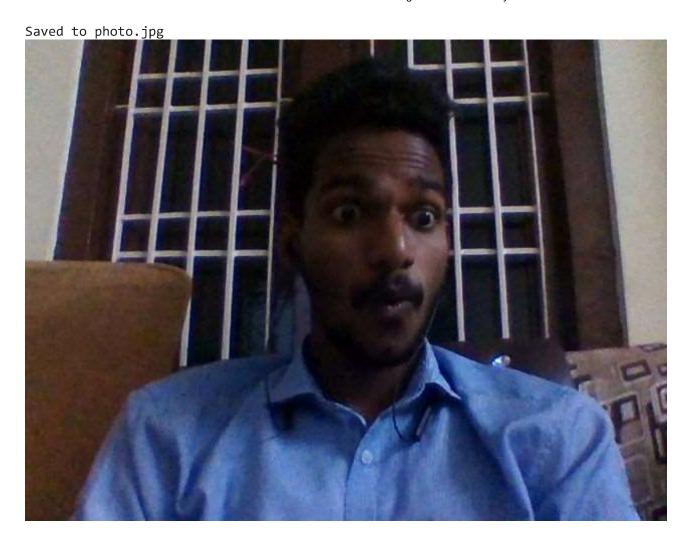
```
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
```

return predict[0]

unknown=np.array(unknown).reshape(-1,48,48,1)

predict=np.argmax(model.predict(unknown),axis = 1)

```
from IPython.display import display, Javascript
from google.colab.output import eval js
from base64 import b64decode
def take_photo(filename='photo.jpg', quality=0.8):
 js = Javascript('''
   async function takePhoto(quality) {
      const div = document.createElement('div');
      const capture = document.createElement('button');
      capture.textContent = 'Capture';
      div.appendChild(capture);
      const video = document.createElement('video');
      video.style.display = 'block';
      const stream = await navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia({video: true});
      document.body.appendChild(div);
      div.appendChild(video);
      video.srcObject = stream;
      await video.play();
      // Resize the output to fit the video element.
      google.colab.output.setIframeHeight(document.documentElement.scrollHeight, true);
      // Wait for Capture to be clicked.
      await new Promise((resolve) => capture.onclick = resolve);
      const canvas = document.createElement('canvas');
      canvas.width = video.videoWidth;
      canvas.height = video.videoHeight;
      canvas.getContext('2d').drawImage(video, 0, 0);
      stream.getVideoTracks()[0].stop();
      div.remove();
      return canvas.toDataURL('image/jpeg', quality);
    }
    ''')
 display(js)
 data = eval js('takePhoto({})'.format(quality))
 binary = b64decode(data.split(',')[1])
 with open(filename, 'wb') as f:
   f.write(binary)
  return filename
from IPython.display import Image
try:
 filename = take_photo()
 print('Saved to {}'.format(filename))
 # Show the image which was just taken.
 display(Image(filename))
except Exception as err:
 # Errors will be thrown if the user does not have a webcam or if they do not
 # grant the page permission to access it.
 print(str(err))
```



```
import cv2 as cv
def face_in_video():
   face_cascade = cv.CascadeClassifier("/content/drive/MyDrive/haarcascade_frontalface_de
   while True:
        !curl -o photo.jpg /content/photo.jpg
        import cv2
        img = cv2.imread('photo.jpg', cv2.IMREAD_UNCHANGED)
        gray = cv.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
        faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(img)
        for (x,y,w,h) in faces:
            sub_face = gray[y:y+h, x:x+w]
            cv.rectangle(img,(x,y),(x+w,y+h),(255,0,0),2)
            res=make_prediction(sub_face)
            font = cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX
            cv.putText(img,str(Expressions[res]),(x,y-5),font,0.5,(205,200,50),1,cv.LINE_A
        cv2_imshow(img)
        break
   cv.destroyAllWindows()
```

face_in_video()

curl: (3) <url> malformed

