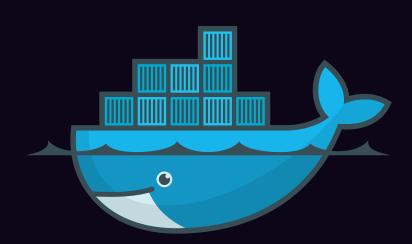
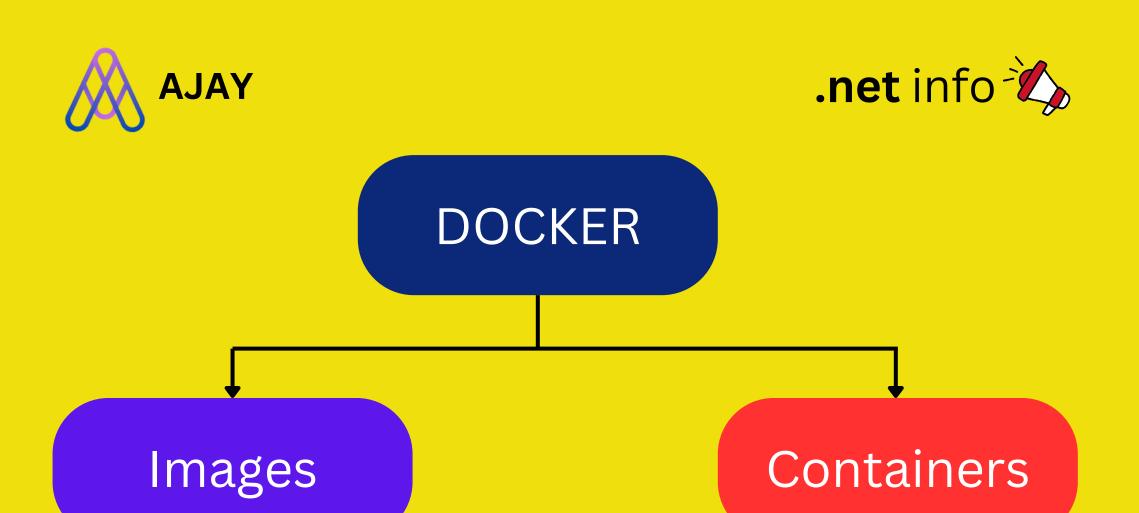




Docker Image Vs Docker Container



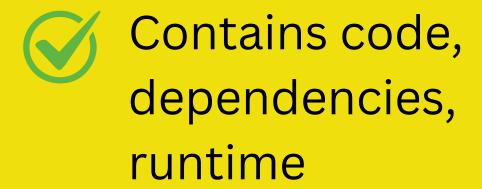








The running instance of Image.





Mutiple container can be created based on one image.

Layer-based, read-only.

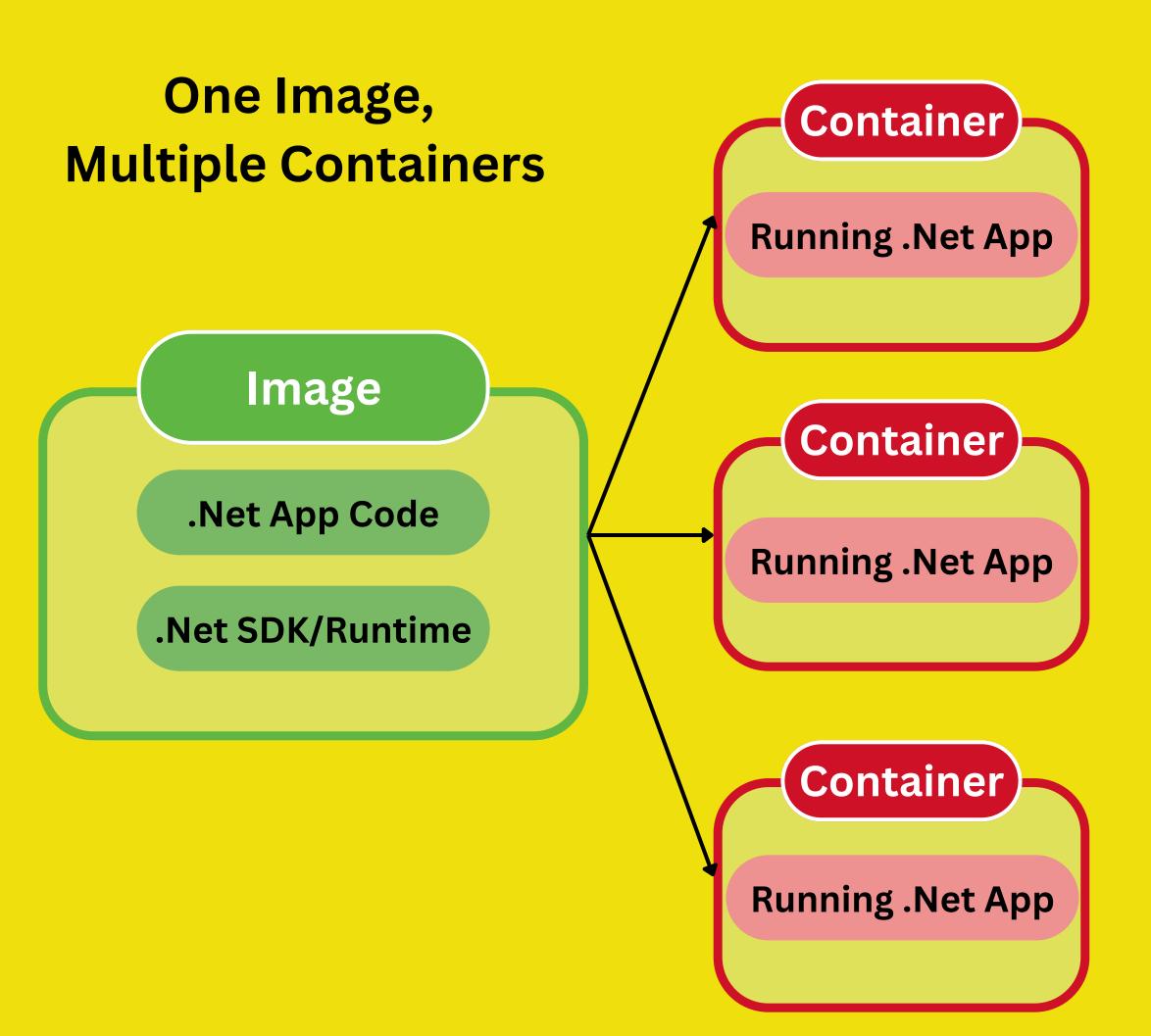


Read and Write access. Data is lost on shutdown.

















Use an existing, pre-built image

Create your custom image

From



Microsoft Container Registry

Other private registry



Write your own Dockerfile



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1

Downloading Images:

The docker pull command is used to download an image from the repository so that it is available locally.

docker pull imagename:tag ex: docker pull node

if you don't specify tag, it will pull latest image.

docker run imagename:tag

docker run download an image from repository if it is not available locally and create and start the container.









2 Create custom Image: docker build -t name:tag.

Dockerfile

ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet","example.dll"]

COPY..

WORKDIR /app

Base image from docker hub/ microsoft registry

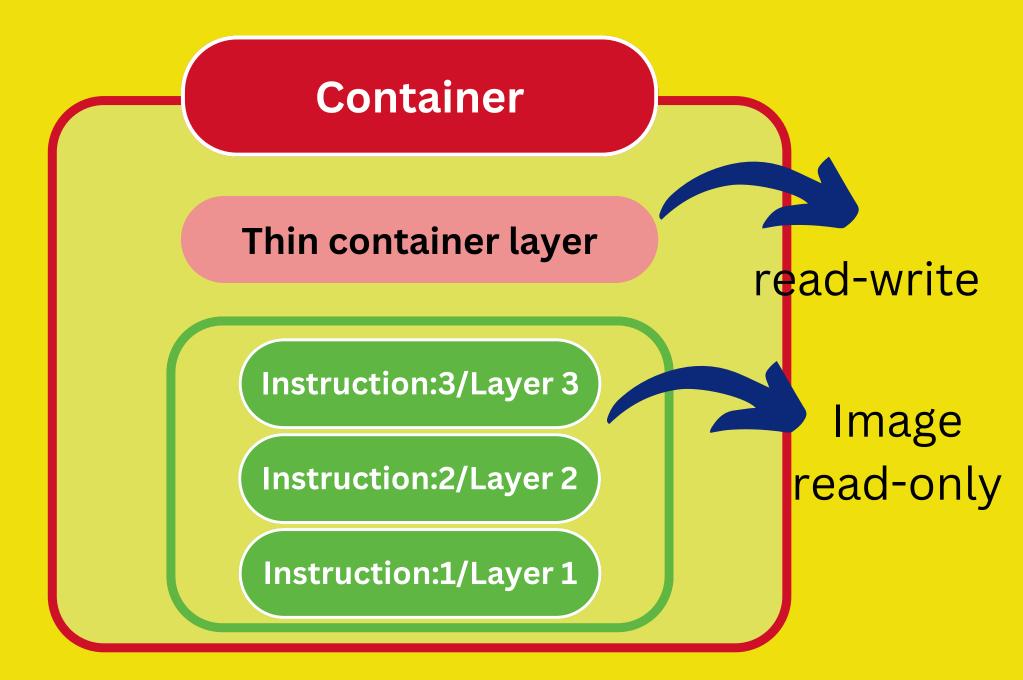








Container based on Image



docker run imagename:tag









Key Commands for image:

Build an image: docker build -t name:tag.

Inspect an image: docker inspect name/id

Remove an image: docker rmi name/id

Remove all images: docker image prune

Pull an image: docker pull name:tag

NOTE: docker image prune will remove only untagged images. If you want to remove tagged images as well add **-a** with command.









Key Commands for container:

- docker create imagename: Create new container.
- docker run imagename: Create and start new container based on image.
- docker stop containername: Stop a running container.
- docker start containername: Start a stopped container.
- docker rm containername: Remove specified container.
- docker container prune: Remove all containers.



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Knowledge is contagious, let's spread it!





