Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 1_MCQ

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 10 Marks Obtained: 4

Section 1: MCO

1. In a singly linked list, what is the role of the "tail" node?

Answer

It provides constant-time access to any element

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

2. Given a pointer to a node X in a singly linked list. If only one point is given and a pointer to the head node is not given, can we delete node X from the given linked list?

Answer

Possible if X is not last node.

Status: Correct Status: Correct Marks: 1/3

3. Consider the singly linked list: 13 -> 4 -> 16 -> 9 -> 22 -> 45 -> 5 -> 16 -> 6, and an integer K = 10, you need to delete all nodes from the list that are less than the given integer K.

What will be the final linked list after the deletion?

Answer

13 -> 16 -> 22 -> 45 -> 16

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. The following function takes a singly linked list of integers as a parameter and rearranges the elements of the lists.

The function is called with the list containing the integers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 in the given order. What will be the contents of the list after the function completes execution?

```
struct node {
   int value:
   struct node* next;
};
void rearrange (struct node* list) {
   struct node *p,q;
int temp;
   if (! List || ! list->next) return;
   p=list; q=list->next;
   while(q) {
     temp=p->value; p->value=q->value;
     q->value=temp;p=q->next;
     q=p?p->next:0;
Answer
```

2, 1, 4, 3, 6, 5, 7

Status : Correct

Marks : 171

- 5. Consider an implementation of an unsorted singly linked list. Suppose it has its representation with a head pointer only. Given the representation, which of the following operations can be implemented in O(1) time?
 - i) Insertion at the front of the linked list
 - ii) Insertion at the end of the linked list
 - iii) Deletion of the front node of the linked list
 - iv) Deletion of the last node of the linked list

Answer

I,II and III

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

6. Given the linked list: 5 -> 10 -> 15 -> 20 -> 25 -> NULL. What will be the output of traversing the list and printing each node's data?

Answer

25 20 15 10 5

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. Linked lists are not suitable for the implementation of?

Answer

Binary search

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. Consider the singly linked list: 15 -> 16 -> 6 -> 7 -> 17. You need to delete all nodes from the list which are prime.

What will be the final linked list after the deletion?

Answer

Marks : 0/1 Status: Wrong

9. Which of the following statements is used to create a new node in a singly linked list?

```
struct node {
      int data:
      struct node * next;
   typedef struct node NODE;
   NODE *ptr;
Answer
   ptr = (NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE*));
   Status: Wrong
                                                                    Marks: 0/1
```

10. The following function reverse() is supposed to reverse a singly linked list. There is one line missing at the end of the function.

What should be added in place of "/*ADD A STATEMENT HERE*/", so that the function correctly reverses a linked list?

```
struct node {
  int data:
  struct node* next;
static void reverse(struct node** head_ref) {
  struct node* prev = NULL;
  struct node* current = *head_ref;
   struct node* next;
  while (current != NULL) {
     next = current->next;
     current->next = prev;
    oprev = current;
     current = next:
```

/*ADD A STATEMENT HERE*/

*Answer

*head_ref = NULL;

Status: Wrong

Marks: 0/1

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