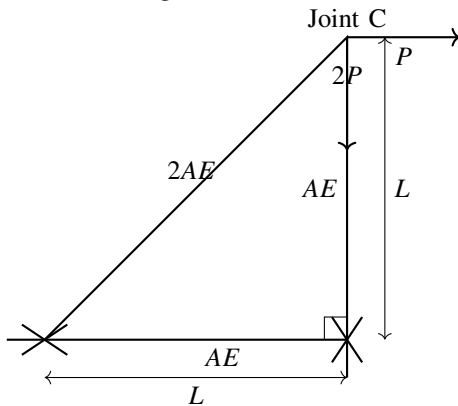


EE24BTECH11028 - Jadhav Rajesh

- 1) An RCC short column (*with lateral ties*) of rectangular cross section of $250\text{mm} \times 300\text{mm}$ is reinforced with four numbers of 16mm diameter longitudinal bars. The grades of steel and concrete are $Fe415$ and $M20$, respectively. Neglect eccentricity effect. Considering limit state of collapse in compression ($IS456 : 2000$), the axial load carrying capacity of the column (*in kN, upto one decimal place*), is
- 2) An RCC beam of rectangular cross section has factored shear of 200kN at its critical section. Its width b is 250mm and effective depth d is 350mm . Assume design shear strength τ_c of concrete as 0.62N/mm^2 and maximum allowable shear stress $\tau_{c,max}$ in concrete as 2.8N/mm^2 . If two legged 10mm diameter vertical stirrup of $Fe250$ grade steel are used, then the required spacing (*in cm, upto one decimal place*) as per limit state method will be
- 3) the dimensions of a symmetrical welded I-section are shown in the figure.

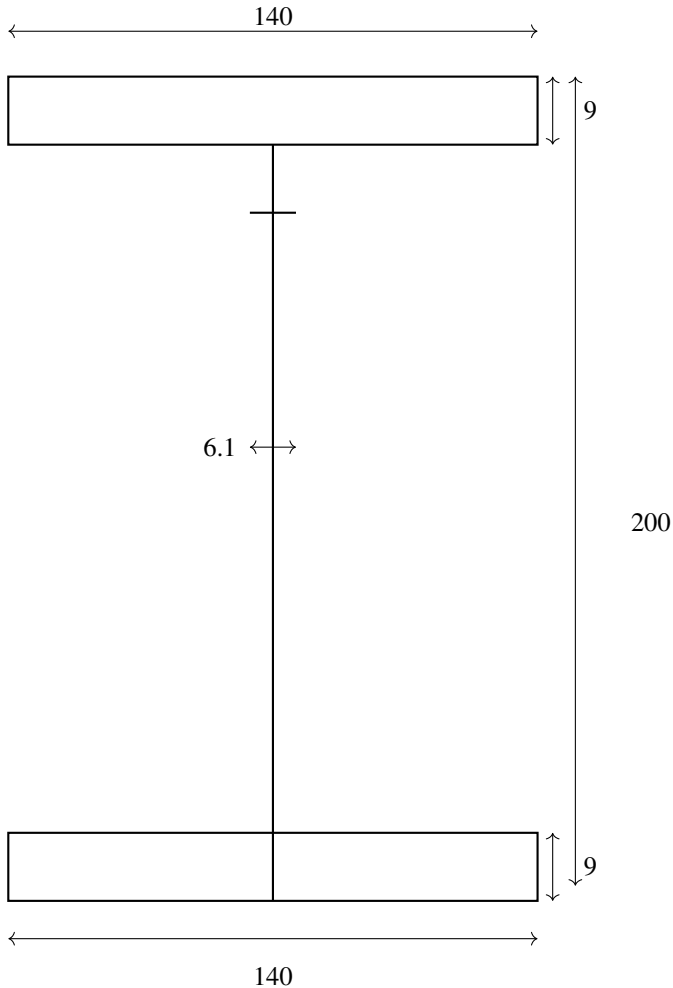
The plastic section modulus about the weaker axis (*in cm³ upto one decimal place*) is

- 4) consider the deformable pin-jointed truss with loading, geometry and section properties as shown in figure.



Given that $E = 2 \times 10^{11} \text{N/m}^2$, $A = 10\text{mm}^2$, $L = 1\text{m}$ and $p = 1\text{kN}$. The horizontal displacement of joint C (*in mm, upto one decimal place*) is

- 5) The water level in the adjacent river is at an elevation of $+20.0\text{m}$. Unit weight is 10kN/m^3 . The factor of safety (*upto two decimal places*) against sand boiling for the proposed excavation is



(All dimensions are in mm)

- 6) A conventional drained triaxial compression test was conducted on a normally consolidated clay sample under an effective pressure of 200 kPa . The deviator stress at failure was found to be 400 kPa . An identical specimen of the same clay sample is isotropically consolidated to a confining pressure of 200 kPa and subjected to standard undrained triaxial compression test. If the deviator stress at failure is 150 kPa , the pore pressure developed (in kPa , upto one decimal place) is.
- 7) The void ratio of a soil is 0.55 at an effective normal stress of 140 kPa . The compression index of the soil is 0.25. In order to reduce the void ratio to 0.4, an

increase in the magnitude of effective normal stress (*inkPa, uptoonedecimalplace*) should be.

- 8) A rigid smooth retaining wall of height $7m$ with vertical backface retains saturated clay as backfill. the saturated unit weight and undrained cohesion of the backfill are $17.2kN/m^3$ and $20kPa$, respectively. The difference in the active lateral forces on the wall (*inkN per meter length of wall, upto two decimal place*), before and after the occurrence of tension crack is.
- 9) Rainfall depth over a watershed is monitored through six number of well distributed rain gauges. Gauges data are given below

Rain Gauge Number	1	2	3	4	5	6
Rainfall Depth (mm)	470	465	435	525	480	510
Area of Thiessen Polygon ($\times 10^4 m^2$)	95	100	98	80	85	92

The Thiessen mean value (*in mm, uptoonedecimalplace*) of the rainfall is

- 10) The infiltration rate f in a basin under ponding condition is given by $f = 30 + 10e^{-2t}$, where, f is in mm/h and t is time in hour. The depth of infiltration (*in mm, uptoonedecimalplace*) during the last 20 minute of a storm of 30 minute duration is
- 11) In a laboratory, a flow experiment is performed over a hydraulic structure. The measured value of discharge and velocity are $0.05m^3/s$, and $0.25m/s$, respectively. If the full scale structure (*30 times bigger*) is subjected to a discharge of $270m^3/s$ then the time scale (*modeto full scale*) value (*upto two decimal places*) is
- 12) A water sample analysis data is given below
The carbonate hardness (*expressed as mg/L of $CaCO_3$, uptoonedecimalplace*) for

Ion	Concentration, mg/L	Atomic Weight
Ca^{2+}	60	40
Mg^{2+}	30	24.31
HCO_3^-	400	61

the water sample is

- 13) ultimate BOD (L_0) of a wastewater sample is estimated as 87% of COD. The COD of this wastewater is $300mg/L$. considering first order BOD reaction rate constant k (*in mg/L , uptoonedecimalplace*) after three days of incubation at $27^\circ C$ for this wastewater will be.