### **Sugarcane Juice Business**

While Alice was drinking sugarcane juice, she started wondering about the following facts:

- The juicer sells each glass of sugarcane juice for 50 coins.
- He spends 20% of his total income on buying sugarcane.
- He spends 20% of his total income on buying salt and mint leaves.
- He spends 30% of his total income on shop rent.

Alice wonders, what is the juicer's profit (in coins) when he sells N glasses of sugarcane juice?

### **Input Format**

- The first line of input will contain an integer T the number of test cases. The description of T test cases follows.
- The first and only line of each test case contains an integer N, as described in the problem statement.

#### **Output Format**

For each test case, output on a new line the juicer's profit when he sells N glasses of juice.

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le T \le 1000$
- $1 \le N \le 10^6$

# Sample 1:

Input		
Output		
4 2	30 60	
4 5	75 150	
10		

# **Explanation:**

Test case 1: The total income is  $50 \times 2 = 100$  coins. The juicer spends 20 coins on sugarcane, 20 coins on salt and mint leaves and 30 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is 100 - (20 + 20 + 30) = 30 coins.

**Test case** 2: The total income is  $50 \times 4 = 200$  coins. The juicer spends 40 coins on sugarcane, 40 coins on salt and mint leaves and 60 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is 200 - (40 + 40 + 60) = 60 coins.

Test case 3: The total income is  $50 \times 5 = 250$  coins. The juicer spends 50 coins on sugarcane, 50 coins on salt and mint leaves and 75 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is 250 - (50 + 50 + 75) = 75 coins.

**Test case** 4: The total income is  $50 \times 10 = 500$  coins. The juicer spends 100 coins on sugarcane, 100 coins on salt and mint leaves and 150 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is 500 - (100 + 100 + 150) = 150 coins.