

**Started on** Monday, 17 March 2025, 3:36 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Monday, 17 March 2025, 3:41 PM**Time taken** 5 mins 5 secs**Marks** 14.00/15.00**Grade** 93.33 out of 100.00**Question 1**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given the following vulnerable code, what type of attack can be performed?

```
exec('ping ${req.body.host}', (error, stdout, stderr) => { ... });
```

- ☐ a. CSRF Attack
- ☐ b. Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
- ☒ c. Command Injection
- ☐ d. SQL Injection

**Question 2**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How can Broken Access Control be exploited?

- ☐ a. By logging in with the wrong password
- ☐ b. By making too many API requests
- ☐ c. By using a strong password
- ☒ d. By modifying JWT tokens or accessing restricted APIs

**Question 3**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How can the following function be exploited?

```
app.post('/track-vehicle', (req, res) => {  
  const { plateNumber } = req.body;  
  exec(`echo Tracking vehicle ${plateNumber}`, (error, stdout, stderr) => { ... });  
});
```

- ☐ a. By using a VPN
- ☐ b. By making multiple requests at the same time
- ☐ c. By sending an empty request body
- ☒ d. By injecting shell commands in the plateNumber field

**Question 4**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If a user inputs `ABC123 && rm -rf /`, what will happen on a Linux server?

- ☒ a. The entire file system could be deleted
- ☐ b. The vehicle tracking system will show an error
- ☐ c. Nothing will happen
- ☐ d. The server will shut down immediately

**Question 5**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What command could an attacker enter in the `/track-vehicle` endpoint to delete files on a Windows system?

- ☐ a. ABC123 && mv /etc/passwd /dev/null
- ☒ b. ABC123 && del C:\Windows\System32
- ☐ c. ABC123; rm -rf /
- ☐ d. ABC123 && shutdown -h now

**Question 6**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the best way to prevent command injection attacks?

- ☐ a. Use eval() to process user input
- ☒ b. Use parameterized queries and sanitize input
- ☐ c. Use an insecure API to execute shell commands
- ☐ d. Allow user input directly in system commands

**Question 7**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the correct way to restrict access to admin users only?

- ☐ a. if (decoded.role !== 'user') return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });
- ☒ b. if (decoded.role !== 'admin') return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });
- ☐ c. if (decoded.id === 1) return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });
- ☐ d. if (!decoded.role) return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });

**Question 8**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the impact of Broken Access Control on an application?

- ☐ a. Attackers can execute arbitrary commands on the server
- ☐ b. The database gets automatically deleted
- ☒ c. Unauthorized users can access restricted information or perform admin actions
- ☐ d. It allows Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

**Question 9**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the primary cause of command injection vulnerabilities in applications?

- ☐ a. Incorrect use of loops in JavaScript
- ☐ b. Poor network security configuration
- ☒ c. Lack of input validation when executing system commands
- ☐ d. Using HTTPS instead of HTTP

**Question 10**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the safest way to execute system commands in Node.js?

- ☐ a. Concatenating user input into system commands
- ☒ b. Using `execFile()` with sanitized input
- ☐ c. Using `eval()`
- ☐ d. Using `exec()` with user input

**Question 11**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What security flaw exists in the following `/users` endpoint?

```
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {  
  const token = req.headers.authorization;  
  jwt.verify(token, SECRET_KEY, (err, decoded) => {  
    db.query('SELECT id, username, role FROM users', (err, results) => {  
      res.json({ users: results });  
    });  
  });  
});
```

- ☐ a. It does not return JSON data
- ☒ b. It does not verify the user's role before returning data
- ☐ c. It does not store passwords securely
- ☐ d. It is vulnerable to SQL injection

**Question 12**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

What would happen if an attacker modified a JWT token to escalate their privileges?

- ☐ a. They could access admin-only features
- ☒ b. The server would detect the modification and reject the request
- ☐ c. The token would expire immediately
- ☐ d. They would get logged out

**Question 13**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which function is the most dangerous when handling user input in Node.js?

- ☐ a. parseInt()
- ☐ b. JSON.stringify()
- ☐ c. console.log()
- ☒ d. exec()

**Question 14**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is an effective way to prevent Broken Access Control?

- ☐ a. Store JWT tokens in Local Storage without encryption
- ☒ b. Validate user roles and permissions before processing requests
- ☐ c. Remove authentication from sensitive endpoints
- ☐ d. Allow users to modify their own JWT tokens

**Question 15**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Why is the following endpoint a security risk?

```
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {
```

```
  db.query('SELECT id, username, role FROM users', (err, results) => {
```

```
    res.json({ users: results });
```

```
  });
```

```
});
```

- ☐ a. It uses HTTPS instead of HTTP
- ☐ b. It allows SQL Injection
- ☒ c. It exposes all users' details without authentication
- ☐ d. It is vulnerable to CSRF