ASSIGNMENT 2:

1)Pull any image from the docker hub, create its container, and execute it showing the output.

The 'docker pull' is a Docker command to download a Docker image or a repository locally on the host from a public or private registry.

SYNTAX: docker pull [OPTIONS] NAME[:TAG|@DIGEST]

```
C:\Users\RAJESWARI DEVI>docker pull centos
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/centos
ald0c7532777: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:a27fd8809b517143cbbbab9dfb7c8571c40d67d534bbdee55bd6c473f432b177
Status: Downloaded newer image for centos:latest
docker.io/library/centos:latest

C:\Users\RAJESWARI DEVI>docker run -it centos
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# ls
bin etc lib lost+found mnt proc run srv tmp var
dev home lib64 media opt root sbin sys usr
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# vi sample1
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cat sample1
hi
hello
welcome to centos
[root@7644d96957a2 /]#
```

After pull an image from the docker hub we have to run it or execute by using below command

Syntax: docker run [OPTIONS] IMAGE [COMMAND] [ARG...]

```
C:\Users\RAJESWARI DEVI>docker run -it centos
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# ls
bin etc lib lost+found mnt proc run srv tmp var
dev home lib64 media opt root sbin sys usr
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# vi sample1
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cat sample1
hi
hello
welcome to centos

[root@7644d96957a2 /]# vi sample2
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cat sample2
welcome to docker hub
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cp sample1 sample3
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cat sample3
hi
hello
welcome to centos

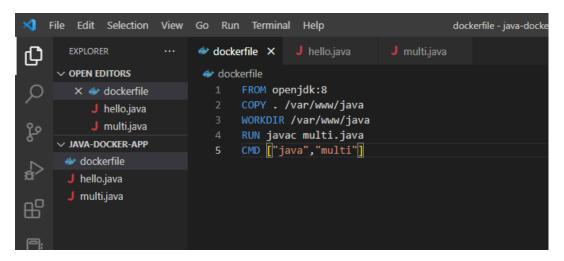
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# crotsample3
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# [root@7644d96957a2 /]#
```

After that we have to create a sample1, sample 2 files .we have to copy file from sample1 .finally I removed sample2 file .

```
@7644d96957a2:/
velcome to centos
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# vi sample2
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cat sample2
velcome to docker hub
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cp sample1 sample3
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# cat sample3
hello
welcome to centos
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# ls
bin etc lib lost+found mnt
dev home lib64 media opt
                                              proc run
                                                                   sample2 sbin
                                              root sample1 sample3 srv
                                                                                       tmp
                                                                                             var
[root@7644d96957a2 /]# rm sample2
rm: remove regular file 'sample2'? y
root@7644d96957a2 /]# ls
bin etc lib lost+found mnt proc run sampl
dev home lib64 media opt root sample1 sbin
                                                                   sample3 srv tmp
                                                                               sys usr
[root@7644d96957a2 /]#
```

Q2) Create the basic java application, generate its image with necessary files, and execute it with docker.

First I have created a directory called java-docker-app. In that app now I am creating a java application and a Dockerfile



Now I created multi.java file

```
🜖 File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                                        multi.java - java-docker-app - Visual Studio Code
      EXPLORER ... # dockerfile
                                                             J multi.java X

∨ OPEN EDITORS

                            1 class multi[]
2 public st
3 {
4 int a
5 int b
                                      public static void main(String[] args)
          J hello.java
                                      int a=10;
int b=2
     ∨ JAVA-DOCKER-APP
      dockerfile
                                          int c=a*b;
      J hello.java
                                            System.out.println("multipication of aand b is :"+c);
```

Now go to command prompt, I have change the directory to the java-dockerapp.

The build command is used to build an image from a Dockerfile, but the command has to be run in the same directory as the Dockerfile.

SYNTAX: docker build <options> <directory path or URL>

The docker run command first creates a writeable container layer over the specified image, and then starts it using the specified command.

Syntax: docker run [OPTIONS] IMAGE [COMMAND] [ARG...]

Command Prompt