

# KALINGA INSTITUTE OF INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY (KIIT)

Deemed to be University U/S 3 of UGC Act, 1956

#### LAB 9

Name: HITU RAJRoll no: :2005025

• Branch : CSE

```
//q1 Create a class shape. Derive three classes from it;
Circle, Square and
//Triangle. Find area of each shape and display it, using
virtual function.
#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
class shape
```

```
oublic:
    virtual void inp()
    {
    virtual void area()
    }
};
class circle : public shape
    int r;
public:
    void inp()
    {
        cout << "\nEnter the value of radius";</pre>
        cin >> r;
    void area()
    {
        cout << "area of circle is " << 3.14 * r * r <<</pre>
endl;
    }
class square : public shape
    int a;
public:
    void inp()
    {
        cout << "\nEnter the value of side";</pre>
        cin >> a;
    void area()
```

```
{
        cout << "area of sqr is " << a * a << endl;</pre>
    }
class triangle : public shape
    int a, b, c;
public:
    void inp()
    {
        cout << "\nEnter the value of 3 sides";</pre>
        cin >> a >> b >> c;
    }
    void area()
    {
        float s = (a + b + c) / 2.0;
        float area = pow((s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s -
c)), 1.0 / 2);
        cout << "area of triangle is " << area << "</pre>
squnit";
    }
int main()
    /* circle *c=new circle;
     square *sq=new square;
     triangle *tri=new triangle;
     shape *s[] = {c, sq, tri};
     for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
     { s[i]->inp();
         s[i]->area();
     }*/
    circle c;
```

```
square sq;
triangle tri;
shape *s[] = {&c, &sq, &tri};
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
    s[i]->inp();
    s[i]->area();
}
return 0;
```

#### OUTPUT -1

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS D:\my codes\OOPS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION> cd "d:\my codes\OOPS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION\"; if ($?) { g++ q1_SHAP.CPP -o q1_S HAP }; if ($?) { .\q1_SHAP }

Enter the value of radius5 area of circle is 78.5

Enter the value of 3 side12 area of sqr is 1444

Enter the value of 3 sides3
2
5
area of triangle is 0 squnit
PS D:\my codes\OOPS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION> |
```

```
/*Q2 Create a class which stores employee name,id and salary Derive two classes from 'Employee' class: 'Regular' and 'Part-Time'. The 'Regular' class stores DA, HRA and basic salary. The 'Part-Time' class stores the
```

```
number of hours and pay per hour. Calculate the salary of
a regular
employee and a par-time employee, using virtual
function*/
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
    using namespace std;
class employee
protected:
    char name[20];
    int id;
    float salary;
public:
    employee(const char *n, int i)
    {
        strcpy(name, n);
        id = i;
    }
    virtual void calc()
    {
    virtual void show()
```

```
{ }
class reg_employee : public employee
    float da, hra, basic_sal;
public:
    reg_employee(const char *n, int i, float d, float h,
float b) : employee(n, i)
    {
        da = d;
        hra = h;
        basic_sal = b;
    }
    void calc()
    {
        salary = basic_sal + da + hra;
    }
    void show()
    {
        cout << "\nname of employee: " << name;</pre>
```

```
cout << "\nid of employee: " << id;</pre>
        cout << "\ntotal salary of employee: " << salary;</pre>
    }
};
class part_employee : public employee
{
    int n_hrs, p_hrs;
public:
    part_employee(const char *n, int i, int nh, int ph) :
employee(n, i)
    {
        n_hrs = nh;
        p_hrs = ph;
    }
    void calc()
    {
        salary = n_hrs * p_hrs;
    }
    void show()
    {
        cout << "\n\nname of employee: " << name;</pre>
```

```
cout << "\nid of employee: " << id;</pre>
        cout << "\ntotal salary of employee: " << salary;</pre>
    }
};
int main()
{
    reg_employee r("RAHUL", 1001, 650, 80, 60);
    part_employee p("BABITA", 1003, 6, 150);
    employee *e[2] = {&r, &p};
    for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
    {
        e[i]->calc();
        e[i]->show();
    }
    return 0;
```

## OUTPUT -2

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS D:\my codes\00PS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION> cd "d:\my codes\00PS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION\"; if ($?) { g++ q2.cpp -o q2 }; if ($?) { .\q2 }

name of employee: RAHUL id of employee: 1001 total salary of employee: 790

name of employee: 1003 total salary of employee: 900
PS D:\my codes\00PS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION>
```

```
/*Q3.Create a class which stores account number, customer
name and balance.
Derive two classes from 'Account' class: 'Savings' and
'Current'. The
'Savings' class stores minimum balance. The 'Current'
class stores the
over-due amount. Include member functions in the
appropriate class for
-deposit money
-withdraw [For saving account minimum balance should be
checked. 1
[For current account overdue amount should be
calculated.l
-display balance
Display data from each class using virtual function.*/
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
    using namespace std;
```

```
class bank
public:
    int minbal, bal, wd, dp, s_bal, c_bal;
    char name[20];
    long int ac;
    void input(const char *n, int b, long int a)
    {
        strcpy(name, n);
        bal = b;
        ac = a;
    }
    void saving(int w, int d)
    {
        minbal = 1000;
        wd = w;
        dp = d;
        s_bal = bal + dp - wd;
    }
```

```
void current(int w, int d)
    {
        wd = w;
        dp = d;
        c_bal = bal + dp - wd;
    }
    virtual void display()
    {
class save : public bank
{
public:
    void display()
    {
        cout << "\naccount number: " << ac;</pre>
        cout << "\ncustomer name: " << name;</pre>
        cout << "\nminimum balance: " << minbal;</pre>
        if (s_bal < minbal)</pre>
        {
```

```
cout << "\nyou can not withdraw</pre>
balance!!.\nyour balance is: " << s_bal;</pre>
         }
         else
             cout << "\nyou can withdraw balance.\nyour</pre>
balance is: " << s_bal;</pre>
};
class curr : public bank
{
public:
    void display()
    {
         cout << "\naccount number: " << ac;</pre>
         cout << "\ncustomer name: " << name;</pre>
         if (c_bal < 0)
         {
             cout << "\noverdued ammount";</pre>
         }
         else
             cout << "\nyour current balance: " << c_bal;</pre>
    }
```

```
int main()
    save s;
    curr c;
    bank *b[2];
    b[0] = &s;
    b[1] = &c;
    cout << "\nfor saving account: ";</pre>
    b[0]->input("ABHI", 3000, 8392649);
    b[0]->saving(1000, 500);
    b[0]->display();
    cout << "\n\nfor current account: ";</pre>
    b[1]->input("MARTIN", 4000, 1723465);
    b[1]->current(2000, 1000);
    b[1]->display();
    return 0;
```

```
PROBLEMS
        OUTPUT
               DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows
PS D:\my codes\OOPS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION> cd "d:\my codes\OOPS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION\" ; if ($?) { q++ q3.cpp -o q3 } ; if
($?) { .\q3 }
for saving account:
account number: 8392649
customer name: ABHI
minimum balance: 1000
you can withdraw balance.
your balance is: 2500
for current account:
account number: 1723465
customer name: MARTIN
your current balance: 3000
PS D:\my codes\OOPS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION>
```

```
/*q4 WAP to demonstrate use of pure virtual function and
abstract base class.[
May use the number class as base and hexadecimal , octal
and decimal as
derived classes]*/
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class number
{
protected:
   int value;
```

```
void input(int i)
    {
        value = i;
    }
    virtual void show() = 0;
class deci_ : public number
public:
    void show()
    {
        cout << "\ndecimal number: " << value;</pre>
    }
};
class hexa : public number
public:
    void show()
    {
        cout << "\nhexadecimal number: " << hex << value;</pre>
    }
```

```
class octa : public number
public:
    void show()
    {
        cout << "\nocta number: " << oct << value;</pre>
    }
int main()
{
    number *ptr[3];
    deci_ d;
    hexa h;
    octa o;
    ptr[0] = &d;
    ptr[0]->input(12);
    ptr[0]->show();
    ptr[1] = &h;
    ptr[1]->input(12);
    ptr[1]->show();
```

```
ptr[2] = &o;

ptr[2]->input(12);

ptr[2]->show();

return 0;
```

### OUTPUT -4

```
//q5.Also do the media class as base class and book and
tape as derived class
//program too, as discussed in the theory class.
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
class media
protected:
    char name[20];
    int price;
public:
    media(const char *n, int p)
    {
        strcpy(name, n);
       price = p;
    }
    virtual void display()
    { }
class book : public media
    int pages;
public:
    book(const char *n, int p, int pa) : media(n, p)
```

```
{
        pages = pa;
    }
    void display()
    {
        cout << "\ntitle of book: " << name;</pre>
        cout << "\nprice of book: " << price;</pre>
        cout << "\npages of book: " << pages;</pre>
    }
};
class tape : public media
{
    int time_;
public:
    tape(const char *n, int p, int t) : media(n, p)
    {
        time_ = t;
    }
    void display()
    {
```

```
cout << "\n\ntitle of book: " << name;</pre>
        cout << "\nprice of book: " << price;</pre>
        cout << "\nplay time of book: " << time_ << "</pre>
minutes";
};
int main()
{
    book b("C", 450, 700);
    tape t("C++", 485, 90);
    media *m[2];
    m[0] = \&b;
    m[0]->display();
    m[1] = &t;
    m[1]->display();
    return 0;
                        OUTPUT -5
```

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS D:\my codes\00PS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION> cd "d:\my codes\00PS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION\"; if ($?) { g++ q5.cpp -o q5 }; if ($?) { .\q5 }

title of book: C
price of book: 450
pages of book: 700

title of book: C++
price of book: 485
play time of book: 90 minutes
PS D:\my codes\00PS\LAB9_VIRTUAL_FUNCTION> |
```

# 2005025\_Hitu raj