Contingency Plan (CP)





4/6, Block- E, Lalmatia, Dhaka-1207, Bangladesh

NGO Forum for Public Health Contingency Plan (CP)



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Introduction:

Contingency planning aims to prepare an organization to respond well to an emergency and its potential humanitarian impact. Such planning is a management tool, involving all sectors, which can help ensure timely and effective provision of humanitarian aid to those most in need when a disaster occurs.

1. Section 1: Responsibilities and Coordination

1.1Humanitarian Coordination Team (HCT)

Name& Designation	Contact Number and E-mail	Role
Mr. S.M.A. Rashid	Mobile: 01713379978	Trigger decision & approvals.
Executive Director	email: ngof@bangla.net	
Mr. Joseph Halder	Mobile: 01711678980	Information Management,
Head, Advocacy & Information	email: joseph@ngof.org	Advocacy and Communication
Mr. Rizwan Ahmed	Mobile: 01711541700	Joint Needs Assessment (JNA),
Head, National Resource Centre	email: rizwan@ngof.org	Proposal & Response Plan
		Development
Mr. Md. ZiaulHaque	Mobile: 01720090669	Information Collection &
Head, Field Operation	email: zia@ngof.org	Dissemination, Response
		Operation, Coordination &
		Monitoring
Mr. IqbalRabbani	Mobile:01757323000	Deploying Human Resources
Manager, HR & Admin	email: iqbal@ngof.org	
Mr. Paul D' Costa	Mobile: 01711442737	Finance and Budget Control
Manager, Finance & Accounts	email: paul@ngof.org	
Mr. Saha Dipak Kumar	Mobile: 01714013373	Government Approval
Manager, Advocacy &	email: dipak.aic@ngof.org	
Information		
Mr. Rokibul Hasan Talukder,	Mobile: 01718075871	Procurement
Material Development Officer	email: rokib@ngof.org	
Mr. M. K. Anam	Mobile: 01912404830	Logistic support
Procurement & Logistic Officer	email: anam@ngof.org	

1.2 Roles and Responsibility

Role	Name and Designation	In absence of	
Trigger decision & approval.	Mr. S.M.A. Rashid	Designated by ED	
	Executive Director		
Information, Communication	Mr. Joseph Halder	Mr. SahaDipak Kumar	
and Advocacy	Head, Advocacy & Information	Manager, Advocacy &	
		Information	
Joint Needs Assessment (JNA),	Mr. Rizwan Ahmed	Mr.AbdusSalam Miah, Head,	
Proposal & Response Plan	Head, National Resource Centre	Research cell	
Development		Mr.Saiduzzaman Khan	
		Sr. Resource Mobilization	
		Officer	
Response Operation,	Mr. Md. ZiaulHaque	Mr.Sams Uddin Md. Rafi	
Coordination & Monitoring	Head, Field Operation	Project Coordinator	
Deploying Human Resource	Mr. IqbalRabbani	Mr. Md. ZiaulHaque	

	Manager, HR & Admin	Head, Field Operation	
Finance and Budget Control	Mr. Paul D' Costa	Mr. Md. Afirul Islam, Manager,	
	Manager, Finance & Accounts	Finance & Accounts	
Government approval	Mr. Saha Dipak Kumar	Mr. Salahuddin Ahmed,	
	Manager, Advocacy & Information	Program Engineer	
		Mr.MujaharulKabir,	
		Liaison Officer	
Procurement	Mr. Rokibul Hasan Talukder, Ms. MimTabassum		
	Material Development Officer	PC & Member Purchase	
		Committee,	
Logistic support	Mr. M. K. Anam Mr. Iqbal Rabbani		
	Procurement& Logistic Officer Manager, HR & Admin Cell		

1.3 Internal Decision making and Coordination process

SI no	Role	Responsible
01	Collect & compile situation report and disseminate to HCT members	Disaster Focal/ FO
02	Emergency meeting of HCT for review the situation and prepare	National Resource
	donor list for onward submission of Sit. Report,	Centre & Research
	Joint Response plan will be developed with Oxfam, other donors,	Cell
	CDMP andGoB	
03	Trigger decision of declaring emergency situation for the	ED or his designate
	organization and activate the Contingency Plan	
04	Need based advocacy will be developed with GoB(DDM) & NGOs	Advocacy&
	(Oxfam, other Donors), CDMP etc	Information
05	Response ActionPlan, Implement response activities in coordination	Field Operation
	with its field offices, District, Upazila and Union disaster	
	management committees, community people, other NGOs and	
	development partners. Coordination may be done through meeting,	
	e-mail and telephonic discussions	
06	Deploy staff	HR & Admin Cell
07	Release /arrange fund for emergency response	Finance& Accounts
		cell

1.4 Media Communication and information management

Disaster Focal person and DM-OHCB will collect Sit. Report through its Regional/Field offices and from Water Development Board, Meteorological department, CDMP, CMDRR forum and other sources on daily basis using Situation Report format. The Disaster Focal person will compile the report and disseminate electronic copies to HCT including development partner's on regular basis. The Head of Information &Advocacy will organize media campaign to draw attention of GoB, INGOs, UN agencies and other humanitarian actors. All the documents will be preserved for a reasonable period to satisfy the audit and evaluation purposes.

Information Management:

Timing/ frequency	Item	Responsibility
24 hrs. 1 st report	Emergency Situation	Disaster Focal, Field Operation,
Every day update up to 2 weeks	briefing update to	coordination with the PCs/PMs of
(depends on situation)	Disaster Management	Regional/Field Offices
	Committee/ HCT	
After receiving 1 st Sitrep<24 hrs as	Activation CP	ED or His Designate
relevant		
Sit.rep 3 times a week for the	Sit.rep	Disaster Focal in coordination with
next 2-4 weeks		the PCs/PMs of Regional/Field Offices
Joint Needs Assessment	Needs Assessment	Mr. Rizwan Ahmed, Head, National
	Report	Resource centre in coordination with
		Research cell & Resource
		mobilization unit.
Three times in the 1 st phase	Human interest stories	Mr. Joseph Halder, Head, Advocacy &
		Informationin coordination with
		ShahaDipak Kumar, Manager, AIC
		and the PCs/PMs of Regional/Field
		Offices

1.5 Humanitarian Policy and Advocacy

NGO Forum will support relevant advocacy efforts made by the development partners both at district, nationally, regionally and globally as well. NGO Forum will do the following tasks in this regard:

- Initiate local level advocacy for humanitarian support to affected community
- Support different advocacy initiative initiated by OXFAM, CMDRR forum, ECB, Nirapad, Care and other developments partners
- Inspire local GOVT. for deploy their support provision
- Inspire private actors and local elites for mobilizing resources

1.6 Fund Raising and Management Model

Depending on the severity of the emergency, the ED or his designate will approve releasing emergency fund amounting Tk. 200,000/=within 24 hours for emergency response from its own source and the Manager, F&A will act promptly to release the fund. In cases of emergency fund raising/out sourcing, the ED or will develop proposal and lobby/advocacy with development partners for emergency response focusing survival package, Watsan, health and Education support. Based on the situation, NGOF will also develop proposal for early recovery, rehabilitation, mitigation focusing food and livelihood security, Health and nutrition, Wash, Infrastructure development and CCA. NGOF will also follow standard management model adhering the donor's mandate. Mr. Ziaul Haque, Head, Field Operation will prepare implementation plan in coordination with disaster focal person and coordinate implementation at field level.

2. Section 2: General Information

- 2.1 Date of Production of this Plan: 30.03.2016
- 2.2 Contact person for updating Contingency Plan: Disaster Manager, Field Operation, NGOF
- 2.3Next Update Date of this Plan: 30.03.2017

3. Section 3: External Context

3.1 Summary of Hazards of the Working Area

NGOF operational areas are most vulnerable to natural hazards and disasters. Cyclone, Flood, Flash flood, drought, cold wave, river bank erosion, and tornado are the common phenomenon observed in these areas during last 10 years.

Major Disasters	Location	Time	Observations
Super Cyclone (Sidr)	57 unions from 13 upazilas under 5 southern districts of NGOF Project area	November 2007	Damage and loss from Cyclone Sidr was concentrated on the southwest coast of Bangladesh. Four of Bangladesh's thirty districts were classified as "severely affected" and a further eight were classified as "moderately affected". Of the 2.3 million households affected to some degree by the effects of Cyclone Sidr, about one million were seriously affected. The number of deaths caused by Sidr is estimated at 3,406, with 1,001 still missing, and over 55,000 people sustaining physical injuries. Improved disaster prevention measures, including an improved forecasting and warning system, coastal a forestation projects, cyclone shelters, and embankments are credited with lower casualty rates than what would have been expected, given the severity of the storm. Most of the destruction and related social and economic losses resulted from the harsh storm conditions and the subsequent failure of an extensive embankment system.
Cyclone (Aila)	20 unions from 7 upazilas under 3 southern districts of NGOF project area (Satkhira, Khulna)	May 2009	The devastating cyclone Aila struck the south-western coastal region of Bangladesh at midday on 25 May 2009. Satkhira and Khulna were the worst hit districts, with nine other districts also badly affected. According to the official statistics nearly four million people have been affected, with - as at 3 June 2009 - an official death toll of 190. Huge numbers of livestock have been lost

Major Disasters	Location	Time	Observations
			with nearly 2,000 km of road either fully or partially destroyed. Thousands of acres of crops have been wiped out. The horrifying fact is that nearly 2,000 km of the coastal embankment (locally known as 'polder') was damaged, causing extensive flooding. Diarrhea has broken out with almost 50,000 people reported as being affected.
Cold Wave	Niphamari, Dinajpur	Dec-Jan' 13, 2 weeks	Death of elderly people and Children, ARI and clod diarrhea
Flash Flood	Kishoreganj, Sunamganj	May'10, 1 month	Damaged crops & infrastructure
Flood	Kishoreganj, Sunamganj, Netrokona, Rangpur, Lalmonirhat	Aug-Sep'07, 1.5 months	Damaged crops & infrastructure, unemployment, water borne diseases
Landslide	Chittagong, Rangamati, Cox's Bazar, Bandarban, Khagrachori, Sylhet	May – August	Damaged infrastructure, casualty, internal displacement
Influx of Undocumented Myanmar National (UMN)	Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Bandarban	2007 - 2016	Miserable living condition, crisis of natural resources, social conflict, human trafficking, drug smuggling, arms business, terrorism, begging,

3.2 Key or important Humanitarian Actors for NGOF

a. UN Agencies, INGOs and Other Donors for ER, DRR & CCA

Name of the Activities and type of	Name of the	Beneficiary coverage	Amount of
disaster	Donor	areas/beneficiary	Funding (Tk.)
Rehabilitation Programme of Water and	MISEREOR-	75,000 people from 154	10,183,794
Sanitation Support of NGO (RWSS) for	Germany	Upazilas	
the flood affected people			
Rehabilitation Programme on Water and	MISEREOR &	60,000	31,429,200
Sanitation for the Cyclone Hit People of	CAFOD	people from 6 districts	
the Coastal Areas			

	,	,	
Water and Sanitation Programme for	OXFAM	40000 people in 1	10,400,000
Rohinghya Refugees	(UK)	Upazila under 1 district	
Rehabilitation Programme on Water and	MISEREOR-	55,000 people from	25,797,000
Sanitation for the Cyclone Hit Peopleof	Germany	3 districts	
the Coastal Areas			
Relief and Rehabilitation for Flood	MISEREOR-	36 affected unions of	127,20,000
Victims	Germany	31 Upazilas of 16	
		district	
Emergency Post Flood Water and	UNICEF	30,000 people from 105	7,19,46,000
Sanitation response Project-2004		Upazilas of 32 Districts	
Emergency Flood Response Activities	Save the	2 Unions in 2 Upazilas	1,351,770
	Children-USA	under 1 District	
Emergency Post Flood Water &	CAFOD-UK	57 Unions in 28 Upazila	17,000,000
Sanitation			
Emergency Water & Sanitation	MISEREOR-	3 Upazilas under 1	2,850,000
Programme for Cyclone Hit affected	Germany	districts	
Areas of 3upazilas of Bagerhat District	,		
Emergency Support to SIDR Affected	Unicef-	3 Upazilas under 2	10,780,000
people on WASH	Bangladesh	districts	
Emergency provision of continued Water	International	25,000 beneficiaries in	1,04,88,000
Sanitation and Hygiene services for the	Organization	Leda makeshift	
Undocumented Myanmar Nationals	for Migration	settlement	
living in the makeshift settlement of Leda	(IOM)		
Urban Resilience Bangladesh	OXFAM GB	6000 urban slum	3,93,65,673
		dwellers from	
		Mymensingh	
Inclusive Disaster Resilience in	OXFAM GB	67,605 people from 5	6,674,029
Bangladesh (DIPECHO VIII)		Wards under	
		Mymensingh	
Integrated humanitarian Assistance	ECHO &	30,000 people in Leda	38,535,092
Programmme for Vulnerable Groups	Muslim Aid UK	makeshift settlement	
		and host communities	
Oxfam Humanitarian Capacity Building	OXFAM GB	-	4,50,000
Project (OHCB)			
Hygiene and Sanitation activities in	UNHCR	20,000 people from the	19,432,125
Kutupalong and Nayapara Refugee		registered camps in	
Camps in 2016 under UNHCR component		Cox's Bazar	

B. GoB Agencies

Stakeholder	Role in Emergency	Relationship to the NGOF	Actions to Improve Relationship During Preparedness
DC, DRRO	Response and	Close coordination in	Direct coordination through

Stakeholder	Role in Emergency	Relationship to the NGOF	Actions to Improve Relationship During Preparedness
	coordination lead	implementation	information sharing, Meeting
UzDMC, TNO,	Emergency coordination	Active Member	Direct coordination through
PIO			information sharing, Meeting
UDMC	Coordination during	Close coordination	Direct coordination through
	implementation	in implementation	information sharing, Meeting
Department of	Central level disaster	Working relationship	Strengthening working
Disaster	coordination		relationship for national plan
Management			of action

Section 4: NGOF's Programme in Bangladesh

4.1 Organization Program

Being launched as the UN-brainchild in 1982, NGO Forum has been involved as the apex networking and service delivery body of NGOs, CBOs and private sector operators in the wash sector of Bangladesh. Over the years it has been contributing to the improvement of public health situation by reducing mortality and morbidity, and conserving sound environment. In order to implements its programmes as a process of holistic transformation of the society towards development, the Forum has emphasizing been stepped forward maintaining a perfect balance among its programme components like WaSH, health and environment. NGO forum materializes the implementation of its integrated programme supports and networking for establishing governance and rights in service promotion directly and in association with its partner's country wide.

Vision

Everyone is living quality life in a healthy society

Mission

NGO Forum is a national networking and service delivery organization engaged to promote WaSH, health, governance, climate resilience to contribute to the improvement of public health situation, especially for the poor and hard-to-reach segments of the society.

Being a right based organization, NGO Forum utilizes its proven experiences of working as development partner with all concerned government bodies, LGIs, and duty bearers, NGOs, CBOs, private sector, civil society, media, national and international agencies, development partners and other stakeholders.

With a competent and decentralized work force and strong network, NGO Forum strives to bring an enabling environment by complementing the implementation of all relevant national policies.

4.2 Coordination

a. Key coordination mechanisms

NGO Forum maintains two way communication systems during emergency response. It maintains close coordination at national, district, Upazila, Union, Community level and other actors in emergency situation or impending disasters through sharing its plan and other relevant information. Represent as an active member of District, Upazila Disaster Management Committee and significantly contributes in adopting strategy and management role for emergency situation. Regularly participates in steering committee meetings both at district and upazila level and build good rapport with the local Govt. institutions. NGO Forum has its disaster focal person at central and district focal person in each operating districts who are usually participates in these meetings and coordinates with the local administration and other actors with a view to avoid duplication of works and optimal uses of resources. Based on requirement, NGO Forum share its capacity with local administration and other actors in cases of early warning dissemination, search & rescue, evacuation, shifting to shelters, relief distribution and rehabilitation works. As a lead organization, NGO Forum also coordinates with partner NGOs and nationally participates in different forums, seminars, workshops and events organized by national bodies and shares information.

Coordination Mechanism	Contact Agency, Person and Details	Representative
National Level Coordination through liaison, meeting & info sharing	Director General, Department of Disaster Management	ED or his designate
District Level Coordination through meeting, telephonic discussion, e-mail	District Relief &Rehabilitation Officer	Regional Manager/ Partner NGOs
Upazila Level Coordination through meeting	Upazila Chairman/ UpazilaNirbahi Officer	Partner NGOs
Union Level Coordination through meeting Union Chairman		Partner NGOs/ Village Development Committee
Other Coordination through information sharing, meeting, e-mail	CDMP, NIRAPAD, NARRI, CSRL, DDM, LGED, DAE, WDB, CPP, POLICE, etc.	Advocacy cell

4.3 List of programs and projects:

Annex

4.4 Summary of Key Lessons that have informed Contingency Planning and will be applied during response

Key lessons	Evaluation Source	Action point taken/ will be taken
Difficult to select truly disaster affected families because of political influence	Previous experience	Inception meeting at union level involving UPRs & CSO and sharing beneficiary selection criteria
Late response to local disaster or slow onset disasters, because of reluctance or delayed declaration by the Govt.	Previous experience	Expedite Humanitarian support from own fund and advocacy at central level and media
Contents of relief packages should be determined respecting local needs.	Field experience	Package selection based on need assessment report and local food habits
Sometimes emergency response defers or become costly because of unavailability of goods or unusual price hike	Field experience	Emergency Market Mapping Assessment(EMMA) should be done and alternate market mapping should be done
Pre - Identification of communication channel to reach remotest vulnerable people is important	Field experience	Mapping of communication mode need to be prepared in advance
For the sake of expedite NGOAB clearance, support from DDM/Line ministry's assistance is very much helpful.	Previous experience	Networking and lobbying should be developed with the concern line ministry
Flexible in cases of attendance of lactating mother, mother of new born child and elderly and people with disability	Previous experience	Attendants should be endorsed by the UP representative and the community leaders during listing beneficiaries

Section 5: Disaster Scenarios of the NGOF Program Areas

Hazard	Probability	Potential impact	Estimated	Most vulnerable	Needs
Tiazara	and scale	1 otential impact	number of	group	Necus
			affected	9. ob	
			people		
Cyclone	High, Cat-	Damage of crops	300,000-	Poor household	Shelter
', ' ' '	4	 Loss of assets, livestock 	500,000		Food
		and livelihoods	ŕ	Women headed	Clothing
		Food insecurity and		household	Medical Care
		unemployment			Hygiene
		 Increases water bond 		Fishermen	Domestics items
		diseases and saline			
		intrusion		Person with	
		Damage of		disability	
		infrastructure			
				Old age person	
				Pregnant women	
				UMN	
Flood	High, 50%	Damage of crops (80%)	300,000-	Marginal people	Search and
	of the	Loss of assets, livestock	500,000	Farmers	Rescue,
	area	and livelihoods (75%)			Emergency&
	inundated	Food insecurity and		Livestock and	temporary
		unemployment (80%)		poultry rearing	shelter,
		Increases water bond		based people	Distribution of
		diseases and scabies (68%)		C'alanna an	Food item and
		Damage of infrastructure		Fishermen	Non-Food Items,
		(70%)		PWD, old age	WASH intervention,
					Gender, Rights
				person	based
				Pregnant or	programming
				lactating mother	рговганнины
Flash flood	High, 40%	Damage of crops (80%)	100,000-	Marginal and small	JNA, Support in
114311111004	of the	Loss of assets, livestock	300,000	farmers	Rescue
	area	and livelihoods (75%)	000,000		Operation,
	inundated	Food insecurity and		Livestock and	Survival package
		unemployment (80%)		poultry rearing	(Food & nonfood
		Increases water bond		based people	items), Primary
		diseases and scabies (68%)		. ,	Health Support,
		Damage of infrastructure		Fishermen	Wash support,
		(70%)			CFW/CFT,
				PWD, old age	Rehabilitation,
				person	Livelihood
					supports
				Pregnant or	

Hazard	Probability and scale	Potential impact	Estimated number of affected people	Most vulnerable group	Needs
Landslide	High, one or two location affected	Damage of infrastructure (shelter, road, schools, etc) Disruptwater source and sanitation facilities Loss of assets and livelihood Food insecurity	50	lactating mother Poor household living in risky hilly area Ethnic community PWD, old age person	Do
				Pregnant or lactating mother	
Influx of Undocumented Myanmar National (UMN)	High, 50,000 – 100,000 UMN	Displacement; Family separation Integrated into local community Fear, anxiety and trauma; reduced access to shelter, food, WaSH and employment	50,000 - 100,000	Women Adolescent girls Young children Persons with Disabilities (PwD) Old age person	Safety & security; Shelter Food Clothing Medical care Hygiene

Section 6: Response strategy and resources

6.1 Strategy

a. Objective

To minimize the negative impact of natural disaster on the most vulnerable people of affected areas and provide the necessary emergency supports to reduce sufferings.

b. Engagement Criteria (Any one of the following criteria):

- National authorities formally declare an emergency,
- At least 250 or more HHs are estimated to be affected and there is a need for help to protect their life, health and ensure respect for human being
- INGO partners and other donors have offered support to local response

C. Sector focus

At emergency period NGO Forum will supply emergency survival packages both food and nonfood items and cash support. Then based on situation and need assessment report, NGO Forum will focus on early recovery, food security, livelihood recovery, WaSH, Health, Education, rehabilitation. NGO Forum will

also emphasize on safety, security and social protection of the victims particularly of women, children, elderly people, people with disability and adolescent girls.

d. Geographical coverage

- Coastal region
- River basin and Charlands,
- Haor region
- Hill tracts
- Barind tract and Madhupur region

e. Mode of operation:

NGO Forum's emergency response mode is transparent and accountable to the community. NGO Forum engages stakeholders of different level at different phases to ensure fair and equitable implementation of response activities. NGO Forum ensures the following during emergency response:

• Trigger indicators:

- o National authorities formally declare an emergency; or
- At least 250 or more HHs are estimated to be affected and there is a need for help to protect their life, health and ensure respect for human being; or
- o INGO partners and other donors have offered support to local response.
- **Principle of Humanity**: findings from monitoring/ assessment indicate that people are suffering and there is a need for help to protect their life, health and ensure respect for human being
- **Principle of impartiality:** the organization will carry out humanitarian action based on need alone giving priority to the most urgent cases of distress and making no distinctions because of nationality, race, gender, religion belief, class or political opinions.
- **Principle of neutrality**: the organization does not take sides in hostilities or engage in controversies of political, racial, religious or ideological nature.
- **Principle of Independence:** the organization can make decision to interview without being influenced by political, economic, military or other.
- Complement to local government efforts and coordinate with others to avoid duplication and minimize gape.
- Involve communities in participants' selection and commodity delivery process
- Reaches the most vulnerable through applying criteria following
 - ✓ Physical vulnerabilities (living area is susceptible to disaster, remoteness, elder people, pregnant, lactation mother, people with disability)
 - ✓ Structural vulnerabilities(lack of shelter, embankment, sluice gate, etc. in reducing risks of disaster)
 - ✓ Socio- Cultural vulnerabilities (ethnic community, excluded people, religion, race, etc.)
 - ✓ Economical vulnerabilities (low income group, agro based livelihood, lack of alternative livelihood, etc.)
- Select distribution points considering accessibility issues for all
- Inform all stakeholders about the package and why the package
- Maintain Master Roll to ensure accountability and transparency as required
- Verify beneficiary lists through district / upazilas/union government officials

f. Priorities:

NGO Forum prioritizes the poorest of the poor, who are most vulnerable to any shocks and hazards. Among those, NGO Forum gives preferences to women headed HHs, people with disabilities, HHs with pregnant woman and lactating mothers. NGO Forum also prioritizes UMN and people displaced by hazards; and most affected locations and remotest areas not reached by other agencies.

g. Intervention Time Span

Phasing of response

- 1st week emergency response
- 2-4weeks (Based on situation period may be extended)
- After emergency, early recovery/recovery phase and
- After early recovery, long term rehabilitation will start

6.2 Resource Plan

a. Financial resources

Source of funding	Funding type	Funding size	Timeline	Authoriz ed to request	Comments
Contingency fund					
Internal ER fund	Unrestricted	200,000	24 hours	ED	As startup other funding to replace
Existing partnership with INGOs					
Oxfam	Restricted		15 days	ED	Continuing partnership with OHCB Project
European Union					
International Organization for Migration					
Unicef					

Regional Offices will use contingency fund and contingency stock for initial response and further intervention will be subject to donor funding support

b. Human Resource

- Organizational Disaster Management Committee (representation from procurement, fund management, logistic support, staff deployment and capacity building, emergency response management, DRM, DRR and CCA projects)
- Skilled staffs pool
- Once agreed and approved, formally inform the respective staff members and their line manages about their roles and responsibilities relating emergency response.

c. Logistic resource

- Emergency warehouses
- Capacity in rescue and evacuation, emergency shelter, Wash, health and sanitation and safe water during emergency.

d. Organizational Deliverables:

NGO Forum will provide the following support services

1. Water -

- 15 Lt water per household through mobile water treatment plant (all affected household)
- Repair damage tube-well (as required in the selected community)
- Pond water purification (Selected community)
- Water purification tablet (Selected community)
- Water supply through Portable Water Treatment Plant (All HH in selected community)
- Tube well Head raising (as required in the selected community)
- Shelter based Tube well installation (as required in the selected community)

2. Sanitation -

- Plastic Latrine (selected community)
- Mobile Latrine (selected community)
- 3. Hygiene Hygiene Kit to selected HH (see description of the hygiene kit in Section 8: Annexes)
- 4. Primary health care through temporary or mobile clinics in selected community
- 5. Nutritional support to selected HH with children and pregnant and lactating women suffering from malnutrition(see description of the nutritional item in Section 8: Annexes)
- 6. Nonfood items distribution applying the sphere standard (see description of the nonfood item in Section 8: Annexes)
- 7. Cash Transfer (BDT 4000 per HH) to selected HH
- 8. High energy biscuits (50 Packet per HH one off) to selected HH
- 9. Shelter items to selected HH (see description of the shelter item in Section 8: Annexes)

Section 7: Emergency Response through Regional Management

This is mentionable that depending on the severity of the emergency, the ED or his designate will approve releasing emergency fund for emergency and field operation will prepare implementation plan in coordination with regional manager and disaster focal person. On behave of Head, Field Operation the Regional Manager will implement the rapid emergency response plan in regional level. The regional level response program will be planned as per the following process

Humanitarian Response Team and its Member's Roles in Regional Level:

To respond to disaster timely and effectively in regional level, the organization should have an emergency response team. The team should have sufficient number of staff to undertake duties listed in first column of the table below, although, one member of the team many take up more than one duty. Make decision, through consultation with the management team and the respective individuals and get approval for the followings.

Chittagong Region (Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Noakhali and other Districts of Chittagong Division):

Duty	HRT	Designation	Responsibilities	relating	Level	of	Reporting	to	(for
	member's	(presently)	response		authority		ERT respon	sibili [.]	ty)
	name				(during				
					emergency	/			
					response)				ļ

			During normal time	During emergency		
Hazard monitoring	Mr. Rafikul Islam	Regional Manager	Monitor hazard incidents through situation report, meteorological departments update. media reports	inform ED and ERT/HCT leader Prepare situation report Recommend need assessment when necessary	Manager, Risk Reduction & Emergency Response	Mr. Ziaul Haque, Head, Field Operation Cell
Need assessment	Mr. Rafikul Islam	Regional Manager	Collect baseline data	Arrange following task through PNGOs plan need assessment Collect information through the assessment and Analyses data and prepare report	Manager, Risk Reduction & Emergency Response	Mr. Rizwan Ahmed Head, National Resource Centre, NGOF
Response planning	Head, Field Operation, Md. Ziaul Haque	NA	Conduct Mock drill for minimizing the gaps of the plan and implementation	Prepare intervention plan and draft proposal	NA	ED/ Humanitarian Coordination Team (HCT)
Coordination	Mr. Rafikul Islam Majumder	Regional Manager	Monthly or bimonthly, pre- monsoon preparedness meeting with stakeholders	Communicate with other stakeholders Attend cluster meetings and coordination meeting	Manager, Risk Reduction & Emergency Response	Mr. Ziaul Haque, Head, Field Operation Cell

Information management	Mr. Rafikul Islam Majumder	Regional Manager	Rapport building with GO and others information providing agencies	Collect information Document progress prepare updates and reports	Manager, Risk Reduction & Emergency Response	Mr. Joseph Halder Head, Advocacy & Information Cell
Procurement and supply	Mr. Maksud	Accounts Officer	Prepare framework agreement with enlisted vendors	Arrange procurement of goods and services applying emergency procurement policy Ensure stock book keeping ensure timely supply as when and where needed Finance and Budget	Accounts Office, Disaster Management	Mr. Rokibul Hasan Talukder, Material Development Officer(Procurement and supply) Mr. Paul D' Costa Manager, Finance & Accounts (Finance and Budget control)
Logistics and transport	Mr. Ratul Chakma	Field Engineer	Framework agreement with logistician organization and transport authorities	Control Arrange transport for team members Arrange transport for supplies	Risk Reduction & Emergency Response Facilitator (Technical)	Mr. M K Anam, Procurement & Logistic officer, P & L unit
Staff deployment	Mr. Iqbal Rabbani	Manager HR	Prepare staff roster and reviewed volunteer status for smooth & efficient disaster response	Arrange hiring staff for emergency intervention Arrange sending staff members from routine	N/A	ED or his designate

					program to emergency work		
Safety security	and	Mr. Rafikul Islam Majumder	Regional Manager	Functioning guideline for ensuring safety and security during emergency response	Ensured to follow the behavioral guideline by the relevant staffs in disaster response period	N/A	Mr. Ziaulhaque, Head, Field Operation Cell

Regional Humanitarian Response Team Member's Roles and Responsibilities (For all Region)

Duty	HRT member's name	Designation (presently)	Responsibilities response	relating	Level of authority (during emergency response)	Reporting to (for ERT responsibility)
			During normal time	During emergency		
Hazard	Md Rabiul -Rajshahi Md Rashedul- Dinajpur Md. Mosarraf- Tangail Md. Mashiur-Sylhet Md. Mizan- Barisal Md. Rezwanul-Bogra Md Rafique- Chittagong Md. Mustak-Comilla Md.Moksed-Dhaka Md. Salam-Faridpur Md. Lutfur-Khulna Mr. Shishir- Mymensingh Md. Monir-Jessore Md. Habib -Rangpur	Regional Manager	Monitor hazard incidents through situation report, meteorological departments update and media report.	inform ED and ERT/HCT leader Prepare situation report Recommend need assessment when necessary	Manager, Emergency Response	Disaster Manager/ Disaster Focal/ Mr. Ziaul Haque, Head, Field Operation Cell
Need assessment	Same as Hazard Monitoring	Regional Manager	Collect baseline data	Arrange following task through PNGOs plan need assessment Collect	Manager, Emergency Response	Mr. Rizwan Ahmed Head, National Resource Centre, NGOF

Response planning	Mr. Zia	Head, Field Operation	Conduct Mock drill for minimizing the gaps of the plan	Analyses data and prepare report Prepare intervention plan and draft	NA	ED/ Humanitarian Coordination Team (HCT)
Coordination	Md Rabiul -Rajshahi Md Rashedul- Dinajpur Md. Mosarraf- Tangail Md. Mashiur-Sylhet Md. Mizan- Barisal Md. Rezwanul-Bogra Md Rafique- Chittagong Md. Mustak-Comilla Md.Moksed-Dhaka Md. Salam-Faridpur Md. Lutfur-Khulna Mr. Shishir- Mymensingh Md. Monir-Jessore Md. Habib -Rangpur	Regional Manager	and implementation Monthly or bimonthly, premonsoon preparedness meeting with stakeholders	Communicate with other stakeholders Attend cluster meetings and coordination meeting	Manager, Emergency Response	Mr. Ziaul Haque, Head, Field Operation Cell
Information management	All Respective Regional Managers	Regional Manager	Rapport building with GO and others information providing agencies	Collect information Document progress prepare updates and reports	Manager, Emergency Response	Mr. Joseph Halder Head, Advocacy & Information Cell
Procurement and supply	Rakibul Islam Talukder, Paul D Costa	Accounts Officer/ Procurement Officer	Prepare framework agreement with enlisted vendors	Arrange procurement of goods and services applying emergency	Accounts /Procurement Office, Emergency Response	Mr. Rokibul Hasan Talukder, Material Development Officer

				procurement policy Ensure stock book keeping ensure timely supply as when and where needed Finance and Budget Control		(Procurement and supply) Mr. Paul D' Costa Manager, Finance & Accounts (Finance and Budget control)
Logistics and transport	Ferdousi-Dinajpur, Md. Muntasir- Rangpur, Momena- Mym, Selina-Tangail, Maksud-Ctg, Parvez- Barisal, Masuma- Comilla, Reshma- Faridpur, Shahid- Khulna, Sonali- Jessore, ???- Bogra(Raj, Sylhet, Dhk,	Accounts Assistant	Framework agreement with logistician organization and transport authorities	Arrange transport for team members Arrange transport for supplies	Emergency Response Facilitator (Technical)	Mr. M K Anam, Procurement & Logistic officer, P & L unit
Staff deployment	Mr. Iqbal Rabbani	Manager HR	Prepare staff roster and reviewed volunteer status for smooth & efficient disaster response	Arrange hiring staff for emergency intervention Arrange sending staff members from routine program to emergency work	N/A	ED or his designate
Safety and security	All respective Managers	Regional Manager	Functioning guideline for ensuring safety and security during emergency response	Ensured to follow the	Manager, Emergency Response	Mr. ZiaulHaque, Head, Field Operation Cell

Section 8: Annexes:

Annex #	Annexes
	ToR of HCT
	Emergency response flow chart
	Situation Report Template (Bangla & English)
	Hygiene Kit
	Shelter item
	Nutritional Item
	NFI package
	Working area map
	Ongoing program and projects
	Hazard map of working area
	Funding status
	Asset list
	Staff skill roster
	Vendor list
	List of PNGOs
	List of stakeholders