

C-Programming / C / C Programs.md



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# Basic Simple C Programs

## 1. WAP(Write a program) to print "Hello World".

Expected Output

Hello World



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    printf("Hello World");
    return 0;
}
```



## 2. WAP. to input a number and print them.

Test Data

Enter a number: 5



Expected Output

Number is 5



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
```



```
int num;

printf("Enter a number");
scanf("%d", &num);

printf("Number is %d", num);

return 0;
}
```

### 3. WAP. to accept two numbers and print their addition, subtraction, multiplication, division.

#### Test Data

Enter 2 number: 5 10



#### Expected Output

Addition = 15  
Subtraction = -5  
Multiplication = 50  
Division = 0



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    int add, mul, sub, div, num1, num2;

    printf("\nEnter 2 number:");
    scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);

    add = num1 + num2;
    sub = num1 - num2;
    mul = num1 * num2;
    div = num1 / num2;

    printf("Addition = %d \nSubtraction = %d \nMultiplication = %d \nDivision = %d"
    , add, sub, mul, div);

    return 0;
}
```



### 4. WAP. to input a number and change the sign.

#### Test Data

Enter a number: 5  
Enter a number: -5



#### Expected Output

Changed number = -5  
Changed number = 5



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    num = num * -1;

    printf("Changed number = %d", num);
    return 0;
}
```



## 5. WAP. to input two number and display quotient and remainder.

#### Test Data

input number : 98 4



#### Expected Output

quotient = 24  
remainder = 2



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int dividend, divisor, quotient, remainder;

    printf("Enter Dividend and Division: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &dividend, &divisor);

    quotient = dividend / divisor;
    remainder = dividend % divisor;

    printf("Quotient = %d Remainder = %d", quotient, remainder);
}
```



```
    return 0;
}
```

## 6. WAP. to display last digit of a number.

### Test Data

Enter a number: 153



### Expected Output

Last digit = 3



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    num = num % 10;

    printf("Last digit = %d", num);

    return 0;
}
```



## 7. WAP. to accept a number from user and print it's square & cube in C language.

### Test Data

Enter a number = 5



### Expected Output

Square = 25 Cube = 125



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
```



```
int num, cube, square;

printf("Enter a number: ");
scanf("%d", &num);

cube = num * num * num;
square = num * num;

printf("Square: %d Cube: %d \n", square, cube);

return 0;
}
```

## 8. WAP. to calculate Area and Circumference of a Circle.

### Formula

Area of a Circle =  $\pi r^2$

Circumference of a circle =  $2\pi r$

### Test Data

Enter Radius: 15



### Expected Output

Area of a circle = 78.525002  
Circumference of a circle = 31.410000



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    float area, circum, radius, pi = 3.14153;

    printf("\nEnter Radius: ");
    scanf("%f", &radius);

    area = radius * radius * pi;
    circum = 2 * pi * radius;

    printf("Area of the circle: %f \n", area);
    printf("Circumference of the circle: %f \n", circum);

    return 0;
}
```



## 9. WAP. to input a number to compute the perimeter and area of a rectangle.

### Formula

**Perimeter of the rectangle** =  $2(\text{height} + \text{width})$

**Area of Rectangle** =  $\text{height} * \text{width}$

### Test Data

Enter height and width of the rectangle respectively: 12 5



### Expected Output

Area of a rectangle = 60 square inches  
Perimeter of a rectangle = 34 inches



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int height, width, area, perimeter;

    printf("Enter height and width of the rectangle respectively: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &height, &width);

    area = height * width;
    perimeter = 2 * (height + width);

    printf("Area of a rectangle = %d square inches\nPerimeter of a rectangle = %d inches", area, perimeter);

    return 0;
}
```



## 10. WAP. to Calculate Percentage of 5 Subjects.

### Test Data

Enter marks of 5 subjects:72 93 56 80 57



### Expected Output

Your Overall Percentage: 71.599998



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
```



```

int main(){

    float sanskrit, math, eng, hin, accounts, percentage, total;

    printf("Enter marks of 5 subjects:");
    scanf("%f %f %f %f %f", &sanskrit, &hin, &eng, &math, &accounts);

    total = sanskrit + hin + eng + math + accounts;
    percentage = total / 500 * 100;

    printf("\nTotal Marks = %f \nYour Overall Percentage: %f", total,
percentage);

    return 0;
}

```

## 11. WAP. to Calculate Simple Interest.

### Formula

**Simple Interest** =  $(p * r * t) / 100$ ;

**p** = Principal, **r** = Rate of interest, **t** = Time period

### Test Data

Enter Principal Amount: 4500  
Enter Rate of Interest: 9.5  
Enter Time: 6



### Expected Output

Simple interest: 2565.000000



### Source Code

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    float si, amount, interest, time;

    printf("Enter Principal Amount: ");
    scanf("%f", &amount);

    printf("Enter Rate of Interest: ");
    scanf("%f", &interest);

    printf("Enter Time: ");
    scanf("%f", &time);

    si = (amount * interest * time) / 100;

    printf("Simple interest: %f", si);
}

```



```
    return 0;
}
```

## 12. WAP. to print area of a triangle.

Formula

$\text{Triangle} = 0.5 * \text{Base} * \text{Height}$

Test Data

Enter BASE and HEIGHT: 15 30



Expected Output

Area of Triangle : 225.000000



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    float area, base, height;

    printf("Enter BASE and HEIGHT: ");
    scanf("%f %f", &base, &height);

    area = 0.5 * base * height;

    printf("Area of Triangle : %f", area);

    return 0;
}
```



## 13. WAP. to accept marks of 3 subjects of a student, Calculate total of 3 subjects and average in c language

Formula

$\text{Average} = \text{Sanskrit} + \text{Hindi} + \text{Math} / 3$

Test Data

Enter Marks of 3 subjects: 75 50 80



Expected Output



Total marks: 205.000000  
Average marks: 68.333336



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    float sub1, sub2, sub3, average, total;

    printf("Enter marks of 3 subjects: ");
    scanf("%f %f %f", &sub1, &sub2, &sub3);

    total = (sub1 + sub2 + sub3);
    average = total / 3;

    printf("\nTotal marks: %f", total);
    printf("\nAverage marks: %f", average);

    return 0;
}
```



## 14. WAP. to input paisa and convert it into rs. and paisa

#### Test Data

Enter paisa:2150



#### Expected Output

Total 21 ₹ and 50 Paisa



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int paisa, rs;

    printf("Enter paisa:");
    scanf("%d", &paisa);

    rs = paisa / 100;
    paisa = paisa % 100;

    printf("Total %d ₹ and %d Paisa", rs, paisa);

    return 0;
}
```



## 15. WAP. to print the following outputs: `https:\\www.google.com\\` in C language

Expected Output

Google Link: `https:\\www.google.com\\`

Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    printf("Google Link: https:\\\\www.google.com\\ ");

    return 0;
}
```

## 16. WAP. For Converting Temperature Celsius Into Fahrenheit and Fahrenheit to Celsius

Formula

**Fahrenheit** =  $((9/5) * c) + 32$  // or you can use `1.8` in place of `9/5`

**celsius** =  $(f - 32) \times 5/9$

Test Data

Enter Celsius or Fahrenheit: 55

Expected Output

Celsius to Fahrenheit: 131.000000  
Fahrenheit to Celsius: 12.777778

Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    float celFah, fahrenheit, celsius;

    printf("\nEnter Celsius or Fahrenheit: ");
    scanf("%f", &celFah);

    fahrenheit = (9.0 / 5.0 * celFah) + 32.0;
    celsius = (celFah - 32.0) * (5.0 / 9.0);
}
```

```
printf("\nCelsius to Fahrenheit: %f", fahrenheit);
printf("\nFahrenheit to Celsius: %f", celsius);

return 0;
}
```

## 17. WAP. to Calculate Gross Salary of an Employee whose dearness allowance is 40% of basic salary and house rent allowance is 20% of basic salary.

### Formula

$$\text{Gross Salary} = b + da + o$$

**b** = Basic Salary, **da** = Dearness Allowance **o** = Other Allowance

### Test Data

Enter Basic Salary: 20000



### Expected Output

Gross Salary = 32000



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    int gs, bs, da, hra;

    printf("Enter Basic salary: ");
    scanf("%d", &bs);

    da = bs * 40 / 100;
    hra = bs * 20 / 100;
    gs = bs + da + hra;

    printf("Gross Salary = %d \n", gs);

    return 0;
}
```



## 18. WAP. to print profit and profit percentage. Selling price and cost price is given by user.>

### Formula

$$\text{Profit} = \text{selling} - \text{cost}$$

$$\text{Profit Percentage} = \frac{\text{profit}}{\text{cost}} * 100$$

#### Test Data

Enter Selling price and Cost price respectively: 200 150

#### Expected Output

Total Profit = 50% and Profit percentage = 33%

#### Source Code

```
int main(){
    int profit, profitPercentage, sellingPrice, costPrice;

    printf("Enter Selling price and Cost price respectively: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &sellingPrice, &costPrice);

    profit = sellingPrice - costPrice;
    profitPercentage = (profit * 100) / costPrice;

    printf("Total Profit = %d%% and Profit percentage = %d%%",
        profit, profitPercentage);

    return 0;
}
```

## 19. WAP. to calculate the remainder of 2 numbers without using % operator.

#### Test Data:

Enter 2 number: 10 5

#### Expected Output:

Remainder = 0

#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int divisor, dividend, remainder, quotient;

    printf("Enter 2 dividend and divisor: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &dividend, &divisor);

    remainder = dividend - divisor * (dividend / divisor);

    printf("\nRemainder = %d", remainder);
}
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

**20. WAP. that accepts two item's weight (floating points' values ) and number of purchase (floating points' values) and calculate the average value of the items.**

Test Data :

```
Weight - Item1: 15
No. of item1: 5
Weight - Item2: 25
No. of item2: 4
```

Expected Output:

```
Average Value = 19.444444
```

Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    float weight1, weight2, itemNum1, itemNum2, average;

    printf("Weight - Item1: ");
    scanf("%f", &weight1);

    printf("No. of Item1: ");
    scanf("%f", &itemNum1);

    printf("Weight - Item2: ");
    scanf("%f", &weight2);

    printf("No. of Item1: ");
    scanf("%f", &itemNum2);

    average = (weight1 * itemNum1 + weight2 * itemNum2) / (itemNum1 + itemNum2);

    printf("Average value of the item = %f", average);

    return 0;
}
```

**21. WAP. to show swap of two numbers.**

- i) using three variable
- ii) without using third variable.

iii) swap within a single line.

Test Data :

Input two number a and b: 5 10

Expected Output:

a = 10 and b = 5

Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int a, b, temp;

    printf("Enter two number a and b:");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);

    // swap two number using third variable.
    // temp = a;
    // a = b;
    // b = temp;

    // Swap two number without using third variable.
    // a = a + b;
    // b = a - b;
    // a = a - b;

    // Swap two number within single line.
    b = a + b - (a = b);

    printf("a = %d and b = %d", a, b);

    return 0;
}
```

## 22. WAP. to SWAP three numbers (any format).

i) using four variable

ii) without using four variable.

iii) swap within a single line.

Test Data:

Enter 3 number : 5 10 15

Expected Output:

```
changed number = 15 5 10
```

Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int a, b, c, temp;

    printf("Enter 3 number a, b and c: ");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c);

    // using four variable
    // temp = a;
    // a = b;
    // b = c;
    // c = temp;

    // Without using four variable.
    // a = a + b + c;
    // b = a - b - c;
    // c = a - b - c;
    // a = a - b - c;

    // Swap numbers within a single line.
    a = (temp = a + b + c) - (b = temp - b - c) -
        (c = temp - b - c);

    printf("Changed number = %d %d %d", a, b , c);

    return 0;
}
```

**23. WAP. to merge three number. E.g. a= 1, b= 2, c = 8 is 128.**

Test Data:

```
Enter 3 number: 1 2 3
```

Expected Output:

```
merge number = 123
```

Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int a, b, c, merge;
```

```

printf("Enter 3 number:\n");
scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c);

merge = a * 10;
merge = merge + b;
merge = merge * 10;
merge = merge + c;

printf("merge number = %d", merge);

return 0;
}

```

**24 .WAP. to Print the range of a number. E.g. number 78 is between 70 and 79, 102 is between 100 and 109.**

Test Data:

```

Enter a number : 78

Enter a number : 102

```

Expected Output:

```

78 number is between 70 and 79

102 number is between 100 and 109

```

Source Code

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num, x, y;

    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    x = num / 10 * 10;
    y = x + 9;

    printf("%d number is between %d and %d", num, x, y);

    return 0;
}

```

**25. WAP. to input a 3 digit number and reverse it.**

Test Data:



```
number = 123
```



Expected Output:

```
reverse number = 321
```



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num, rev, rem;

    printf("Enter a 3 digit number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    rem = num % 10;
    num = num / 10;
    rev = rev * 10 + rem;
    rem = num % 10;
    num = num / 10;
    rev = rev * 10 + rem;
    rem = num % 10;
    num = num / 10;
    rev = rev * 10 + rem;

    printf("Reverse number = %d\n", rev);

    return 0;
}
```



## 26. WAP. to calculate sum of the digits of three digit number.

Test Data

```
Enter a 3 digit number: 123
```



Expected Output

```
Sum = 6
```



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num, sum = 0;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
```



```
sum = sum + num % 10;
num = num / 10;
sum = sum + num % 10;
sum = sum + num / 10;

printf("Sum = %d", sum);

return 0;
}
```

## 27. WAP. to input a 5 digit number and calculate the sum of last and first digit number.

Test Data:

number : 12345



Expected Output:

sum = 6



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num, sum;

    printf("Enter a 5 digit number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    sum = (num % 10) + (num / 10000);

    printf("Sum = %d", sum);

    return 0;
}
```



## 28. WAP. to convert specified days into years, weeks and days.

*Note: Ignore leap year.*

Test Data

Enter number of days: 415



Expected Output

Years = 1 Weeks = 7 Days = 1



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int days, years, weeks;

    printf("Enter number of days: ");
    scanf("%d", &days);

    years = days / 365;
    weeks = (days % 365) / 7;
    days = (days % 365) % 7;

    printf("Years = %d Weeks = %d Days = %d", years, weeks, days);

    return 0;
}
```



## 29. WAP. to convert a given integer (in seconds) to hours, minutes and seconds.

Test Data :

Input seconds: 25300



Expected Output:

There are:  
H:M:S - 7:1:40



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int seconds, minutes, hours;

    printf("Enter seconds: ");
    scanf("%d", &seconds);

    hours = seconds / 3600;
    seconds = seconds % 3600;
    minutes = seconds / 60;
    seconds = seconds % 60;

    printf("\nThere are:\nH:M:S - %d:%d:%d", hours, minutes, seconds);

    return 0;
}
```



### 30. WAP. to convert a given integer (in millimeters) to kilometers, meters and centimeters.

```
1 centimeter = 10 millimeters.  
1 meter = 100 centimeters.  
1 meter = 1,000 millimeters.  
1 kilometer = 1,000 meters.
```



Test Data :

Input millimeters: 2535220



Expected Output:

```
2.53 kilometers  
2535.22 Meters  
253522.0 Centimeters
```



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    float millimeters, kilometers, meters, centimeters;  
  
    printf("Enter millimeters:");  
    scanf("%f", &millimeters);  
  
    centimeters = millimeters / 10;  
    meters = centimeters / 100;  
    kilometers = meters / 1000;  
  
    printf("Kilometers = %f Meters = %f Centimeters = %f",  
        kilometers, meters, centimeters);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```



### 31. WAP. to read an amount (integer value) and break the amount into smallest possible number of bank notes.

Test Data :

Input the amount: 375



Expected Output:

There are:

3 Note(s) of 100.00  
1 Note(s) of 50.00  
1 Note(s) of 20.00  
0 Note(s) of 10.00  
1 Note(s) of 5.00  
0 Note(s) of 2.00  
0 Note(s) of 1.00



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int amount, hundred, fifty, twenty, ten, five, two, one;

    printf("Enter amount: ");
    scanf("%d", &amount);

    hundred = amount / 100;
    fifty = (amount % 100) / 50;
    twenty = ((amount % 100) % 50) / 20;
    amount = ((amount % 100) % 50) % 20;
    ten = amount / 10;
    amount = amount % 10;
    five = amount / 5;
    amount = amount % 5;
    two = amount / 2;
    amount = amount % 2;
    one = amount;

    printf("\n%d Note(s) of 100.00", hundred);
    printf("\n%d Note(s) of 50.00", fifty);
    printf("\n%d Note(s) of 20.00", twenty);
    printf("\n%d Note(s) of 10.00", ten);
    printf("\n%d Note(s) of 5.00", five);
    printf("\n%d Note(s) of 2.00", two);
    printf("\n%d Note(s) of 1.00", one);

    return 0;
}
```



## 32. Write a C program to calculate the distance between the two points

Formula

$$\sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$$

Test Data :

Input x1: 25  
Input y1: 15



Input x2: 35  
Input y2: 10

Expected Output:

Distance between the said points: 11.1803



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main(){
    float x1, x2, y1, y2, distance;

    printf("Enter x1, y1, x2 and y2 respectively:");
    scanf("%f %f %f %f", &x1, &y1, &x2, &y2);

    distance = sqrt(pow((x1 - x2), 2) + pow((y1 - y2), 2));

    printf("The distance between the two points = Square root(%f)", distance);

    return 0;
}
```



### 33. WAP. to Print the Ascii Value of the Character.

Test Data

Enter The Character: c



Expected Output

Value = 99



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    char a;

    printf("Enter The Character: ");
    scanf("%c", &a);

    printf("Value = %d", a);

    return 0;
}
```



### 34. WAP. to accept 3 characters and print the sum of their [ascii](#).

#### Test Data

Enter 3 character: a b c



#### Expected Output

Sum of the 3 character = 294



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    char a, b, c;
    int sum;

    printf("Enter 3 character: ");
    scanf("%c %c %c", &a, &b, &c);

    sum = (int)a + (int)b + (int)c;

    printf("Sum of the 3 character = %d", sum);

    return 0;
}
```



### 35. WAP. to Display The Size of Different Data Types

Data Type	Size (bytes)	Range	Format Specifier
int	2	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	%d
long int	4	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	%ld
float	4	1.2E-38 to 3.4E+38	%f
double	8	1.7E-308 to 1.7E+308	%lf
long double	12	3.4E-4932 to 1.1E+4932	%Lf
char	1	-128 to 127	%c

#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
```



```
printf("Size of Int Data Types in C = %2d bytes \n", sizeof(short int));

printf("Size of Long Int Data Types in C = %2d bytes \n", sizeof(long int));

printf("Size of Float Data Types in C = %2d bytes \n", sizeof(float));

printf("Size of Double Data Types in C = %2d bytes \n", sizeof(double));

printf("Size of Long Double Data Types in C = %2d bytes \n", sizeof(long double));

printf("Size of Char Data Types in C = %2d bytes \n", sizeof(char));

return 0;
}
```

## If/Else Statement

---

### 1. WAP. to print greatest among the two numbers.

#### Test Data

Enter 2 Numbers: 15 20



#### Expected Output

Greater number = 20



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num1, num2, great;

    printf("Enter 2 numbers: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);

    if(num1 > num2)
        great = num1;
    else
        great = num2;

    printf("\nGreater number = %d", great);
    return 0;
}
```





## 2. WAP. to check the given number is positive or negative.

### Test Data

Enter a number: 15



### Expected Output

Number is 'Positive'.



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num;

    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    if(num < 0)
        printf("number is 'Negative'.");
    else
        printf("number is 'Positive'.");
    return 0;
}
```



## 3. WAP. to check the given number is even or odd.

### Test Data

Enter a number: 12



### Expected Output

number is 'Even'.



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num;

    printf("\nEnter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    if(num % 2 == 0)
        printf("\nnumber is 'Even'.");
    else
```



```
        printf("\nnumber is 'Odd'.");  
        return 0;  
    }
```

#### 4. WAP. to check the person is eligible for vote or not.

##### Test Data

Enter your age: 17



##### Expected Output

Your are not eligible for vote.



##### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    int age;  
  
    printf("\nEnter your age:");  
    scanf("%d", &age);  
  
    if(age < 18)  
        printf("\nYour are not eligible for vote.");  
    else  
        printf("\nYour are eligible for vote.");  
    return 0;  
}
```



#### 5. WAP. to input a character and check whether it is vowel or consonant.

##### Test Data

Enter a character: a



##### Expected Output

Character is 'Vowel'.



##### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    char ch;
```



```
printf("Enter a character:");
scanf("%c", &ch);

if(ch == 'a' || ch == 'e' || ch == 'i' || ch == 'o' || ch == 'u'
|| ch == 'A' || ch == 'E' || ch == 'I' || ch == 'O' || ch == 'U')
    printf("Character is 'Vowel'.");
else
    printf("Character is 'Consonant'.");

return 0;
}
```

## 6. WAP. to check the given year is leap year or not.

### Test Data

Enter a year: 2023



### Expected Output

Not a leap year



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int year;

    printf("Enter a year:");
    scanf("%d", &year);

    if(year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0 || year % 400 == 0)
        printf("\nYear is Leap Year.");
    else
        printf("\nYear is Not a Leap Year.");

    return 0;
}
```



## 7. WAP. to check the given number is buzz number or not.

### Buzz number

Buzz numbers are those numbers that are *divisible by 7* or *end with 7*.

### Test Data

Enter a number: 47



Expected Output

47 is a Buzz Number.



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num;

    printf("\nEnter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    if(num % 7 == 0 || num % 10 == 7)
        printf("%d is a Buzz number.", num);
    else
        printf("%d is not a Buzz number.", num);

    return 0;
}
```



## 8. WAP. to input cost and sales price and calculate percentage of profit or loss.

Test Data

Enter Cost price and Sales price : 20 45



Expected Output

Total Profit = 25 and Percentage of Profit =



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int costPrice, sellingPrice, profit, perProfit, loss, perLoss;

    printf("Enter Cost price and Sales price: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &costPrice, &sellingPrice);

    if(costPrice > sellingPrice){
        loss = costPrice - sellingPrice;
        perLoss = loss * 100 / costPrice;
        printf("\nTotal Loss = %d₹ and Percentage of Loss = %d%%",
            loss, perLoss);
    } else{
```



```

    profit = sellingPrice - costPrice;
    perProfit = profit * 100 / costPrice;
    printf("\nTotal Profit = %d₹ and Percentage of Profit = %d%%",
    profit, perProfit);
}

return 0;
}

```

## 9. WAP. to input two number and check they are proper division or not.

### Test Data

Enter 2 numbers: 45 90  
Enter 2 numbers: 45 5



### Expected Output

They are not a proper division.  
They are a proper division.



### Source Code

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num1, num2;

    printf("\nEnter 2 number:");
    scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);

    if(num1 % num2 == 0)
        printf("\nThey are a proper division.");
    else
        printf("\nThey are not a proper division.");
    return 0;
}

```



## 10. WAP. to input age and marks. If age $\geq 18$ and marks $\geq 80$ then the student is eligible for admission otherwise not.

### Test Data

Enter age and marks: 18 85



### Expected Output

You are eligible for Admission.



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int age, marks;

    printf("\nEnter your age and marks:");
    scanf("%d %d", &age, &marks);

    if(age >= 18 && marks >= 80)
        printf("\nYou are eligible for admission.");
    else
        printf("\nYou are not eligible for admission.");
    return 0;
}
```



## 11. WAP. to check the given number is perfect square or not.

#### Test Data

Enter a number: 25



#### Expected Output

25 is a Perfect Square.



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main(){
    int num, sqr;

    printf("\nEnter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    sqr = sqrt(num);

    if(sqr * sqr == num)
        printf("%d is a Perfect Square.", num);
    else
        printf("%d is not a Perfect Square.", num);

    return 0;
}
```



## 12. WAP. to check the given number is 3 digit number or not.

### Test Data

Enter a number: 22



### Expected Output

22 is not a 3 digit number



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num;

    printf("\nEnter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    if(num > 99 && num < 1000)
        printf("\n%d is a 3 digit number.", num);
    else
        printf("\n%d is not a 3 digit number.", num);

    return 0;
}
```



## 13. WAP. to calculate greatest among the 3 numbers.

### Test Data

Enter 3 numbers: 15 20 25



### Expected Output

Greater number is 25



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num1, num2, num3, great;

    printf("\nEnter 3 numbers:");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &num1, &num2, &num3);
```



```
if(num1 > num2 && num1 > num3)
    great = num1;
else if(num1 < num2 && num2 > num3)
    great = num2;
else
    great = num3;

printf("Greater number = %d", great);
return 0;
}
```

#### 14. WAP. to calculate the grade of a student after the input of marks of that student.

##### Grade

Percentage  $\geq 90$  grade is 'A'

Percentage  $\geq 70$  grade is 'B'

Percentage  $\geq 50$  grade is 'C'

Percentage  $\geq 35$  grade is 'D'

Percentage  $< 35$  grade is 'F'

##### Test Data

Enter marks: 80



##### Expected Output

Grade is 'B'.



##### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int marks;

    printf("\nEnter marks:");
    scanf("%d", &marks);

    if(marks >= 90)
        printf("\nGrade is 'A'.");
    else if(marks >= 70)
        printf("\nGrade is 'B'.");
    else if(marks >= 50)
        printf("\nGrade is 'C'.");
    else if(marks >= 35)
        printf("\nGrade is 'D'.");
}
```





```
else
    printf("\nGread is 'F'.");
return 0;
}
```

## 15. WAP. to Calculate Telephone Bill:-

calls	Rate/call
First 50 calls	free
next 100 calls	₹3/call
next 200 calls	₹5/call
next 350 calls	₹7/call

### Test Data

Enter numbers of call: 155



### Expected Output

Total Telephone Bill = 325



### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int calls, totalBill;

    printf("\nEnter numbers of call:");
    scanf("%d", &calls);

    if(calls <= 50)
        totalBill = 0;
    else if(calls > 50 && calls < 150)
        totalBill = (calls - 50) * 3;
    else if(calls > 150 && calls < 350)
        totalBill = 300 + (calls - 150) * 5;
    else
        totalBill = 1300 + (calls - 350) * 7;

    printf("\nTotal Telephone Bill = %d", totalBill);

    return 0;
}
```



16. WAP. to input 3 sides of a triangle and check whether it is possible or not. If possible then check whether the triangle is an equilateral, isosceles or scalene triangle.

#### Triangle

- **Equilateral Triangle:** A triangle is considered to be an equilateral triangle *when all three sides have the same length.*
- **Isosceles triangle:** *When two sides of a triangle are equal or congruent,* then it is called an isosceles triangle.
- **Scalene triangle:** *When none of the sides of a triangle are equal,* it is called a scalene triangle.

#### Test Data

Enter 3 sides of a triangle: 2 2 1



#### Expected Output

Isosceles Triangle.



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int s1, s2, s3;

    printf("Enter 3 sides of a triangle:");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &s1, &s2, &s3);

    if(s1 + s2 > s3 || s1 + s3 > s2 || s2 + s3 > s1){
        if(s1 == s2 && s2 == s3)
            printf("\nEquilateral Triangle.");
        else if(s1 != s2 && s2 != s3)
            printf("\nScalene Triangle.");
        else
            printf("\nIsosceles Triangle.");
    } else
        printf("\nNot a Valid Triangle.");
    return 0;
}
```



17. WAP. to compute income tax paid by an employee:

Annual Salary	Rate of Income Tax
up to ₹100000	NO TAX
₹100001 to 150000	10% of amount exceeding ₹100000
RS.150001 to ₹250000	₹5000 + 20% of the amount exceeding ₹150000

Annual Salary	Rate of Income Tax
Above ₹250000	₹25000 + 30% of the amount exceeding ₹250000

#### Test Data

Enter your salary: 275000



#### Expected Output

Total tax paid by him = 32500.000000



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    float salary, taxableAmount;

    printf("\nEnter your salary:");
    scanf("%f", &salary);

    if(salary < 100000)
        taxableAmount = 0;
    else if(salary > 100000 && salary <= 150000)
        taxableAmount = (salary - 100000) * 10 / 100;
    else if(salary > 150000 && salary <= 250000)
        taxableAmount = 5000 + (salary - 150000) * 20 / 100;
    else
        taxableAmount = 25000 + (salary - 250000) * 30 / 100;

    printf("\nTotal Tax paid by him = %f", taxableAmount);
    return 0;
}
```



## 18. WAP. to accept three numbers from user and print them in ascending and descending order in c.

#### Test Data

Enter 3 numbers: 3 4 1



#### Expected Output

Ascending order = 1 3 4  
Descending order = 4 3 1



#### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int num1, num2, num3;

    printf("\nEnter 3 numbers: ");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &num1, &num2, &num3);

    if(num1 > num2 && num1 > num3){
        if(num2 > num3){
            printf("\nAscending order: %d %d %d",
                num1, num2, num3);
            printf("\nDescending order: %d %d %d",
                num3, num2, num1);
        } else{
            printf("\nAscending order: %d %d %d",
                num1, num3, num2);
            printf("\nDescending order: %d %d %d",
                num2, num3, num1);
        }
    } else if(num2 > num1 && num2 > num3){
        if(num1 > num3){
            printf("\nAscending order = %d %d %d",
                num2, num1, num3);
            printf("\nDescending order = %d %d %d",
                num3, num1, num2);
        } else {
            printf("\nAscending order = %d %d %d",
                num2, num3, num1);
            printf("\nDescending order = %d %d %d",
                num1, num3, num2);
        }
    } else{
        if(num1 > num2){
            printf("\nAscending order = %d %d %d",
                num3, num1, num2);
            printf("\nDescending order = %d %d %d",
                num2, num1, num3);
        } else{
            printf("\nAscending order = %d %d %d",
                num3, num2, num1);
            printf("\nDescending order = %d %d %d",
                num1, num2, num3);
        }
    }

    return 0;
}
```



## 19. WAP. to check the given date is correct or not.

Test Data

Enter Date month and year e.g.(dd mm yyyy): 29 2 2023



## Expected Output

29-2-2023 is not a valid date.



## Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int date, month, year, valid = 0;

    printf("\nEnter Date month and year (dd mm yyyy):");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &date, &month, &year);

    if(year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0 || year % 400 == 0){
        if(month == 2 && (date <= 29 && date >= 1)){
            valid = 1;
        } else {
            valid = 0;
        }
    } else {
        if(month == 2 && (date <= 28 && date >= 1)){
            valid = 1;
        } else {
            valid = 0;
        }
    }

    if(valid == 1 ||
        ((month == 1 || month == 3 || month == 5 || month == 7 || month == 8 ||
          month == 10 || month == 12) && (date <= 31 && date >= 1)) ||
        ((month == 4 || month == 6 || month == 9 || month == 11) && (date <= 30 && date >= 1))
        printf("\n%d-%d-%d is a Valid Date.",
            date, month, year);
    else
        printf("\n%d-%d-%d is not a Valid Date.",
            date, month, year);

    return 0;
}
```



## 20. WAP. to input week number and print weekday.

### Test Data

Enter Week number: 4



## Expected Output

Thursday



## Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int weekNO;

    printf("\nEnter Week number:");
    scanf("%d", &weekNO);

    if(weekNO == 1)
        printf("\nMonday");
    else if(weekNO == 2)
        printf("\nTuesday");
    else if(weekNO == 3)
        printf("\nWednesday");
    else if(weekNO == 4)
        printf("\nThursday");
    else if(weekNO == 5)
        printf("\nFriday");
    else if(weekNO == 6)
        printf("\nSaturday");
    else if(weekNO == 7)
        printf("\nSunday");
    else
        printf("\nEnter a valid week number.");

    return 0;
}
```

## 21. WAP. to input month number and print number of days in that month.

### Test Data

Enter month number: 4

### Expected Output

30 Days

### Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int monthNum, flag;

    printf("\nEnter month number:");
    scanf("%d", &monthNum);

    if(monthNum == 1 || monthNum == 3 || monthNum == 5 || monthNum == 7 ||
        monthNum == 8 || monthNum == 10 || monthNum == 12)
        flag = 1;
```

```

else if (monthNum == 2)
    flag = 3;
else if(monthNum == 4 || monthNum == 6
        || monthNum == 9 || monthNum == 11)
    flag = 2;
else
    flag = 0;

if(flag == 1)
    printf("\n31 Days");
else if(flag == 2)
    printf("\n30 Days");
else if(flag == 3)
    printf("\n28 or 29 Days");
else
    printf("\nNot a Valid month.");

return 0;
}

```

**22. WAP. to check whether a triangle is valid or not, when the three angles of the triangle are entered through the keyboard.**

Condition

A triangle is valid if the sum of all the three angles is *equal to 180 degrees*.

Test Data

Enter 3 angles of a triangle: 90 45 45



Expected Output

Valid Triangle



Source Code

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int a1, a2, a3;

    printf("\nEnter 3 angles of a triangle:");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &a1, &a2, &a3);

    if(a1 + a2 + a3 == 180)
        printf("\nValid Triangle");
    else
        printf("\nnot a Valid Triangle");
}

```



```
return 0;  
}
```

# Hi 🙋, I'm Rajiv Kumar

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