Experiment 5

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Semester: 5th Date of performance: 02/11/2022

Subject: Web and Mobile Security Lab **Subject Code:** 20CSP 338

Aim/Overview of the Practical:

Message digest using SHA / MD5 Algorithm.

Task to be done / Which logistics used:

Write a program to generate message digest for the given message using the SDA / MD5 algorithm and verify the integrity of the message.

Software / Hardware Requirements:

Windows 7 and above version.

Tools to be used:

- 1. Eclipse IDE
- 2. JDK (Java Developer Kit)
- 3. IntelliJ IDE

Introduction:

Message Digest is used to ensure the integrity of a message transmitted over an insecure channel where the contents of the message can be changed. The message is passed through a cryptographic hash function. This function created a compressed image of the message called digest.

Steps for experiment/practical/Code:

1. Initialize the algorithm in static method called getInstance().

- 2. After selecting the algorithm it calculate the digest value and return the results in byte array.
- 3. BigInteger class is used which converts the resultant byte array into its sign-magnitude representation.
- 4. This representation is then converted into a hexadecimal format to get the expected MessageDigest.

Code:

1. MD5 algorithm:

```
import java.math.BigInteger;
import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
public class MD5
   public static String getMd5(String input)
    try {
        //Static getInstance method is called with hashing MD5
       MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5");
        //digest() method is called to calculate message digest
        //of an input digest() return array of byte
        byte[] messageDigest = md.digest(input.getBytes());
       //Convert byte array into sugnum representation
        BigInteger no = new BigInteger(1, messageDigest);
       //Convert message digest into hex value
        String hashtext = no.toString(16);
       while (hashtext.length() < 32)</pre>
            hashtext = "0" + hashtext;
        return hashtext;
    //For specifying wrong message digest algorithms
    catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e)
        throw new RuntimeException(e);
    }
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) throws NoSuchAlgorithmException
{
    String s = "Hello world";
    System.out.println("Your hashcode generated by MD5 is:" + getMd5(s));
}
```

SHA Algorithm:

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```
import java.math.BigInteger;
import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
public class SHA {
public static String encryptThisString(String input)
try {
// getInstance() method is called with algorithm SHA-1
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA-1");
// digest() method is called
// to calculate message digest of the input string
// returned as array of byte
byte[] messageDigest = md.digest(input.getBytes());
// Convert byte array into signum representation
BigInteger no = new BigInteger(1, messageDigest);
// Convert message digest into hex value
String hashtext = no.toString(16);
// Add preceding 0s to make it 32 bit
while (hashtext.length() < 32) {
    hashtext = "0" + hashtext;
// return the HashText
return hashtext;
// For specifying wrong message digest algorithms
catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
throw new RuntimeException(e);
// Driver code
public static void main(String args[]) throws
```

```
NoSuchAlgorithmException
{
System.out.println("HashCode Generated by SHA-1 for: ");
String s1 = "WMS";
System.out.println("\n" + s1 + " : " + encryptThisString(s1));
String s2 = "hello world";
System.out.println("\n" + s2 + " : " + encryptThisString(s2));
}
}
```

Result/Output/Writing Summary: MD5 Algorithm

```
($?) { javac MD5.java } ; if ($?) { java MD5 }
Your hashcode generated by MD5 is:3e25960a79dbc69b674cd4ec67a72c62
```

SHA Algorithm

```
HashCode Generated by SHA-1 for:

WMS: 89aa6e8c5aeb49f2fb93a4ecb7562794a2975aca
```

Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

- a. Output is known as hash values, hash codes, message digest.
- b. The length of output hashes is generally less than its corresponding input message length.