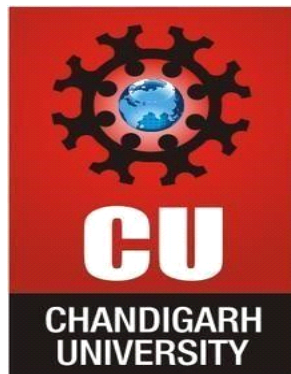


CHANDIGARH UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND
ENGINEERING



Submitted By: Rajiv Paul		Submitted To: Urvashi Malhotra	
Subject Name		Competitive Coding-I	
Subject Code		20CSP-314	
Branch		BE-CSE	
Semester		5 th	

LAB INDEX

Sr. No	Program	Date	Evaluatio				Sign
			L W (12	V V (8)	F W (10	Tot al (30	
1.							
2.							
3.							
4.							
5.	To solve the following hacker rank problems based on Graphs.	06/10/22					
6.							
7.							
8.							
9.							
10.							

EXPERIMENT – 2.1

Student Name:Rajiv Paul

UID:20BCS1812

Branch: CSE

Section/Group: 20BCS_WM_702(A)

Semester: 5th

Date of Performance:06/10/2022

Subject Name: Competitive Coding

Subject Code: 20CSP-314

AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT:

To solve the following hacker rank problems based on Graphs.

Problem 1: <https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/journey-to-the-moon/problem?isFullScreen=true>

1. PROGRAM CODE:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class Solution {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = in.nextInt();

        Graph graph = new Graph(N);

        int P = in.nextInt();
```

```

for(int i = 0; i < P; i++){
    int source = in.nextInt();
    int destination = in.nextInt();

    graph.addEdge(source,destination);
}

```

```

boolean[] visited = new boolean[N];
List<Integer> countries = new ArrayList<Integer>();
long combinations = 0;

// store size of each country by traversing each cluster
for(int i = 0; i < N; i++){
    if(!visited[i]){
        countries.add(graph.dfs(i, visited));
    }
}

```

```

int sum = 0;
for(int country : countries){
    combinations += sum*country;
    sum += country;
}

```

```

System.out.println(combinations);
}

```

```
}
```

```
class Graph{
```

```
    List<Integer>[] vertices;
```

```
    public Graph(int count){
```

```
        vertices = new ArrayList[count];
```

```
        for(int i = 0; i < count; i++){
```

```
            vertices[i] = new ArrayList<Integer>();
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void addEdge(int source, int destination){
```

```
        vertices[source].add(destination);
```

```
        vertices[destination].add(source);
```

```
    }
```

```
    // modified DFS to return number of vertices traversed
```

```
    public int dfs(int source, boolean[] visited){
```

```
        visited[source] = true;
```

```
        int count = 1;
```

```
        for(Integer vertex: vertices[source]){
```

```
            if(!visited[vertex]){
```

```
                count += dfs(vertex, visited);
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
        return count;
    }
}
```

2. OUTPUT:

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends? [f](#) [t](#) [in](#)

[Next Challenge](#)

✓ Test case 0

✓ Test case 1

✓ Test case 2

✓ Test case 3

✓ Test case 4

✓ Test case 5

✓ Test case 6

Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin)

Download

1	5 3
2	0 1
3	2 3
4	0 4

Expected Output

Download

1	6
---	---

Problem 2: <https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/frog-in-maze/problem?isFullScreen=true>

1. PROGRAM CODE:

```
import java.util.*;

public class Solution002 {

    static final int EXIT = Integer.MAX_VALUE;

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        java.util.Scanner sc = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);

        int n = sc.nextInt(), m = sc.nextInt(), k = sc.nextInt();

        sc.nextLine();

        int[][] nextAry2 = new int[n + 2][m + 2];

        int[][] ids = new int[n + 2][m + 2];

        int ax = -1, ay = -1, id = 0;

        for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {

            char[] typeLine = sc.nextLine().toCharArray();

            for (int j = 1; j <= m; ++j) {

                switch (typeLine[j - 1]) {

                    case '*':

                        nextAry2[i][j] = 1;

                        break;

                    case '#':

                        nextAry2[i][j] = 0;
```

```

        break;
    case '%':
        nextAry2[i][j] = EXIT;
        break;
    case 'A':
        ax = i;
        ay = j;
    default:
        nextAry2[i][j] = (i << 16) | j;
    }
}

for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i) {
    int x0 = sc.nextInt(), y0 = sc.nextInt(), x1 = sc.nextInt(), y1 =
sc.nextInt();
    nextAry2[x0][y0] = (x1 << 16) | y1;
    nextAry2[x1][y1] = (x0 << 16) | y0;
}

for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    for (int j = 1; j <= m; ++j)
        ids[i][j] = nextAry2[i][j] > 1 ? id++ : -1;

double[][] T = new double[id][id];
for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
    int[] nextAry2i = nextAry2[i];
    int[] idi = ids[i];
    for (int j = 1; j <= m; ++j) {
        int cid = idi[j];

```



```

        if (idi[j] < 0) continue;
        int v = nextAry2i[j];
        if (v != EXIT) {
            int a=v>>16,b=v&0xffff;
            if(a!=i || b!=j) {
                a = i;
                b = j;
            }
            int w0 = nextAry2[a][b - 1], w1 = nextAry2[a - 1][b], w2
= nextAry2[a][b + 1],w3 = nextAry2[a + 1][b];
            int c = (w0 > 0 ? 1 : 0) + (w1 > 0 ? 1 : 0) + (w2 > 0 ? 1 : 0)
+ (w3 > 0 ? 1 : 0);
            if (c == 0) continue;
            double c1 = 1.0 / c;
            if(w0==EXIT) T[cid][ids[a][b-1]] = c1; else if(w0 > 1)
T[cid][ids[w0 >> 16][w0 & 0xffff]] = c1;
            if(w1==EXIT) T[cid][ids[a-1][b]] = c1; else if (w1 > 1)
T[cid][ids[w1 >> 16][w1 & 0xffff]] = c1;
            if(w2==EXIT) T[cid][ids[a][b+1]] = c1; else if (w2 > 1)
T[cid][ids[w2 >> 16][w2 & 0xffff]] = c1;
            if(w3==EXIT) T[cid][ids[a+1][b]] = c1; else if (w3 > 1)
T[cid][ids[w3 >> 16][w3 & 0xffff]] = c1;
            continue;
        }
        T[cid][cid] = 1.0;
    }
}

double[][] TP = pow(T, id, 0x10000L);
int ida = ids[ax][ay];

```

```

double rs = 0;
for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    for (int j = 1; j <= m; ++j)
        if (nextAry2[i][j] == EXIT) rs += TP[ida][ids[i][j]];

System.out.println(rs);
}

public static void print(double[][] x) {
    System.out.println("[");
    for(int i=0;i<x.length;++i) {
        if(i!=0) {
            System.out.print(",");
        }
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(x[i]));
    }
    System.out.println("]");

    for (int i = 0; i < x.length; ++i) {
        if (i > 0) {
            System.out.println("\n");
        }
        for (int j = 0; j < x[i].length; ++j) {
            if (j > 0) {
                System.out.print(' ');
            }
            System.out.print(String.format("%.20f", x[i][j]));
        }
    }
}

```

```

        System.out.println();
        System.out.println("-----");
        System.out.println();
    }

    static void print(Object...args) {
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(args));
    }

    static void mul(double[][] A, double[][] B, double[][] R, int n) {
        for (int i = 0, k=0; i < n; i++) {
            double[] Ri = R[i], Ai = A[i];
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
                for (k = 0, Ri[j]=0; k < n; k++) Ri[j] += Ai[k] * B[k][j];
        }
    }

    static double[][] pow(double[][] A, int n, long p) {
        double[][] C = new double[n][n], R = new double[n][n], t = null;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) R[i][i] = 1;
        while (p != 0) {
            if (p % 2 == 1) {
                mul(A, R, C, n);
                t = C;
                C = R;
                R = t;
            }
            mul(A, A, C, n);
        }
    }

```

```

        t = C;

        C = A;

        A = t;

        p >>= 1;

    }

    return R;

}

}

```

2. OUTPUT:

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends? [f](#) [t](#) [in](#)

[Next Challenge](#)

✓ Test case 0

✓ Test case 1

✓ Test case 2

✓ Test case 3

✓ Test case 4

✓ Test case 5

✓ Test case 6

Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin) [Download](#)

1	3 6 1
2	###*00
3	0#0A%0
4	###*00
5	2 3 2 1

Expected Output [Download](#)

1	0.25
---	------