



Experiment 1.2

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Subject Name: Java Program Lab Subject Code: 20CSP-219

Q1. Write a program in C/C++ that asks from user to enter any 10 array elements, and then ask to enter a number to search from the given array.

Aim/Overview of the practical:

To write a program to perform a searching operation.

2) Software required:

Vs Code







3) Source Code:

```
int main(void)

int arr[10];

cout << "Enter the 10 elements of array: " << endl;
for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
{
    cout << "Enter the element of Index " << i << " : ";
    cin >> arr[i];
}
int x = -1;
cout << "Enter the number you want to search for: " << endl;
cin >> x;
int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
int result = binarySearch(arr, 0, n - 1, x);
cout << "\nElement is present at index " << result << " and the value is "
    | << x << endl;
return 0;</pre>
```

Caption







4. Output:

```
Enter the 10 elements of array:
Enter the element of Index 0 : 1
Enter the element of Index 1 : 2
Enter the element of Index 2 : 3
Enter the element of Index 3 : 4
Enter the element of Index 4 : 5
Enter the element of Index 5 : 6
Enter the element of Index 6 : 7
Enter the element of Index 7 : 8
Enter the element of Index 8 : 9
Enter the element of Index 9 : 0
Enter the number you want to search for:
3
Element is present at index 2 and the value is 3
```





Q2. Write a program to insert and delete values from a binary search.

Aim/Overview of the practical:

To write a program to perform a insertion and deletion operation.

2) Software required:

Vs Code

3) Source Code:

Insertion:

```
#include <lostream>
using namespace std;

// Insertion
int main()
{
   int size;
   cout << "Enter the size of array: ";
   cin >> size;
   int arr[size];
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      cout << "Index of the array " << i << " : ";
      cin >> arr[i];
    }
   int n;
   cout << "Enter the value you want to insert" << endl;
   cin >> n;
   int i;
   for(i=size-1; (i >= 0 && arr[i] > n); i--) {
      (arr[i+1] = arr[i];
   }
   arr[i+1]=n;
   size = size+1;
   cout << "Array after insertion" << endl;
   for(int i=0; i<size; i++) {
      cout << arr[i] << " ";
   }
   cout<<endl;
   return 0;
}

cout <<endl;
   return 0;
}
```







Deletion:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
  int size;
  cout << "Enter the size of array: ";
  cin >> size;
  int arr[size];
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
  {
    cout << "Index of the array " << i << " : ";
    cin >> arr[1];
  }

int n;
  cout << "Enter the value you want to delete" << endl;
  cin >> n;
  int i, loc;
  for(i=0; i<size; i++)
  {
    if(arr[i] == n)
    loc = i;
  }
    size = size-1;
    for(i=loc; i<size; i++)
  {
    arr[i] = arr[i+1];
  }
    cout << "Array after deletion" << endl;
    for(int i=0; i<size; i++) {
      cout << arr[i] << "";
    }
    cout << arr[i] << "";
  }
    cout<<endl;
  return 0;
  }
}</pre>
```

4. Output:

Insertion:

```
Enter the size of <u>array</u>: 2
Index of the array 0 : 1
Index of the array 1 : 2
Enter the value you want to insert
09
Array after insertion
1 2 9
```







Deletion:

```
Enter the size of array: 3
Index of the array 0 : 1
Index of the array 1 : 2
Index of the array 2 : 9
Enter the value you want to delete
2
Array after deletion
1 9
```

Q2. Write a program to count the number of nodes in a binary search.

Aim/Overview of the practical:

To write a program to count the number of node in a binary search.

2) Software required:

Vs Code







3) Source Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int n=1;

struct node
{
   int data;
   node* left;
   node* right;
};

struct node* getNode(int data)
{
   node* newNode=new node();
   newNode->data=data;
   newNode->left=NULL;
   newNode->right=NULL;
   return newNode;
}

struct node* Insert(struct node* root, int data)
{
   if (root == NULL)
      return getNode(data);
   if (data < root->data)
      root->left = Insert(root->left, data);
   else if (data > root->data)
      root->left = Insert(root->left, data);
   else if (data > root->data)
```

```
return root;
}

int CountNodes(node*root)
{
    if(root==NULL)
        return 0;
    if(root->left!=NULL)
    {
        n=n+1;
        n=CountNodes(root->left);
    }
    if(root->right!=NULL)
    {
        n=n+1;
        n=CountNodes(root->right);
    }
    return n;
}
```





4. Output:

Total No. of Nodes in the Binary Search Tree = 5

