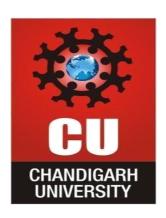
# CHANDIGARH UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



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Subject Name	Competitive Coding-I
Subject Code	20CSP-314
Branch	BE-CSE
Semester	5th



# **LAB INDEX**

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# **EXPERIMENT - 2.2**

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Semester: 5<sup>th</sup> Date of Performance: 20/10/2022

Subject Name: Competitive Coding Subject Code: 20CSP-314

#### **AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT:**

To solve the following hacker rank problems based on Trees.

**Problem 1:** <a href="https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/tree-huffman-decoding/problem?isFullScreen=true">https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/tree-huffman-decoding/problem?isFullScreen=true</a>

#### 1. PROGRAM CODE:

```
import java.util.*;

abstract class Node implements Comparable<Node> {
  public int frequency; // the frequency of this tree
  public char data;
  public Node left, right;
  public Node(int freq) {
    frequency = freq;
  }

// compares on the frequency
  public int compareTo(Node tree) {
    return frequency - tree.frequency;
}
```



```
}
class HuffmanLeaf extends Node {
  public HuffmanLeaf(int freq, char val) {
    super(freq);
    data = val;
class HuffmanNode extends Node {
  public HuffmanNode(Node l, Node r) {
    super(l.frequency + r.frequency);
    left = 1;
    right = r;
}
class Decoding {
 void decode(String S, Node root)
  StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
  Node c = root;
  for (int i = 0; i < S.length(); i++) {
```

```
c = S.charAt(i) == '1' ? c.right : c.left;
    if (c.left == null && c.right == null) {
       sb.append(c.data);
       c = root;
     }
  System.out.print(sb);
public class Solution {
  // input is an array of frequencies, indexed by character code
  public static Node buildTree(int[] charFreqs) {
     PriorityQueue<Node> trees = new PriorityQueue<Node>();
     // initially, we have a forest of leaves
     // one for each non-empty character
     for (int i = 0; i < charFreqs.length; i++)
       if (charFreqs[i] > 0)
          trees.offer(new HuffmanLeaf(charFreqs[i], (char)i));
     assert trees.size() > 0;
     // loop until there is only one tree left
     while (trees.size() > 1) {
       // two trees with least frequency
```



```
Node a = trees.poll();
       Node b = trees.poll();
       // put into new node and re-insert into queue
       trees.offer(new HuffmanNode(a, b));
     }
    return trees.poll();
  }
  public static Map<Character,String> mapA=new
HashMap<Character ,String>();
  public static void printCodes(Node tree, StringBuffer prefix) {
    assert tree != null;
    if (tree instanceof HuffmanLeaf) {
       HuffmanLeaf leaf = (HuffmanLeaf)tree;
       // print out character, frequency, and code for this leaf (which is just the
prefix)
       //System.out.println(leaf.data + "\t" + leaf.frequency + "\t" + prefix);
       mapA.put(leaf.data,prefix.toString());
     } else if (tree instanceof HuffmanNode) {
       HuffmanNode node = (HuffmanNode)tree;
```



```
// traverse left
     prefix.append('0');
     printCodes(node.left, prefix);
     prefix.deleteCharAt(prefix.length()-1);
     // traverse right
     prefix.append('1');
     printCodes(node.right, prefix);
     prefix.deleteCharAt(prefix.length()-1);
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
  String test= input.next();
  // we will assume that all our characters will have
  // code less than 256, for simplicity
  int[] charFreqs = new int[256];
  // read each character and record the frequencies
  for (char c : test.toCharArray())
     charFreqs[c]++;
  // build tree
  Node tree = buildTree(charFreqs);
```

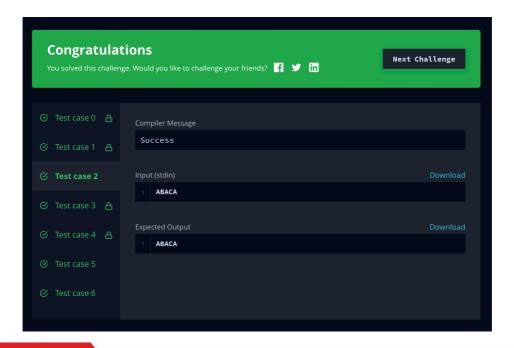


```
// print out results
printCodes(tree, new StringBuffer());
StringBuffer s = new StringBuffer();

for(int i = 0; i < test.length(); i++) {
    char c = test.charAt(i);
    s.append(mapA.get(c));
}

//System.out.println(s);
Decoding d = new Decoding();
d.decode(s.toString(), tree);
}
</pre>
```

### 2. **OUTPUT**:





# Problem 2: https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/balanced-forest/ problem?isFullScreen=true

#### 1. PROGRAM CODE:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.Set;
public class Solution {
private static Scanner scn;
private static int n;
private static long ret;
private static int[] c, p;
private static long[] s;
private static List<Integer>[] adj;
private static void visit(int k, int i) {
s[i] = c[i];
for(int j : adj[i]) {
  if(j == k) {
     continue;
```

```
}
p[j] = i;
visit(i,j);
s[i] += s[j];
private static void check(long x, long y, long z) {
long[] t = new long[] \{x, y, z\};
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
   for (int j = i + 1; j < 3; j++) {
if (t[i] != t[j]) {
  continue;
long h = -t[i] + -t[j] + t[0] + t[1] + t[2];
if (h \le t[i]) {
if (ret < 0) {
ret = t[i] - h; 
else \{
ret = Math.min(ret, t[i] - h);
private static void solve() {
ret = -1; n = scn.nextInt();
c = new
```

```
int[n]; s = new long[n];
adj = new List[n];
p = new int[n];
Arrays.fill(p,-1);
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
  c[i] =scn.nextInt();
adj[i] = new ArrayList<Integer>();
}
for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
int x = scn.nextInt();
int y= scn.nextInt();
X--;
y--;
adj[x].add(y);
adj[y].add(x);
visit(-1, 0);
Map<Long, Set<Integer>> sSet = new HashMap<Long, Set<Integer>>();
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
  if (sSet.containsKey(s[i])) {
     if (s[i]* 3 \ge s[0]) {
        long h = s[i] * 3 - s[0];
if (ret < 0) {
ret = h; }
else {
ret = Math.min(ret, h);
```



```
}
Set < Integer > si = sSet.get(s[i]);
if (si == null) {
si = new HashSet<Integer>();
si.add(i);
sSet.put(s[i], si);
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
  if (s[i] * 3 < s[0] || s[i] * 2 > s[0]) {
continue;
long t = s[0] - s[i] * 2;
Set < Integer > si = sSet.get(t);
if (si == null) {
  continue;
for (int j : si) {
int k = j;
boolean ok =true;
while (k \ge 0) {
if (k == i) {
  ok =false;
  break;
k = p[k];
```

```
}
if (ok) {
   long h = s[i] *3 - s[0];
if (ret < 0) ret= h;
else ret = Math.min(ret, h);
for (int i=0; i < n; ++i) {
int j = i;
while (j \ge 0) {
j = p[j];
if (j>=0) {
check(s[i], s[j] - s[i], s[0] - s[j]);
System.out.println(ret);
public static void main(String[] args) {
scn = new Scanner(System.in); int
nTest = scn.nextInt();
for (int i = 0; i < nTest; ++i) {
solve();
```

# 2. OUTPUT:

