## Practical-4 Solution of differential equation by variation of parameter method.

Question 1:Solve second order differential equation  $(d^2y)/dx^2 + 9y = sec(3x)$  by variation of parameter method Solution:

```
In[99]:= Sol = DSolve[y''[x] + 9y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
            sol1 = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. {C[1] \rightarrow 1, C[2] \rightarrow 0}]
            sol2 = y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 0, C[2] \rightarrow 1\}
            fs = {sol1, sol2}
            wm = {fs, D[fs, x]}; wm // MatrixForm
            wd = Simplify[Det[wm]]
            u1 = (Integrate [- sol2 Sec[3 x], x])
            u2 = (Integrate[sol1 Sec[3 x], x])
            yc = DSolve[y''[x] + 9y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
            yp = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. {C[1] \rightarrow u1, C[2] \rightarrow u2}]
            yg = yc + yp
           \{\{y[x] \rightarrow c_1 \cos[3 x] + c_2 \sin[3 x]\}\}
Out[991=
           Cos[3 x]
Out[100]=
Out[101]= Sin[3 x]
Out[102]= \{Cos[3 x], Sin[3 x]\}
Out[103]//MatrixForm=
            ( Cos[3 x] Sin[3 x]
-3 Sin[3 x] 3 Cos[3 x]
Out[104]=
Out[105]= \frac{1}{3} \text{Log[Cos[3 x]]}
Out[106]=
\texttt{Out[107]=} \quad \{ \{ y[x] \rightarrow c_1 \, \mathsf{Cos[3\,\,x]} + c_2 \, \mathsf{Sin[3\,\,x]} \} \}
out[108]= \frac{1}{2} Cos[3 x] × Log[Cos[3 x]] + x Sin[3 x]
Out[109] = \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{Cos}[3 \times] \times \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[3 \times]] + (y[x] \to c_1 \operatorname{Cos}[3 \times] + c_2 \operatorname{Sin}[3 \times]) + x \operatorname{Sin}[3 \times] \right\} \right\}
```

Question 2 :Solve third order differential equation  $(d^3y)/dx^3 + 4 dy/dx = sec(2x)$  by variation of parameter method Solution:

```
ln[1]:= Sol = DSolve[y'''[x] + 4 y'[x] == 0, y[x], x]
         sol1 = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. {C[1] \rightarrow 2, C[2] \rightarrow 0, C[3] \rightarrow 0}]
         sol2 = y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 0, C[2] \rightarrow -2, C[3] \rightarrow 0\}
         sol3 = y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 0, C[2] \rightarrow 0, C[3] \rightarrow 1\}
         fs = {sol1, sol2, sol3}
         wm = \{fs, D[fs, x], D[fs, \{x, 2\}]\}; MatrixForm[wm]
         wd = Simplify[Det[wm]]
         u1 = (1/wd (Det[{{0, sol2, sol3}, {0, D[sol2, x], D[sol3, x]}},
                      {Sec[2 x], D[sol2, {x, 2}], D[sol3, {x, 2}]}}])) // Simplify
          a = Integrate[u1, x]
         u2 = (1/wd (Det[{{sol1, 0, sol3}, {D[sol1, x], 0, D[sol3, x]},
                      {D[sol1, {x, 2}], Sec[2 x], D[sol3, {x, 2}]}}])) // Simplify
          b = Integrate [u2, x]
         u3 = (1/wd (Det[{{sol1, sol2, 0}, {D[sol1, x], D[sol2, x], 0},
                      {D[sol1, {x, 2}], D[sol2, {x, 2}], Sec[2 x]}}])) // Simplify
          c = Integrate[u3, x]
         yc = Evaluate[y[x]/. Sol[1]]
         yp = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow a, C[2] \rightarrow b, C[3] \rightarrow c\}]
         \left\{\left\{y[x] \rightarrow c_3 - \frac{1}{2} c_2 \cos[2 x] + \frac{1}{2} c_1 \sin[2 x]\right\}\right\}
         Sin[2 x]
Out[2]=
         Cos[2 x]
Out[3]=
Out[4]= 1
Out[5]= \{Sin[2 x], Cos[2 x], 1\}
Out[6]//MatrixForm=

\begin{pmatrix}
Sin[2 x] & Cos[2 x] & 1 \\
2 Cos[2 x] & -2 Sin[2 x] & 0 \\
-4 Sin[2 x] & -4 Cos[2 x] & 0
\end{pmatrix}

Out[7] = -8
Out[8]= -\frac{1}{4} Tan[2 x]
Out[9]= \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[2 \text{ x}]]
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out}_{[12]=} & -\frac{x}{4} \\ & \text{Out}_{[12]=} & \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Sec}[2 \, x] \\ & \text{Out}_{[13]=} & \frac{1}{4} \times \left( -\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x] - \operatorname{Sin}[x]] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Sin}[x]] \right) \\ & \text{Out}_{[14]=} & \mathbf{c}_3 - \frac{1}{2} \, \mathbf{c}_2 \, \operatorname{Cos}[2 \, x] + \frac{1}{2} \, \mathbf{c}_1 \, \operatorname{Sin}[2 \, x] \\ & \text{Out}_{[15]=} & \frac{1}{8} \, x \, \operatorname{Cos}[2 \, x] + \frac{1}{4} \, x \left( -\frac{1}{2} \, \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x] - \operatorname{Sin}[x]] + \frac{1}{2} \, \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Sin}[x]] \right) + \frac{1}{16} \, \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[2 \, x]] \times \operatorname{Sin}[2 \, x] \\ & \text{Out}_{[16]=} & \mathbf{c}_3 + \frac{1}{8} \, x \, \operatorname{Cos}[2 \, x] - \frac{1}{2} \, \mathbf{c}_2 \, \operatorname{Cos}[2 \, x] + \\ & \frac{1}{4} \, x \left( -\frac{1}{2} \, \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x] - \operatorname{Sin}[x]] + \frac{1}{2} \, \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Sin}[x]] \right) + \frac{1}{2} \, \mathbf{c}_1 \, \operatorname{Sin}[2 \, x] + \frac{1}{16} \, \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[2 \, x]] \times \operatorname{Sin}[2 \, x] \end{aligned}$$

Question 3 :Solve second order differential equation  $(d^2y)/dx^2 + y = \tan x$  by variation of parameter method Solution:

```
Sol = DSolve[y''[x] + y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
                                         sol1 = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. {C[1] \rightarrow 1, C[2] \rightarrow 0}]
                                         sol2 = y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 0, C[2] \rightarrow 1\}
                                         fs = {sol1, sol2}
                                        wm = {fs, D[fs, x]}; wm // MatrixForm
                                        wd = Simplify[Det[wm]]
                                         u1 = (Integrate[- sol2 Tan[x], x])
                                        u2 = (Integrate[sol1 Tan[x], x])
                                        yc = DSolve[y''[x] + y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
                                         yp = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. {C[1] \rightarrow u1, C[2] \rightarrow u2}]
                                         yg = yc + yp
                                        \{\{y[x] \rightarrow c_1 Cos[x] + c_2 Sin[x]\}\}
 Out[88]=
                                        Cos[x]
 Out[89]=
                                        Sin[x]
 Out[90]=
                                       {Cos[x], Sin[x]}
 Out[91]=
 Out[92]//MatrixForm=
                                          \begin{pmatrix} Cos[x] & Sin[x] \\ -Sin[x] & Cos[x] \end{pmatrix}
 Out[93]=
                                      Log\left[Cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - Sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - Log\left[Cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + Sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + Sin[x]
                                      -Cos[x]
 Out[95]=
 Out[96]= \{\{y[x] \rightarrow c_1 Cos[x] + c_2 Sin[x]\}\}
\mathsf{Out}_{[97]} = -\mathsf{Cos}[x] \times \mathsf{Sin}[x] + \mathsf{Cos}[x] \times \left(\mathsf{Log}\left[\mathsf{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \mathsf{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \mathsf{Log}\left[\mathsf{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \mathsf{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \mathsf{Sin}[x]\right)
\text{Out[98]=} \quad \left\{ \left\{ (y[x] \rightarrow c_1 \, \mathsf{Cos}[x] + c_2 \, \mathsf{Sin}[x]) - \mathsf{Cos}[x] \times \mathsf{Sin}[x] + c_2 \, \mathsf{Sin}[x] + c_3 \, \mathsf{Sin}[x] + c_4 \, \mathsf{Sin}[x] + c_4 \, \mathsf{Sin}[x] + c_4 \, \mathsf{Sin}[x] + c_5 \, \mathsf{Sin
                                                            \mathsf{Cos}[\mathsf{x}] \times \left(\mathsf{Log}\big[\mathsf{Cos}\big[\frac{\mathsf{x}}{2}\big] - \mathsf{Sin}\big[\frac{\mathsf{x}}{2}\big]\big] - \mathsf{Log}\big[\mathsf{Cos}\big[\frac{\mathsf{x}}{2}\big] + \mathsf{Sin}\big[\frac{\mathsf{x}}{2}\big]\big] + \mathsf{Sin}[\mathsf{x}]\right)\right\}\right)
```

Question 4:Solve third order differential equation  $(d^3y)/dx^3 - 6 dy^2/dx^2 + 11dy/dx - 6y = e^x$  by variation of parameter method Solution:

```
Sol = DSolve[y'''[x] - 6y''[x] + 11y'[x] - 6y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
         sol1 = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. {C[1] \rightarrow 1, C[2] \rightarrow 0, C[3] \rightarrow 0}]
         sol2 = y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 0, C[2] \rightarrow 1, C[3] \rightarrow 0\}
         sol3 = y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 0, C[2] \rightarrow 0, C[3] \rightarrow 1\}
         fs = {sol1, sol2, sol3}
         wm = {fs, D[fs, x], D[fs, {x, 2}]}; MatrixForm[wm]
         wd = Simplify[Det[wm]]
         u1 = (1/wd (Det[{{0, sol2, sol3}, {0, D[sol2, x], D[sol3, x]}},
                    {Exp[x], D[sol2, {x, 2}], D[sol3, {x, 2}]}}]) // Simplify
         a = Integrate[u1, x]
         u2 = (1/wd (Det[{{sol1, 0, sol3}, {D[sol1, x], 0, D[sol3, x]},
                    {D[sol1, {x, 2}], Exp[x], D[sol3, {x, 2}]}}])) // Simplify
         b = Integrate[u2, x]
         u3 = (1/wd (Det[{sol1, sol2, 0}, {D[sol1, x], D[sol2, x], 0},
                    {D[sol1, {x, 2}], D[sol2, {x, 2}], Exp[x]}}])) // Simplify
         c = Integrate[u3, x]
         yc = Evaluate[y[x]/. Sol[1]]
         yp = Evaluate[y[x] /. Sol[1] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow a, C[2] \rightarrow b, C[3] \rightarrow c\}]
         yg = yc + yp
        \{ \{ y[x] \rightarrow e^x c_1 + e^{2x} c_2 + e^{3x} c_3 \} \}
Out[110]=
Out[1111=
Out[112]=
Out[113]= 63 x
Out[114]= \{e^{x}, e^{2x}, e^{3x}\}
Out[115]//MatrixForm=
          2 e<sup>6 x</sup>
Out[116]=
Out[117]=
Out[118]=
          -e-×
Out[119]=
Out[120]= @-X
```

Out[121]= 
$$\frac{e^{-2 \times}}{2}$$
Out[122]= 
$$-\frac{1}{4}e^{-2 \times}$$
Out[123]= 
$$e^{\times} \mathbb{C}_{1} + e^{2 \times} \mathbb{C}_{2} + e^{3 \times} \mathbb{C}_{3}$$
Out[124]= 
$$\frac{3 e^{\times}}{4} + \frac{e^{\times} \times}{2}$$
Out[125]= 
$$\frac{3 e^{\times}}{4} + \frac{e^{\times} \times}{2} + e^{\times} \mathbb{C}_{1} + e^{2 \times} \mathbb{C}_{2} + e^{3 \times} \mathbb{C}_{3}$$

Question 5 :Solve second order differential equation  $x^2 (d^2y)/dx^2 - 2y = 4x - 8$  given condition is y[1]=4,y'[1]=-1 by variation of parameter method Solution:

|v(126]= | Sol = DSolve[x^2y''[x]-2y[x] == 0, y[x], x] | sol1 = Evaluate[y[x]/. Sol[1]/. {C[1] 
$$\rightarrow$$
 1, C[2]  $\rightarrow$  0}] | sol2 = y[x]/. Sol[1]/. {C[1]  $\rightarrow$  0, C[2]  $\rightarrow$  1} | fs = {sol1, sol2} | wm = {fs, D[fs, x]}; wm // MatrixForm | wd = Simplify [Det[wm]] | u1 = (Integrate[- sol2 (4 x - 8), x]) | u2 = (Integrate[sol1 (4 x - 8), x]) | yc = DSolve[x^2y''[x]-2y[x] == 0, y[x], x] | yp = Evaluate[y[x]/. Sol[1]/. {C[1]  $\rightarrow$  u1, C[2]  $\rightarrow$  u2}] | yg = yc + yp | Out[126]= |  $\{\{y[x] \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{x} + x^2 c_2\}\}\}$  | Out[127]= |  $\frac{1}{x}$  | Out[128]= |  $x^2$  | Out[129]= |  $\{\frac{1}{x}, x^2\}$  | Out[131]= | 3 | Out[132]= |  $-4\left(-\frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4}\right)$  | Out[134]= |  $\{\{y[x] \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{x} + x^2 c_2\}\}$  | Out[134]= |  $\{\{y[x] \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{x} + x^2 c_2\}\}$  | Out[135]= |  $-4\left(-\frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4}\right)$  | Out[136]= |  $-4\left(-\frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4}\right)$  | Out[137]= |  $-4\left(-\frac{2x^3}{3$ 

Out[136]=  $\left\{ \left\{ -\frac{4\left(-\frac{2\,x^3}{3}\,+\frac{x^4}{4}\right)}{x} + x^2\left(4\,x - 8\,\text{Log}[x]\right) + \left(y[x] \to \frac{c_1}{x} + x^2\,c_2\right) \right\} \right\}$