

# SCHOOL OF COMPUTING DEPARTEMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Team/ Group Number	VI		
Name (Student Number – 1)	MANCHALA YASWANTH		
Register Number(Student Number-1)	9920004082		
Name (Student Number – 2)	KADIVETI UDAY PAVAN		
Register Number(Student Number-2)	9920004056		
Name (Student Number – 3)	Gautham Sankar V		
Register Number(Student Number-3)	9920004040		
Name (Student Number – 4)	BALA VENKATA RAJKUMAR T .S		
Register Number(Student Number-4)	9920004016		
Topic	PROJECT Report		
Project Report Title	Human Text Emotion Detection		
Course Name / Code	Computational Linguistic and Natural Language Processing/CSE18R387		
Degree / Academic Year / Semester	B.TECH / (2022-23)/ODD SEMESTER		
Course Teacher	MS.G.KOTHAi		

# **Human Text Emotion Detection**

#### **Table Of Contents:**

S.No	Topics			
1	Abstract			
2	Introduction			
3	Literature Survey			
4	Research gap			
5	Problem Statement			
6	Objective			
7	System Architecture			
8	Proposed Methodology			
9	Results and Discussion			
10	Conclusion			
11	Future Scope			

#### **Abstract:**

To create a text classifier program, first install our EDA (Exploratory Data Analysis) tools, and then import packages such as pandas for data analysis and numpy for numerical computations in Python. Load visualizations of data. Import seaborn to visualise data. Load text cleaning software such as neattext to clean your text. We'll be utilising two sklearn programmes. We are using linear regression to build our model, so from naive bayes we import MultinomialNB, from feature extraction we import countvectorizer, from model selection we import train test split for testing, testing and splitting the dataset, and from metrics we import accuracy score, classification report, and confusion matrix.

We're importing a dataset, so let's verify the value count and then display the graph using sns to show the likelihood of the graph, which has different sorts of emotions.

We have finished data collection and data preparation and are now moving on to future engineering. We are cleaning user handles and stopping words by utilising the nfx directory and then cleaning text with the nfx function. We are leveraging features from our tests, thus we are specifying our features and labelling them using a pipeline to make our work easier. X features will be my clean text, and y labels will be my Emotion column. We're not vectorising anything, so let's divide our data into test and train variables with sizes of 0.3 and random states of 42. Let us create our model using the sklearn import pipeline, and for the linear regression pipeline, we will use our vectorizers as well as estimators. We will utilise cv, which stands for count vectorizer and lr. which stands for limit riser, to train and fit data.Let us make a prediction: we will say something like, "This book was engaging, and it made me happy." By predicting from a pipeline for a given text. We now forecast the probability for it using the predict proba function, and we obtain an array of numbers. To learn about values, use the values function. To learn about classes, use the classes function. We determine that "joy" has the highest value. To save our model and pipeline, we utilise joblib to serialise it. We will construct a basic app process. We develop two separate pages: the main page, which will feature our test section where you may input our remarks, phrases, and anything else. It will transmit it to the pipeline the model that we constructed, and they will analyse our

original test and then forecast the likelihood of the result. Then, whatever the outcome is, it will be saved in a database. You're heading to another portion of the programme, and we should try to keep track of all the forecasts and visualise them. Let's start by building our app and importing our core packages. Import the nlp packages pandas and numpy, as well as joblib from the preceding code. Let's start with the basics. Menu. We have HOME, MONITOR, and ABOUT choices in the menu. We have Emotions in text at home, and we have Monitor app in Monitor. Now we'll make a key that's an emotion clf form. We construct a text field and a submit button to allow us to submit the content we write. We make two columns for the submit text: column1 and column2. Column 1 has the original test and prediction. We have prediction probability in column 2.

So, based on our work flow, we must be able to communicate a result to the pipeline model. With the help of the model aspect, we will develop a function. Let's load our pipeline using joblit, which will open a certain model. Following that, we develop a function to read the emotion. Function The function predict-emotion is used to predict emotion, and another function get predict proba is created to calculate the likelihood of the outcome. We are creating an emoji icon dictionary and will give it to prediction. It will forecast with an emoji. When we execute the code, we obtain the original text, the prediction, and the probability prediction, as well as the proportion of all emotions in the text and the confidence percentage in the text.Now, import Altair, a declarative statistical visualisation toolkit for Python, and draw the graph for emotions in the supplied text. As a consequence of including graph, we receive coloured chart and percentages of prediction value.

#### **Introduction:**

Text Emotion Detection is one of the Emerging Areas of Research , where the given user text will be Detected using emotion .Emotion Detection works with combination of Machine Learning and Major Application Concepts of Natural Language Processing. It gives emotion of the user input or text and also converts the text to speech and also returns the output

Human Text Emotion is one of the current emerging Researches being done, to find the user Emotion and also His feeling when using a product When User Gives Reviews, based on that text it will detect the emotions. Text Emotion Detection is Built using Machine Learning and Natural Language Processing. This Model will also Convert the text into Speech. We can also find Prediction Probability, Probability Graph and User Emotions based on his / her text

## **Literature Survey:**

S.No / Published Year	Paper Title	Objective	Method	Advantage	Disadvantage
1 / 2022	Multi Label Emotion Classification in Text Using Transfer Learning	To find Multi class Labelled emotions for given user text  It Uses Previously Acquired Knowledge and implements it	Recurrent     Neural     Networks      LSTM      3)XLNet	<ul> <li>For given User Text it classifies Labels</li> <li>It gives prediction probabiality</li> </ul>	It Mis Understands with Disambigous Statements     The Emotions for The actual Text will be Wrong in Few Context
2 / 2022	A Data Augmentation and Channel Selection Technique for Grading Human Emotions on DEAP Dataset	Data augmentation to create more samples of data using signal processing methods.  To classify the emotional intensities	LSTM     GA     Grey Wolf     Optimizati     on(GSA)	Signal Processing techniques can be used to      Metaheuristics algorithms can be applied for channel analysis	All the channels are not important in channel analysis     Small Size of training set
3/2022	Recommend or not? The influence of emotions on Passengers intention of Airline Recommendation During COVID-19	This is to identify the airline flight recommendation, wheather a a person can be recommonded or not  To predict the emotions of users after experience with an airline  1) The proposed method is	Deep Neural Networks     Artificial Neural Networks     FRLM	It helps People make better decisions and choose airline based on emotions  It also shows the emotion beside the airlines, becomes easy to choose An independent	Because of the subjective nature of emotions, emotional AI is especially prone to bias  Recommending the airline based on emotions is very difficult and cannot cover all the aspects  1) Connection attention
	Scale Features for Speech Emotions Recognition with Connection Attention Mechanisms	evaluated on two open datasets and achieve good performance.  2) We need to Detect the emotions for the speech using attention Mechanisms	URLM SCNN AMSNET	training method is proposed for speech feature training. It also works for feature fusion and detects the emotion	mechanism is designed only for speech feature fusion.  2) Detecting the Emotions from noisy data is very difficult
5/ 2016	Emotion Detection Through Text	1) Emotion Detection Through text where the model will analyze the text and give the emotions 2) Also Based on Textual Data this model will detect emotions and gives prediction graph	Multinomi al NB     Emotion Word Ontology	Detecting the emotion is easy for structured data rather than speech     This Model also takes user input through speech and converts into text	Some Context have no proper Meaning so Model Confuses and gives wrong emotion     Conscious or unconscious emotional bias can perpetuate stereotypes and assumptions at an unprecedented scale
	Emotion Detection in a Text: a Review	identifying emotion expressions in text precise types of information on the nature of human emotions indicate poten-tial uses of emotion detection	LIWC lexicon, MPQA lexicon, WordNet Affect, and POS	emotion detection     be used in human     computer interaction     and recommender     systems to produce     interactions or     recommendations     based on the     emotional state of     user      Results of emotion     detection systems     also be used as inp     to other systems	and the use of implicit and metaphorical language in expressing it linguistic complexity of this task for detecting emotions the
8 / 2021	A Review on Sentiment Analysis and Emotion Detection Through Text	Emotion detection is a means of identifying distinct human emotion types such as furious, cheerful, or depressedmany users give feedbacks and reviews various products and services on various e-commerce sites. User's ratings and reviews on multiple platforms encourage vendors and service providers to enhance their current systems, goods or services.	Ekman Model     Word NET     NRC	The emotion models are dimensional categorical  The emotional state defined by the momake up the set of labels used to annotate the sentences or documents	mistakes, new slang, and incorrect use of grammar. These challenges make it difficult for machines to perform sent ment and emotion analysis
9 / 2018	Emotion Recognition from Text a Survey	Sentence Emotion Analysis and Recognition Based on Emotion Words Learning to Identify Emotions in Text		recognizing from t textual data is valuable Classification of	One of the challenges faced during emotion recognition and sentiment analysis is the lack of resources People usually express their anger or disappointment in sareastic and irony sentences, which is hard to detect
10 / 2019	From Sentiment Analysis to Emotion Recognition: A NLP Story	task is to identify the emotions from a tweet Common Classisfer can b used for detecting any kind of emotion based on text	GRU     Embeddi     g     Max     Pooling	process to build an emotion labeled dataset     new kind of a revie system, giving a m detailed version the simple sentiment analysis	handle negation  emotional state of a person mage be inferred under different ore situations

S.No / Published Par

## Research Gap:

Many Researches has used Single Classification Algorithms, But this research method has used both classification Algorithms Like Naive Bayes and Logistic Regression. There are Very low attributes in data set, we have augmented different Data Modules and Created New Emotion Dataset and Also we have used Many Natural Language Processing and enhanced the confidenced Level.

#### **Problem Statement:**

To create a text classifier program, first install our EDA (Exploratory Data Analysis) tools, and then import packages such as pandas for data analysis and numpy for numerical computations in Python. We're importing a dataset, so let's verify the value count and then display the graph using sns to show the likelihood of the graph, which has different sorts of emotions. Let us create our model using the sklearn import pipeline, and for the linear regression pipeline, we will use our vectorizers as well as estimators . " By predicting from a pipeline for a given text.

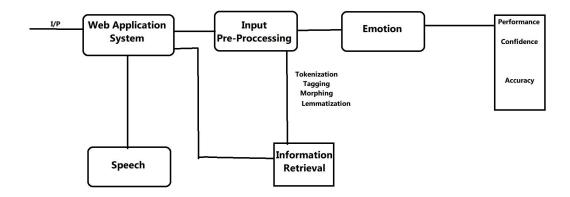
We now forecast the probability for it using the predict proba function, and we obtain an array of numbers. It will transmit it to the pipeline the model that we constructed, and they will analyse our original test and then forecast the likelihood of the result. Let's start by building our app and importing our core packages. Column 1 has the original test and prediction.

# **Objective:**

To create a software that helps people make better decisions, improve their focus and performance in the workplace, manage stress, and also help them adopt healthier and more productive working styles.

It provides benefits to many institutions and aspects of life. It is useful and important for security and healthcare purposes. Also, it is crucial for easy and simple detection of human feelings at a specific moment without actually asking them.

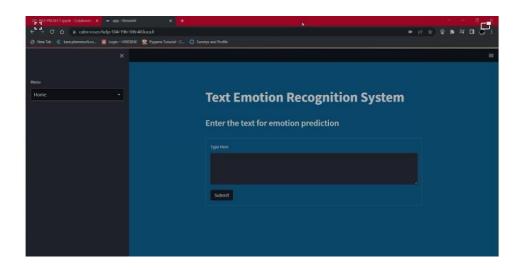
## **System Architecture:**

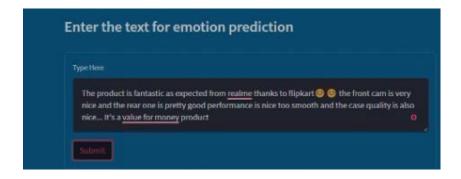


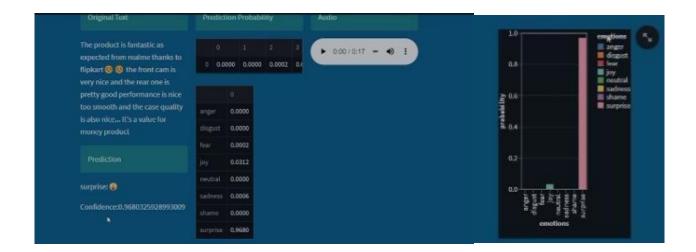
## **Proposed Methodology:**

Naïve Bayes algorithm is a supervised learning algorithm, which is based on Bayes theorem and used for solving classification problems. It is mainly used in text classification that includes a high-dimensional training dataset. Naïve Bayes Classifier is one of the simple and most effective Classification algorithms which helps in building the fast machine learning models that can make quick predictions. We have also used logistic regression. It is used for predicting the categorical dependent variable using a given set of independent variables. Logistic regression predicts the output of a categorical dependent variable. Therefore the outcome must be a categorical or discrete value. It can be either Yes or No, 0 or 1, true or False, etc. but instead of giving the exact value as 0 and 1, it gives the probabilistic values which lie between 0 and 1.

#### **Results and Discussion:**







#### **Conclusion:**

When User Gives Reviews , based on that text it will detect the emotions.In our Research Project , we found emotions for User Given Texts and also We are going to Convert Text to Speech .We have used Classification Machine Learning Algorithms like Naïve Bayes and Logistics Regression for Predicting the emotions.We have Achieved 90.5% Accuracy , for Linear Model We have Used Logistic Regression.

We Have also got prediction Classes for the given user text and also it finds the prediction probability graphs for texts .Finally it returns the class like Happy , Sad , Anger , Disgust for Given User Text .

## **Future Scope:**

Text Emotion Detection Currently Focuses on detecting Emotions based on text given by user , in Future Update we will try to use Speech and Detect Emotions

from the text .In this research work we implemented using Machine Learning Algorithms like Naïve Bayes and Logistic Regression , in future implementation we will use Deep Learning Algorithms , Which gives much more better classification and Gives better Accuracy compared to Machine Learning .In the current model we have used Stream lit as frontend and in Future Work we will use both front and backend and We will Deploy the Model and we will use docker , Kubernetes