

# Assignment 1

## Submission Instruction:

E-mail: [pds2016autumn@gmail.com](mailto:pds2016autumn@gmail.com)

Subject Line: A1\_ROLLNO

Attachments: A1\_ROLLNO\_P1.c/.cpp  
A1\_ROLLNO\_P2.c/.cpp

Deadline: 11-Jan-2024 11:59 P.M.

**Problem 1:** Find the minimum area circle that encloses  $n$  points two dimensional Euclidean plane.

**Input:**  $n$

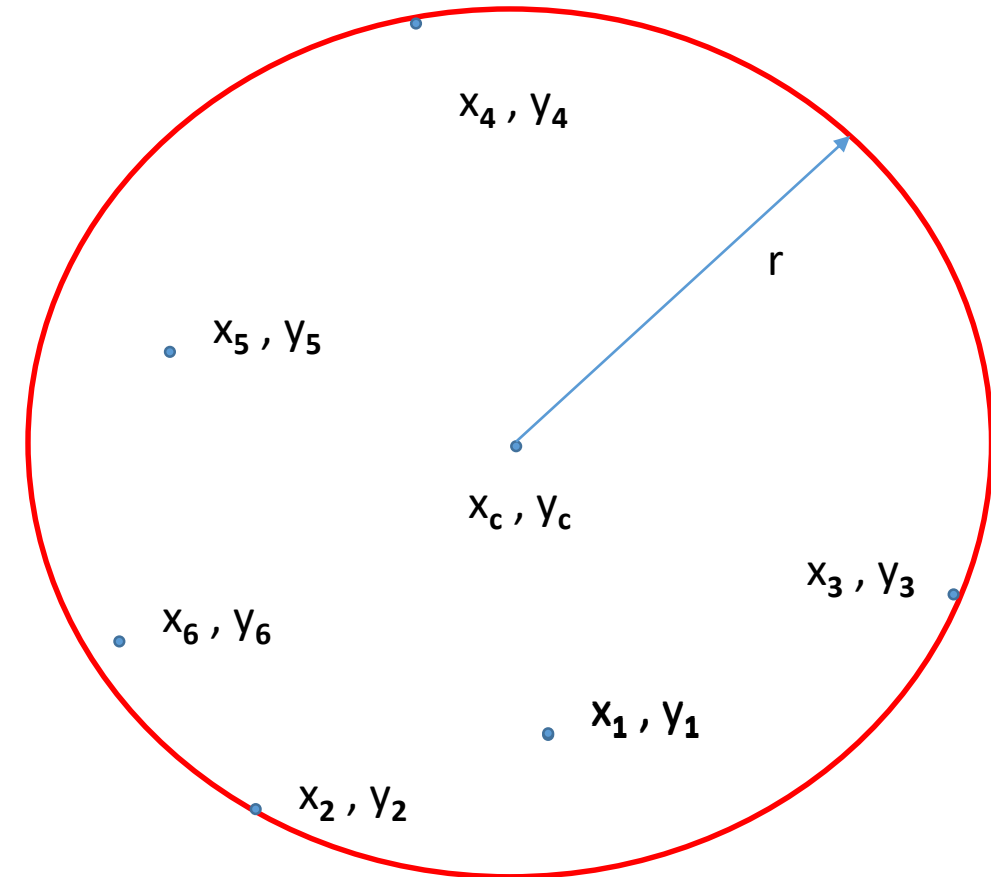
$\{(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_n, y_n)\}$

**Output:**  $x_c, y_c, r$  (radius)

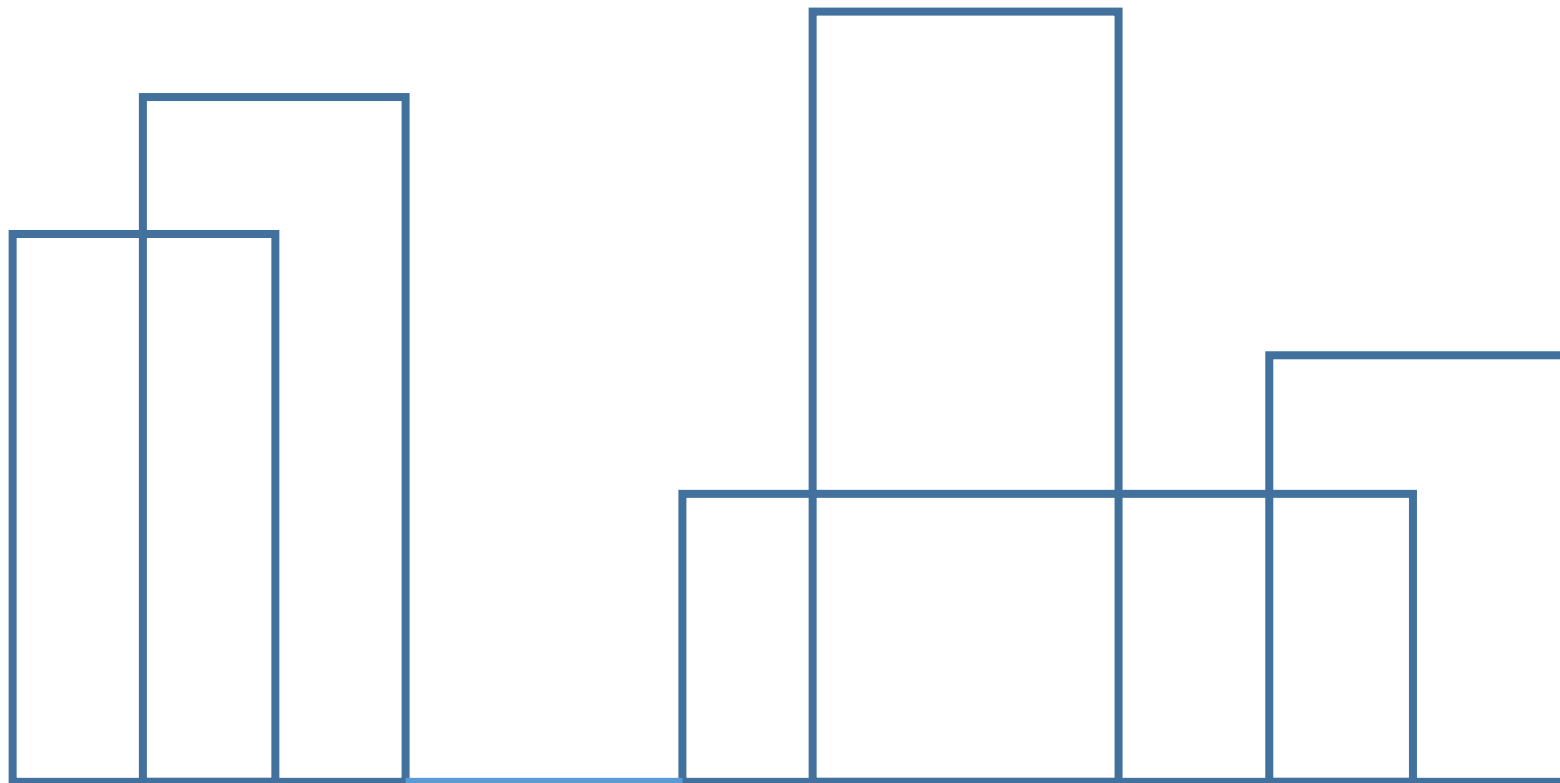
**Outline of an Algorithm:**  $O(n^4)$

1. Given any three points, a unique circle can be drawn through them (Circumcircle)
2. For each set of three points ( $\binom{n}{3}$  sets), find the circle, and check whether it encloses all  $n$  points. If no, ignore it. If yes, calculate its area. Find the min area circle min1.
3. Given any two points as the endpoints of a diameter, a unique circle can be drawn through them.
4. For each set of two points ( $\binom{n}{2}$  sets), find the circle, and check whether it encloses all  $n$  points. If no, ignore it. If yes, calculate its area. Find the min area circle min2.
5.  $\text{Ans} = \min(\text{min1}, \text{min2})$

**Time Complexity:**  $O(n^4)$



- **Problem 2:** Given a set of  $n$  rectangles on x-axis, remove the hidden lines to mark the boundary only.



$\langle \text{startX}, \text{endX}, \text{height} \rangle$

Input is sorted in non-decreasing order of startX

**Input:**

$\langle 3, 7, 10 \rangle$

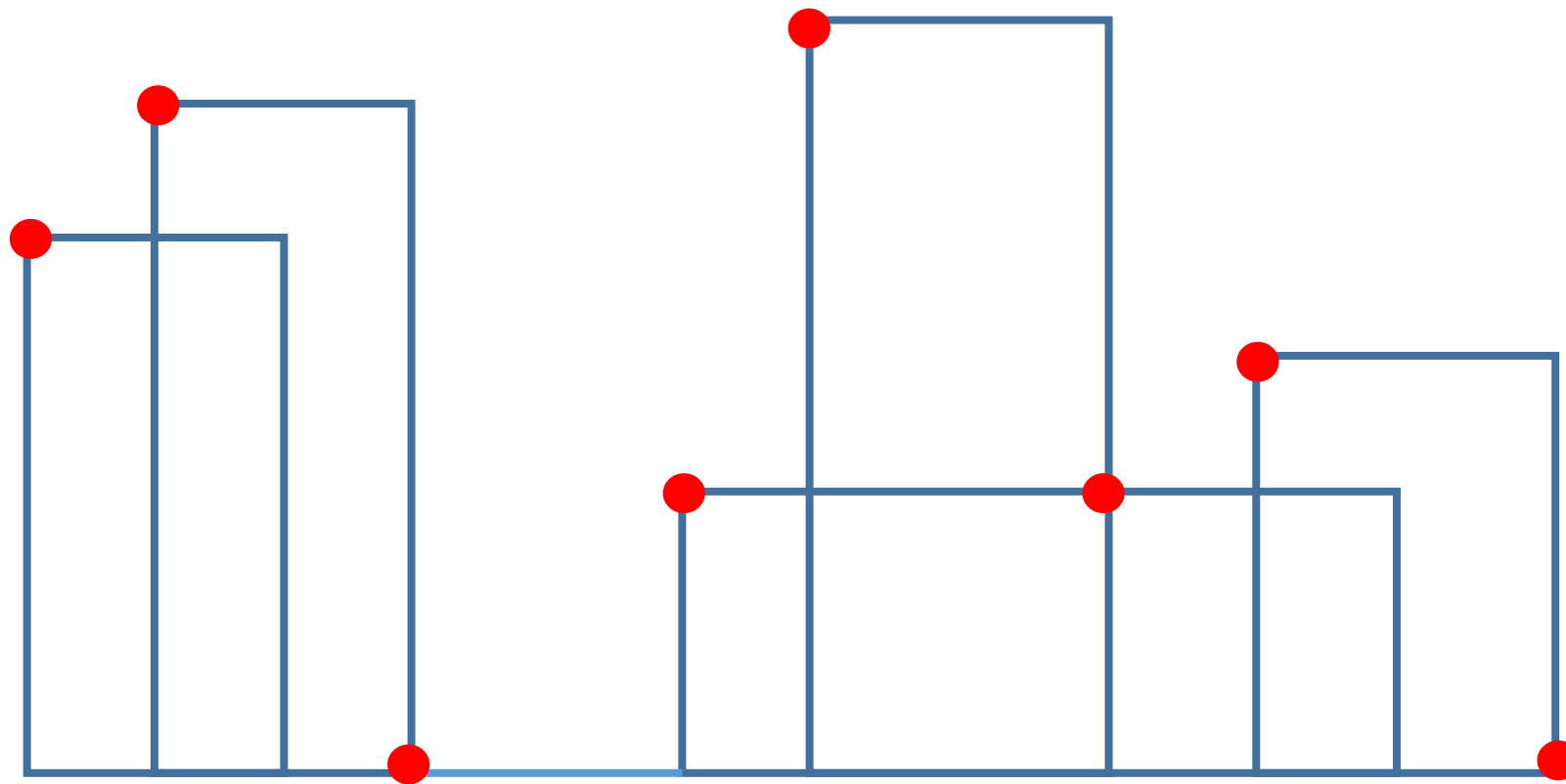
$\langle 5, 9, 12 \rangle$

$\langle 12, 20, 5 \rangle$

$\langle 13, 15, 15 \rangle$

$\langle 19, 22, 8 \rangle$

# Hidden Line Removal: Output

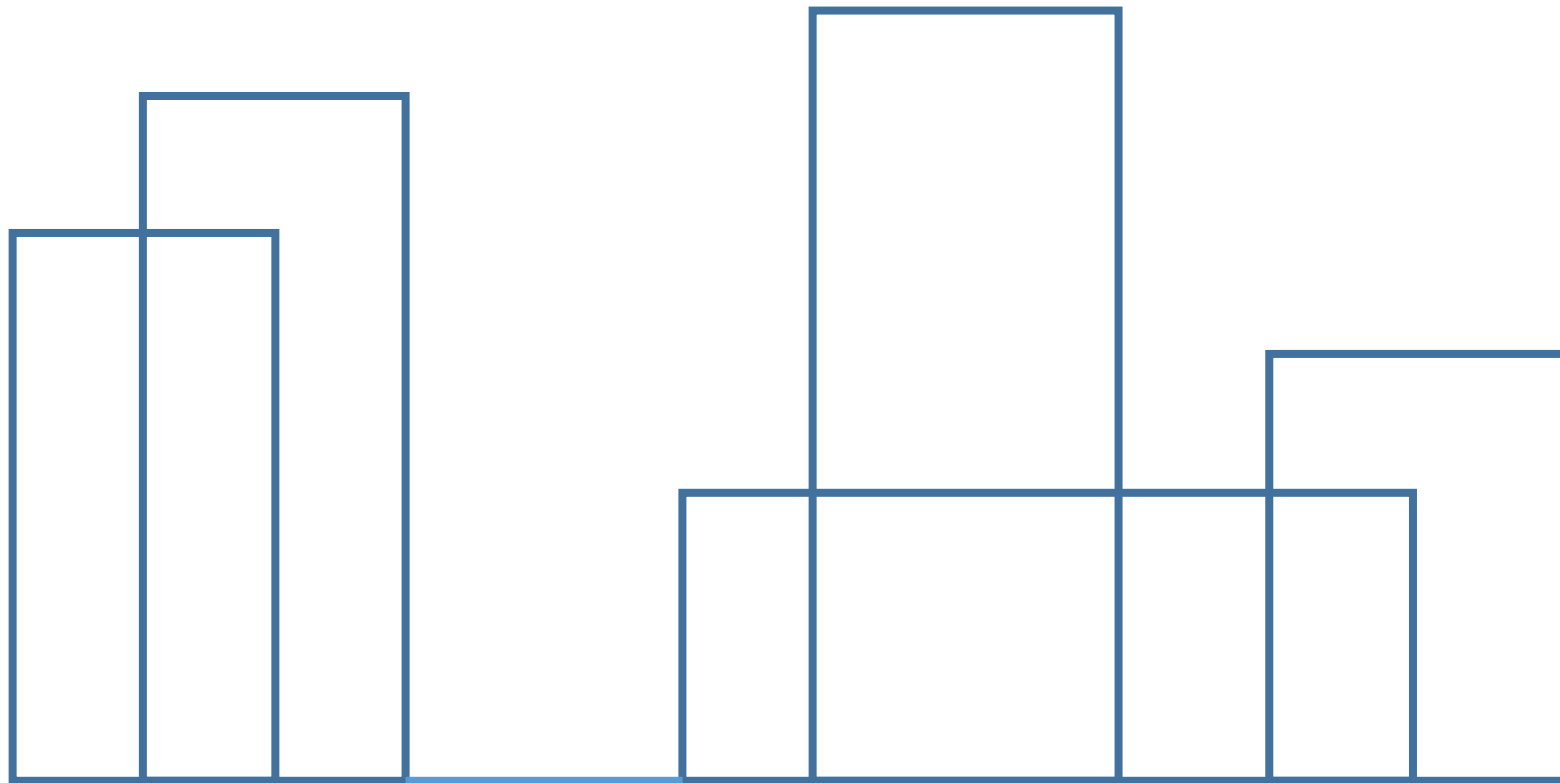


<3, 10>  
<5, 12>  
<9, 0>  
<12, 5>  
<13, 15>  
<15, 5>  
<19, 8>  
<22, 0>

<X, H>

Output is sorted in ascending order of X

# Hidden Line Removal: Sweep Line Algorithm

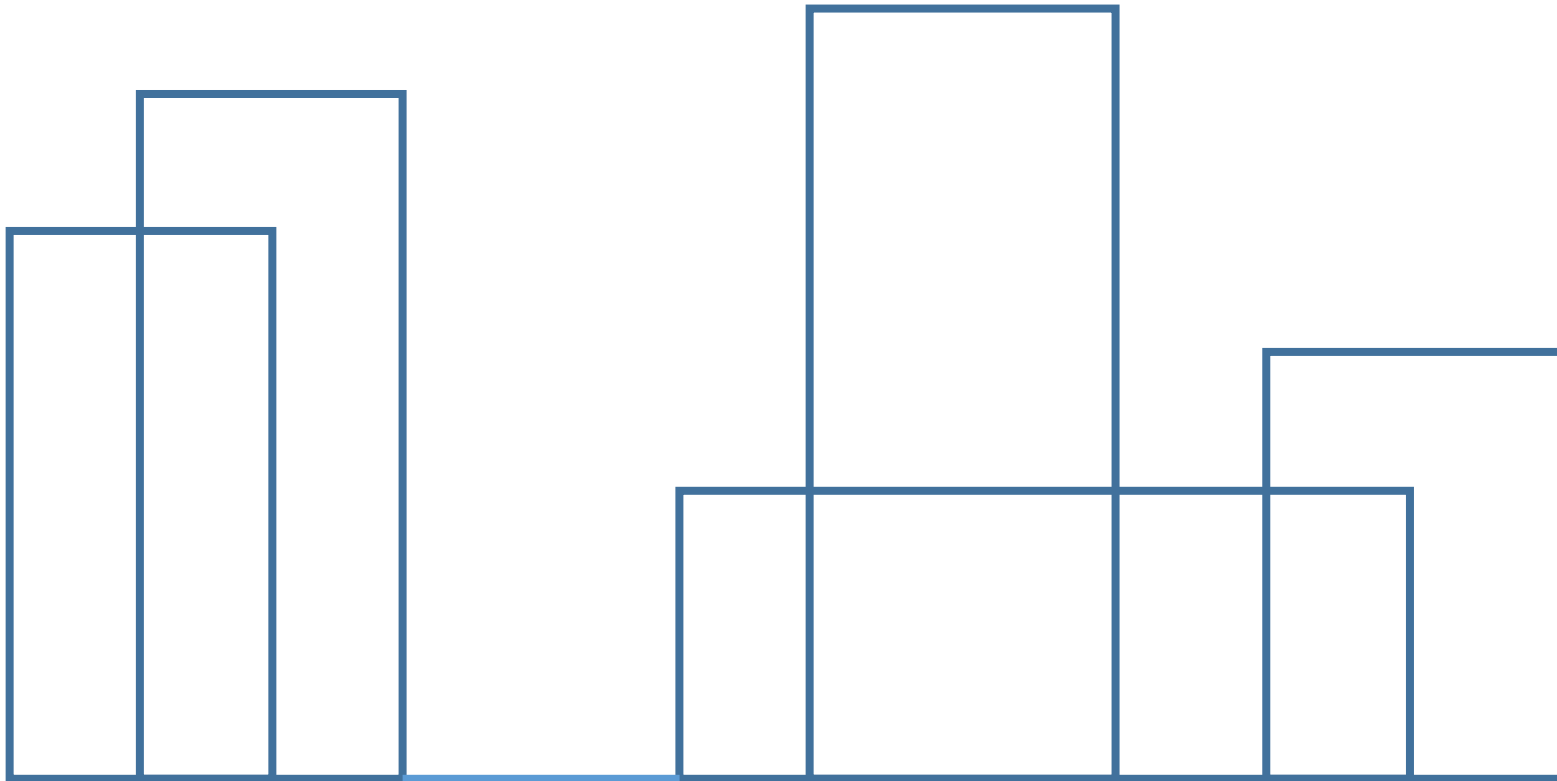


$\langle 3, 10, s \rangle$   
 $\langle 7, 10, e \rangle$   
 $\langle 5, 12, s \rangle$   
 $\langle 9, 12, e \rangle$   
 $\langle 12, 5, s \rangle$   
 $\langle 20, 5, e \rangle$   
 $\langle 13, 15, s \rangle$   
 $\langle 15, 15, e \rangle$   
 $\langle 19, 8, s \rangle$   
 $\langle 22, 8, e \rangle$

$\langle \text{startX}, \text{endX}, \text{height} \rangle$

Input is sorted in non-decreasing order of startX

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



$\langle \text{startX}, \text{endX}, \text{height} \rangle$

Input is sorted in non-decreasing order of startX

Sort X-coordinates

$\langle 3, 10, s \rangle$

$\langle 5, 12, s \rangle$

$\langle 7, 10, e \rangle$

$\langle 9, 12, e \rangle$

$\langle 12, 5, s \rangle$

$\langle 13, 15, s \rangle$

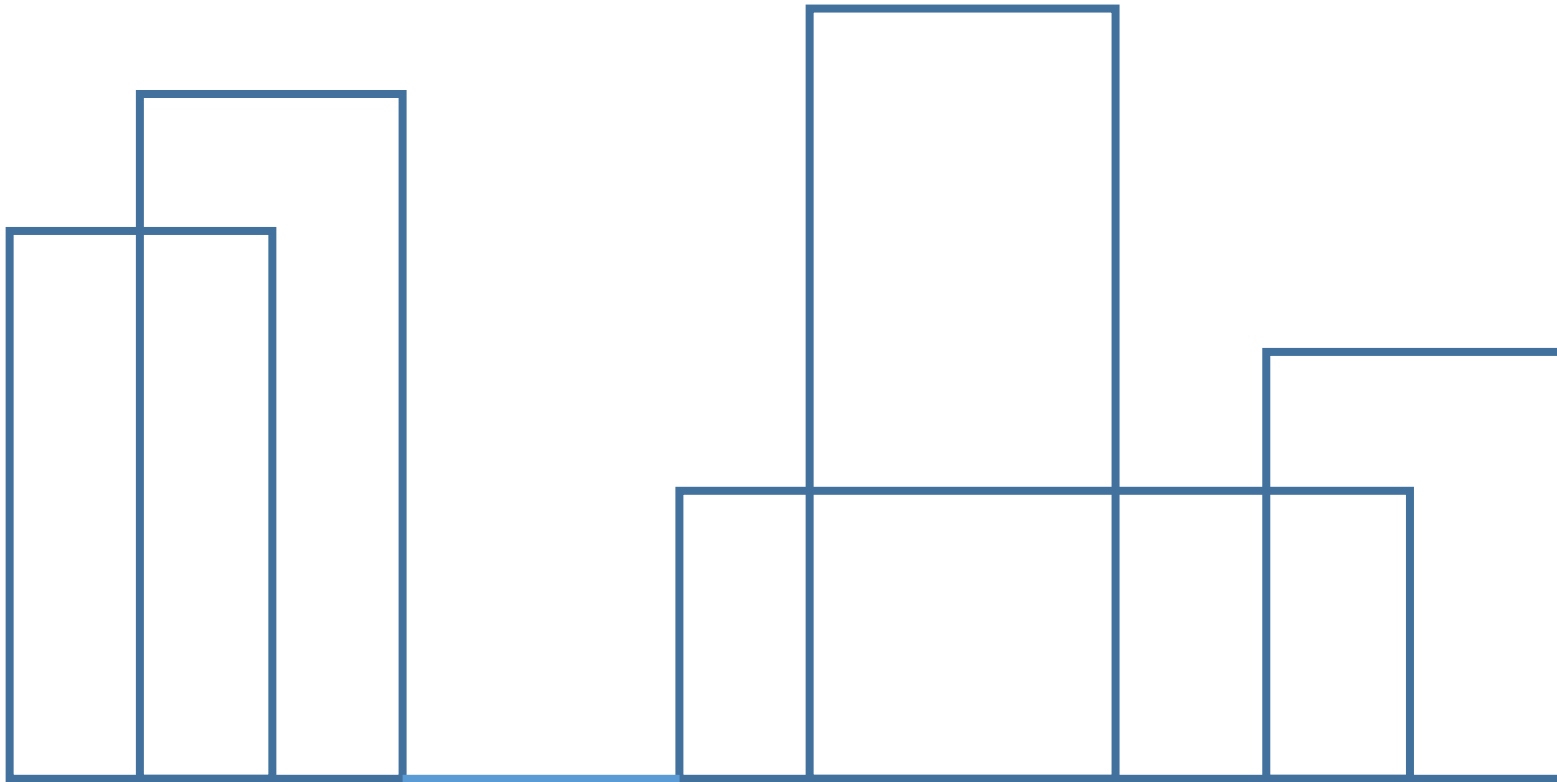
$\langle 15, 15, e \rangle$

$\langle 19, 8, s \rangle$

$\langle 20, 5, e \rangle$

$\langle 22, 8, e \rangle$

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm

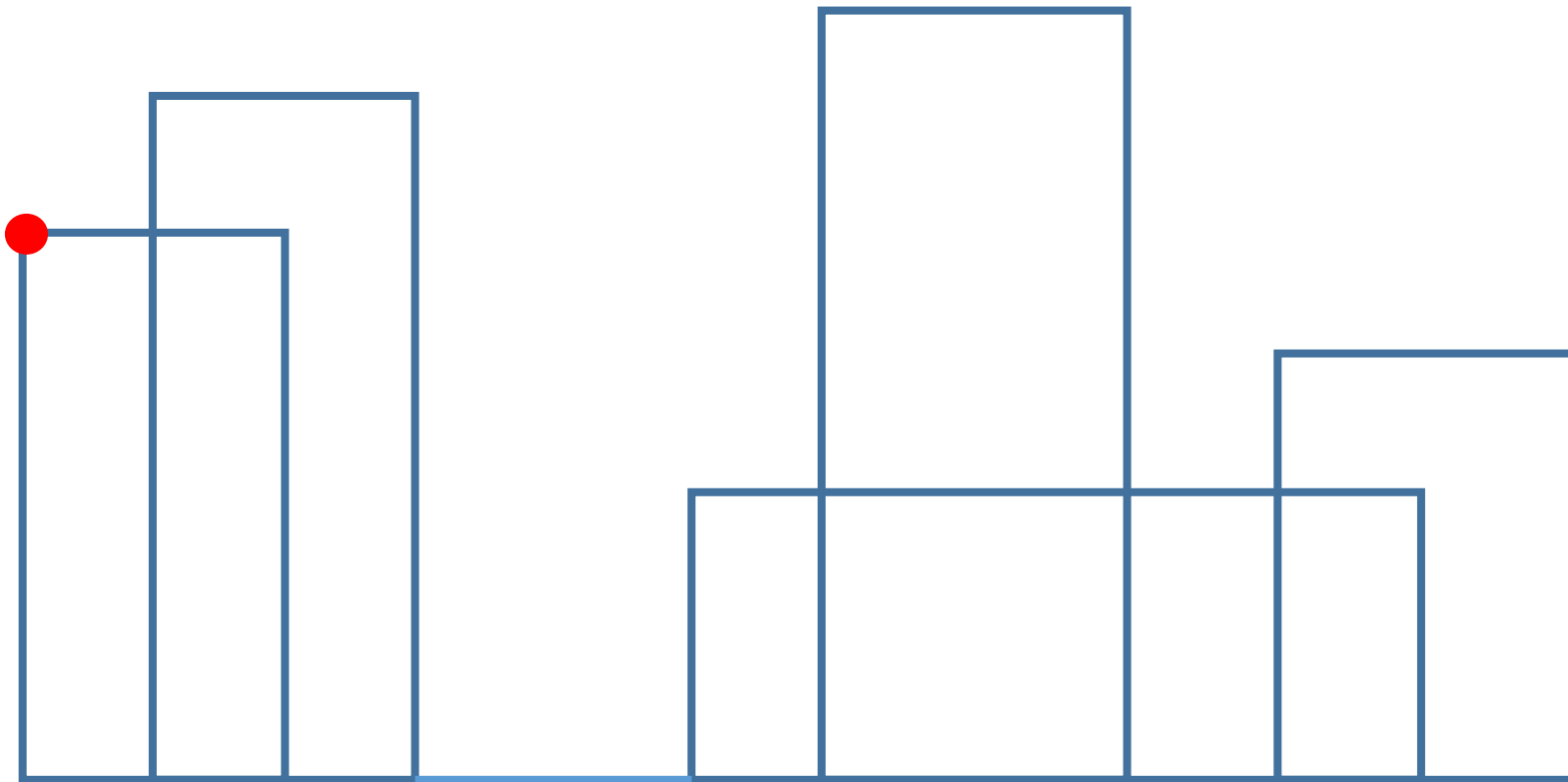


Maximum Height = 0 Heap = {0}

Scan the points  
from left to right,  
and insert/delete  
heights into/from  
Max-Heap as  
follows:

<3, 10, s>  
<5, 12, s>  
<7, 10, e>  
<9, 12, e>  
<12, 5, s>  
<13, 15, s>  
<15, 15, e>  
<19, 8, s>  
<20, 5, e>  
<22, 8, e>

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Start points are inserted into the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

<3, 10, s>

<5, 12, s>

<7, 10, e>

<9, 12, e>

<12, 5, s>

<13, 15, s>

<15, 15, e>

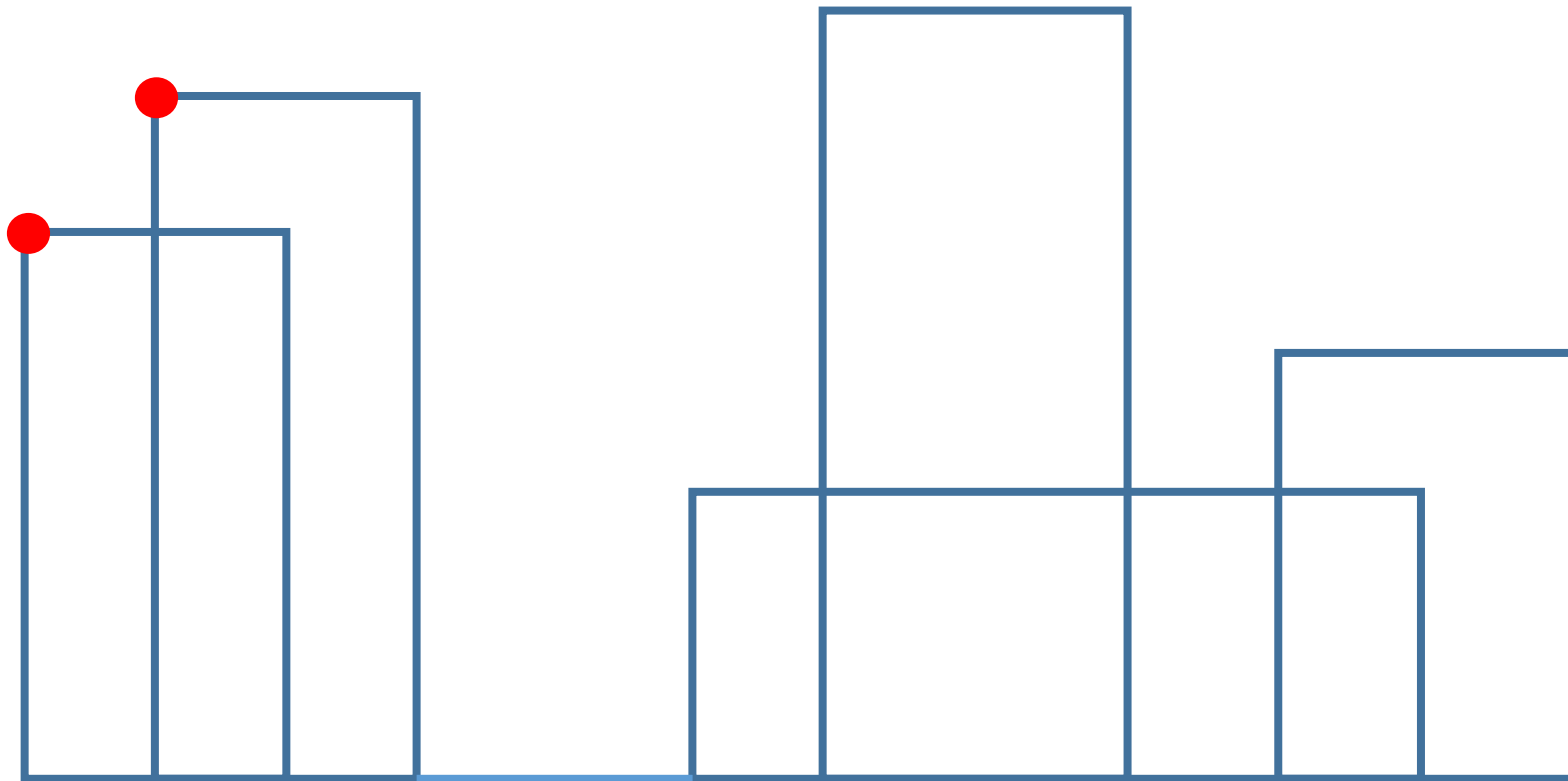
<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

<22, 8, e>



# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 12 Heap = {12, 10, 0} Point = (5, 12)

Start points are inserted into the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

<3, 10, s>

<5, 12, s>

<7, 10, e>

<9, 12, e>

<12, 5, s>

<13, 15, s>

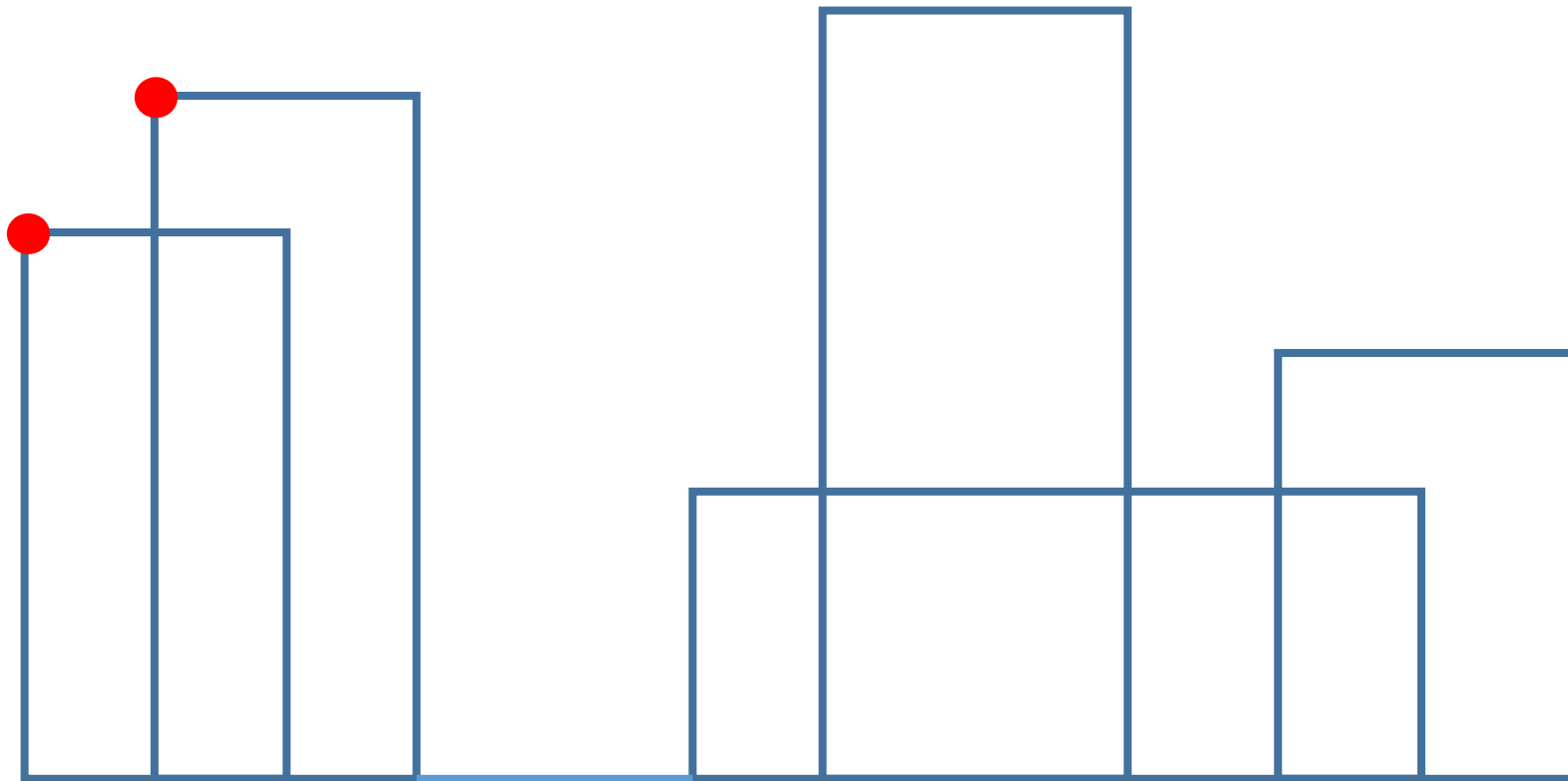
<15, 15, e>

<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

<22, 8, e>

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 12 Heap = {12, 0}

End points are deleted from the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

<3, 10, s>

<5, 12, s>

<7, 10, e>

<9, 12, e>

<12, 5, s>

<13, 15, s>

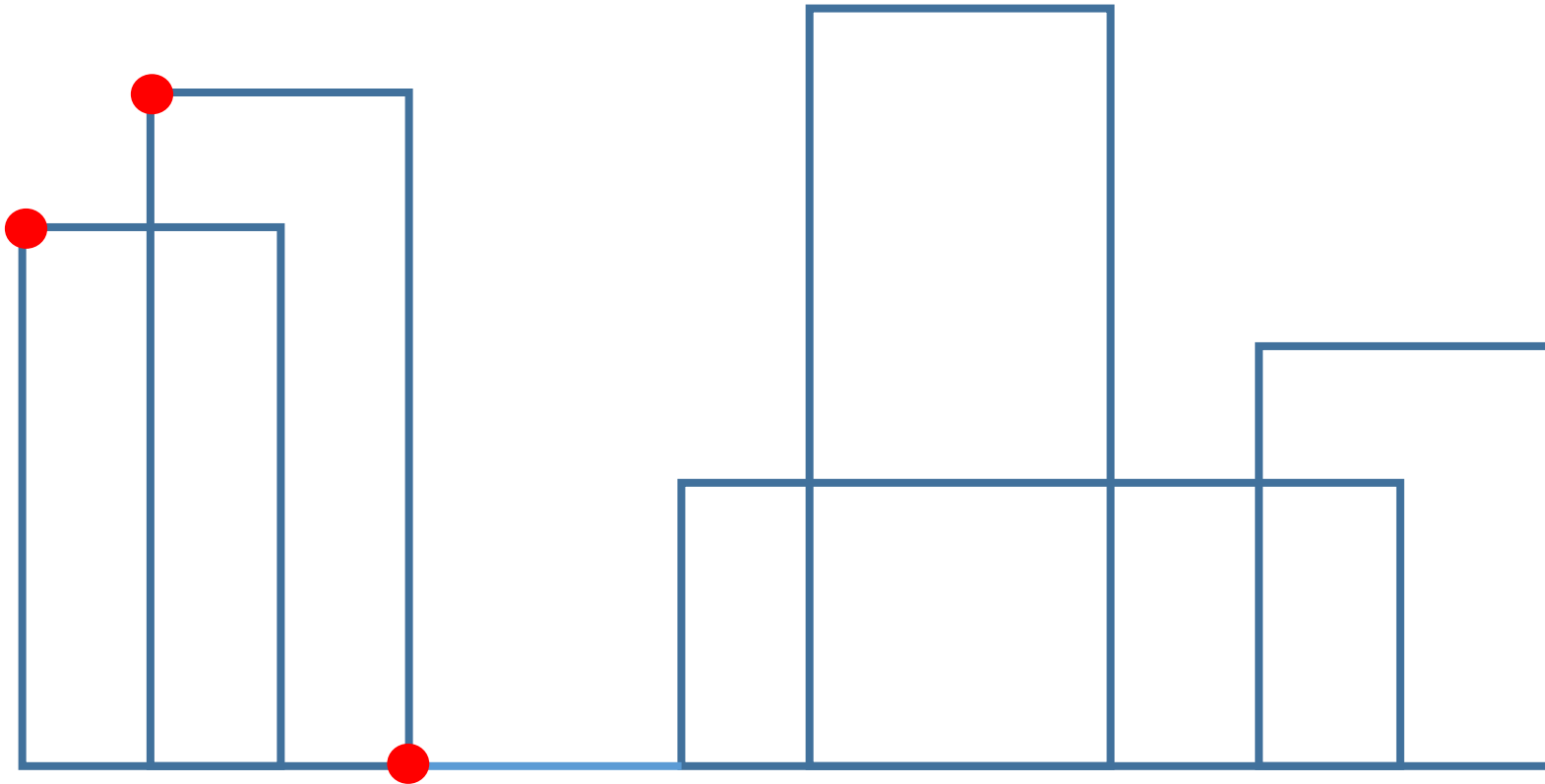
<15, 15, e>

<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

<22, 8, e>

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 0 Heap = {0} Point = (9, 0)

End points are deleted from the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

<3, 10, s>

<5, 12, s>

<7, 10, e>

<9, 12, e>

<12, 5, s>

<13, 15, s>

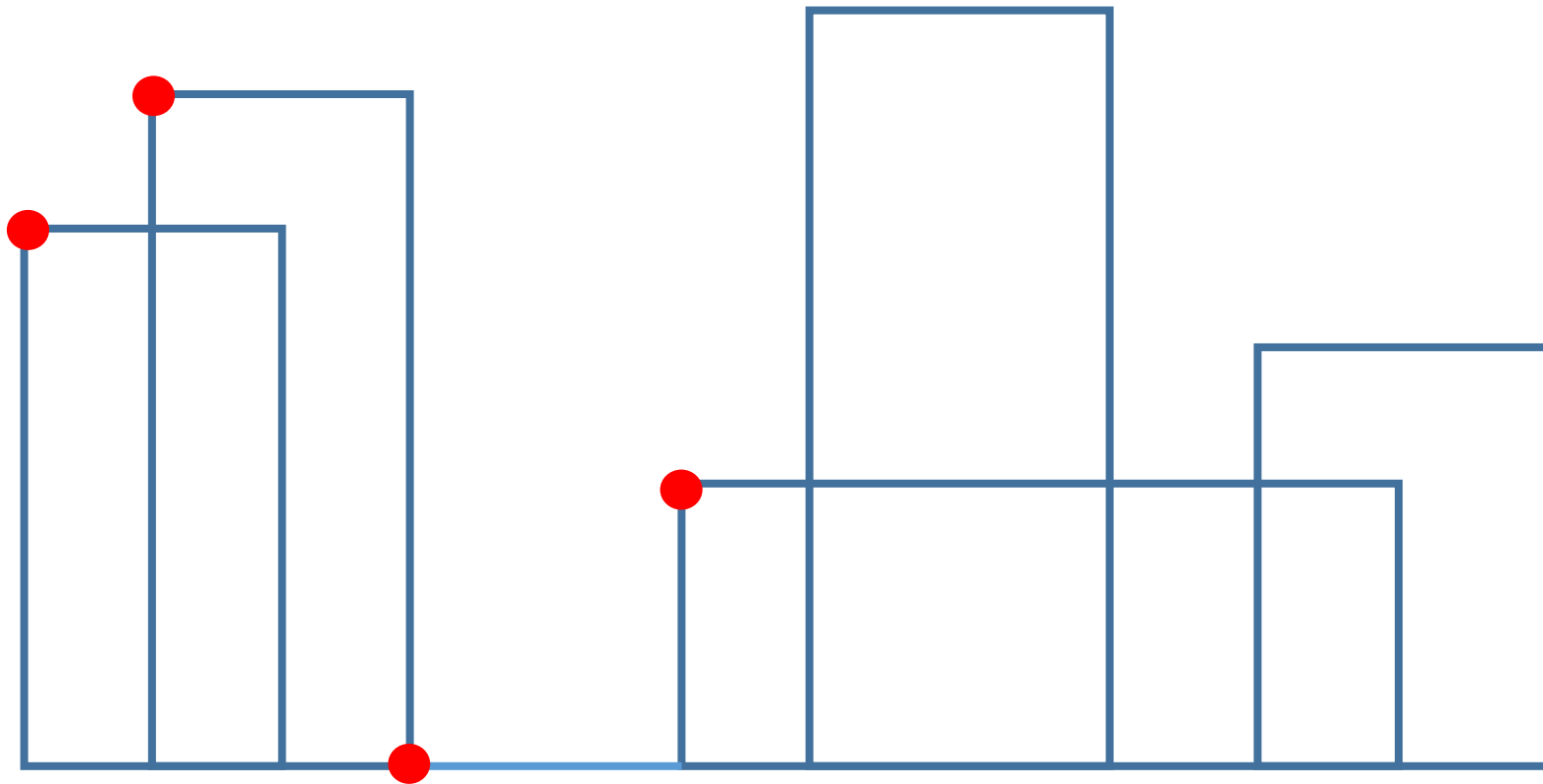
<15, 15, e>

<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

<22, 8, e>

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 5 Heap = {5, 0} Point = (12, 5)

Start points are inserted into the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

<3, 10, s>

<5, 12, s>

<7, 10, e>

<9, 12, e>

<12, 5, s>

<13, 15, s>

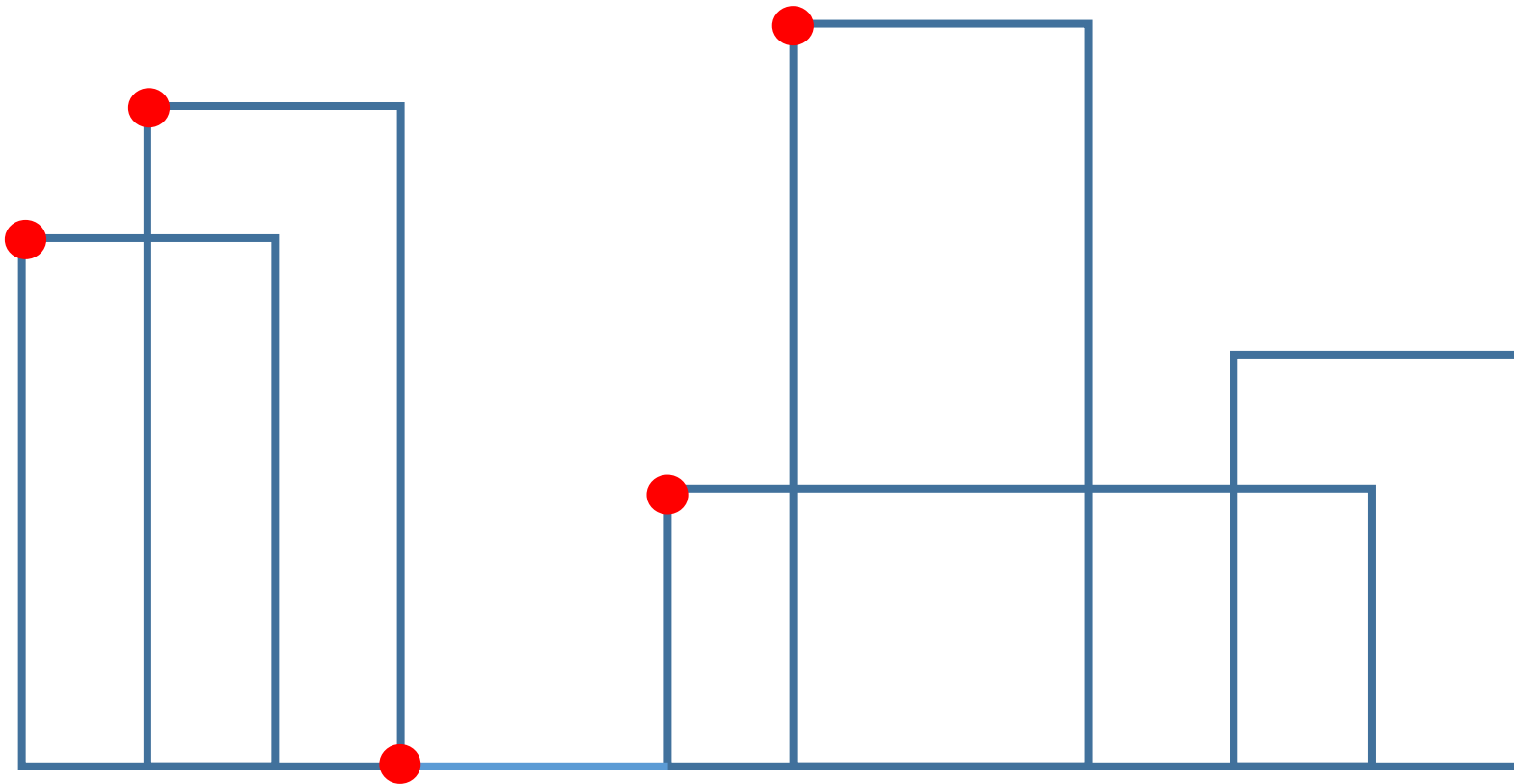
<15, 15, e>

<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

<22, 8, e>

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 15 Heap = {15, 5, 0} Point = (13, 15)

Start points are inserted into the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

<3, 10, s>

<5, 12, s>

<7, 10, e>

<9, 12, e>

<12, 5, s>

<13, 15, s>

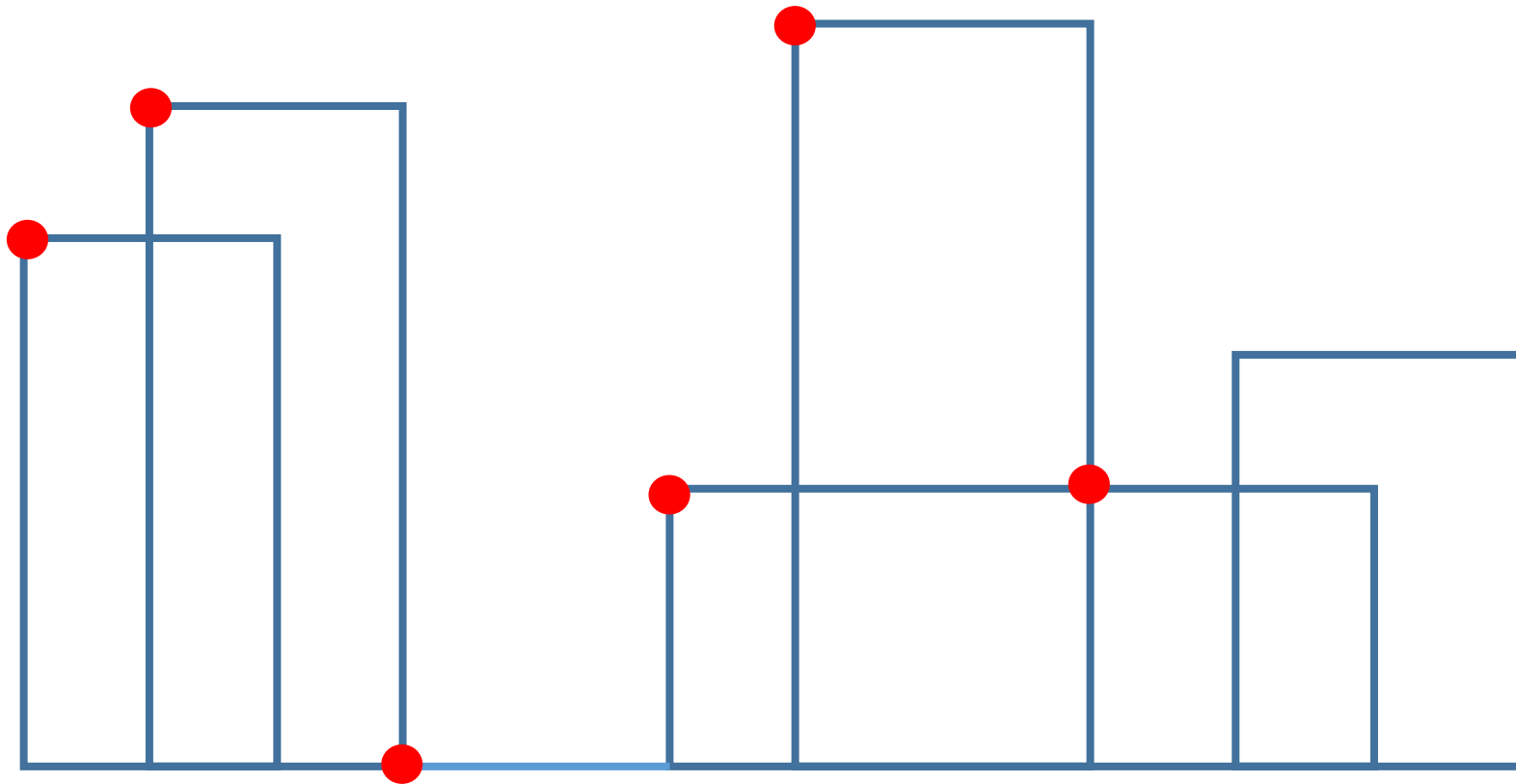
<15, 15, e>

<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

<22, 8, e>

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 5 Heap = {5, 0} Point = (15, 5)

End points are deleted from the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

 $\langle 3, 10, s \rangle$  $\langle 5, 12, s \rangle$ 

$\langle 7, 10, e \rangle$

$\langle 9, 12, e \rangle$

 $\langle 12, 5, s \rangle$  $\langle 13, 15, s \rangle$ 

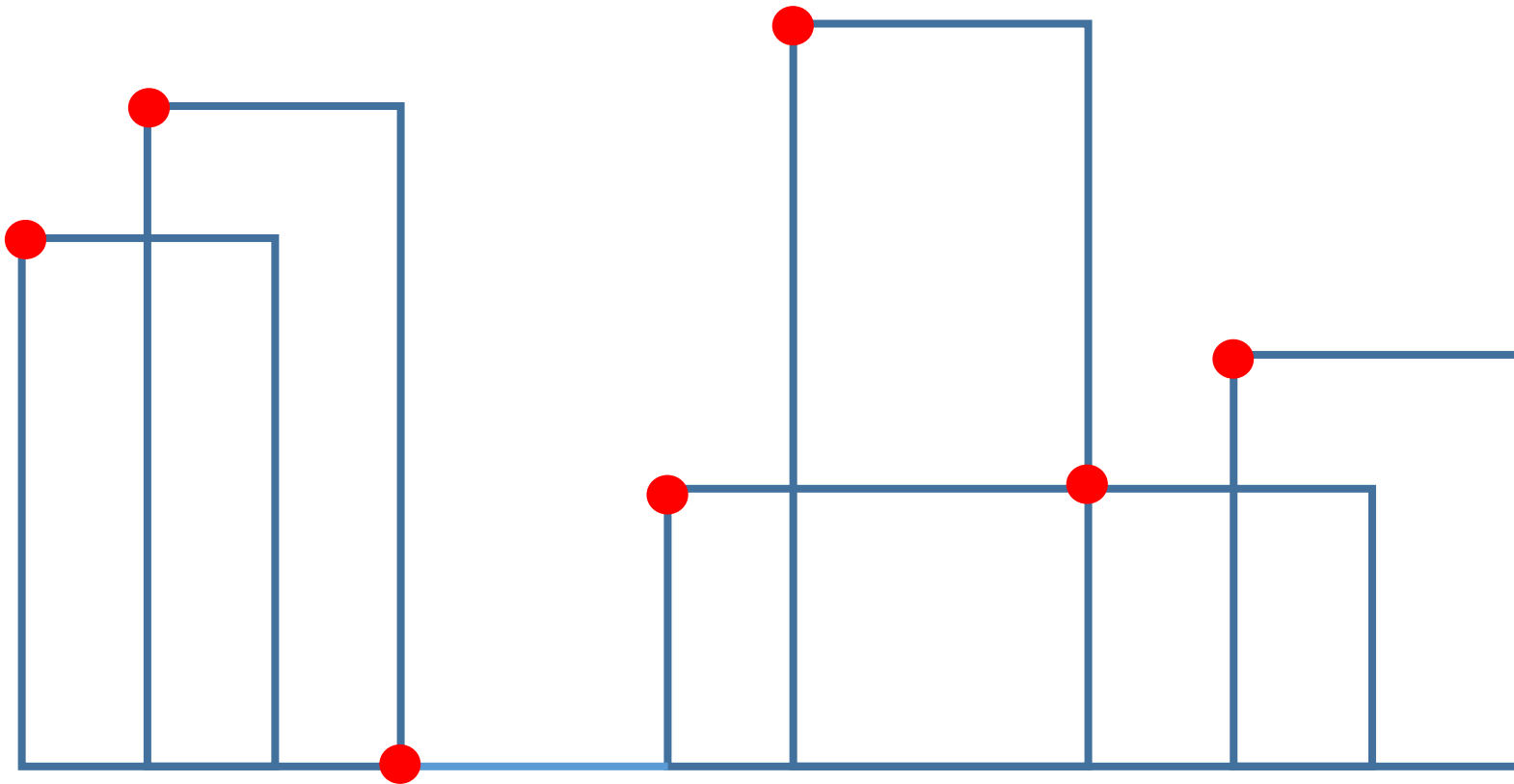
$\langle 15, 15, e \rangle$

<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

 $\langle 22, 8, e \rangle$

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 8 Heap = {8, 5, 0} Point = (19, 8)

Start points are inserted into the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

 $\langle 3, 10, s \rangle$  $\langle 5, 12, s \rangle$ 

$\langle 7, 10, e \rangle$

$\langle 9, 12, e \rangle$

 $\langle 12, 5, s \rangle$  $\langle 13, 15, s \rangle$ 

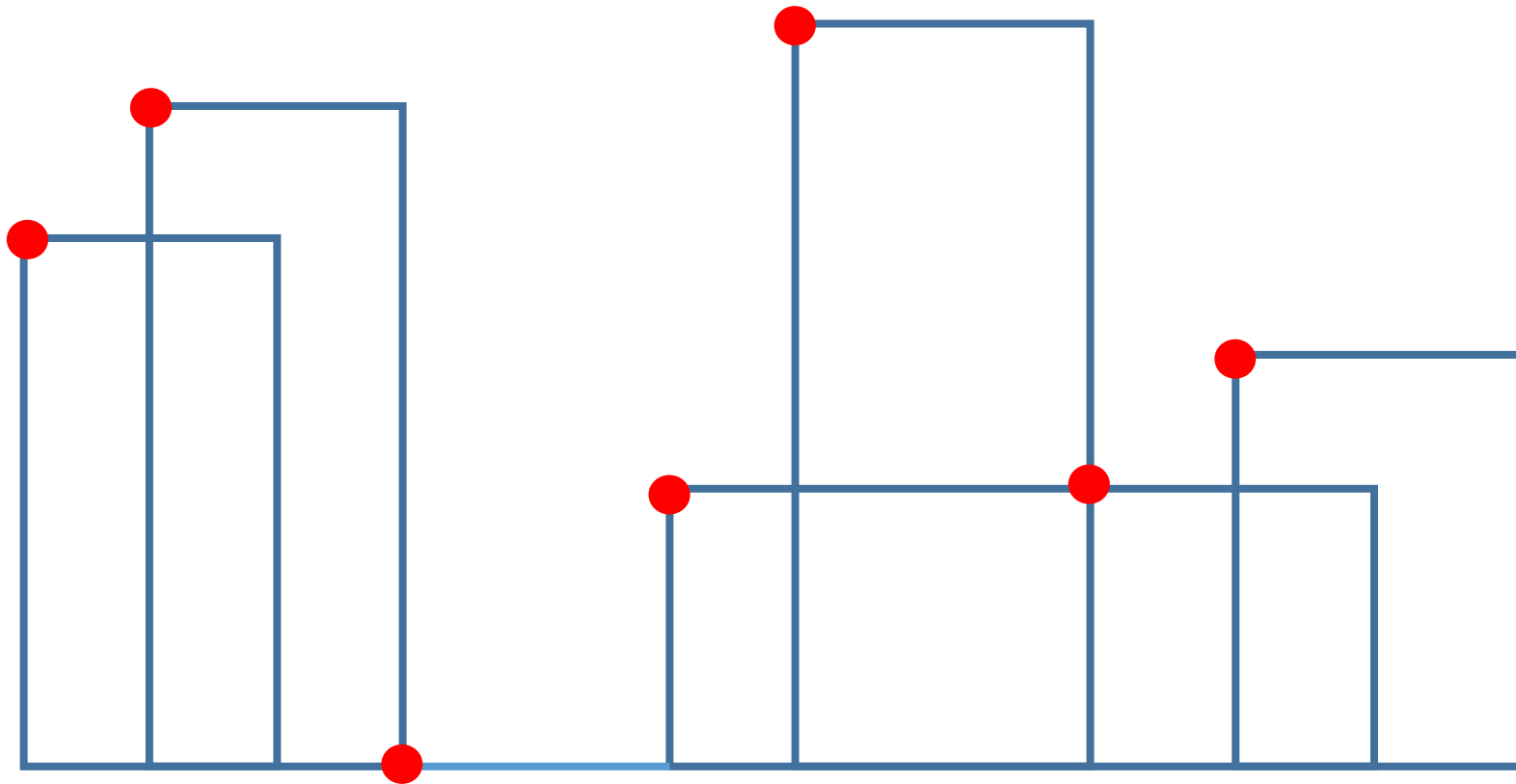
<15, 15, e>

$\langle 19, 8, s \rangle$

<20, 5, e>

 $\langle 22, 8, e \rangle$

# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 8 Heap = {8, 0}

End points are deleted from the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

 $\langle 3, 10, s \rangle$  $\langle 5, 12, s \rangle$ 

<7, 10, e>

$\langle 9, 12, e \rangle$

$\langle 12, 5, s \rangle$

 $\langle 13, 15, s \rangle$ 

<15, 15, e>

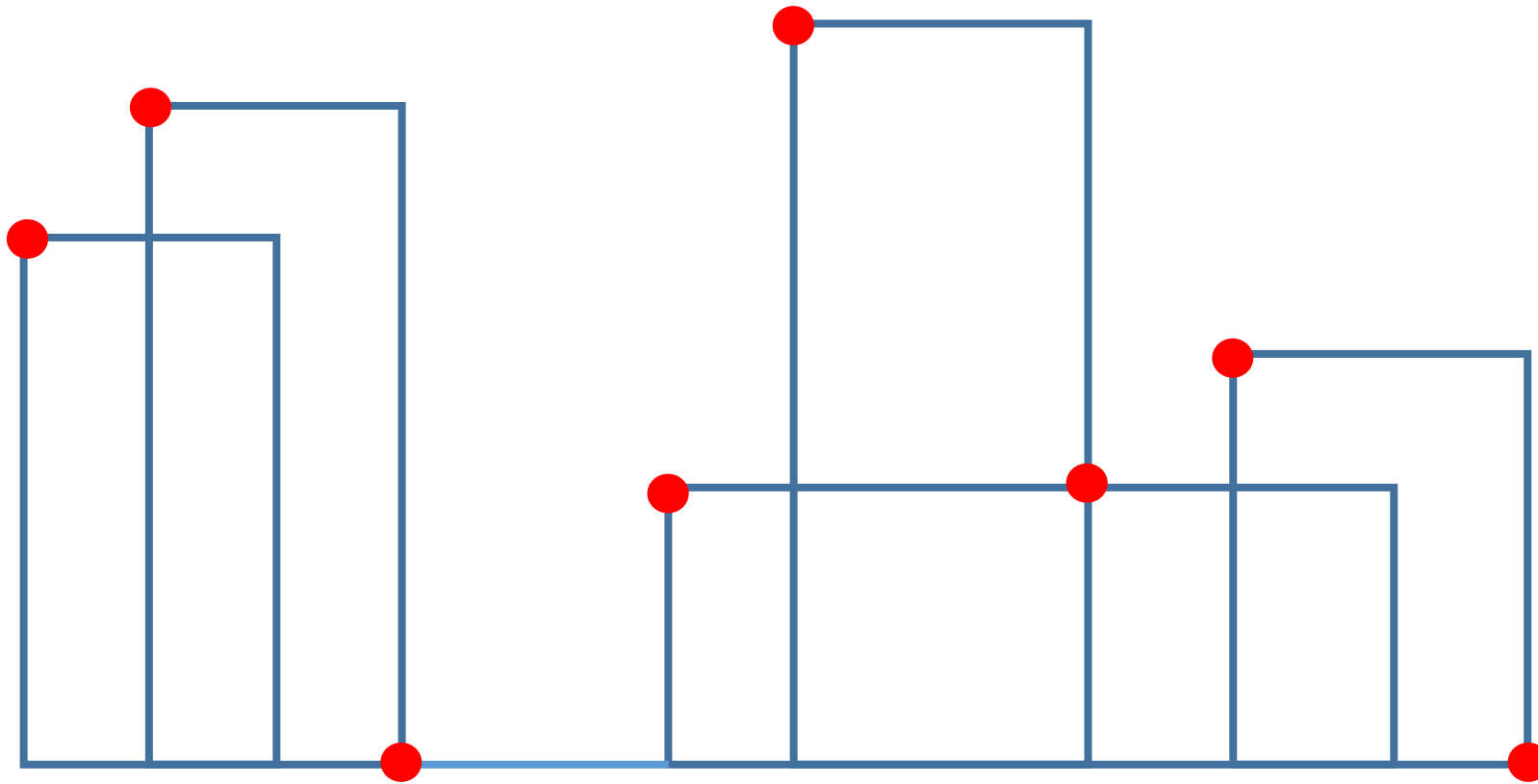
<19, 8, s>

$\langle 20, 5, e \rangle$

 $\langle 22, 8, e \rangle$



# Hidden Line Removal: Algorithm



Maximum Height = 0 Heap = {0} Point = (22, 0)

End points are deleted from the heap. If the maximum height changes, then the point belongs to the boundary

<3, 10, s>

<5, 12, s>

<7, 10, e>

<9, 12, e>

<12, 5, s>

<13, 15, s>

<15, 15, e>

<19, 8, s>

<20, 5, e>

<22, 8, e>

# Special Cases

