```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly
remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force remount=True).
!ls "/content/drive/My Drive"
'Colab Notebooks' 'Fixed Resume.pdf' 'M.Tech DA' Resume
Resume1.pdf
import pandas as pd
data=pd.read csv("/content/drive/My Drive/Colab
Notebooks/nursery.csv")
data
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"data\",\n \"rows\": 12960,\n \"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"parents\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num unique values\": 3,\n
                                   \"samples\": [\n
\"usual\",\n \"pretentious\",\n \"great_pret\"\n
],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
\"num_unique_values\": 5,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"less_proper\",\n \"very_crit\",\n
                                                        \"improper\"\n
],\n \"semantic type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
}\n },\n {\n \"column\":\"form\",\n \"properties\":
{\n \"dtype\":\"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\":
4,\n \"samples\":[\n \"completed\",\n
       \"samples": [\n \] \"completed", \n
\"foster\",\n \"complete\"\n ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
     },\n {\n \"column\": \"children\",\n \"properties\":
    \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\":
{\n \"dtype\": \"catego
4,\n \"samples\": [\n
                               \"2\",\n \\"more\",\n
\"1\"\n ],\n
                      \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"samples\":
[\n \"convenient\",\n \"less_conv\",\n
\"critical\"\n
                 ],\n
                                   \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\ensuremath{\mbox{"description}}: \ensuremath{\mbox{"\n}} \ensuremath{\mbox{n}} \ensuremath{\mbox{n}} \ensuremath{\mbox{N}}, \ensuremath{\mbox{n}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\lambda}} \ensuremath{\mbox{n}} \ensuremath{\mbox{"column}}:
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"social\",\n \"properties\":
{\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
3,\n \"samples\": [\n \"nonprob\",\n
\"slightly prob\"\n ],\n \"semantic_typ
           \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\":
                                       \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
```

```
\"health\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n
                                                            \"samples\":
            \"recommended\",\n
                                          \"priority\"\n
                                                                 ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n \\ ,\n \\"column\": \"final evaluation\",\n \\"properties\": \\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
                                                                 }\
\"num_unique_values\": 5,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"priority\",\n \"spec_prior\"\n
}\
     }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable name":"data"}
data.columns
Index(['parents', 'has nurs', 'form', 'children', 'housing',
'finance',
        'social', 'health', 'final evaluation'],
      dtype='object')
data["final evaluation"].unique()
array(['recommend', 'priority', 'not recom', 'very recom',
'spec prior'],
      dtype=object)
data['final evaluation'] = data['final
evaluation'].replace({'spec prior': 'recommend', 'very recom':
'recommend'})
data
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"data\",\n \"rows\": 12960,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"parents\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num unique values\": 3,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"usual\",\n \"pretentious\",\n \"great_pret\"\n
],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
\"num_unique_values\": 5,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"less_proper\",\n \"very_crit\",\n
                                                        \"improper\"\n
],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
}\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"form\",\n \"properties\":
          \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\":
{\n
4,\n \"samples\": [\n \"completed\",\n
\"foster\",\n \"complete\"\n
                                             ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"children\",\n \"properties\":
{\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_vaiues\:
4,\n \"samples\": [\n \"2\",\n \"more\",\n
\"1\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n {\n \"column\":
```

```
\"housing\",\n
                   \"properties\": {\n
                                            \"dtvpe\":
                     \"num unique values\": 3,\n
\"category\",\n
                                                        \"samples\":
                                      \"less conv\",\n
[\n
            \"convenient\",\n
\"critical\"\n
                                 \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
                ],\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                            }\n
                                  },\n
                                          {\n
                                                  \"column\":
                                             \"dtype\":
\"finance\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                      \"num unique values\": 2,\n
\"category\",\n
                                                        \"samples\":
[\n \"inconv\",\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                                  \"convenient\"\n
                                                          ],\n
                                 \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                             }\
    },\n {\n
                     \"column\": \"social\",\n
                                                   \"properties\":
          \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
                                           \"num unique values\":
{\n
                                     \"nonprob\",\n
3,\n
           \"samples\": [\n
                                    \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"slightly_prob\"\n
                          ],\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                                                   \"column\":
                           }\n
                                  },\n
                                          {\n
\"health\",\n
                \"properties\": {\n
                                            \"dtype\":
                     \"num unique values\": 3,\n
                                                        \"samples\":
\"category\",\n
                                       \"priority\"\n
[\n
            \"recommended\",\n
                                                             ],\n
                                                             }\
                                 \"description\": \"\"\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
    },\n {\n \"column\": \"final evaluation\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num unique values\": 3,\n
                                 \"samples\": [\n
\"recommend\\\",\n
                       \"priority\"\n
\"semantic type\": \"\",\n
                                \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                             }\
    }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"data"}
data["final evaluation"].unique()
array(['recommend', 'priority', 'not recom'], dtype=object)
MEAN=[]
VARIANCE=[]
```

#Task 1: Let's consider the classification problem in

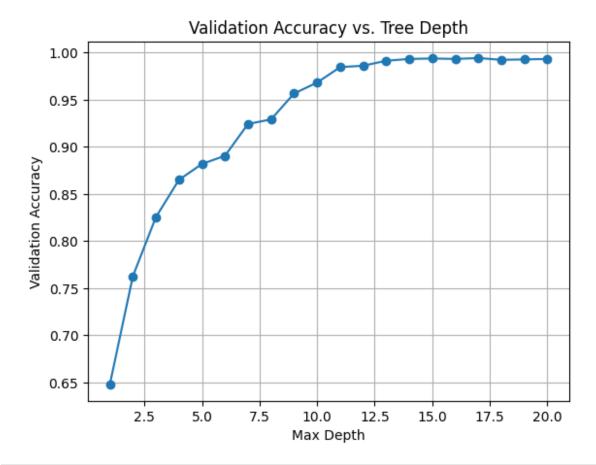
https://archive.ics.uci.edu/dataset/76/nursery, which is a 8-features, 3-classes dataset. It is mentioned in the link that the expected performance of over 90% accuracy (See Baseline Model Performance). Let's add the following model performance outcomes to the baselines, shall we?

- 1. Decision Tree (categorical features)
- 2. Decision Tree (categorical features in one-hot encoded form)
- 3. Logistic Regression with L1 regularization
- 4. k-Nearest Neighbors You are expected to split the data into train, val & test. Use the val partition to tune the hyperparameters such as (but not limited to) k of kNN, height of DT, or lambda of L1 reg. Remember, there are several other hyper parameters. Report the performance of the test-data. Create a similar visualization with 9 methods now, with your additional 4 methods. The plot shows the mean and variance, FYI. Use a suitable visualization method to get them. You may wonder; to compute variance, you need more than 2 samples. Right. Repeat this task 5 times to get the mean and variance.:)
- 1. Decision Tree (categorical features)

```
df=data
df['parents'] = df['parents'].astype('category')
df['has nurs'] = df['has nurs'].astype('category')
df['form'] = df['form'].astype('category')
df['children'] = df['children'].astype('category')
df['housing'] = df['housing'].astype('category')
df['finance'] = df['finance'].astype('category')
df['social'] = df['social'].astype('category')
df['health'] = df['health'].astype('category')
df['final evaluation'] = df['final evaluation'].astype('category')
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
y=df["final evaluation"]
 {"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"X\",\n \"rows\": 12960,\n \"fields\":
[\n {\n \column\": \parents\",\n \"properties\": {\n \column\"}}
\"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"usual\",\n \"pretentious\",\n \"great_pret\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\n }\n {\n \"column\": \"has_nurs\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 5,\n \"samples\": \"\n \"\"\n \"\"\n \"\"\n \"\"\n \"\"\n \"\"\n \"\"\n \\"\n \\\"\n \\"\n \
[\n \"less_proper\",\n \"very_crit\",\n
\"improper\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",
                                                                             \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
\"form\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num unique values\": 4,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"completed\",\n \"foster\",\n \"complete\"\n
],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
}\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"children\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"Calegory\,\\\
\"num_unique_values\": 4,\n \"samples\": [\n \"2\",\n \"more\",\n \"1\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"housing\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"column\": \"housing\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n \"samples\":
[\n \"convenient\",\n \"less_conv\",\n
\"critical\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\"
                                                                             \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"social\",\n \"properties\":
                         \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\":
{\n
               \"dtype\": \ category\ ,\"\
\"samples\": [\n\\"nonprob\",\n\
htlv prob\"\n\],\n\\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
3,\n
\"slightly_prob\"\n
```

```
\"description\": \"\"\n
                                  },\n {\n \"column\":
                            }\n
\"health\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                           \"dtvpe\":
\"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n
                                                         \"samples\":
            \"recommended\",\n
                                        \"priority\"\n
[\n
                                                              ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                              }\
    }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"X"}
У
0
         recommend
1
         priority
2
         not recom
3
         recommend
4
         priority
12955
         recommend
12956
         not recom
12957
         recommend
12958
         recommend
12959
         not recom
Name: final evaluation, Length: 12960, dtype: category
Categories (3, object): ['not_recom', 'priority', 'recommend']
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report,
ConfusionMatrixDisplay
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
label encoder = LabelEncoder()
X encoded = X.apply(label encoder.fit transform)
y encoded = label encoder.fit transform(y)
X train, X test, y train, y test=train test split(X encoded, y encoded, tes
t size=0.2, random state=355)
X_train,X_validation,y_train,y_validation=train test split(X train,y t
rain,test size=0.2,random state=355)
depths = range(1, 21)
validation score = []
for depth in depths:
    model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max depth=depth,
criterion="entropy")
    model.fit(X train, y train)
    validation predict = model.predict(X validation)
    validation score.append(accuracy score(y validation,
```

```
validation predict))
plt.plot(depths, validation score, marker='o')
plt.xlabel("Max Depth")
plt.ylabel("Validation Accuracy")
plt.title("Validation Accuracy vs. Tree Depth")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
best depth = depths[validation score.index(max(validation score))]
best model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max depth=best depth,
criterion="entropy", random_state=42)
best_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y pred = best model.predict(X test)
print("\nBest Max Depth:", best depth)
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(accuracy score(y test, y pred))
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
MEAN.append(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
VARIANCE.append(0.1)
```



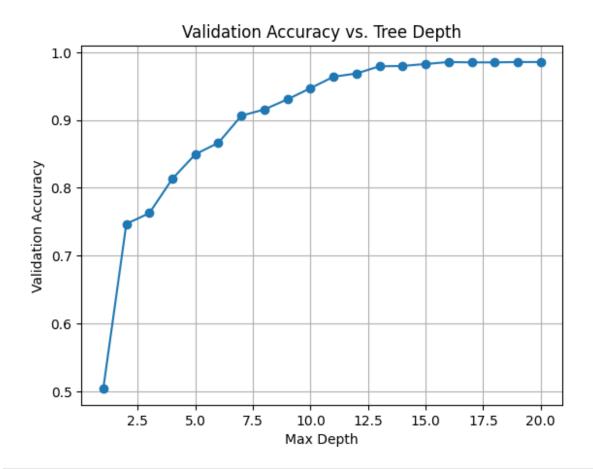
Best Max Depth: 17
Classification Report: 0.9926697530864198
precision recall f1-score support
0 1.00 1.00 1.00 830
1 0.98 1.00 0.99 852
2 1.00 0.98 0.99 910
accuracy 0.99 2592
macro avg 0.99 0.99 0.99 2592
weighted avg 0.99 0.99 0.99 2592
ggg

1. Decision Tree (categorical features in one-hot encoded form)

```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
y=df["final evaluation"]
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report,
ConfusionMatrixDisplay
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
import numpy as np
encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False, drop='first')
X encoded = encoder.fit transform(X)
X encoded df = pd.DataFrame(X encoded,
columns=encoder.get feature names out())
X = X encoded df
y = y.astype('category').cat.codes
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X_train, X_validation, y_train, y_validation =
train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.2, random_state=355)
depths = range(1, 21)
validation scores = []
for depth in depths:
    model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max depth=depth,
criterion="entropy", random state=42)
    model.fit(X train, y train)
    validation predict = model.predict(X validation)
    validation scores.append(accuracy score(y validation,
validation predict))
plt.plot(depths, validation scores, marker='o')
plt.xlabel("Max Depth")
plt.ylabel("Validation Accuracy")
plt.title("Validation Accuracy vs. Tree Depth")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
best depth = depths[validation scores.index(max(validation scores))]
best model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max depth=best depth,
criterion="entropy", random state=42)
best model.fit(X train, y train)
y pred = best model.predict(X test)
print("\nBest Max Depth:", best depth)
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(accuracy score(y test, y pred))
print(classification report(y test, y pred))
```

```
kf = KFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True, random state=355)
accuracy scores = []
for train index, validation index in kf.split(X):
    X train fold, X validation fold = X.iloc[train index],
X.iloc[validation index]
    y train fold, y validation fold = y.iloc[train index],
v.iloc[validation index]
    y pred fold = best model.predict(X validation fold)
    accuracy = accuracy score(y validation fold, y pred fold)
    accuracy scores.append(accuracy)
mean_accuracy = np.mean(accuracy_scores)
variance accuracy = np.var(accuracy scores)
print("\nAccuracy Scores for each fold:", accuracy scores)
print("Mean Accuracy:", mean accuracy)
print("Variance of Accuracy:", variance accuracy)
MEAN.append(mean accuracy)
VARIANCE.append(variance accuracy)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
_encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to `sparse_output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
`sparse output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
  warnings.warn(
```



Best Max Depth: 16

Classification Report: 0.9822530864197531

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	830
1	0.96	0.98	0.97	852
2	0.98	0.97	0.97	910
accuracy			0.98	2592
macro avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	2592
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	2592

Accuracy Scores for each fold: [0.9822530864197531,

0.996527777777778, 0.9972993827160493, 0.9972993827160493,

0.9969135802469136]

Mean Accuracy: 0.9940586419753087

Variance of Accuracy: 3.4924649443682365e-05

1. Logistic Regression with L1 regularization

```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
y=df["final evaluation"]
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import
accuracy score, ConfusionMatrixDisplay, classification report
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
encoder=OneHotEncoder(sparse=False,drop='first')
X encoded=encoder.fit transform(X)
X=pd.DataFrame(X encoded,columns=encoder.get feature names out())
y=y.astype('category').cat.codes
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X_train, X_validation, y_train, y_validation =
train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.2, random state=355)
param grid={
    'C':[0.01,0.1,1,10,100],
    'solver': ['liblinear', 'saga']
}
model=LogisticRegression(penalty='l1', random state=355)
gridsearch=GridSearchCV(model,param grid,cv=5,scoring='accuracy',n job
S = -1
gridsearch.fit(X validation,y validation)
print()
print("Best parameters", gridsearch.best params )
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to
sparse output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
`sparse output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
 warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/joblib/externals/loky/backend/
fork_exec.py:38: RuntimeWarning: os.fork() was called. os.fork() is
incompatible with multithreaded code, and JAX is multithreaded, so
this will likely lead to a deadlock.
  pid = os.fork()
Best parameters {'C': 10, 'solver': 'liblinear'}
```

```
model=gridsearch.best estimator
model
LogisticRegression(C=10, penalty='l1', random state=355,
solver='liblinear')
v predict=model.predict(X test)
print("Accuracy Score:",accuracy score(y predict,y test))
print("Classification
report:",classification_report(y_predict,y test))
Accuracy Score: 0.9185956790123457
                                     precision recall f1-score
Classification report:
support
           0
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                  830
           1
                   0.88
                             0.87
                                       0.88
                                                  861
           2
                   0.88
                             0.89
                                       0.88
                                                  901
                                       0.92
                                                 2592
    accuracy
   macro avg
                   0.92
                             0.92
                                       0.92
                                                 2592
weighted avg
                   0.92
                             0.92
                                       0.92
                                                 2592
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
kf = KFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True, random state=355)
accuracy scores = []
for train index, validation index in kf.split(X):
    X train fold, X validation fold = X.iloc[train index],
X.iloc[validation index]
    y train fold, y validation fold = y.iloc[train index],
y.iloc[validation index]
    y pred fold = model.predict(X validation fold)
    accuracy = accuracy score(y validation fold, y pred fold)
    accuracy scores.append(accuracy)
mean accuracy = np.mean(accuracy scores)
variance accuracy = np.var(accuracy scores)
print("\nAccuracy Scores for each fold:", accuracy scores)
print("Mean Accuracy:", mean_accuracy)
print("Variance of Accuracy:", variance_accuracy)
MEAN.append(mean accuracy)
VARIANCE.append(variance accuracy)
Accuracy Scores for each fold: [0.9185956790123457,
```

```
0.9070216049382716, 0.9189814814814815, 0.91666666666666666,
0.9147376543209876]
Mean Accuracy: 0.9152006172839506
Variance of Accuracy: 1.9016251333638433e-05
```

1. k-Nearest Neighbors

```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
v=df["final evaluation"]
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.metrics import
accuracy score, ConfusionMatrixDisplay, classification report
# onehot encoding
encoder=OneHotEncoder(sparse=False,drop='first')
X encoded=encoder.fit transform(X)
X=pd.DataFrame(X encoded,columns=encoder.get feature names out())
y=y.astype('category').cat.codes
# train test split
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X train, X validation, y train, y validation =
train_test_split(X_train, y train, test size=0.2, random state=355)
param grid={
    'n neighbors':[3,5,7,9,11],
    'weights':['uniform','distance']
}
knn=KNeighborsClassifier()
gridsearch=GridSearchCV(knn,param grid,scoring='accuracy',n jobs=-1)
gridsearch.fit(X validation,y validation)
print()
print("Best Parameters:",gridsearch.best params )
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
_encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to `sparse_output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
`sparse output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
  warnings.warn(
```

```
Best Parameters: {'n neighbors': 11, 'weights': 'distance'}
model=gridsearch.best estimator
model
KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=11, weights='distance')
y predict=model.predict(X test)
print("Accuracy Score:",accuracy_score(y_predict,y_test))
print("Classification
report:",classification report(y predict,y test))
Accuracy Score: 0.8603395061728395
Classification report:
                                     precision
                                                   recall f1-score
support
           0
                   0.96
                             0.95
                                       0.96
                                                  842
           1
                   0.82
                                                   878
                             0.80
                                       0.81
           2
                   0.80
                             0.84
                                       0.82
                                                  872
                                       0.86
                                                  2592
    accuracy
                                                  2592
   macro avg
                   0.86
                             0.86
                                       0.86
weighted avg
                             0.86
                                       0.86
                                                  2592
                   0.86
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
kf = KFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True, random state=355)
accuracy scores = []
for train index, validation index in kf.split(X):
    X train fold, X validation fold = X.iloc[train index],
X.iloc[validation_index]
    y train fold, y validation fold = y.iloc[train index],
y.iloc[validation index]
    y pred fold = model.predict(X validation fold)
    accuracy = accuracy_score(y_validation_fold, y_pred_fold)
    accuracy scores.append(accuracy)
mean accuracy = np.mean(accuracy scores)
variance accuracy = np.var(accuracy scores)
print("\nAccuracy Scores for each fold:", accuracy scores)
print("Mean Accuracy:", mean_accuracy)
print("Variance of Accuracy:", variance_accuracy)
MEAN.append(mean accuracy)
VARIANCE.append(variance accuracy)
```

```
Accuracy Scores for each fold: [0.8603395061728395, 0.8811728395061729, 0.8915895061728395, 0.8931327160493827, 0.8846450617283951]

Mean Accuracy: 0.8821759259259258

Variance of Accuracy: 0.00013851975689681455
```

Baseline Line Model

1. Logistic Regression

```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
y=df["final evaluation"]
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import
accuracy score, ConfusionMatrixDisplay, classification report
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
# onehot encoding
encoder=OneHotEncoder(sparse=False,drop='first')
X encoded=encoder.fit transform(X)
X=pd.DataFrame(X encoded,columns=encoder.get feature names out())
y=y.astype('category').cat.codes
# train test split
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X_train, X_validation, y_train, y_validation =
train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.2, random state=355)
param grid={
    \overline{C}: [0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100],
    'solver': ['liblinear', 'saga']
}
model=LogisticRegression(penalty='l2', random state=355)
gridsearch=GridSearchCV(model,param grid,cv=5,scoring='accuracy',n job
s=-1)
gridsearch.fit(X validation,y validation)
```

```
print()
print("Best parameters",gridsearch.best params )
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
_encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to `sparse_output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
`sparse output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
  warnings.warn(
Best parameters {'C': 10, 'solver': 'saga'}
model=gridsearch.best estimator
model
LogisticRegression(C=10, random state=355, solver='saga')
y predict=model.predict(X test)
print("Accuracy Score:",accuracy_score(y_predict,y_test))
print("Classification
report:",classification report(y predict,y test))
Accuracy Score: 0.9185956790123457
Classification report:
                                       precision
                                                     recall f1-score
support
                    1.00
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                     830
           0
                              0.87
           1
                    0.88
                                         0.88
                                                     861
                    0.88
                              0.89
                                         0.88
                                                     901
                                         0.92
                                                    2592
    accuracy
   macro avg
                    0.92
                              0.92
                                         0.92
                                                    2592
weighted avg
                    0.92
                              0.92
                                         0.92
                                                    2592
kf = KFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True, random state=355)
accuracy_scores = []
for train index, validation index in kf.split(X):
    X train fold, X validation fold = X.iloc[train index],
X.iloc[validation index]
    y train fold, y validation fold = y.iloc[train index],
y.iloc[validation index]
    y pred fold = model.predict(X validation fold)
    accuracy = accuracy score(y validation fold, y pred fold)
    accuracy scores.append(accuracy)
mean accuracy = np.mean(accuracy scores)
variance accuracy = np.var(accuracy scores)
```

1. Neural Network Classification

```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
y=df["final evaluation"]
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
encoder=OneHotEncoder(sparse=False,drop='first')
X encoded=encoder.fit transform(X)
X=pd.DataFrame(X encoded,columns=encoder.get feature names out())
y=y.astype('category').cat.codes
# train test split
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X_train, X_validation, y_train, y_validation =
train test split(X train, y train, test size=0.2, random state=355)
scaler = StandardScaler()
X train = scaler.fit transform(X train)
X test = scaler.transform(X test)
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(16, input shape=(X train.shape[1],),
activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(3, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
```

```
loss='sparse categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(X train, y train, epochs=100,
validation split=0.2, verbose=2)
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X test, y test, verbose=2)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {accuracy * 100:.2f}%")
v pred = model.predict(X test)
y_pred_classes = y_pred.argmax(axis=1)
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification report(y test, y pred classes))
acc=accuracy * 100
MEAN.append(acc)
VARIANCE.append(0.1)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to
`sparse_output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4. `sparse_output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
  warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py
:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to
a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)`
object as the first layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwargs)
Epoch 1/100
208/208 - 3s - 13ms/step - accuracy: 0.5797 - loss: 0.9064 -
val accuracy: 0.7239 - val loss: 0.7135
Epoch 2/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.8309 - loss: 0.5130 -
val accuracy: 0.8855 - val loss: 0.3668
Epoch 3/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.9014 - loss: 0.3125 -
val accuracy: 0.9066 - val loss: 0.2894
Epoch 4/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.9188 - loss: 0.2544 -
val_accuracy: 0.9253 - val loss: 0.2418
Epoch 5/100
208/208 - 1s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9314 - loss: 0.2154 -
val accuracy: 0.9343 - val loss: 0.2091
Epoch 6/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9408 - loss: 0.1889 -
val_accuracy: 0.9476 - val_loss: 0.1818
Epoch 7/100
```

```
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9460 - loss: 0.1689 -
val accuracy: 0.9548 - val loss: 0.1635
Epoch 8/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9509 - loss: 0.1514 -
val accuracy: 0.9566 - val loss: 0.1482
Epoch 9/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9563 - loss: 0.1356 -
val accuracy: 0.9608 - val loss: 0.1306
Epoch 10/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9581 - loss: 0.1204 -
val accuracy: 0.9632 - val loss: 0.1111
Epoch 11/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9637 - loss: 0.1034 -
val accuracy: 0.9693 - val loss: 0.0953
Epoch 12/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9685 - loss: 0.0882 -
val accuracy: 0.9777 - val loss: 0.0795
Epoch 13/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9759 - loss: 0.0757 -
val accuracy: 0.9783 - val loss: 0.0687
Epoch 14/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9786 - loss: 0.0664 -
val_accuracy: 0.9807 - val loss: 0.0594
Epoch 15/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9836 - loss: 0.0576 -
val accuracy: 0.9867 - val loss: 0.0515
Epoch 16/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9858 - loss: 0.0524 -
val accuracy: 0.9898 - val loss: 0.0436
Epoch 17/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9878 - loss: 0.0460 -
val accuracy: 0.9873 - val loss: 0.0407
Epoch 18/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9887 - loss: 0.0412 -
val accuracy: 0.9892 - val loss: 0.0358
Epoch 19/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9901 - loss: 0.0372 -
val accuracy: 0.9934 - val loss: 0.0310
Epoch 20/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9923 - loss: 0.0333 -
val accuracy: 0.9940 - val loss: 0.0273
Epoch 21/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9923 - loss: 0.0301 -
val accuracy: 0.9916 - val loss: 0.0259
Epoch 22/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.9935 - loss: 0.0275 -
val accuracy: 0.9964 - val loss: 0.0224
Epoch 23/100
208/208 - 1s - 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9941 - loss: 0.0245 -
```

```
val accuracy: 0.9964 - val loss: 0.0204
Epoch 24/100
208/208 - 1s - 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.9950 - loss: 0.0217 -
val accuracy: 0.9982 - val loss: 0.0177
Epoch 25/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.9956 - loss: 0.0197 -
val accuracy: 0.9976 - val loss: 0.0160
Epoch 26/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.9970 - loss: 0.0169 -
val accuracy: 0.9970 - val loss: 0.0151
Epoch 27/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9977 - loss: 0.0157 -
val accuracy: 0.9982 - val loss: 0.0129
Epoch 28/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9985 - loss: 0.0136 -
val_accuracy: 0.9976 - val loss: 0.0125
Epoch 29/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9980 - loss: 0.0123 -
val accuracy: 0.9982 - val loss: 0.0100
Epoch 30/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9985 - loss: 0.0107 -
val accuracy: 0.9976 - val loss: 0.0095
Epoch 31/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9989 - loss: 0.0093 -
val accuracy: 0.9988 - val loss: 0.0086
Epoch 32/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9989 - loss: 0.0086 -
val accuracy: 0.9994 - val loss: 0.0075
Epoch 33/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9997 - loss: 0.0073 -
val accuracy: 0.9994 - val loss: 0.0065
Epoch 34/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9992 - loss: 0.0068 -
val accuracy: 0.9988 - val loss: 0.0062
Epoch 35/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9997 - loss: 0.0058 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0051
Epoch 36/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9998 - loss: 0.0050 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0052
Epoch 37/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9998 - loss: 0.0045 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0044
Epoch 38/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9998 - loss: 0.0037 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0047
Epoch 39/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9997 - loss: 0.0035 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0039
```

```
Epoch 40/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9998 - loss: 0.0031 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0034
Epoch 41/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0027 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0031
Epoch 42/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0024 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0027
Epoch 43/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0021 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0026
Epoch 44/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0019 -
val accuracy: 0.9994 - val loss: 0.0033
Epoch 45/100
208/208 - 1s - 6ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0017 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0022
Epoch 46/100
208/208 - 1s - 6ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0014 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0026
Epoch 47/100
208/208 - 1s - 6ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0014 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0027
Epoch 48/100
208/208 - 1s - 5ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0013 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0018
Epoch 49/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 9.8905e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0014
Epoch 50/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 8.7762e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0016
Epoch 51/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 8.1676e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.0011
Epoch 52/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 7.5688e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 8.9231e-04
Epoch 53/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 6.5363e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 9.8453e-04
Epoch 54/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 5.9635e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 9.1919e-04
Epoch 55/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 5.2475e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 7.4714e-04
Epoch 56/100
```

```
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 4.6158e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 6.5488e-04
Epoch 57/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 4.1841e-04 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 5.9005e-04
Epoch 58/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9998 - loss: 7.9698e-04 -
val accuracy: 0.9994 - val loss: 0.0018
Epoch 59/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9982 - loss: 0.0062 -
val accuracy: 0.9994 - val loss: 0.0017
Epoch 60/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 6.2263e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 7.1542e-04
Epoch 61/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 4.0189e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 6.2321e-04
Epoch 62/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 3.3348e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 5.7966e-04
Epoch 63/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.9740e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 5.4288e-04
Epoch 64/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.7653e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 5.4789e-04
Epoch 65/100
208/208 - 1s - 6ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.5750e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 4.3997e-04
Epoch 66/100
208/208 - 2s - 7ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.3310e-04 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 4.0289e-04
Epoch 67/100
208/208 - 1s - 5ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.2318e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 4.1423e-04
Epoch 68/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.1070e-04 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 3.6622e-04
Epoch 69/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.9079e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 3.1996e-04
Epoch 70/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.7653e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 3.3998e-04
Epoch 71/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.6699e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 3.2882e-04
Epoch 72/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.6689e-04 -
```

```
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 2.7665e-04
Epoch 73/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.4654e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 2.7723e-04
Epoch 74/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.3458e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 2.3506e-04
Epoch 75/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.2949e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 2.3529e-04
Epoch 76/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.2329e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 2.6369e-04
Epoch 77/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.1153e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 2.2404e-04
Epoch 78/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.0254e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.8425e-04
Epoch 79/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.0060e-04 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.8727e-04
Epoch 80/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 9.1773e-05 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 1.6980e-04
Epoch 81/100
208/208 - 1s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 8.9381e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.6141e-04
Epoch 82/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 7.7927e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.6749e-04
Epoch 83/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 7.3948e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.3896e-04
Epoch 84/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 6.8245e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.3616e-04
Epoch 85/100
208/208 - 1s - 7ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 6.4264e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.2959e-04
Epoch 86/100
208/208 - 1s - 6ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 6.2516e-05 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 1.1854e-04
Epoch 87/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 5.1804e-05 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 9.9763e-05
Epoch 88/100
208/208 - 1s - 5ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 5.3303e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 9.1214e-05
```

```
Epoch 89/100
208/208 - 1s - 5ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 4.6118e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 8.7663e-05
Epoch 90/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 4.0951e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 8.0237e-05
Epoch 91/100
208/208 - 1s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 3.8400e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 9.7978e-05
Epoch 92/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 4.0051e-05 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 8.8157e-05
Epoch 93/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 3.0056e-05 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 7.6969e-05
Epoch 94/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.9127e-05 -
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 1.4228e-04
Epoch 95/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.6596e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 7.1373e-05
Epoch 96/100
208/208 - 0s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.3659e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 7.1595e-05
Epoch 97/100
208/208 - 1s - 4ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.9421e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 7.8513e-05
Epoch 98/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 2.1604e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 6.0686e-05
Epoch 99/100
208/208 - 1s - 2ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 1.9827e-05 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 4.7695e-05
Epoch 100/100
208/208 - 1s - 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9982 - loss: 0.0079 -
val accuracy: 0.9982 - val loss: 0.0035
81/81 - 0s - 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9988 - loss: 0.0035
Test Accuracy: 99.88%
81/81 -
                          - 0s 1ms/step
Classification Report:
              precision
                           recall f1-score
                                              support
           0
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                  830
           1
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                  852
           2
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                  910
                                       1.00
                                                 2592
    accuracy
                   1.00
                             1.00
   macro avg
                                       1.00
                                                 2592
```

1. Random Forest Classification

```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
y=df["final evaluation"]
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
from sklearn.metrics import classification report,
ConfusionMatrixDisplay,accuracy score
encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False, drop='first')
X encoded = encoder.fit transform(X)
X encoded df = pd.DataFrame(X encoded,
columns=encoder.get feature names out())
X = X encoded df
y = y.astype('category').cat.codes
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X_train, X_validation, y_train, y_validation =
train test split(X train, y train, test size=0.2, random state=355)
param grid = {
    'n estimators': [50, 100, 200],
    'max_depth': [5, 10, 15, 20],
    'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
model = RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
grid search = GridSearchCV(model, param grid, cv=5,
scoring='accuracy', n jobs=-1)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y train)
print("Best Parameters:", grid search.best params )
best_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
y pred = best model.predict(X test)
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print(accuracy score(y pred,y test))
```

```
kf = KFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True, random state=355)
accuracy scores = []
for train index, validation index in kf.split(X):
    X train fold, X validation fold = X.iloc[train index],
X.iloc[validation_index]
    y_train_fold, y_validation fold = y.iloc[train index],
y.iloc[validation index]
    y pred fold = best model.predict(X validation fold)
    accuracy = accuracy score(y validation fold, y pred fold)
    accuracy scores.append(accuracy)
mean accuracy = np.mean(accuracy scores)
variance accuracy = np.var(accuracy scores)
print("\nAccuracy Scores for each fold:", accuracy scores)
print("Mean Accuracy:", mean_accuracy)
print("Variance of Accuracy:", variance_accuracy)
MEAN.append(mean accuracy)
VARIANCE.append(variance accuracy)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
_encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to `sparse_output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
`sparse output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
 warnings.warn(
Best Parameters: {'criterion': 'entropy', 'max depth': 20,
'n estimators': 200}
Classification Report:
               precision
                            recall f1-score
                                                support
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                    1.00
                                                     830
                              0.97
           1
                    0.94
                                         0.95
                                                     852
           2
                    0.97
                              0.94
                                         0.95
                                                     910
                                         0.97
                                                    2592
    accuracy
                    0.97
                              0.97
                                         0.97
                                                    2592
   macro avq
weighted avg
                    0.97
                              0.97
                                         0.97
                                                    2592
0.9683641975308642
Accuracy Scores for each fold: [0.9683641975308642,
0.996527777777778, 0.9972993827160493, 0.996527777777778.
```

0.99537037037037031

Mean Accuracy: 0.9908179012345679 Variance of Accuracy: 0.00012642175354366682

1. Support Vector Classification

```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
y=df["final evaluation"]
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
from sklearn.metrics import classification report,
ConfusionMatrixDisplay,accuracy score
from sklearn.svm import SVC
encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False, drop='first')
X_encoded = encoder.fit transform(X)
X encoded df = pd.DataFrame(X encoded,
columns=encoder.get feature names out())
X = X encoded df
y = y.astype('category').cat.codes
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X train, X validation, y train, y validation =
train_test_split(X_train, y train, test size=0.2, random state=355)
param grid = {
'C': \overline{[0.1, 1, 10, 100]},
    'kernel': ['linear',
                         'sigmoid'],
    'degree': [3, 4, 5],
model = SVC(random state=42)
grid search = GridSearchCV(model, param grid, cv=5,
scoring='accuracy', n_jobs=-1)
grid search.fit(X train, y train)
print("Best Parameters:", grid search.best params )
best model = grid search.best estimator
y pred = best model.predict(X test)
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
print("Accuracy Score", accuracy score(y pred, y test))
kf = KFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True, random state=355)
accuracy scores = []
for train index, validation index in kf.split(X):
    X train fold, X validation fold = X.iloc[train index],
X.iloc[validation index]
    y_train_fold, y_validation_fold = y.iloc[train_index],
y.iloc[validation index]
    y pred fold = best model.predict(X validation fold)
    accuracy = accuracy score(y validation fold, y pred fold)
    accuracy scores.append(accuracy)
mean accuracy = np.mean(accuracy scores)
variance accuracy = np.var(accuracy scores)
print("\nAccuracy Scores for each fold:", accuracy scores)
print("Mean Accuracy:", mean_accuracy)
print("Variance of Accuracy:", variance accuracy)
MEAN.append(mean accuracy)
VARIANCE.append(variance accuracy)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
_encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to `sparse_output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
`sparse output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
  warnings.warn(
Best Parameters: {'C': 100, 'degree': 3, 'kernel': 'linear'}
Classification Report:
              precision
                            recall f1-score
                                                support
                    1.00
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    830
           0
           1
                    0.85
                              0.90
                                         0.87
                                                    852
           2
                    0.90
                              0.85
                                         0.87
                                                    910
    accuracy
                                         0.91
                                                   2592
                    0.92
                              0.92
                                         0.92
                                                   2592
   macro avq
weighted avg
                    0.92
                              0.91
                                         0.91
                                                   2592
Accuracy Score 0.9143518518518519
Accuracy Scores for each fold: [0.9143518518519, 0.910108024691358,
0.9251543209876543, 0.9216820987654321, 0.9158950617283951
Mean Accuracy: 0.9174382716049381
Variance of Accuracy: 2.8637498094802475e-05
```

1. Xgboost Classification

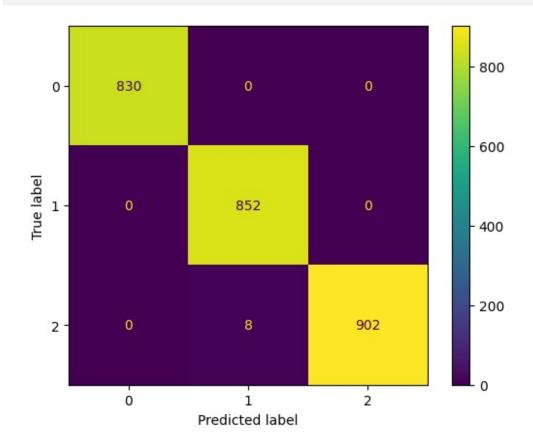
```
df=data
X=df.drop(columns="final evaluation")
v=df["final evaluation"]
import xgboost as xgb
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.metrics import classification report,
ConfusionMatrixDisplay
encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False, drop='first')
X encoded = encoder.fit transform(X)
X encoded df = pd.DataFrame(X encoded,
columns=encoder.get feature names out())
X = X encoded df
y = y.astype('category').cat.codes
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=355)
X_train, X_validation, y_train, y_validation =
train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.2, random_state=355)
param grid = {
    'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200],
    'learning rate': [0.01, 0.1, 0.3],
    'max depth': [3, 5, 7],
    'reg lambda': [1, 10, 100]
}
model = xqb.XGBClassifier(objective='binary:logistic',
random state=42)
grid search = GridSearchCV(model, param grid, cv=5,
scoring='accuracy', n_jobs=-1)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
print("Best Parameters:", grid search.best params )
best model = grid search.best estimator
y pred = best model.predict(X test)
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("Accuracy Score:",accuracy score(y pred,y test))
```

```
ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from estimator(best model, X test, y test)
kf = KFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True, random state=355)
accuracy scores = []
for train index, validation index in kf.split(X):
    X train fold, X validation fold = X.iloc[train index],
X.iloc[validation index]
    y train fold, y validation fold = y.iloc[train index],
y.iloc[validation index]
    y pred fold = best model.predict(X validation fold)
    accuracy = accuracy score(y validation fold, y pred fold)
    accuracy scores.append(accuracy)
mean accuracy = np.mean(accuracy scores)
variance accuracy = np.var(accuracy scores)
print("\nAccuracy Scores for each fold:", accuracy scores)
print("Mean Accuracy:", mean_accuracy)
print("Variance of Accuracy:", variance accuracy)
MEAN.append(mean accuracy)
VARIANCE.append(variance accuracy)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/preprocessing/
_encoders.py:975: FutureWarning: `sparse` was renamed to `sparse_output` in version 1.2 and will be removed in 1.4.
`sparse output` is ignored unless you leave `sparse` to its default
value.
 warnings.warn(
Best Parameters: {'learning rate': 0.3, 'max depth': 7,
'n estimators': 200, 'reg lambda': 1}
Classification Report:
               precision
                            recall f1-score
                                                support
                              1.00
                    1.00
                                         1.00
                                                     830
           1
                    0.99
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                     852
                    1.00
                              0.99
                                         1.00
                                                     910
                                         1.00
                                                    2592
    accuracy
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    2592
   macro avg
                    1.00
                              1.00
                                         1.00
                                                    2592
weighted avg
                    1.00
Accuracy Score: 0.9969135802469136
Accuracy Scores for each fold: [0.9969135802469136,
```

0.9996141975308642, 1.0, 1.0, 0.9992283950617284]

Mean Accuracy: 0.9991512345679012

Variance of Accuracy: 1.3336381649139038e-06



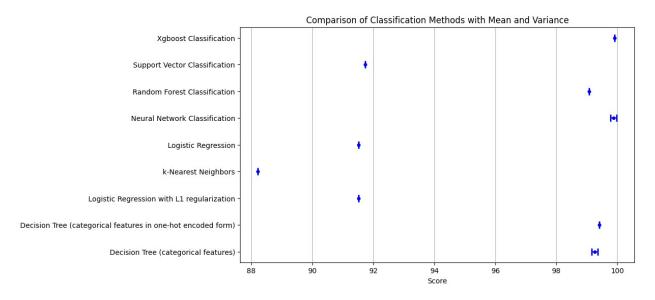
Mean Variance vs Classification Model

```
mean_scores=[]
for i in MEAN:
    if i<1:
        mean_scores.append(i*100)
    else:
        mean_scores.append(i)

std_devs = np.round(VARIANCE, 4)
mean_scores=np.round(mean_scores,2)

mean_scores

array([99.27, 99.41, 91.52, 88.22, 91.51, 99.88, 99.08, 91.74, 99.92])
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
methods = ['Decision Tree (categorical features)','Decision Tree</pre>
```



Task 2:

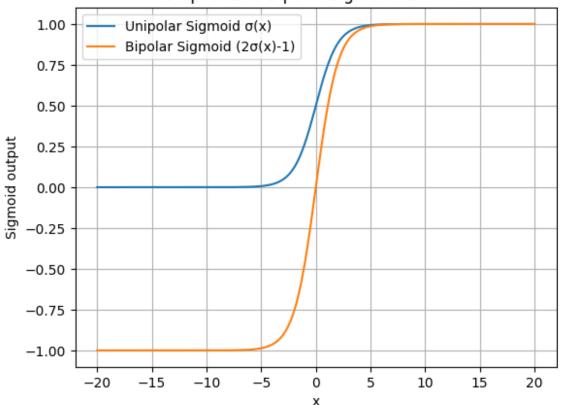
You may notice that the shape of logistic regression decision boundary and a sigmoid are a lookalike. We know that range of sigmoid is 0 to 1, which means, we can use sigmoid only when outputs are unipolar. Here are some simple extensions, we may try.

- 1. Construct a bipolar_sigmoid(x) using unipolar sigmoid.
- 2. A popular bipolar normalizer is tanh(x). Compare the reponse of tanh(x) vs your bipolar_sigmoid(x).
- 3. Parameterize it as bipolar_sigmoid(ax), tanh(ax); You may plot the shapes of the response at different values of 'a' in [-5, -1, -.1, -.01, .001, .01, .1, 1, 5].
- 4. Now comes the interesting part. Can you evaluate the linear range of 'x' for each value of 'a' in bipolar_sigmoid(ax)? Usually, when 'a' is small, the linearity range is high

1. Construct a bipolar_sigmoid(x) using unipolar sigmoid.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def unipolar_sigmoid(x):
  return 1/(1+np.exp(-x))
def bipolar sigmoid(x):
  return 2*unipolar sigmoid(x)-1
x=np.linspace(-20,20,300)
unipolar=unipolar_sigmoid(x)
bipolar=bipolar_sigmoid(x)
plt.plot(x,unipolar,label="Unipolar Sigmoid \sigma(x)")
plt.plot(x,bipolar,label="Bipolar Sigmoid (2\sigma(x)-1)")
plt.title("Unipoar and Bipolar Sigmoid Function")
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('Sigmoid output')
plt.grid()
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Unipoar and Bipolar Sigmoid Function



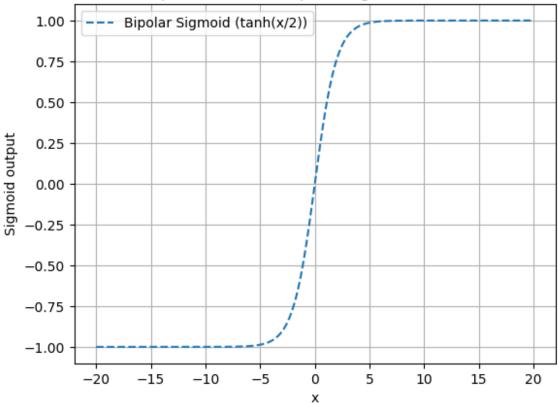
1. A popular bipolar normalizer is tanh(x). Compare the reponse of tanh(x) vs your bipolar_sigmoid(x).

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def unipolar sigmoid(x):
  return 1/(\overline{1}+np.exp(-x))
def bipolar_sigmoid(x):
  return 2*unipolar sigmoid(x)-1
def bipolar tanh(x):
  return np.tanh(x/2)
x=np.linspace(-20,20,300)
tanh=bipolar tanh(x)
bipolar=bipolar sigmoid(x)
plt.plot(x,tanh,label="Bipolar Sigmoid (tanh(x/2))",linestyle="--")
plt.title("Bipolar tanh and Bipolar Sigmoid Function")
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('Sigmoid output')
plt.grid()
```

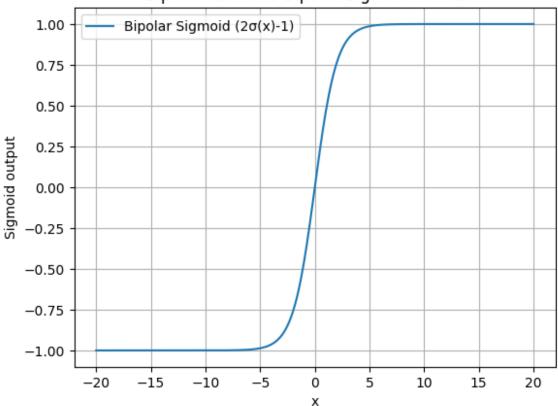
```
plt.legend()
plt.show()

plt.plot(x,bipolar,label="Bipolar Sigmoid (2σ(x)-1)")
plt.title("Bipolar tanh and Bipolar Sigmoid Function")
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('Sigmoid output')
plt.grid()
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





Bipolar tanh and Bipolar Sigmoid Function



1. Parameterize it as bipolar_sigmoid(ax), tanh(ax); You may plot the shapes of the response at different values of 'a' in [-5, -1, -.1, -.01, .001, .01, .1, 1, 5].

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def unipolar_sigmoid(x):
    return 1/(1+np.exp(-x))

def bipolar_sigmoid(x):
    return 2*unipolar_sigmoid(x)-1

def bipolar_tanh(x):
    return np.tanh(x/2)

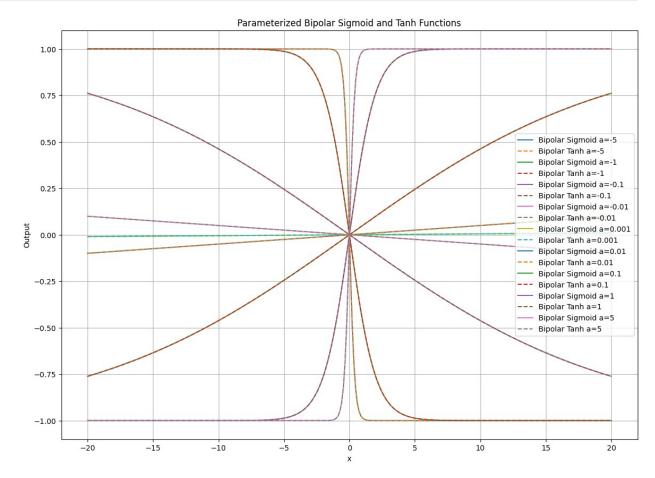
a=[-5,-1,-0.1,-0.01,0.001,0.01,0.1,1,5]
x=np.linspace(-20,20,300)

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 10))
for it in a:
    bipolar_sig = bipolar_sigmoid(x*it)
    bipolar_sig_tanh = bipolar_tanh(x*it)

plt.plot(x, bipolar_sig, label=f"Bipolar Sigmoid a={it}")
```

```
plt.plot(x, bipolar_sig_tanh, '--', label=f"Bipolar Tanh a={it} ")

plt.xlabel("x")
plt.ylabel("Output")
plt.title("Parameterized Bipolar Sigmoid and Tanh Functions")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



Observation: For small values of a, sigmoid bipolar is near about a straight line.

1. Now comes the interesting part. Can you evaluate the linear range of 'x' for each value of 'a' in bipolar_sigmoid(ax)? Usually, when 'a' is small, the linearity range is high

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def bipolar_sigmoid(z, a):
    return 2 / (1 + np.exp(-a * z)) - 1

def bipolar_sigmoid_derivative(z, a):
    return 2 * a * np.exp(-a * z) / (1 + np.exp(-a * z))**2
```

```
z = np.linspace(-100, 100, 4000)
a values = [-5, -1, -0.1, -0.01, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5]
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 10))
for a in a values:
    derivative = bipolar sigmoid derivative(z, a)
    linear range = z[(derivative > 0.9 * a) & (derivative < 1.1 * a)]
    plt.plot(z, derivative, label=f"Derivative (a={a})")
    plt.fill_between(linear_range, 0, 1, alpha=0.2, label=f"Linear
Range (a=\{a\})")
plt.xlabel("z")
plt.ylabel("Derivative")
plt.title("Bipolar Sigmoid Derivative and Linear Range")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
<ipython-input-102-00c7619a6867>:8: RuntimeWarning: overflow
encountered in square
  return 2 * a * np.exp(-a * z) / (1 + np.exp(-a * z))**2
```

