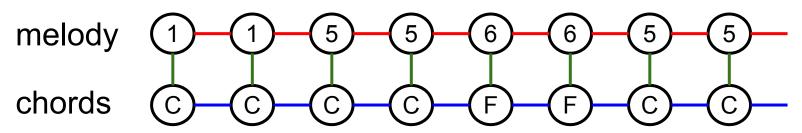
Constrained Piano-Sonata-Like Music Composition Using MRF

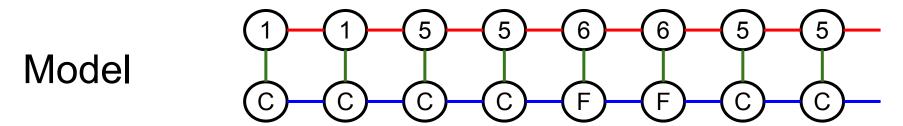
Team name: Cucumburn (cucumber on fire) B03902010 耿宗揚, B03902015 簡瑋德, B03902086 李鈺昇 Goal: machine completes a musical period (樂段) given fixed notes (音符) and/or chords (和弦) at some beats (拍子).

chords C G F G F Am G C melody |11|55|66|55|44|33|22|1-|

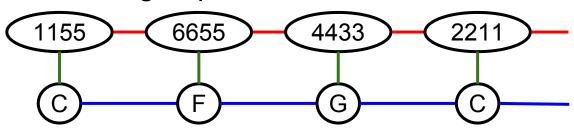
Represent the period using MRF:



Transformed goal: to assign values (output) to variables in a 2-by-N grid MRF given some variables' values (input) fixed



Problem: no correlation among non-neighboring notes New model: groups of 4 notes are natural.

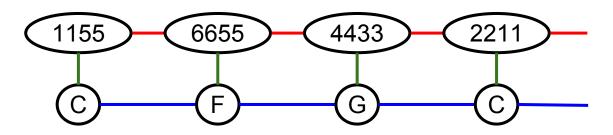


Problem: high complexity

Possible solutions:

- Extract features: first note, last note, shape, density.
- Factorize the potential function between notes.





- 1. Convert music sheets to digital data.
 - Sourse: imslp.org/wiki/
- 2. Given data, determine the potential functions.
 - Notes to notes: to be determined
 - Notes to chord: neural network (input: notes, output: chord)
 - Chord to chord: fractional count
- 3. With some nodes filled, assign values to the rest.
 - Most probable assignment
 - Tractable

Issue: performance is evaluated by humans.

Data

<u>Constrained</u> Piano-Sonata-Like Music Composition Using MRF

Target music: Piano sonata (奏鳴曲)

- Certain format
- Melodies and chords are easily extracted.

Required properties:

- Allegro (快板)
 - Note values (音長) do not vary widely.
- Ionian (Dol Re Mi Fa Sol La Xi) and singular-key
 - #state of chord variables = 6. (I, IIm, IIIm, IV, V, VIm)
- Note values are based on power-of-2.
 - Notes can fit groups of 4.