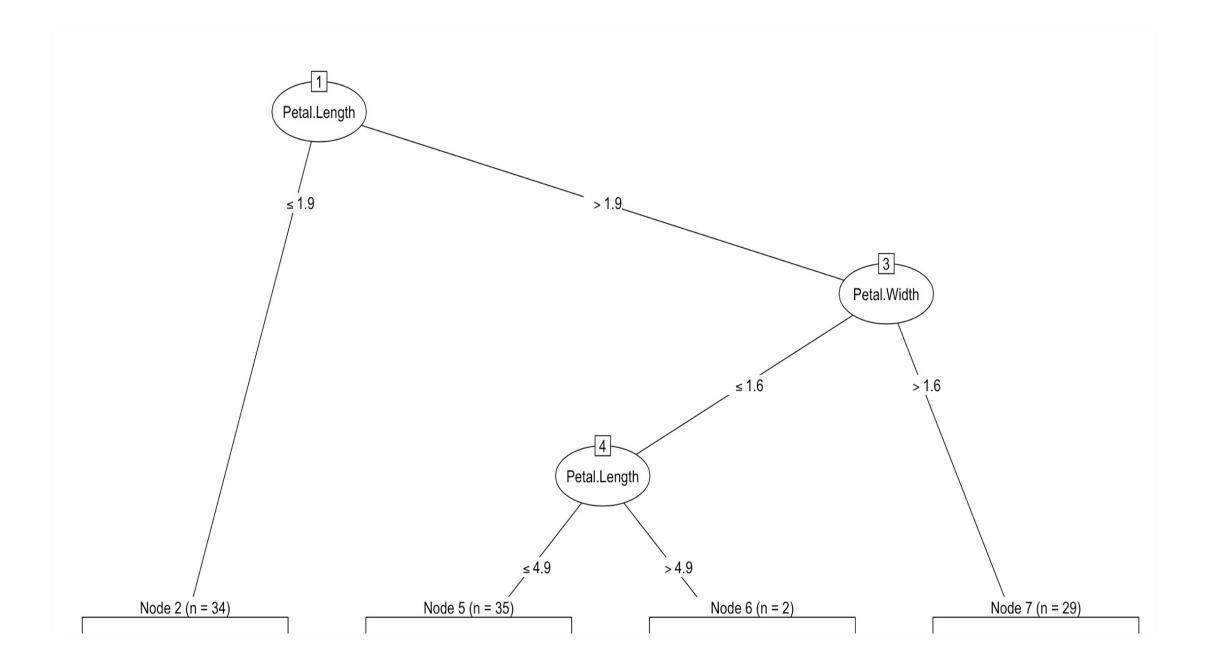
CLASSIFICATION TASKS - Decision Trees

IS 665 Data Mining, Data Warehousing and Visualization

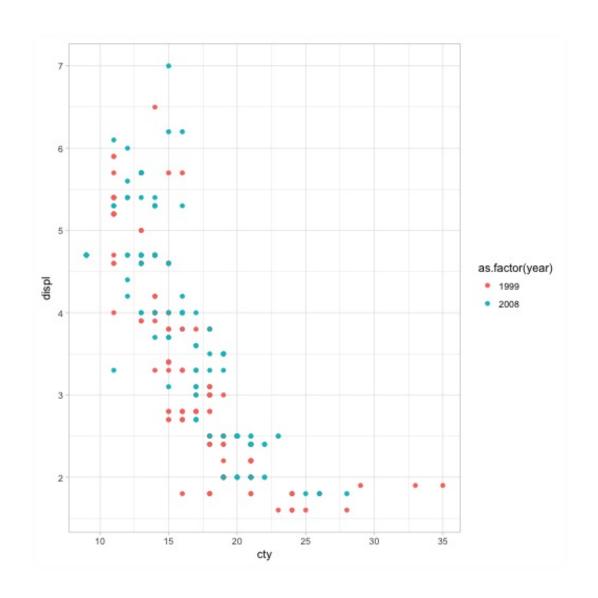
Decision Tree

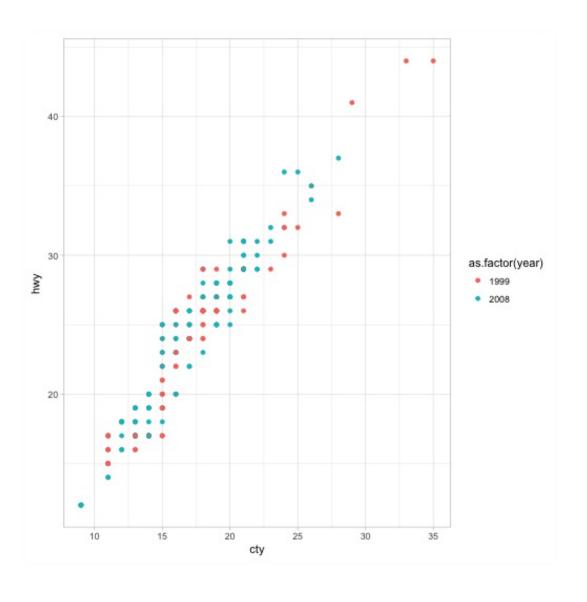
One attractive classification method involves the construction of a decision tree, a collection of decision nodes, connected by branches, extending downward from the root node until terminating in leaf nodes.

Decision Tree



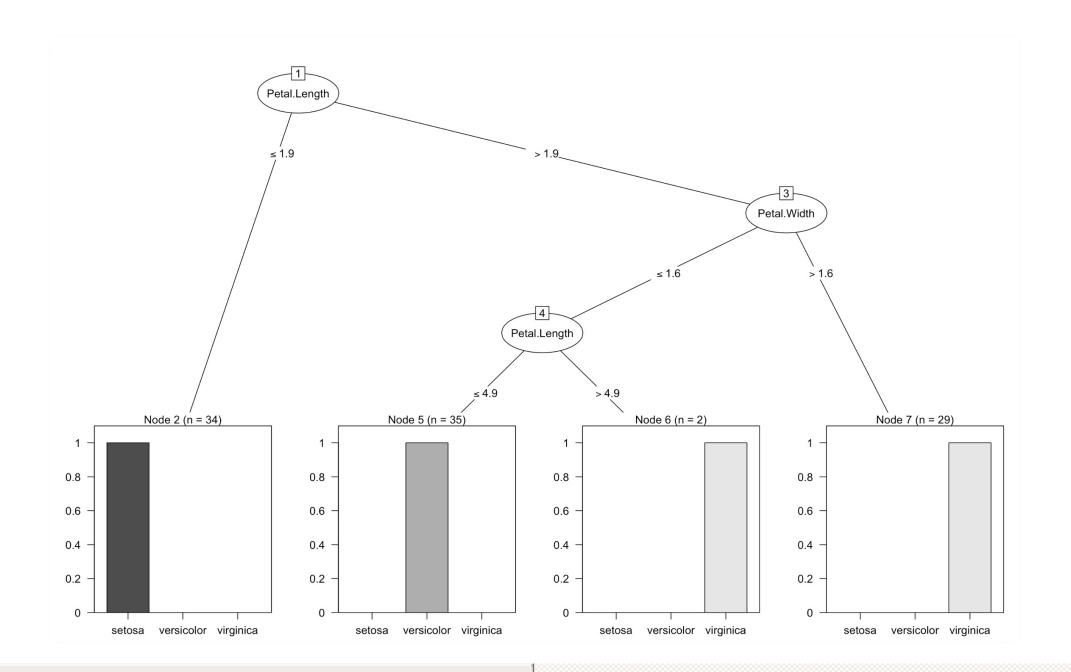
Method





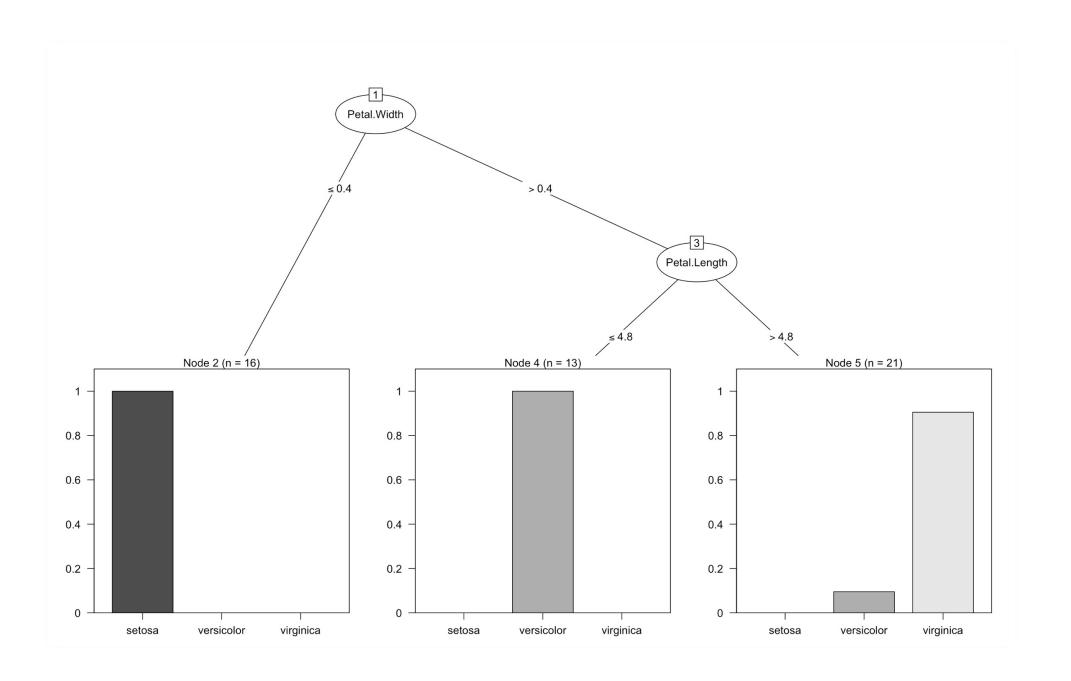
Decision Trees

Decision trees seek to create a set of leaf nodes that are as "pure" as possible



Decision Trees

But usually, there predictions may yield errors



Methodology

- Prepare data (same as knn)
 - normalize non numeric values
 - split training and test data
- Grow the tree (build the model)
- Examine results
- Prune the tree (improve by reducing overfitting errors)

Prepare data

Reminder from last week

```
input_variables <- subset(mpg, select = c(cty, hwy, displ))
n_input_variables = sapply(input_variables, function(x) {
      (x - min(x))/(max(x) - min(x))
})
label = as.factor(mpg$year)</pre>
```

Split the data for test

Building a classification model requires a training dataset to train the classification model, and testing data is needed to then validate the prediction performance.

```
# Split
set.seed(1234)
sample_indicies = sample(1:2, size = length(mpg$year), replace = T,
prob = c(0.8, 0.2))

## Data Split
train_data = n_input_variables[sample_indicies == 1, ]
test_data = n_input_variables[sample_indicies == 2, ]

## Label Split
train_labels = label[sample_indicies == 1]
test_labels = label[sample_indicies == 2]

train_data = data.frame(train_data, train_labels)
test_data = data.frame(test_data, test_labels)
```

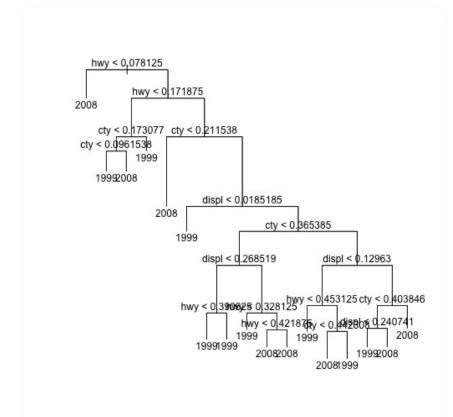
Application of Decision trees

We will use the 'Tree' package

```
# install.packages('tree')
require("tree")
my.model <- tree(train_labels ~ ., data = train_data)
# or
my.model <- tree(train_labels ~ cty + hwy + displ, data = train_data,
    method = "C50")</pre>
```

Examine the model

```
plot(my.model)
text(my.model, pretty = 0)
```



Examine Model

(my.model)

```
node), split, n, deviance, yval, (yprob)
    * denotes terminal node
 1) root 190 263.300 2008 ( 0.48947 0.51053 )
  2) hwy < 0.078125 6 0.000 2008 ( 0.00000 1.00000 ) *
  3) hwy > 0.078125184255.1001999(0.505430.49457)
    6) hwy < 0.171875 41 47.690 1999 ( 0.73171 0.26829 )
    12) cty < 0.173077 28 36.500 1999 ( 0.64286 0.35714 )
     24) cty < 0.0961538 14 11.480 1999 ( 0.85714 0.14286 ) *
     25) cty > 0.0961538 14 19.120 2008 ( 0.42857 0.57143 ) *
    13) cty > 0.173077 13 7.051 1999 ( 0.92308 0.07692 ) *
    7) hwy > 0.171875 143 196.200 2008 ( 0.44056 0.55944 )
    14) cty < 0.211538 16 0.000 2008 ( 0.00000 1.00000 ) *
    15) cty > 0.211538 127 176.100 2008 ( 0.49606 0.50394 )
     30) displ < 0.0185185 5 0.000 1999 ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
     31) displ > 0.0185185122168.8002008(0.475410.52459)
       62) cty < 0.365385 64 85.640 1999 ( 0.60938 0.39062 )
       124) displ < 0.268519 28 22.970 1999 ( 0.85714 0.14286 )
         248) hwy < 0.390625 12 15.280 1999 ( 0.66667 0.33333 ) *
         249) hwy > 0.390625 16 0.000 1999 (1.00000 0.00000) *
        125) displ > 0.268519 36 48.900 2008 ( 0.41667 0.58333 )
         250) hwy < 0.328125 14 18.250 1999 ( 0.64286 0.35714 ) *
         251) hwy > 0.328125 22 25.780 2008 ( 0.27273 0.72727 )
          502) hwy < 0.421875 12 6.884 2008 ( 0.08333 0.91667 ) *
          503) hwy > 0.421875 10 13.860 2008 ( 0.50000 0.50000 ) *
       63) cty > 0.365385 58 73.360 2008 ( 0.32759 0.67241 )
        126) displ < 0.12963 31 42.940 1999 ( 0.51613 0.48387 )
         252) hwy < 0.453125 5 0.000 1999 ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
```

Prediction

```
my.prediction = predict(my.model, test_data, type = "class")
table(my.prediction, test_data$test_labels)
```

```
my.prediction 1999 2008
1999 19 7
2008 5 13
```

```
require(caret)
# install.packages('e1071')
require(e1071)
confusionMatrix(table(my.prediction, test_data$test_labels))
```

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

my.prediction 1999 2008 1999 19 7 2008 5 13

Accuracy: 0.7273

95% CI: (0.5721, 0.8504)

No Information Rate: 0.5455 P-Value [Acc > NIR]: 0.01043

Kappa: 0.4454

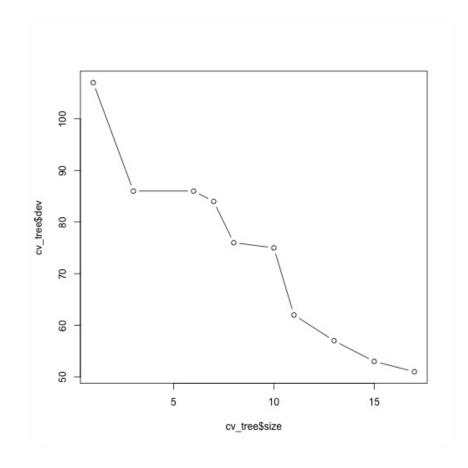
Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.77283

Pruning

```
cv_tree = cv.tree(my.model, FUN = prune.misclass) names(cv_tree)
```

```
[1] "size" "dev" "k" "method"
```

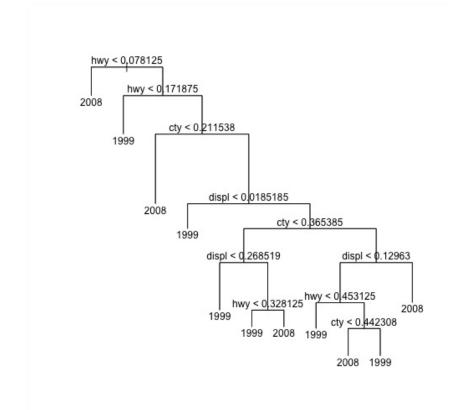
```
plot(cv_tree$size, cv_tree$dev, type = "b")
```



Error is minimized at level 11.

Pruning

```
pruned.model = prune.misclass(my.model, best = 11)
plot(pruned.model)
text(pruned.model, pretty = 0)
```



Updated Predictions

```
pruned.prediction = predict(pruned.model, test_data, type = "class")
confusionMatrix(table(pruned.prediction, test_data$test_labels))
```

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

pruned.prediction 1999 2008 1999 18 8 2008 6 12

Accuracy: 0.6818

95% CI: (0.5242, 0.8139)

No Information Rate : 0.5455 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.04653

Kappa: 0.3529

Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.78927

Sensitivity: 0.7500 Specificity: 0.6000 Pos Pred Value: 0.6923 Neg Pred Value: 0.6667 Prevalence: 0.5455

Detection Rate: 0.4091 Detection Prevalence: 0.5909 Balanced Accuracy: 0.6750

'Positive' Class: 1999