

Worksheet-2.3

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Semester: 5 Date of Performance: 23/09/2025

Subject Name: DAA Subject Code: 23CSH-301

1.Aim: Develop a program and analyze complexity to implement 0-1 Knapsack using Dynamic Programming.

2.Objective: To implement the 0-1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming (Bottom-Up Tabulation) and analyze its time and space complexity for efficient problem solving.

3. Requirements (Hardware/Software): Online Java compiler.

4. Algorithm:

- 1. Input number of items n, weight array wt[], value array val[], and capacity W.
- 2. Create a table dp[n+1][W+1].
- 3. Initialize first row and first column as 0.
- 4. For each item i = 1 to n:
 - For each capacity w = 1 to W:
 - a) If $wt[i-1] \le w$, set dp[i][w] = max(val[i-1] + dp[i-1][w wt[i-1]], dp[i-1][w]).
 - b) Else set dp[i][w] = dp[i-1][w].
- 5. Return dp[n][W] as the maximum value. 6.End.

5.Procedure:

```
class Main {
          static int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n) {
                    int dp[][] = new int[n+1][W+1];
                    for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
                               for (int w = 1; w \le W; w++) {
                                          if(wt[i-1] \le w) {
                                                     dp[i][w] = Math.max(val[i-1] + dp[i-1][w - wt[i-1]], dp[i-1][w] + dp
1][w]);
                                           } else {
                                                     dp[i][w] = dp[i-1][w];
                    return dp[n][W];
          public static void main(String[] args) {
                    int val[] = \{60, 100, 120\};
                    int wt[] = \{10, 20, 30\};
                    int W = 50;
                    int n = val.length;
                    int result = knapSack(W, wt, val, n);
                     System.out.println("Maximum value: " + result);
                    System.out.println("Time Complexity: O(n * W)");
                    System.out.println("Space Complexity: O(n * W)");
```

Time Complexity: Best Case: O(n*w)

Space complexity: O(n*w)

Output:

```
Output

Maximum value: 220
Time Complexity: O(n * W)
Space Complexity: O(n * W)

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Understand the application of Dynamic Programming to solve optimization problems like 0-1 Knapsack..
- 2. Gain the ability to analyze time and space complexities of DP-based solutions.
- 3. Develop skills to implement efficient algorithms in Java using bottom-up tabulation.