PP Lab 5

Name: Rajvardhan Reddy Nandyala

Registration Number: 180905093

Section: B

Batch: B1

Roll Number: 19

- 1.) Write and execute a program in CUDA to add two vectors of length N to meet the following requirements using 3 different kernels.
- a) block size as N
- b) N threads within a block
- c) Keep the number of threads per block as 256 (constant) and vary the number of blocks to handle N elements.

Program:

```
%%cu
#include <cuda.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

// la, lb, lc

__global__
void vecAddKernel_la(float* A, float* B, float* C)
{
    int idx = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;

    C[idx] = A[idx] + B[idx];
}

__global__
void vecAddKernel_lb(float* A, float* B, float* C)
{
    int idx = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
```

```
C[idx] = A[idx] + B[idx];
}
global
void vecAddKernel 1c(float* A, float* B, float* C,
int n)
{
    int idx = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
    if (idx < n)
    {
        C[idx] = A[idx] + B[idx];
    }
}
void vecAdd(float* A, float* B, float* C, int n)
    int size = n * sizeof(float);
    float* d A;
    float* d B;
    float* d C;
    cudaMalloc((void**) &d A, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**) &d B, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**) &d C, size);
    cudaMemcpy(d A, A, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaMemcpy(d B, B, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    printf("A: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%f, ", A[i]);
    printf("\n");
    printf("B: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%f, ", B[i]);
    printf("\n\n");
    vecAddKernel 1a<<<n, 1>>>(d A, d B, d C);
```

```
cudaMemcpy(C, d C, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    printf("A+B (from 1a kernel): ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%f, ", C[i]);
    printf("\n");
    vecAddKernel 1b <<<1, n>>> (d A, d B, d C);
    cudaMemcpy(C, d C, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    printf("A+B (from 1b kernel): ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%f, ", C[i]);
    printf("\n");
    vecAddKernel 1c << ceil (n/256.0), n>>> (d A, d B,
d C, n);
    cudaMemcpy(C, d C, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    printf("A+B (from 1c kernel): ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%f, ", C[i]);
    printf("\n");
    cudaFree(d A);
    cudaFree(d B);
    cudaFree(d C);
}
int main()
{
    float *h A, *h B, *h C;
    int n = 5;
```

```
int size = n * sizeof(float);

h_A = (float*) malloc(size);
h_B = (float*) malloc(size);
h_C = (float*) malloc(size);

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    h_A[i] = (i+1) * 10;
    h_B[i] = i+1;
}

vecAdd(h_A, h_B, h_C, n);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
A: 10.000000, 20.000000, 30.000000, 40.000000, 50.000000,
B: 1.000000, 2.000000, 3.000000, 4.000000, 5.000000,

A+B (from 1a kernel): 11.000000, 22.000000, 33.000000, 44.000000, 55.000000,

A+B (from 1b kernel): 11.000000, 22.000000, 33.000000, 44.000000, 55.000000,

A+B (from 1c kernel): 11.000000, 22.000000, 33.000000, 44.000000, 55.000000,
```

2.) Write and execute a CUDA program to read an array of N integer values. Sort the array in parallel using parallel selection sort and store the result in another array

Program:

```
%%cu
#include <cuda.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
__global__
void selectionSortKernel(float* unsorted_arr, float* sorted_arr, int n)
```

```
{
  int idx = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
  float key = unsorted_arr[idx];
  int pos = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  {
    if (unsorted_arr[i] < key | | (unsorted_arr[i] == key && i < idx))</pre>
    {
       pos++;
    }
  }
  sorted_arr[pos] = key;
}
void selectionSort(float* unsorted_arr, float* sorted_arr, int n)
{
  int size = n * sizeof(float);
  float* d_unsorted_arr;
  float* d_sorted_arr;
  cudaMalloc((void**) &d_unsorted_arr, size);
  cudaMalloc((void**) &d_sorted_arr, size);
```

```
cudaMemcpy(d unsorted arr, unsorted arr, size,
cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
  selectionSortKernel<<<1, n>>>(d unsorted arr, d sorted arr, n);
  cudaMemcpy(sorted_arr, d_sorted_arr, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
  cudaFree(d_unsorted_arr);
  cudaFree(d_sorted_arr);
}
int main()
{
  float *h_unsorted_arr, *h_sorted_arr;
  int n = 5;
  int size = n * sizeof(float);
  h_unsorted_arr = (float*) malloc(size);
  h_sorted_arr = (float*) malloc(size);
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
  {
    h_unsorted_arr[i] = rand() % 50;
  }
  selectionSort(h_unsorted_arr, h_sorted_arr, n);
```

```
printf("unsorted_arr: ");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%f, ", h_unsorted_arr[i]);
}
printf("\n\n");

printf("sorted_arr: ");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%f, ", h_sorted_arr[i]);
}
printf("\n");

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
unsorted_arr: 33.000000, 36.000000, 27.000000, 15.000000, 43.000000, sorted_arr: 15.000000, 27.000000, 33.000000, 36.000000, 43.000000,
```

3.) Write a execute a CUDA program to read an integer array of size N. Sort this array using odd-even transposition sorting. Use 2 kernels.

Program:

```
%%cu
#include <cuda.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
__global__
void oddEven(float* arr, int n)
{
  int idx = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
  if (idx % 2 == 1 \&\& idx + 1 < n)
  {
    if (arr[idx] > arr[idx+1])
    {
       float temp = arr[idx];
       arr[idx] = arr[idx+1];
       arr[idx+1] = temp;
    }
  }
}
__global__
void evenOdd(float* arr, int n)
{
  int idx = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
  if (idx\%2 == 0 \&\& idx+1 < n)
  {
    if (arr[idx] > arr[idx+1])
```

```
{
      float temp = arr[idx];
      arr[idx] = arr[idx+1];
      arr[idx+1] = temp;
    }
  }
}
void oddEvenTranspositionSort(float* arr, int n)
{
  int size = n * sizeof(float);
  float* d_arr;
  cudaMalloc((void**) &d_arr, size);
  cudaMemcpy(d_arr, arr, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
  for (int i = 0; i \le n/2; i++)
  {
    oddEven<<<1, n>>>(d_arr, n);
    evenOdd<<<1, n>>>(d_arr, n);
  }
  cudaMemcpy(arr, d_arr, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
  cudaFree(d_arr);
```

```
}
int main()
  float *h_arr;
  int n = 5;
  int size = n * sizeof(float);
  h_arr = (float*) malloc(size);
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
  {
    h_arr[i] = rand() % 50;
  }
  printf("unsorted_arr: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  {
    printf("%f, ", h_arr[i]);
  }
  printf("\n\n");
  oddEvenTranspositionSort(h_arr, n);
  printf("sorted_arr: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
{
    printf("%f, ", h_arr[i]);
}
printf("\n");
return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
unsorted_arr: 33.000000, 36.000000, 27.000000, 15.000000, 43.000000, sorted_arr: 15.000000, 27.000000, 33.000000, 36.000000, 43.000000,
```