```
Python function to find maximum of three numbers.
     def biggest (a, b, c):
     if arband arc:
         Print ("Biggest Number=", a)
     elifbra and brc:
       Print ("Biggest Number=", b)
     elif a == b:
       Print ("a=b=",a)
    elif a == C;
      Print ("a=c=", a)
    elif b == c:
      Point ("b=c="b)
    else:
       Print ("Biggest Number=",c)
    bigg est 12,8,8)
    biggest (6,4,20)
   Output:
    b=1=8
    Bigges + Number = 20
    biggest (6,4,20)
2. Python Program to reverse a string
    txt="GITAM"[::-1]
    Print (" Reversed string is", txt)
   output:
   Reversed String is MATIG
```

3. Program to check if a number is prime or not.

num= 407 if num=1: for: in range (2, num): if (num/.;) ==0:

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Print (num, "is not a Prime number")
            Print (i, "times", numli, "is", num)
            brea K
     else:
        Print(num, " is a "Prime number")
    else:
     · Print (num, "is not a Prime number")
4) Write a Bython function to find the sum of squares of first
   n natural numbers.
    def squaresun(n):
     5=0
      for i in range (1, n+1):
          S=S+(1*1)
       octurn S
      n=4
     Print (Square sum (n))
   use try, except, else and finally block to check whether the
   number is Palendrome or not (Raise error when input; s not Proper).
   det is Palindrome (word):
    if len(word) <1:
       return True
    esse:
      if word[o] == word[+]:
         return is Palindrome (word[::-])
    else:
      return False
   file Input (filename):
   Palindrome = Faise
    th = open (flename, " x")
   th sopen (filength: input I" enter the length of Palindromes:")
    d : int (length)
   try:
     for line in th:
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Scanned with CamScanner

for s in str(len(line)):

if is Palen drome (line.strip()):

Palindromes = true

if (len (line.strip())=d:

Print (line.strip())

except:

Print | "no Palindromes - found for length entered")

finally:

finally: