Problem A. Perfect Number

Time limit 2000 ms Mem limit 262144 kB

We consider a positive integer perfect, if and only if the sum of its digits is exactly 10. Given a positive integer k, your task is to find the k-th smallest perfect positive integer.

Input

A single line with a positive integer k ($1 \le k \le 10000$).

Output

A single number, denoting the k-th smallest perfect integer.

Examples

Input	Output
1	19

Input	Output
2	28

Note

The first perfect integer is 19 and the second one is 28.