Multiple Choice Questions on unit4 (Zener Diode, transistor)

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The speed at which the rotating magnetic field revolves is called as......

- (A) Rotor speed
- (B) stator speed
- (C) synchronous speed
- (D) Go Wind speed

Synchronous
speed means the
speed of the rotating
magnetic field in
the stator.

- What is the synchronous speed in rpm for a Ppole, f Hz, 3-phase induction motor?
- (A) 120P/F
- (B) 120f/P
- (C) 120P/A
- (D) 120Pf

- A zener diode has
- a) one pn junction
- b) two pn junctions
- c) three pn junctions
- d) none of the above

• A

- A zener diode is used as
- a) an amplifier
- b) a voltage regulator
- c) a rectifier
- d) a multivibrator

• B

The doping level in a zener diode isthat of a crystal diode

- a) the same as
- b) less than
- c) more than
- d) none of the above

• (

- A zener diode is always connected.
- a) reverse
- b) forward
- c) either reverse or forward
- d) none of the above

• A

- A zener diode utilizes characteristics for its operation.
- a) forward
- b) reverse
- c) both forward and reverse
- d) none of the above

• B

- In the breakdown region, a zener didoe behaves like a source.
- a) constant voltage
- b) constant current
- c) constant resistance
- d) none of the above

• A

A series resistance is connected in the zener circuit to.....

- a) properly reverse bias the zener
- b) protect the zener
- c) properly forward bias the zener
- d) none of the above



• B

- A zener diode is device
- a) a non-linear
- b) a linear
- c) an amplifying
- d) none of the above

• A

- The number of depletion layers in a transistor is
- a) four
- b) three
- c) one
- d) two

D

- The base of a transistor is doped
- a) heavily
- b) moderately
- c) lightly
- d) none of the above

• (

- The element that has the biggest size in a transistor is
- a) collector
- b) base
- c) emitter
- d) collector-base-junction

• A

- A transistor is a operated device
- a) current
- b) voltage
- c) both voltage and current
- d) none of the above

• A

The arrow in the symbol of a transistor indicates the direction of

- a) electron current in the emitter
- b) electron current in the collector
- c) hole current in the emitter
- d) donor ion current

• (

- A heat sink is generally used with a transistor to
- a) increase the forward current
- b) decrease the forward current
- c) compensate for excessive doping
- d) prevent excessive temperature rise

D

- An IC has size
- a) Very large
- b) Large
- c) Extremely small
- d) None of the above

• (

ICs are generally made of

- a) Silicon
- b) Germanium
- c) Copper
- d) None of the above

• A

- cannot be fabricated on an IC
- a) Transistors
- b) Diodes
- c) Resistors
- d) Large inductors and transformers

D

The active components in an IC are

- a) Resistors
- b) Capacitors
- c) Transistors and diodes
- d) None of the above

• (

- ICs are used in
- a) Linear devices only
- b) Digital devices only
- c) Both linear and digital devices
- d) None of the above

• (

- We use ICs in computers
- a) Digital
- b) Linear
- c) Both digital and linear
- d) None of the above

A linear integrated circuit (linear IC) is a solid-state analog device. It operates over a continuous range of input levels

• A

- An audio amplifier is an example of
- a) Digital IC
- b) Linear IC
- c) Both digital and linear IC
- d) None of the above

• B