

Assignment Thirteen

Please read:

- This is your thirteenth assignment which you need to submit on the LMS. This is an assignment on Backend.
- Work on the questions given below and be ready with your solution. You have to submit your Repl link for your backend code below on this page.
- You have to submit your published API link in the next assignment, i.e assignment 14.
- Late Submission: The deadline to submit this assignment is 19th February 2024, 6:00PM IST.

Important Instructions:

1. Make sure that you follow the rules as it will help you build your muscle.
2. Do not copy from someone else as that would be cheating.

challenge

You can watch the video for reference:

Case Study: Building a TripAdvisor-like Travel Recommendation API

You have been tasked with building the backend API for a travel recommendation platform similar to TripAdvisor. The platform allows users to discover and review travel destinations, read and write travel recommendations, and get information about top-rated and low-rated destinations. The backend uses MongoDB as the database and Mongoose as the ODM.

Your goal is to implement the following features:

1. Travel Destination Management:
 - Create a new travel destination.

- Retrieve travel destination details by name.
- Retrieve a list of all travel destinations.
- Retrieve travel destinations by location (city or country).
- Retrieve travel destinations by their ratings (top-rated and low-rated).
- Update a Travel Destination by ID
- Delete a Travel Destination by ID
- Filter Destinations by Minimum Rating
- Updating Travel Destination Model with User Ratings and Reviews
- Querying Reviews of a Travel Destination

mongodb & mongoose

Step 1: Create a Destination Model

You are tasked with creating a model for a travel destination in your database. Each travel destination will have various attributes. Use Mongoose to create the `Destination` model with the following fields:

1. `name`: The name of the travel destination.
2. `location`: The location of the travel destination, including the city and country.
3. `description`: A brief description or information about the travel destination.
4. `rating`: The rating of the travel destination, represented as a number.
5. `reviews`: An array of user reviews for the travel destination. Each review should include the following fields:
 - `user`: The ID of the user who wrote the review. You can reference the `User` model.
 - `text`: The text content of the review.

Step 2: Create a New Travel Destination

Create a function `createTravelDestination` that accepts an object containing travel destination data and adds a new destination to the database.

Step 2: Read a Travel Destination

Create a function `readTravelDestination` that accepts the destination name and retrieves the details of the destination from the database.

Step 4: Read All Travel Destinations

Create a function `readAllTravelDestinations` that retrieves all travel destinations from the database.

Step 5: Read All Travel Destinations by Location - Make zomato similar to this

Create a function `readTravelDestinationsByLocation` that accepts a location (city or country) and retrieves all travel destinations in that location.

Step 6: Read All Travel Destinations by Rating

Create a function `readTravelDestinationsByRating` that retrieves all travel destinations from the database and sorts them in descending order based on their ratings.

Step 7: Update a Travel Destination by ID

Create a function `updateTravelDestination` that accepts a destination ID and an object with updated data, and updates the destination with the provided ID.

Step 8: Delete a Travel Destination by ID

Create a function `deleteTravelDestination` that accepts a destination ID and deletes the destination with the provided ID.

Step 9: Filter Destinations by Minimum Rating

Create a function `filterDestinationsByRating` that accepts a minimum rating and retrieves destinations that have a rating equal to or higher than the specified minimum.

Step 10: Updating Travel Destination Model with User Ratings and Reviews

1. Update the Travel Destination Model to include a `reviews` field:
2. Create a function to add a review to a travel destination:

Step 11: Querying Reviews of a Travel Destination

Create a function to retrieve the first 3 reviews of a travel destination, populated with user details:

Travel Destination API Exercises

Exercise 1: Creating a Travel Destination API

Challenge:

You are building an Express.js API for a travel destination platform. Create a POST route at `/destinations` that accepts JSON data with destination details. Use the `createTravelDestination` function to save the destination data. Handle errors as well.

1. Create a POST Route: Set up a POST route at `/destinations`.
2. Handle the Request: In the route handler, use the `createTravelDestination` function to save the destination data received in the request body.
3. Success Response: If the destination is successfully added, respond with a success message and the saved destination details.
4. Error Handling: If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

POST `/destinations`

Request Body:

```
{
  "name": "New Destination",
  "location": "City, Country",
  "description": "Description of the destination.",
  "rating": 4.5,
  "reviews": []
}
```

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Exercise 2: Reading a Travel Destination API

Challenge:

Set up a GET route at `/destinations/:name` that allows users to retrieve destination details by providing the destination name as a route parameter. Utilize the `getTravelDestinationByName` function to fetch the destination data. Don't forget error handling!

1. Create a GET Route: Define a GET route at `/destinations/:name` to handle requests for specific destinations.

2. Retrieve Destination Data: In the route handler, use the `getTravelDestinationByName` function to find the destination with the provided name.
3. Success Response: If the destination is found, respond with the destination details.
4. Error Handling: If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

```
GET /destinations/New%20Destination
```

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Exercise 3: Reading All Travel Destinations API

Challenge:

Create a GET route at `/destinations` to fetch all travel destination details. Utilize the `getAllTravelDestinations` function to retrieve the destination data. Handle any potential errors gracefully.

1. Create a GET Route: Define a GET route at `/destinations` to handle requests for all destinations.
2. Retrieve All Destinations: In the route handler, use the `getAllTravelDestinations` function to retrieve all destination data.
3. Success Response: If destinations are found, respond with an array containing all destination details.
4. Error Handling: If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

```
GET /destinations
```

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Exercise 4: Reading Travel Destinations by Location

Challenge:

Create a GET route at `/destinations/location/:location` that allows users to retrieve travel destinations by location (city or country). Utilize the `getTravelDestinationsByLocation` function to fetch the destination data. Handle errors gracefully.

1. Create a GET Route: Set up a GET route at `/destinations/location/:location` to handle requests for retrieving destinations by location.
2. Retrieve Destinations: In the route handler, use the `getTravelDestinationsByLocation` function to find destinations with the provided location.
3. Success Response: If destinations are found, respond with an array containing the details of those destinations.
4. Error Handling: If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

```
GET /destinations/location/:location
```

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Exercise 5: Reading Travel Destinations by Rating

Challenge:

Create a GET route at `/destinations/rating` that retrieves all travel destinations from the database and sorts them in descending order based on their ratings. Utilize the `readTravelDestinationsByRating` function to fetch the data. Handle errors effectively.

1. **Create a GET Route:** Define a GET route at `/destinations/rating` to handle requests for retrieving destinations by rating.
2. **Retrieve and Sort Destinations:** In the route handler, use the `readTravelDestinationsByRating` function to retrieve all destinations and sort them by rating in descending order.
3. **Success Response:** If destinations are successfully sorted, respond with an array containing the sorted destination details.
4. **Error Handling:** If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

```
GET /destinations/rating
```

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Exercise 6: Updating a Travel Destination API

Challenge:

Develop a POST route at `/destinations/:destinationId` that allows users to update a travel destination's details. Utilize the `updateTravelDestination` function to make the necessary changes. Handle errors effectively.

1. **Create a POST Route:** Design a POST route at `/destinations/:destinationId` to handle requests for updating destination details.
2. **Update Destination:** In the route handler, use the `updateTravelDestination` function to modify the specified destination using its ID and the updated data.
3. **Success Response:** If the destination is successfully updated, respond with the updated destination details.
4. **Error Handling:** If an error arises during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

```
POST /destinations/617a2ed9466e8c00160192e0
```

Request Body:

```
{
```

```
"rating": 4.8
}
```

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Exercise 7: Deleting a Travel Destination API

Challenge:

Create a DELETE route at `/destinations/:destinationId` that allows users to delete a travel destination by providing its ID. Utilize the `deleteTravelDestination` function to delete the destination. Handle errors gracefully.

1. **Create a DELETE Route:** Set up a DELETE route at `/destinations/:destinationId` to handle requests for deleting destinations.
2. **Delete Destination:** In the route handler, use the `deleteTravelDestination` function to delete the destination with the provided ID.
3. **Success Response:** If the destination is successfully deleted, respond with a success message and the deleted destination details.
4. **Error Handling:** If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

```
DELETE /destinations/617a2ed9466e8c00160192e0
```

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Exercise 8: Filtering Destinations by Minimum Rating

Challenge:

Create a GET route at `/destinations/filter/:minRating` that allows users to retrieve destinations that have a rating equal to or higher than the specified minimum rating. Utilize the `filterDestinationsByRating` function to fetch the filtered data. Handle errors gracefully.

1. **Create a GET Route:** Set up a GET route at `/destinations/filter/:minRating` to handle requests for filtering destinations by minimum rating.
2. **Retrieve Filtered Destinations:** In the route handler, use the `filterDestinationsByRating` function to find destinations with ratings greater than or equal to the provided minimum rating.
3. **Success Response:** If destinations are found, respond with an array containing the filtered destination details.
4. **Error Handling:** If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

```
GET /destinations/filter/4.0
```

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Exercise 9: Adding Reviews to a Travel Destination

Challenge:

Develop a POST route at `/destinations/:destinationId/reviews` that allows users to add reviews to a travel destination. Utilize the `addReview` function to add reviews to the destination. Handle errors effectively.

1. **Create a POST Route:** Design a POST route at `/destinations/:destinationId/reviews` to handle requests for adding reviews to a destination.
2. **Add Review:** In the route handler, use the `addReview` function to add a review to the specified destination using its ID and the review data.
3. **Success Response:** If the review is successfully added, respond with a success message and the updated destination details (including reviews).
4. **Error Handling:** If an error arises during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

POST `/destinations/617a2ed9466e8c00160192e0/reviews`

Request Body:

```
{
  "userId": "your-user-id-here",
  "reviewText": "Had an amazing trip!"
}
```

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Exercise 10: Retrieving Reviews of a Travel Destination

Challenge:

Create a GET route at `/destinations/:destinationId/reviews` to retrieve the reviews of a travel destination. Utilize the `getDestinationReviewsWithUserDetails` function to fetch the reviews. Handle errors gracefully.

1. **Create a GET Route:** Set up a GET route at `/destinations/:destinationId/reviews` to handle requests for retrieving reviews of a destination.
2. **Retrieve Reviews:** In the route handler, use the `getDestinationReviewsWithUserDetails` function to find the reviews of the specified destination.
3. **Success Response:** If reviews are found, respond with an array containing the reviews along with user details (e.g., username and profile picture URL).
4. **Error Handling:** If an error occurs during the process, respond with an error message.

Example:

GET `/destinations/617a2ed9466e8c00160192e0/reviews`