CSS Grid and Responsive Web Design Exercises

Responsive design

Understanding

My mantra: however, I encourage you to read around and find your own way of doing things as well. There's no common consensus on this btw.

- First: Mobile [Most user base]**
- Second: Desktop [Second most user base]
- · Third: Tablet

**note: This rule changes if you are designing a desktop first application. Applications are generally designed desktop first and many times their mobile counterparts come later or there are just mobile apps and no mobile support. If you're working in a team, follow what they're doing.

But for webpages the above rule is GOLD.

How does this work?

We do mobile first, we define a media query for tablet but don't populate it now. And then we define everything for the desktop.

```
/* Default styles for mobile devices */
body {
  font-size: 14px;
}

/* Styles for tablets (portrait) and up */
@media (min-width: 768px) {
  body {
   font-size: 16px;
  }
}

/* Styles for laptops and up */
@media screen and (min-width: 1024px) {
  body {
   font-size: 18px;
  }
}
```

ex01: let's start with mobile-first

Challenge

- 1. Make the background color of your screen (body) yellow.
- 2. Now, write a media query that makes the background color transparent when the screen size is more than 600px.

**note: We are using 600px so that it is easier for me to teach. You can change the breakpoints to 1024 when publishing the website, or 768 if you want tablet to have desktop layouts.

Understanding

- 1. By following the rule of cascade your second rule overrides the first. But it overrides only at specific screen intervals.
- 2. Now your mobile look will have a yellow background while your desktop look will have a transparent background.
- 3. This is mobile first design. You can even take the first rule and put it in mobile.layout.css and the other rule in desktop.layout.css and apply both CSS one after another. Just make sure that everything in desktop.layout.css file is in a media query.

Solution

https://codesandbox.io/s/first-media-query-solution-iogf29

ex02: responsive typography

Understanding

- 1. It's important to change the font size when the screen size varies. Especially the headings should feel right on a desktop.
- 2. We should use relative units. Mostly rem.
 - a. Why? read/write a blog.
 - b. Why rem and not em? read/write a blog.

3. The table that I have shared below, you should keep it handy. For any machine coding question, or project, you can use these sizes. They're pretty standard.

You don't need to be a designer to make good UI, you just need to be ready with a good set of defaults and follow a theme. -Tanay Pratap

Challenge

Create a simple webpage with responsive typography that adapts to different screen sizes. Your webpage should include a title, subtitle, and a paragraph. The font size of the text elements should change based on the screen size.

Heading 1

Heading 2

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Units

BreakpointTitle (h1)Subtitle (h2)Paragraph (p)

Mobile	2rem	1.5rem	1rem
Tablet	2.5rem	1.75rem	1.125rem
Laptop	3rem	2rem	1.25rem

Solution

Grids

Grids are much like flex.

Grids are useful more for layout in 2D while flex are in 1D. So, reach out to grids when you are laying out the floor plan for your app.

Syntax

```
display: grid; /* step I*/
grid-template-columns: 200px 1fr auto;
grid-column-gap: 16px;

/* to do rows */
grid-template-rows: 1fr 1fr 1fr;
grid-row-gap: 0.5rem;
```

COPY

ex01: row with three columns

Challenge

Create a layout class and have 3 rows and 3 columns.

```
3 rows - 1 row is 1fr | auto | 200px
```

3 columns - 1 column is 1fr

row gap: 1rem

column gap - 0.5rem

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Solution

https://codesandbox.io/s/grid-column-rows-9gg66u

ex02: make your grid mobile friendly

Challenge

1. Create a class row.

- 2. Put three cards in it.
- 3. For mobile, it should show two cards in one row.
- 4. For the desktop, it should show three cards in one row.

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Solution

https://codesandbox.io/s/responsive-grids-otl85j

ex03: play with your earlier layout

Challenge

Reset the whole class layout from the ex01 into three views as shown below

Mobile | Tablet | Desktop view

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Solution

https://codesandbox.io/s/mobile-friendly-grid-dpnxmv

ex04: layout docsite

Understanding

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/grid-template-areas

```
.navigation
grid-template-areas:
      "nav nav nav"
    "main main aside"
    "ads footer footer"
                                                                   2 parts
                                                                                              1 part
                                                                     main
                                                                                              aside
grid-area: nav
            grid-area: main
                                                         .mukhya
            grid-area: ads
                                                              ads
                                                                                      footer
.mukhya { grid-area: main }
```

Syntax

```
.nav {
 grid-area: nav;
.main {
 grid-area: row;
.aside-main {
 grid-area: aside;
}
.footer {
 grid-area: footer;
.layout {
  grid-template-areas:
    'nav nav nav'
    'row row aside'
    'row row aside'
    'footer footer';
}
```

COPY

Homework

Using the template-area layout a docsite as shown below. You can work out the details later.

artemis: component library for all your needs

- Avatar
- Badge
- Button
- Card
- Input

introduction

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avatar

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Solution

https://codesandbox.io/s/responsive-grids-mobile-view-forked-y1p1q1