

# Redux 1.4\_CW Exercises

javascript functions for purity

## ex01: create a cart reducer

### challenge

Create a `cartReducer` that handles adding, removing, updating quantity, and calculating the total price of cart items.

1. Create a `cartReducer` function that takes two parameters: `state` (initial state) and `action`.

2. Implement the switch case for each action type

(`ADD_TO_CART`, `REMOVE_FROM_CART`, `UPDATE_QUANTITY`, `CALCULATE_TOTAL`).

1. `ADD_TO_CART` - `cart/added`

Make sure you handle updating of the quantity of an item if it already exists in the cart.

2. `REMOVE_FROM_CART` - `cart/removed`

3. `UPDATE_QUANTITY` - `cart/updatedQuantity`

4. `CALCULATE_TOTAL` - `cart/calculateTotal`

3. For `ADD_TO_CART`, add the product to the `cartItems` array with the help of spread operator.

4. For `REMOVE_FROM_CART`, remove the product from the `cartItems` array based on its ID using `array.filter`.

5. For `UPDATE_QUANTITY`, update the quantity of the product based on its ID using `Object.assign`.

6. For `CALCULATE_TOTAL`, calculate the total price of all items in the cart and update the `total` field using `array.reduce`.

## solution:

```
const initialState = {
  cartItems: [],
  total: 0,
}

const cartReducer = (state = initialState, action) => {
  switch (action.type) {
    case 'cart/added':
      const existingCartItem = state.cartItems.find(
        (item) => item.id === action.payload.id,
      )

      if (existingCartItem) {
        const updatedCartItems = state.cartItems.map((item) => {
          if (item.id === action.payload.id) {
            return {
              ...item,
              quantity: item.quantity + 1,
            }
          }
          return item
        })

        return {
          ...state,
          cartItems: updatedCartItems,
        }
      } else {
        return {
          ...state,
          cartItems: [...state.cartItems, { ...action.payload, quantity: 1 }],
        }
      }
    case 'cart/removed':
      return {
        ...state,
        cartItems: state.cartItems.filter((item) => item.id !== action.payload),
      }
    case 'cart/updatedQuantity':
      const updatedCartItems = state.cartItems.map((item) => {
        if (item.id === action.payload.productId) {
          return Object.assign({}, item, { quantity: action.payload.quantity })
        }
        return item
      })
      return {
        ...state,
        cartItems: updatedCartItems,
      }
    case 'cart/calculateTotal':
      const totalPrice = state.cartItems.reduce(
        (total, item) => total + item.price * item.quantity,
        0,
      )
      return {
        ...state,
        total: totalPrice,
      }
    default:
      return state
  }
}
```

```
}  
}  
  
export default cartReducer
```

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## ex02: create cart action creators

### challenge

Create action creators for each type of action in the cart reducer.

1. Create constant actions for ADD\_TO\_CART, REMOVE\_FROM\_CART, UPDATE\_QUANTITY, CALCULATE\_TOTAL
2. Create an action creator function named addToCart that takes a product parameter and returns an action object with the type of ADD\_TO\_CART and the payload as product.
3. Create an action creator function named removeFromCart that takes a productId parameter and returns an action object with the type of REMOVE\_FROM\_CART and the payload as productId.
4. Create an action creator function named updateQuantity that takes a productId and quantity parameter and returns an action object with the type of UPDATE\_QUANTITY and the payload as an object containing productId and quantity.
5. Create an action creator function named calculateTotal that returns an action object with the type of CALCULATE\_TOTAL.
6. Make sure you update the cartReducer cases with action constants.

### solution

```
export const ADD_TO_CART = 'cart/added'  
export const REMOVE_FROM_CART = 'cart/removed'  
export const UPDATE_QUANTITY = 'cart/updatedQuantity'  
export const CALCULATE_TOTAL = 'cart/calculateTotal'  
  
export const addToCart = (product) => ({  
  type: ADD_TO_CART,  
  payload: product,  
})  
  
export const removeFromCart = (productId) => ({  
  type: REMOVE_FROM_CART,  
  payload: productId,  
})  
  
export const updateQuantity = (productId, quantity) => ({  
  type: UPDATE_QUANTITY,  
  payload: { productId, quantity },  
})  
  
export const calculateTotal = () => ({  
  type: CALCULATE_TOTAL,
```

```
})
```

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## ex03: create and subscribe to the cart store

### challenge

Create and subscribe to the cart store to listen when the state changes.

1. Import the necessary action creators and the cart reducer.
2. Create a Redux store using `createStore` and passing the cart reducer.
3. Subscribe to the store using the `store.subscribe` method.

### solution

```
import { createStore } from 'redux'
import cartReducer from './cartReducer'

const store = createStore(cartReducer)

store.subscribe(() => {
  console.log(store.getState())
})
```

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## ex04: render **product list**

### challenge

Implement the `renderProducts` function to display the list of products.

```
const products = [
  { id: 1, name: 'Product A', price: 10 },
  { id: 2, name: 'Product B', price: 20 },
  { id: 3, name: 'Product C', price: 15 },
]
```

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1. Inside the `renderProducts` function, select the `productList` element using `document.getElementById`.
2. For each product, create a list item (`<li>`) containing the product name and price.
3. Call the `renderProducts` function in `**index.js**`.

### solution

```
const products = [
  { id: 1, name: 'Product A', price: 10 },
```

```

    { id: 2, name: 'Product B', price: 20 },
    { id: 3, name: 'Product C', price: 15 },
  ]

const renderProducts = () => {
  const productList = document.getElementById('product-list')
  productList.innerHTML = products
    .map((product) => {
      return `
        <li>
          ${product.name} - Rs.${product.price}
        </li>`
    })
    .join('')
}

renderProducts()

```

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## ex05: render cart

### challenge

1. Create a function named `updateCart` that will be responsible for rendering the cart items and updating the total cart price. Inside the `updateCart` function, get the current state from the Redux store using `store.getState()`.

1. Select the `cartList` & `cartTotal` elements using `document.getElementById("cart-total")`.

2. For each cart item, create a list item (`<li>`) containing the item's name, price, and quantity.

Join the array of HTML strings using `.join("")` and set it as the `innerHTML` of the `cartList` element.

3. Update the `cartTotal` element's content with the total price from the state.

2. Call the `**updateCart()**` in the `**index.js**` & in the `**store.subscribe**`.

### solution

```

store.subscribe(() => {
  console.log(store.getState())
  updateCart()
})

const updateCart = () => {
  const state = store.getState()

```

```

const cartList = document.getElementById('cart-list')
const cartTotal = document.getElementById('cart-total')

cartList.innerHTML = state.cartItems
  .map((item) => {
    return `
      <li>
        ${item.name} - Rs.${item.price} - Quantity: ${item.quantity}
      </li>`
  })
  .join('')

cartTotal.innerHTML = `Total: Rs.${state.total}`
}

updateCart()

```

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## ex06: play with dispatch actions

### challenge

Now, let's play around with dispatching actions and see how the cart state updates.

1. Dispatch the `addToCart` action to add one unit of "Product A" (id: 1) to the cart.
2. Dispatch the `calculateTotal` action after adding the first item.
3. Dispatch the `addToCart` action to add one unit of "Product B" (id: 2) to the cart.
4. Dispatch the `calculateTotal` action after adding the second item.
5. Dispatch the `addToCart` action again to add one more unit of "Product A" (id: 1) to the cart.
6. Dispatch the `calculateTotal` action after adding the third item.
7. Dispatch the `removeFromCart` action to remove "Product A" (id: 1) from the cart.
8. Dispatch the `calculateTotal` action after removing an item.
9. Dispatch the `updateQuantity` action to change the quantity of "Product B" (id: 2) to 5.
10. Dispatch the `calculateTotal` action after updating the quantity.

### solution

```

store.dispatch(addToCart({ id: 1, name: 'Product A', price: 10, quantity: 1 }))
store.dispatch(calculateTotal())
store.dispatch(addToCart({ id: 2, name: 'Product B', price: 20, quantity: 1 }))
store.dispatch(calculateTotal())
store.dispatch(addToCart({ id: 1, name: 'Product A', price: 10, quantity: 1 }))
store.dispatch(calculateTotal())
store.dispatch(removeFromCart(1))
store.dispatch(calculateTotal())
store.dispatch(updateQuantity(2, Number(5)))
store.dispatch(calculateTotal())

```

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# ex07: play with dispatch actions using redux devtool

1. Dispatch the addToCart action to add one unit of "Product A" (id: 1) to the cart.

```
{
  type: 'cart/added',
  payload: { id: 1, name: "Product A", price: 10, quantity: 1 }
}
```

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## Shopping Cart App

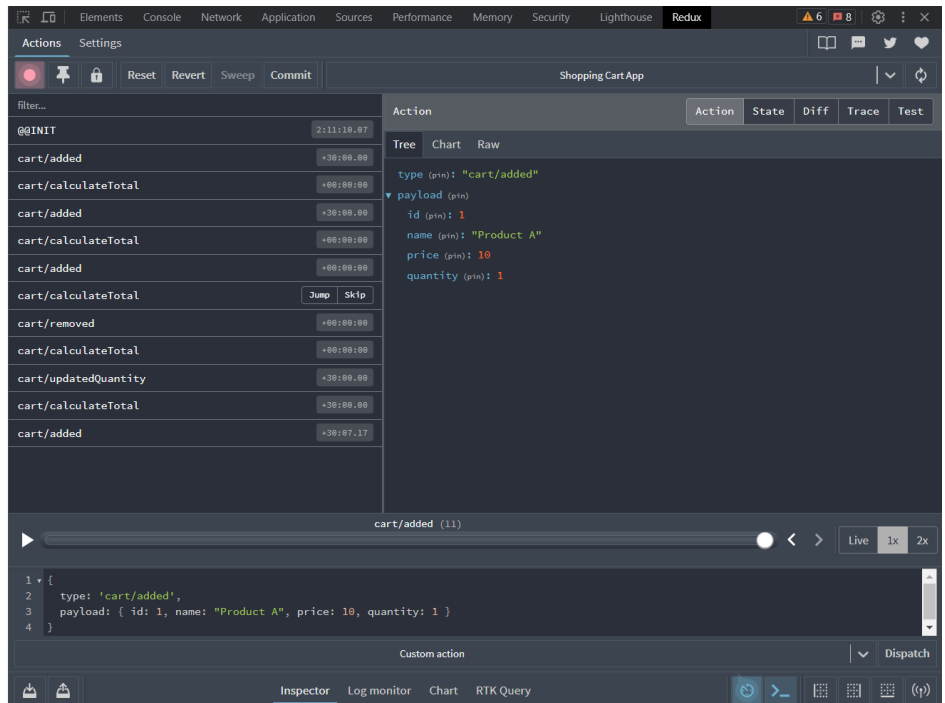
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product B - Rs.20 - Quantity: 5
- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1

Total: Rs.100



1. Dispatch the calculateTotal action after adding the first item.

```
{
  type: 'cart/calculateTotal'
}
```

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## Shopping Cart App

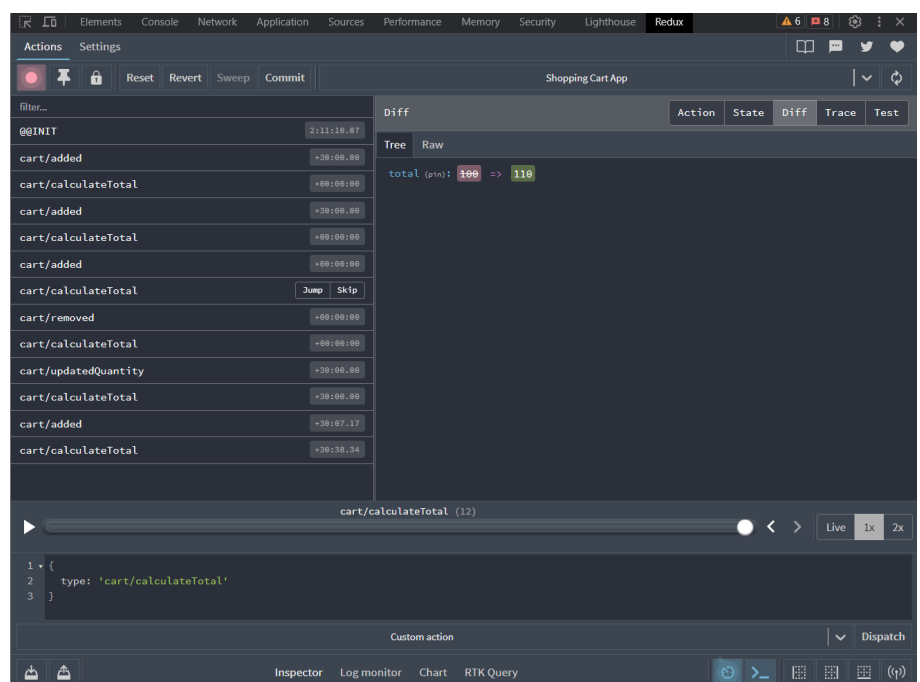
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product B - Rs.20 - Quantity: 5
- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1

Total: Rs.110



2. Dispatch the addToCart action to add one unit of "Product C" (id: 3) to the cart.

```

{
  type: 'cart/added',
  payload: { id: 3, name: "Product C", price: 15, quantity: 1 }
}

```

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## Shopping Cart App

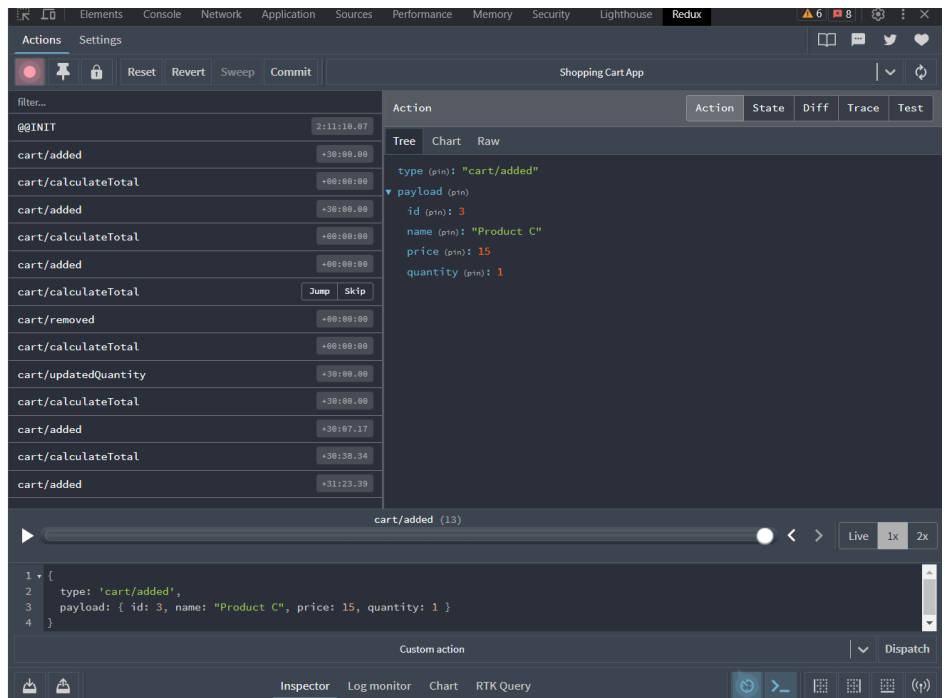
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product B - Rs.20 - Quantity: 5
- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1
- Product C - Rs.15 - Quantity: 1

Total: Rs.110



1. Dispatch the calculateTotal action after adding the third item.

```

{
  type: 'cart/calculateTotal'
}

```

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## Shopping Cart App

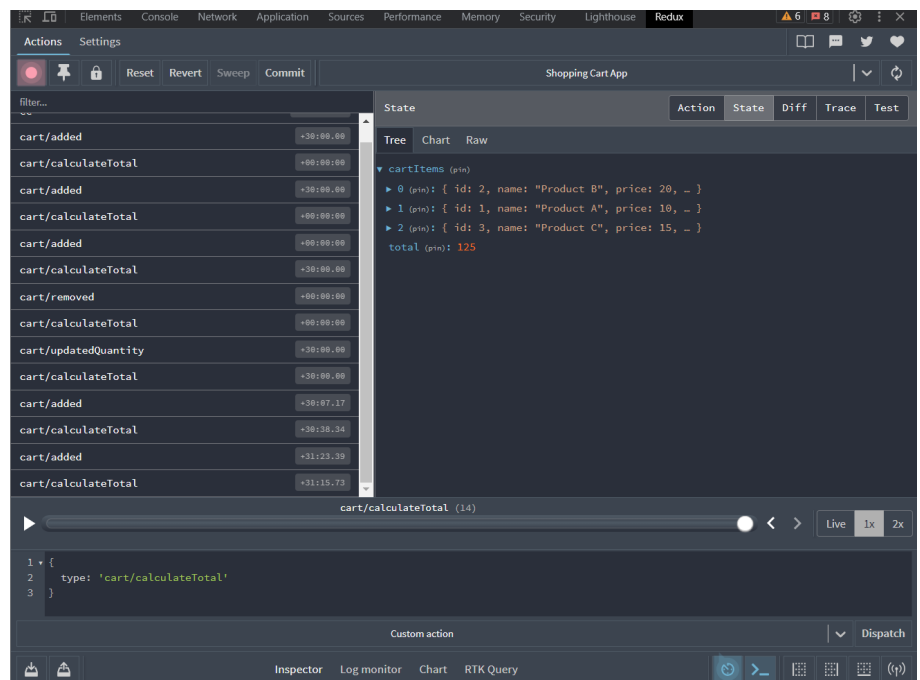
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product B - Rs.20 - Quantity: 5
- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1
- Product C - Rs.15 - Quantity: 1

Total: Rs.125



2. Dispatch the removeFromCart action to remove "Product B" (id: 2) from the cart.

```

{
  type: 'cart/removed',
  payload: 2
}

```

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## Shopping Cart App

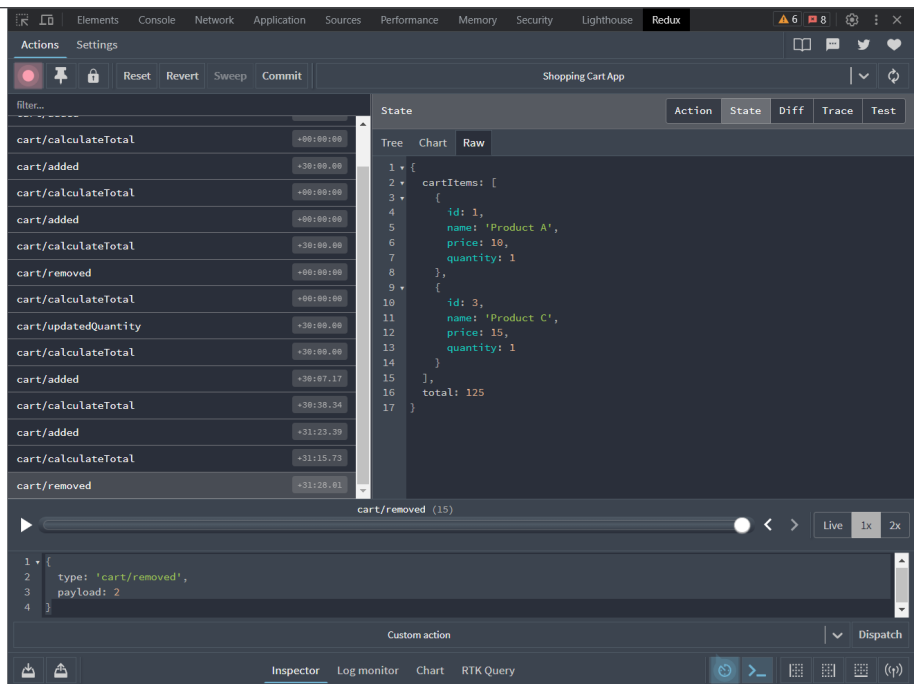
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1
- Product C - Rs.15 - Quantity: 1

Total: Rs.125



3. Dispatch the calculateTotal action after removing an item.

```
{  type: 'cart/calculateTotal'}
```

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## Shopping Cart App

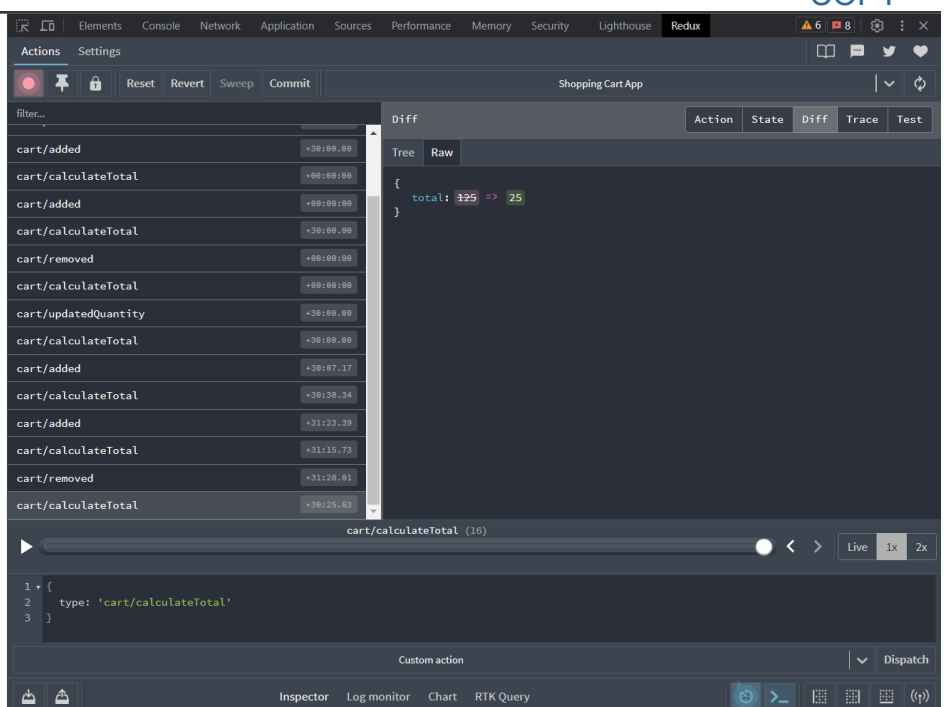
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1
- Product C - Rs.15 - Quantity: 1

Total: Rs.25



4. Dispatch the updateQuantity action to change the quantity of "Product C" (id: 3) to 2.

```
{  type: 'cart/updatedQuantity',  payload: {    productId: 3,    quantity: 2  }}}
```

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## Shopping Cart App

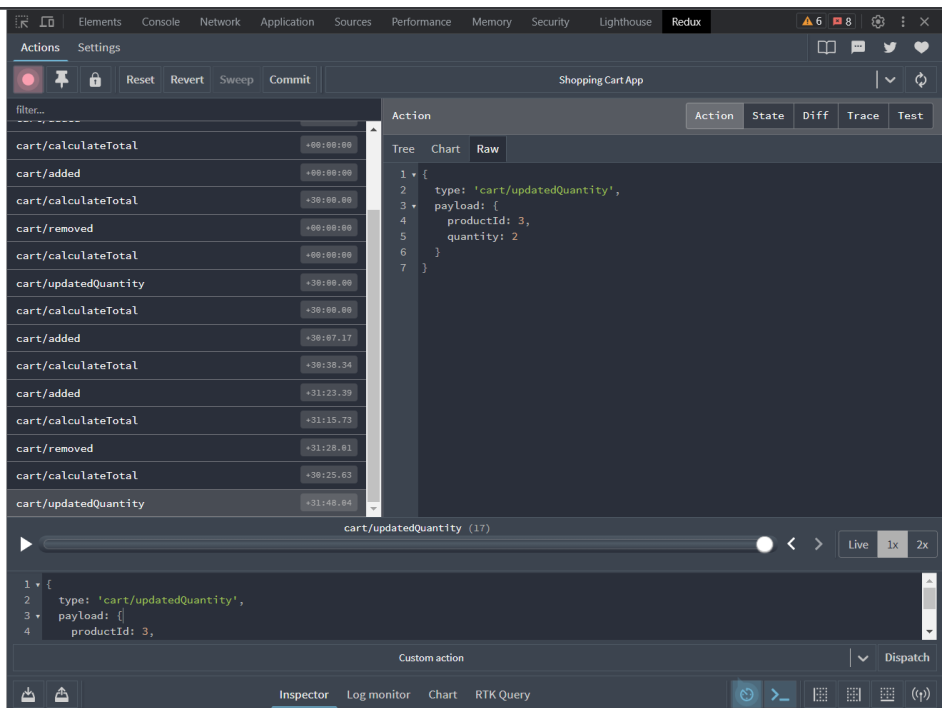
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1
- Product C - Rs.15 - Quantity: 2

Total: Rs.25



5. Dispatch the calculateTotal action after updating the quantity.

```
{
  type: 'cart/calculateTotal'
}
```

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## Shopping Cart App

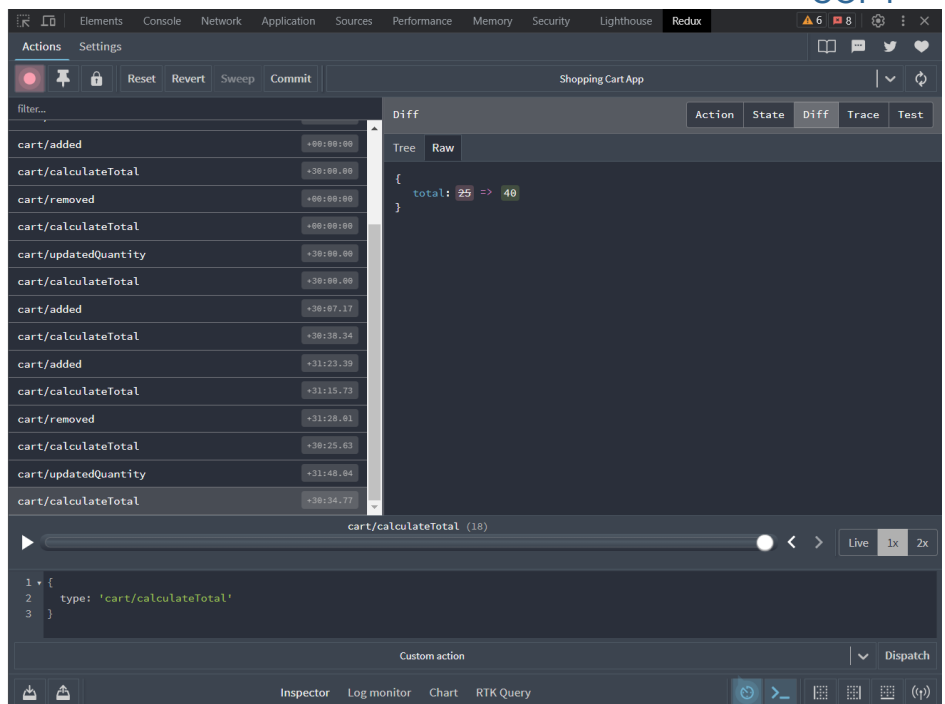
### Products

- Product A - Rs.10
- Product B - Rs.20
- Product C - Rs.15

### Cart

- Product A - Rs.10 - Quantity: 1
- Product C - Rs.15 - Quantity: 2

Total: Rs.40



entire solution w/ UI interactions

<https://codesandbox.io/s/rx1-3-cw-entire-solution-w-interaction-9zn3vl>

entire solution w/o UI interactions #

<https://codesandbox.io/s/rx1-3-cw-entire-solution-w-o-ui-interactions-dm3xwc>