

# Maven & Jenkins with Selenium: Complete Tutorial

## What is Jenkins?

Jenkins is the leading open-source continuous integration system developed by Hudson lab. It is cross-platform and runs on Windows, Linux, Mac OS and Solaris environments. It is written in Java. Jenkins's chief usage is to monitor the build process. It can be SVN checkout, cron or any application's build. It can be configured actions when a particular step occurs.

In this tutorial, we will learn

## Important Features of Jenkins

### Important Features of Jenkins

- Why Jenkins and Selenium?
- Steps to use install Maven and use it with TestNG Selenium
- Steps to Install Jenkins and configure it to Run Maven with TestNg Selenium
- Scheduling Jenkins for automatic execution.
- Jenkins with TestNg
- Benefits of Jenkins

## Important Features of Jenkins

- Change Support: Jenkins generates the list of all changes done in repositories like SVN.
- Permanent links: Jenkins provides direct links to the latest build or failed build that can be used for communication.
- Installation: Jenkins is easy to install either using direct installation file (exe) or war file to deploy on application server.
- Email integration: Jenkins can be configured to email the content of the status of the build.
- Easy Configuration: To configure various tasks on Jenkins is easy.
- TestNG test: Jenkins can be configured to run the automation test build on TestNG after the build.
- Multiple VMs: Jenkins can be configured to distribute the build on multiple machines.
- Project build: Jenkins documents the details of jar, version of jar and mapping of build artifacts.
- Plugins: 3<sup>rd</sup> party plugin can be configured in Jenkins to use features and additional functionalities.

## Why Jenkins and Selenium?

- Running Selenium tests in Jenkins allows you to run your tests every time your software is deployed to a new environment when the tests pass.
- Jenkins can schedule your tests to run at specific time.
- You can save the execution history and Test Reports.
- Jenkins supports Maven for building and testing a project in continuous integration.

## Why Maven & Jenkins

Selenium WebDriver is great for browser automation. But, when using it for testing and build framework, it feels underpowered. Integrating Maven with Selenium provides following benefits. Apache Maven provides support for managing the full lifecycle of a test project.

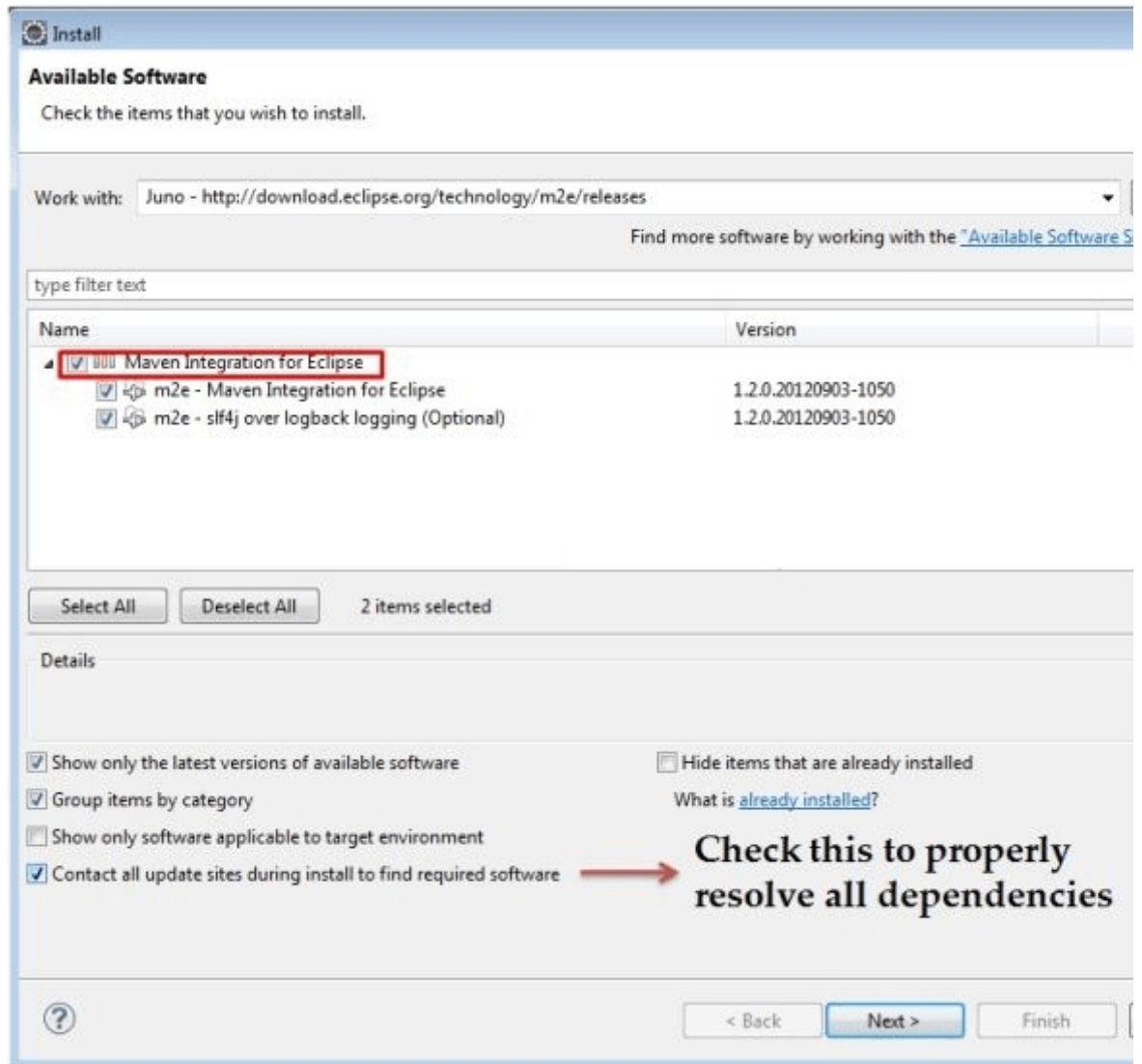
- Maven is used to define project structure, dependencies, build, and test management.
- Using pom.xml(Maven) you can configure dependencies needed for building testing and deployment.
- Maven automatically downloads the necessary files from the repository while building the project.

## Steps to use install Maven and use it with TestNG Selenium

For this tutorial, we will use Eclipse (Juno) IDE for Java Developers to set up Selenium WebDriver. Additionally, we need add m2eclipse plugin to Eclipse to facilitate the build process and create test reports. Let's add m2eclipse plugin to Eclipse with following steps:

**Step1)** In Eclipse IDE, select **Help | Install New Software** from Eclipse Main Menu.

**Step 2)** On the Install dialog, select **Work with** and m2e plugin as shown in the following screenshot.



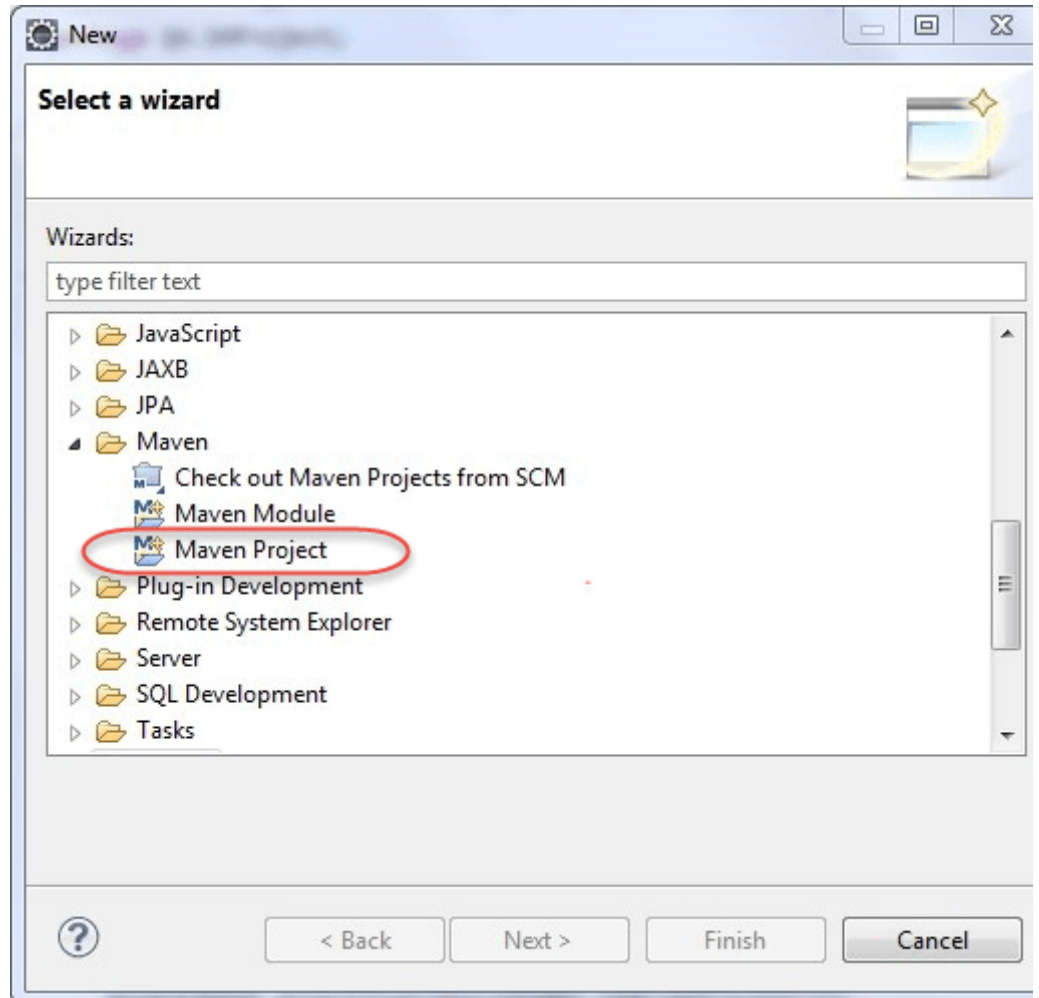
**Step 3)** Click on **Next** button and finish installation.

## Configure Eclipse with Maven

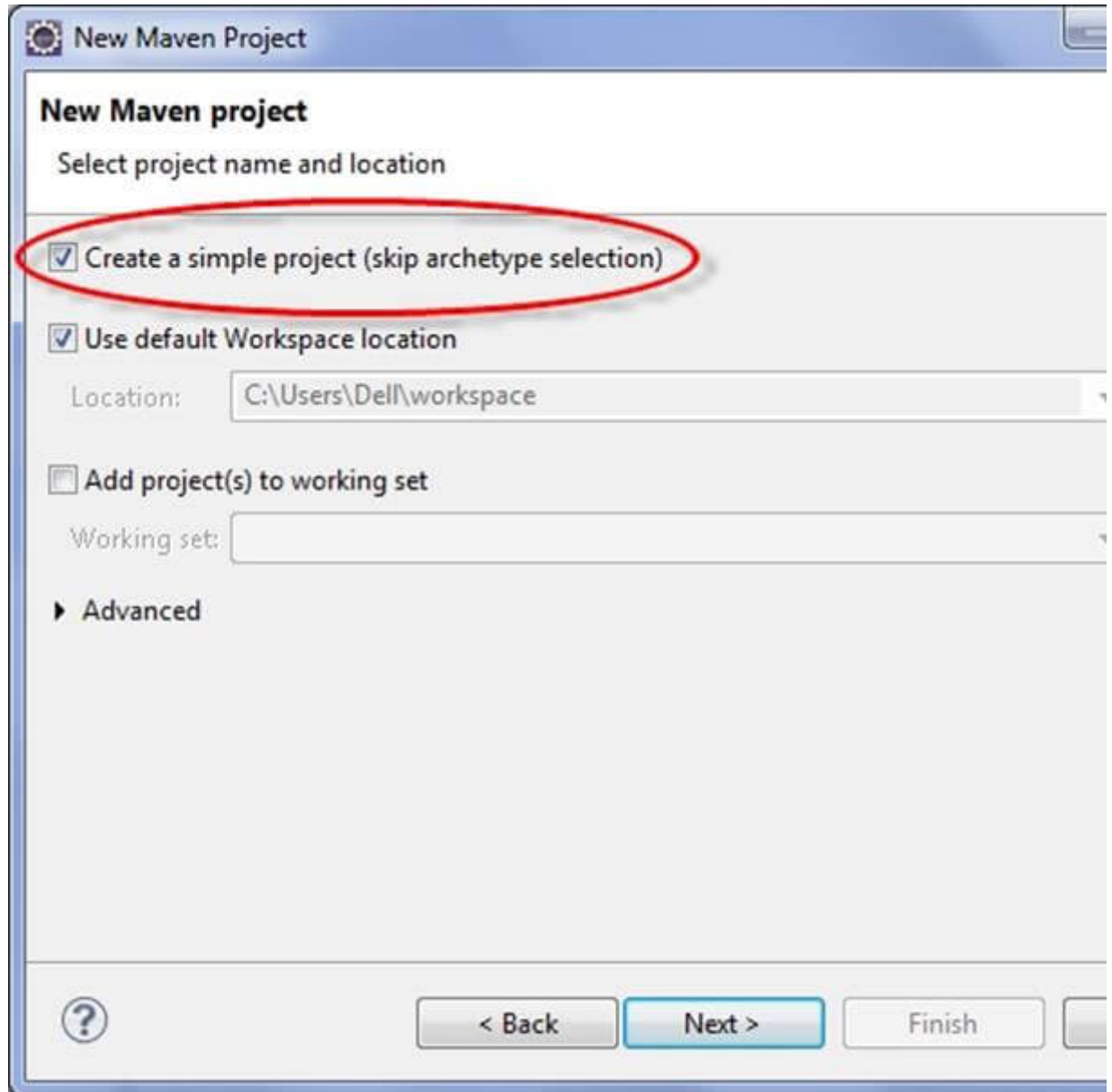
With m2e plugin is installed, we now need create Maven project.

**Step 1)** In Eclipse IDE, create a new project by selecting **File | New | Other** from Eclipse m

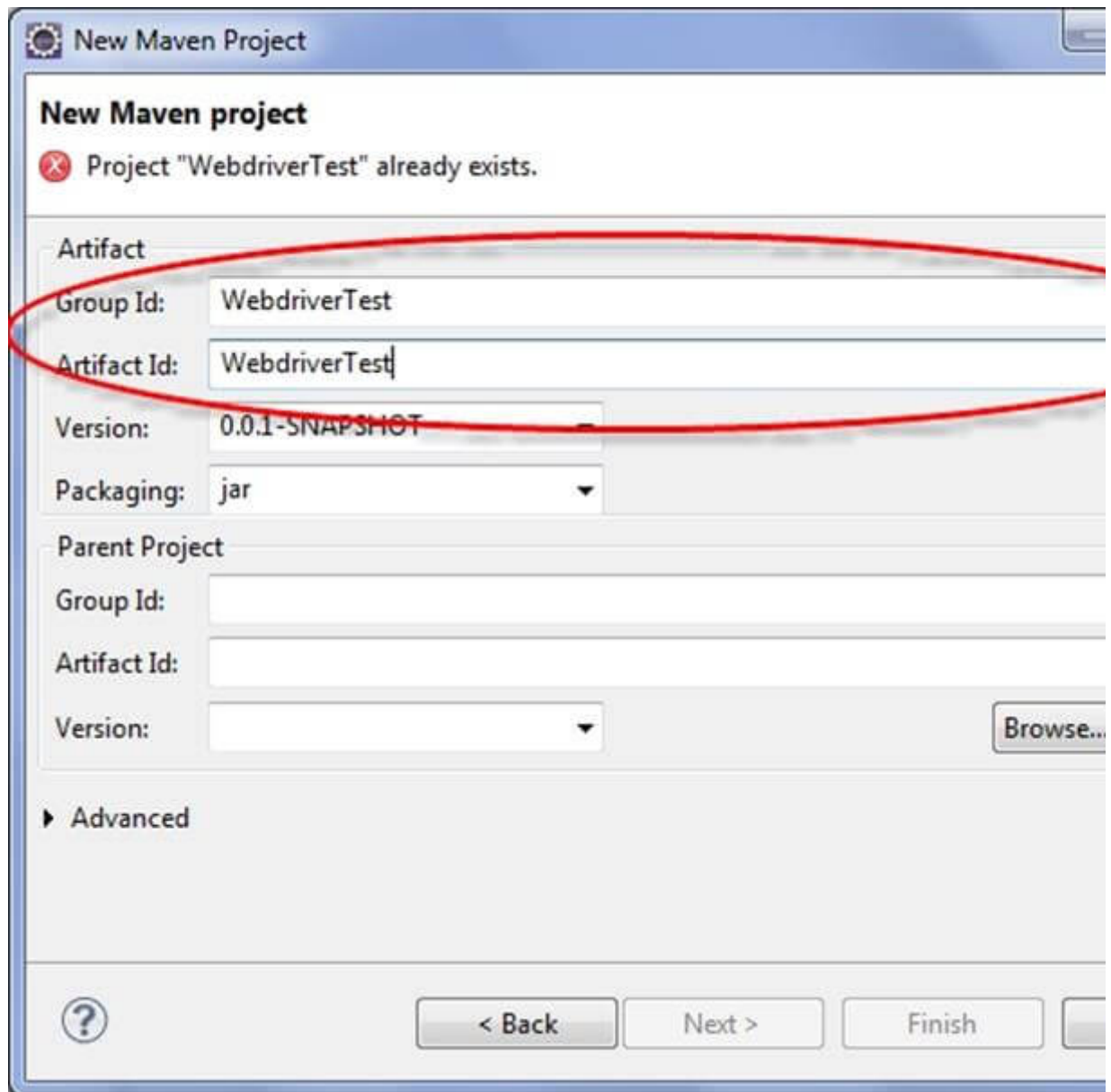
**Step 2)** On the **New** dialog, select **Maven | Maven Project** and click Next



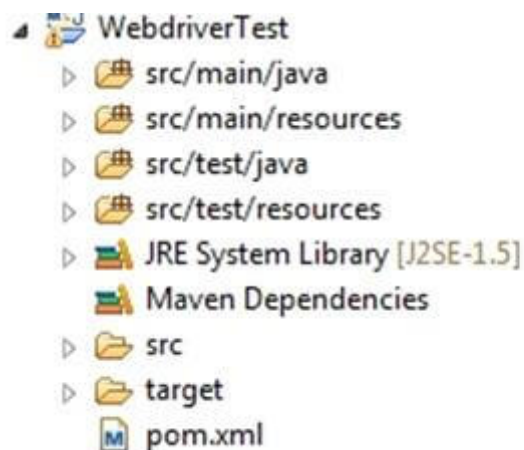
**Step 3)** On the **New Maven Project** dialog select the **Create a simple project** and click Ne



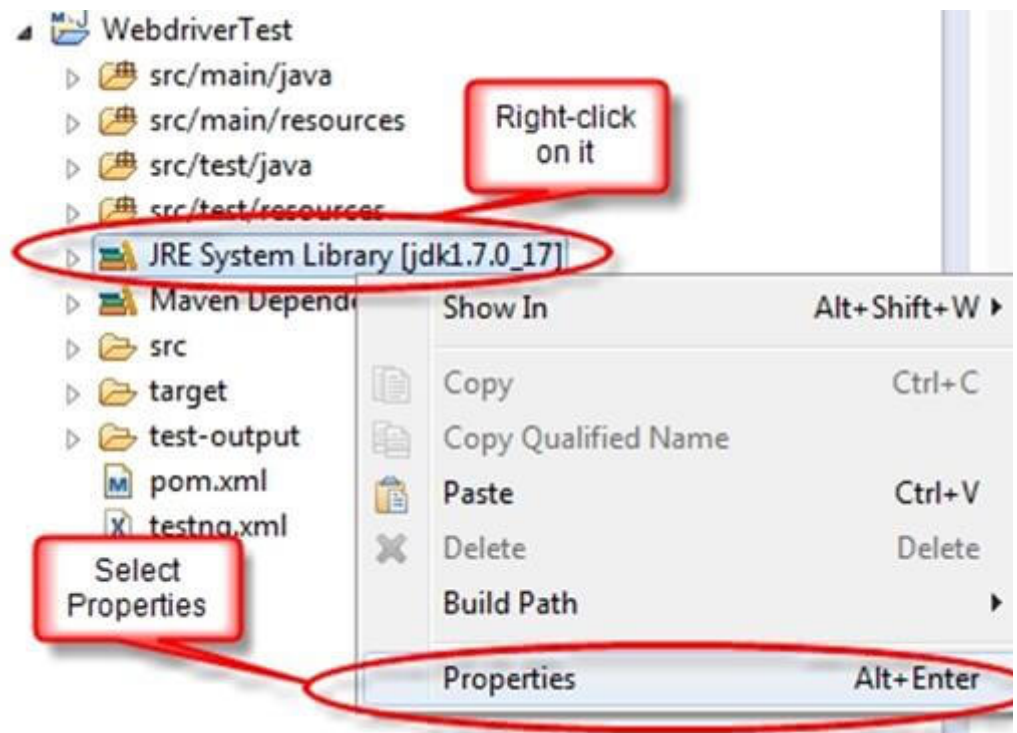
**Step 4)** Enter WebdriverTest in **Group Id:** and **Artifact Id:** and click finish



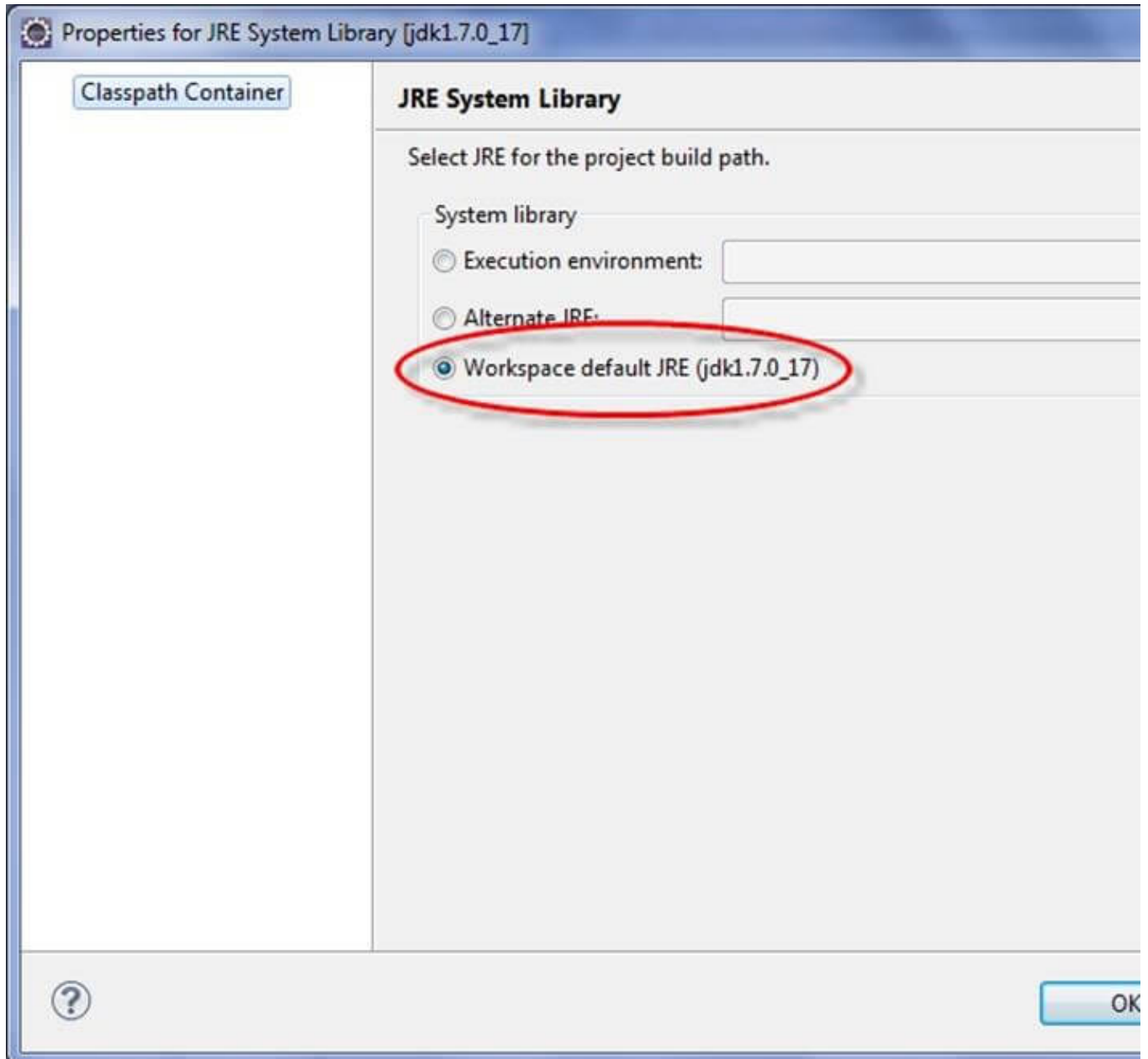
**Step 5)** Eclipse will create **WebdriverTest** with following structure:



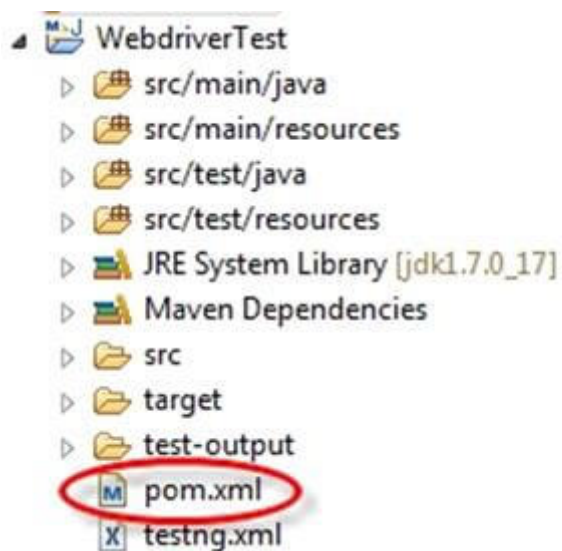
**Step 6)** Right-click on **JRE System Library** and select the **Properties** option from the menu



On the **Properties for JRE System Library** dialog box, make sure **Workspace default JRE** is selected. Click **OK**.

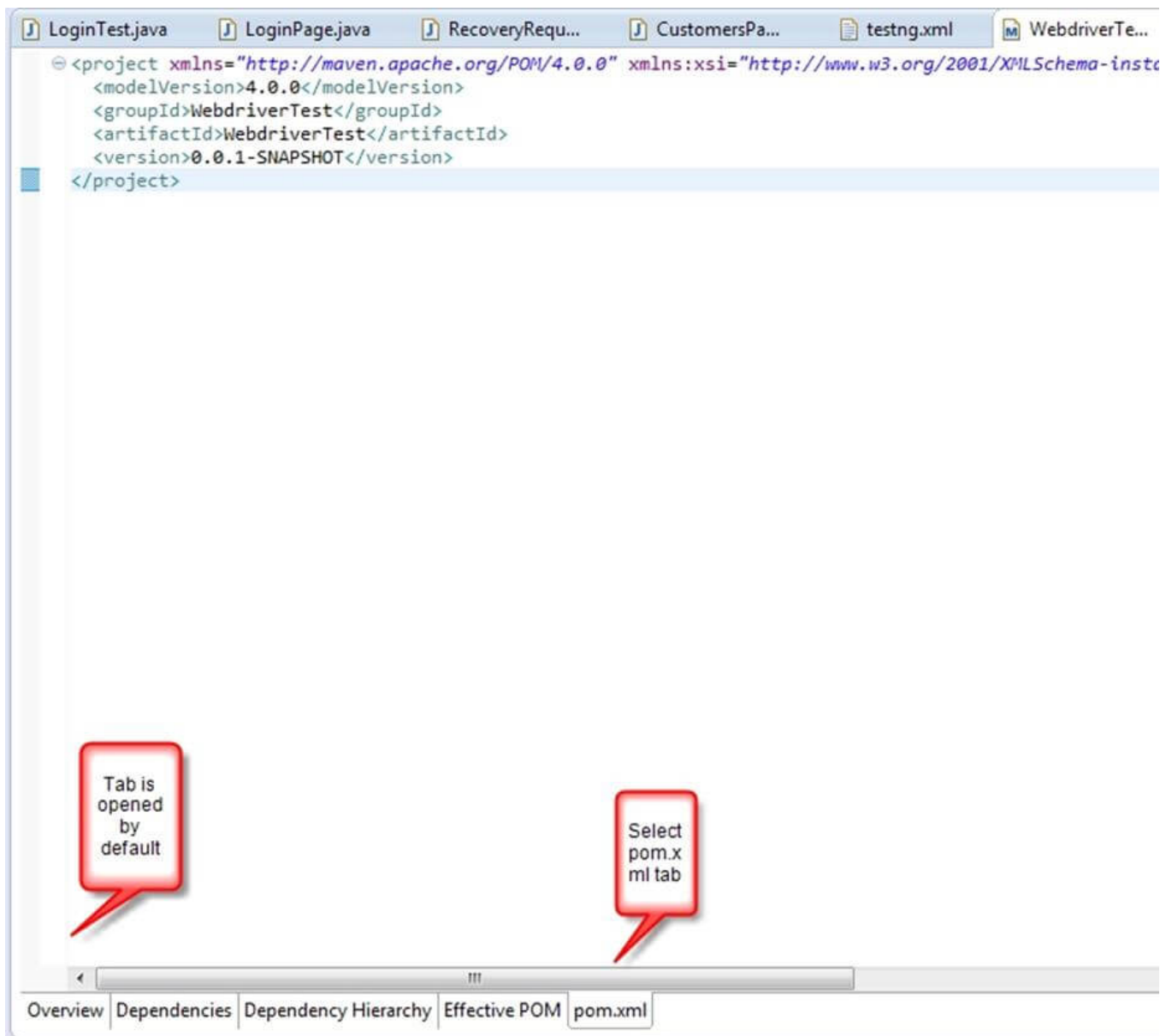


**Step 7).** Select **pom.xml** from **Project Explorer**..





pom.xml file will Open in Editor section

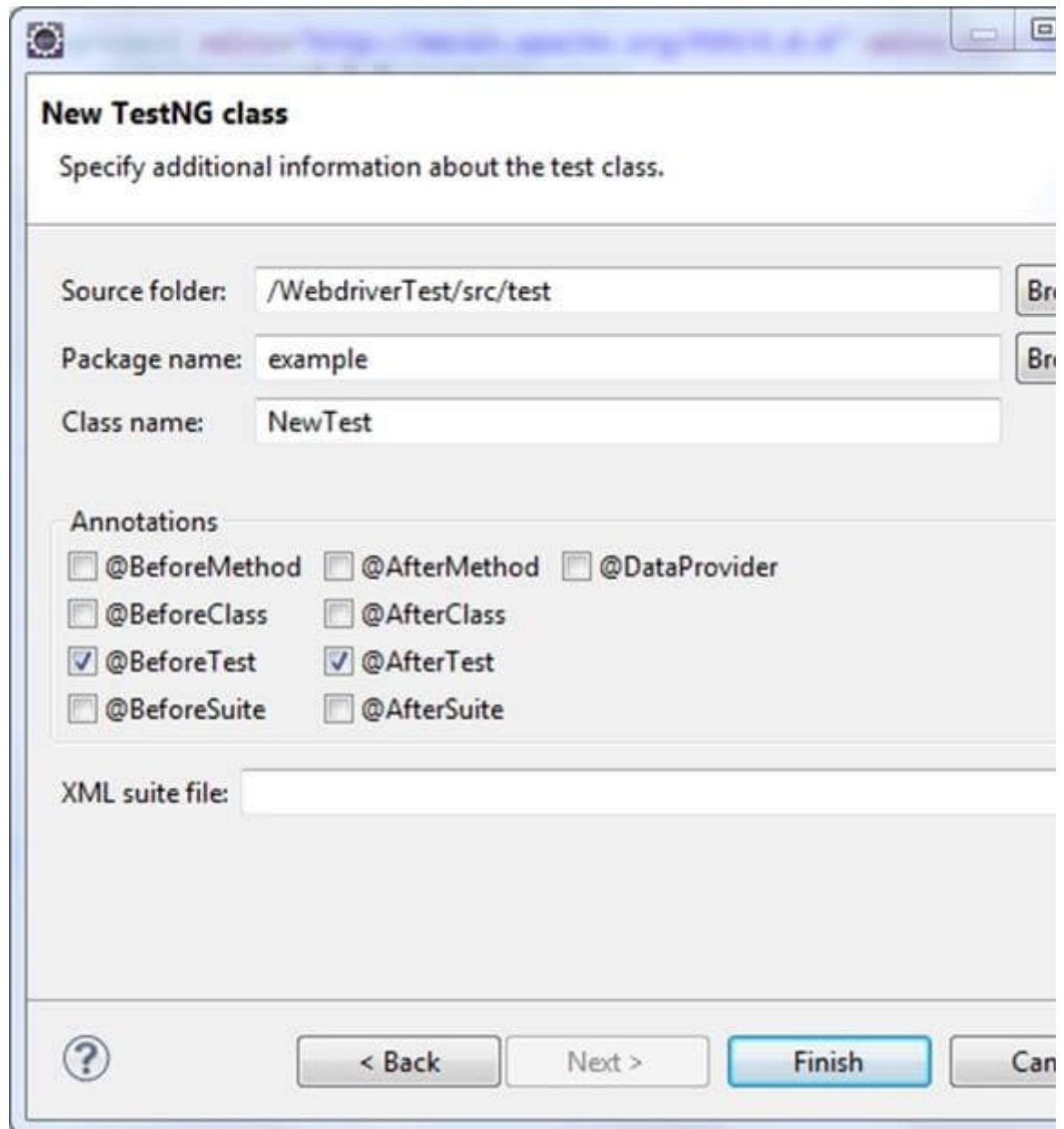


**Step 8).**Add the Selenium and TestNG, JUnit dependencies to pom.xml in the <project> node

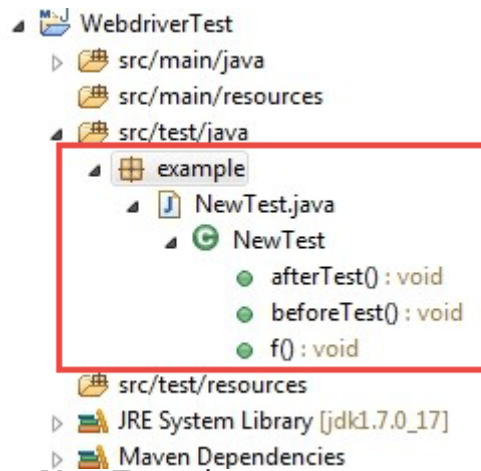
```
<dependencies>
<dependency>
    <groupId>junit</groupId>
    <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
    <version>3.8.1</version>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.seleniumhq.selenium</groupId>
    <artifactId>selenium-java</artifactId>
    <version>2.45.0</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.testng</groupId>
```

```
<artifactId>testng</artifactId>
<version>6.8</version>
<scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
</dependencies>
```

**Step 9)** Create a New TestNG Class. Enter Package name as "example" and "NewTest" in the click on the **Finish** button as shown in the following screenshot:



**Step 10).** Eclipse will create the NewTest class as shown in the following screenshot:



**Step 11)** Add the following code to the **NewTest** class:

This code will verify the title of Guru99 Selenium Page

```
package example;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxDriver;
import org.testng.Assert;
import org.testng.annotations.Test;
import org.testng.annotations.BeforeTest;
import org.testng.annotations.AfterTest;

public class NewTest {
    private WebDriver driver;

    @Test
    public void testEasy() {
        driver.get("http://www.guru99.com/selenium-tutorial.html");
        String title = driver.getTitle();
        Assert.assertTrue(title.contains("Free Selenium Tutorials"));
    }

    @BeforeTest
    public void beforeTest() {
        driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    }

    @AfterTest
    public void afterTest() {
        driver.quit();
    }
}
```

**Step 12)** Right-click on the WebdriverTest and select **TestNG | Convert to TestNG**.

Eclipse will create testng.xml which says that you need to run only one test with the name **f** in the following screenshot:

**Refactoring**

### Generate testng.xml

☒ Generate testng.xml

Location:

Suite name:

Test name:


Class selection:  Parallel mode:  Thread count:

**Preview**

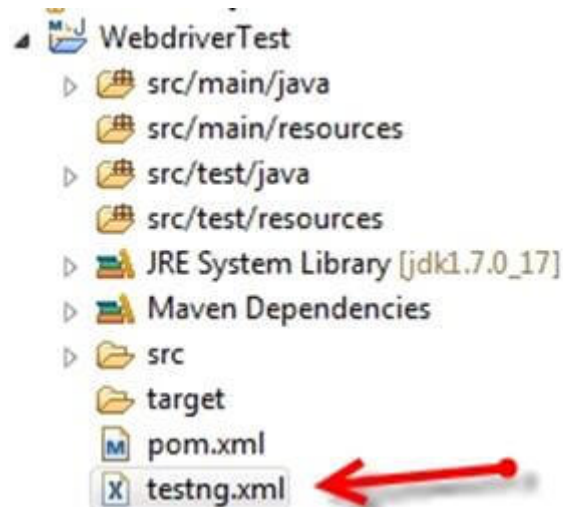
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE suite SYSTEM "http://testng.org/testng-1.0.dtd">
<suite name="Suite" parallel="none">
  <test name="Test">
    <classes>
      <class name="example.NewTest"/>
    </classes>
  </test> <!-- Test -->
</suite> <!-- Suite -->
```

**Code generation**

suite() methods:

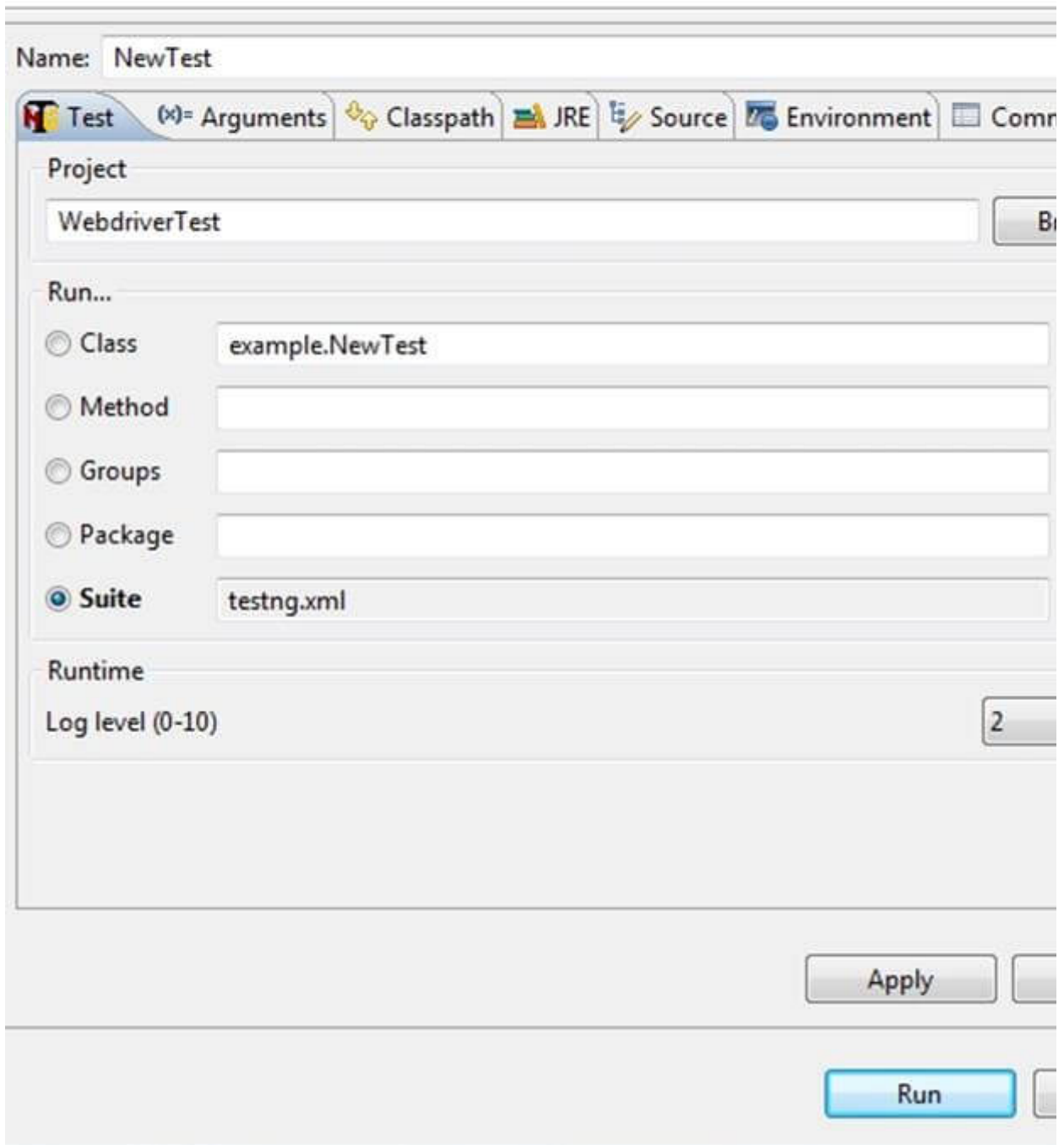


Update the project and make sure that file appears in the tree **Package Explorer** (right click Refresh).



**Step 13)** Now you need to run test through this **testng.xml**.

So, go to the **Run Configurations** and create a new launch **TestNG**, select the project and **testng.xml** and click Run



Make sure that build finished successfully.

**Step 14).** Additionally, we need to add

1. maven-compiler-plugin
2. maven-surefire-plugin
3. testng.xml

to pom.xml.

The maven-surefire-plugin is used to configure and execute tests. Here plugin is used to co

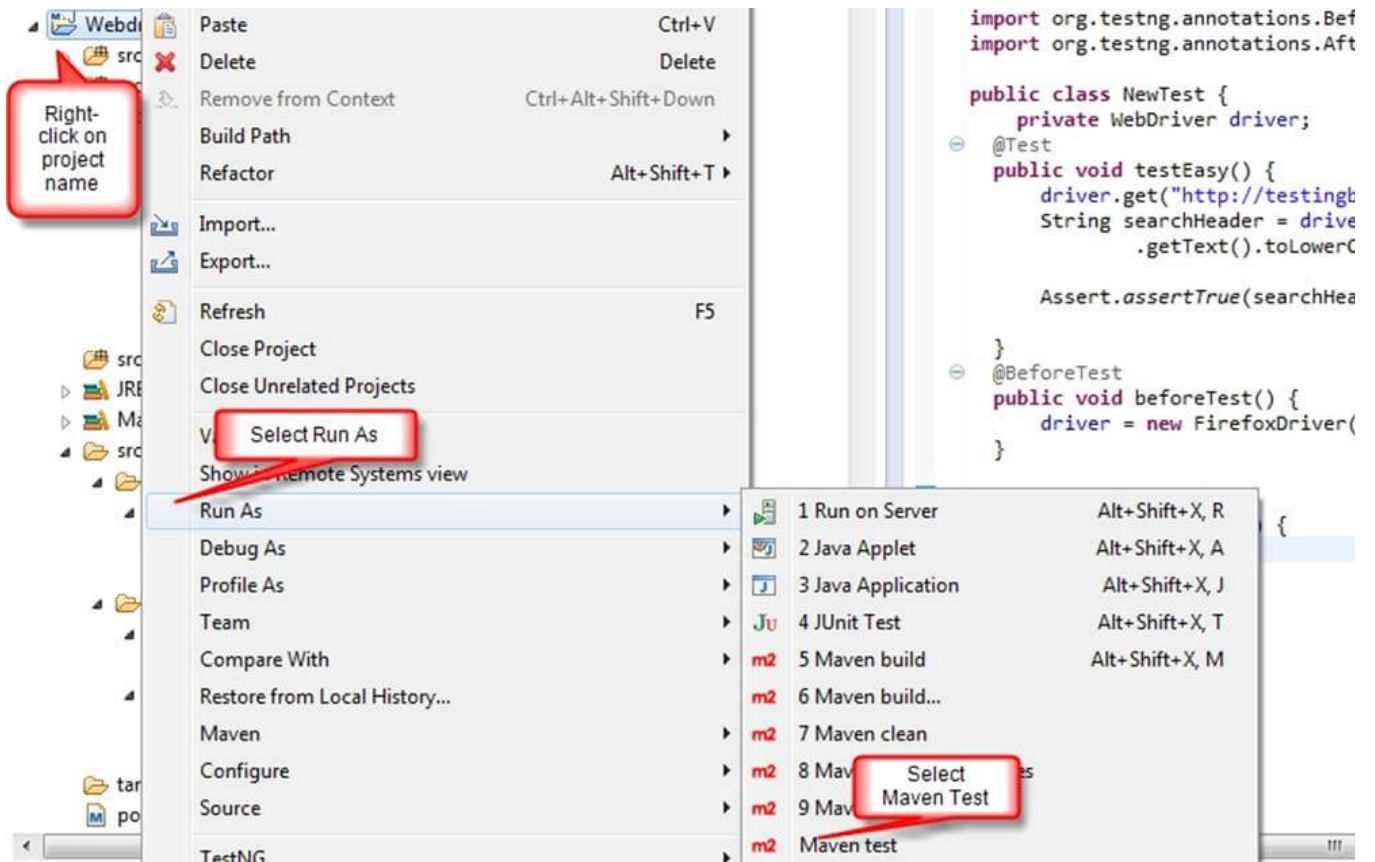
testing.xml for TestNG test and generate test reports.

The maven-compiler-plugin is used to help in compiling the code and using the particular JI compilation. Add all dependencies in the following code snippet, to pom.xml in the <plugin

```
17     <plugins>
18     <plugin>
19     <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
20     <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
21     <version>2.3.2</version>
22     <configuration>
23     <source>1.7</source>
24     <target>1.7</target>
25     </configuration>
26     </plugin>
27     <plugin>
28     <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
29     <artifactId>maven-surefire-plugin</artifactId>
30     <version>2.12</version>
31     <inherited>true</inherited>
32     <configuration>
33     <suiteXmlFiles>
34     <suiteXmlFile>testng.xml</suiteXmlFile>
35     </suiteXmlFiles>
36     </configuration>
37     </plugin>
38 </plugins>
```

**Step 15)** To run the tests in the Maven lifecycle, Right-click on the WebdriverTest and select **test**. Maven will execute test from the project.



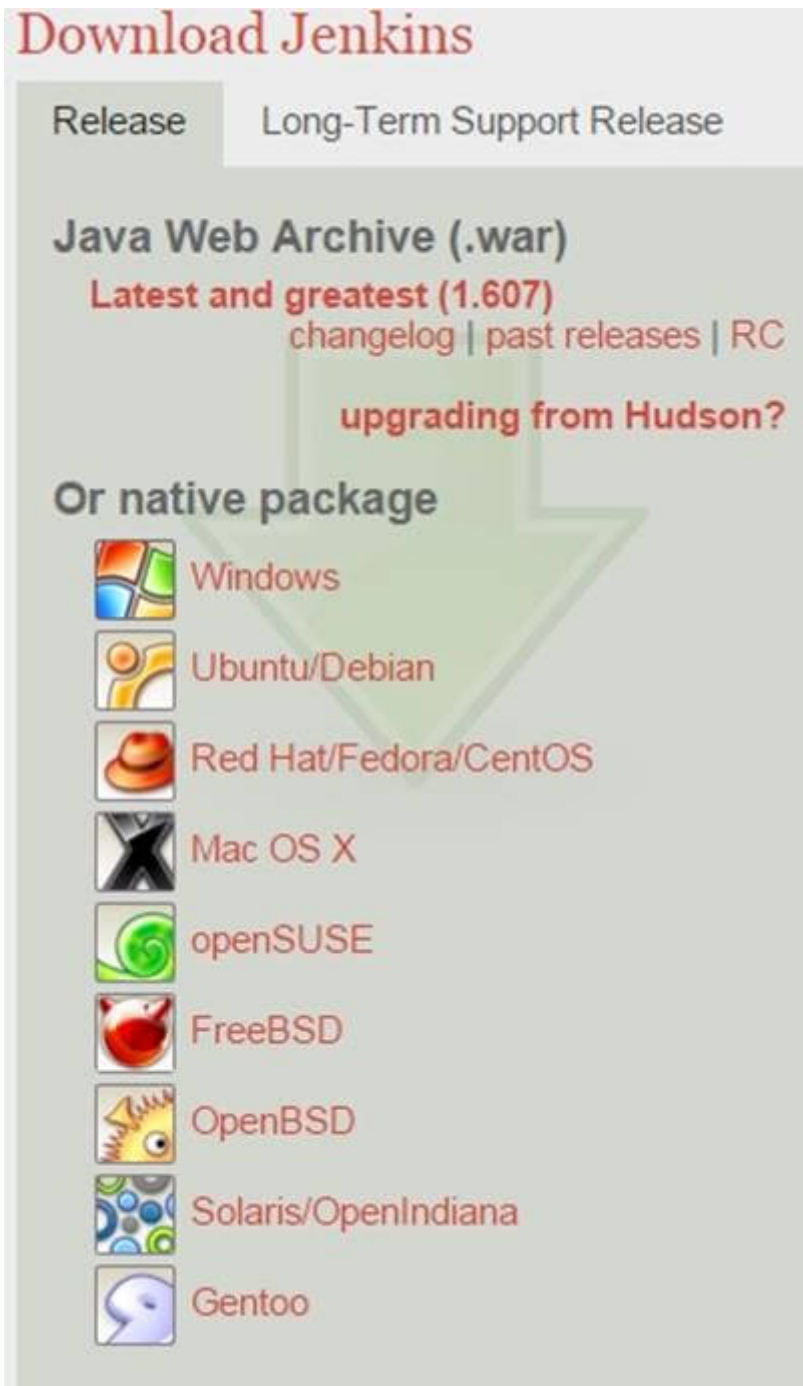


Make sure that build finished successfully.

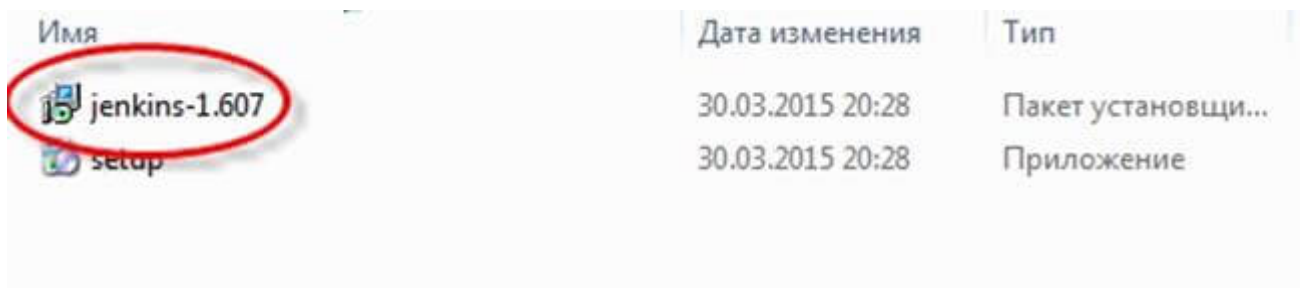
## Steps to Install Jenkins and configure it to Run Maven with TestNg Selenium Installation

**Step 1)** Go to <http://jenkins-ci.org/> and download correct package for your OS. Install Jenkin





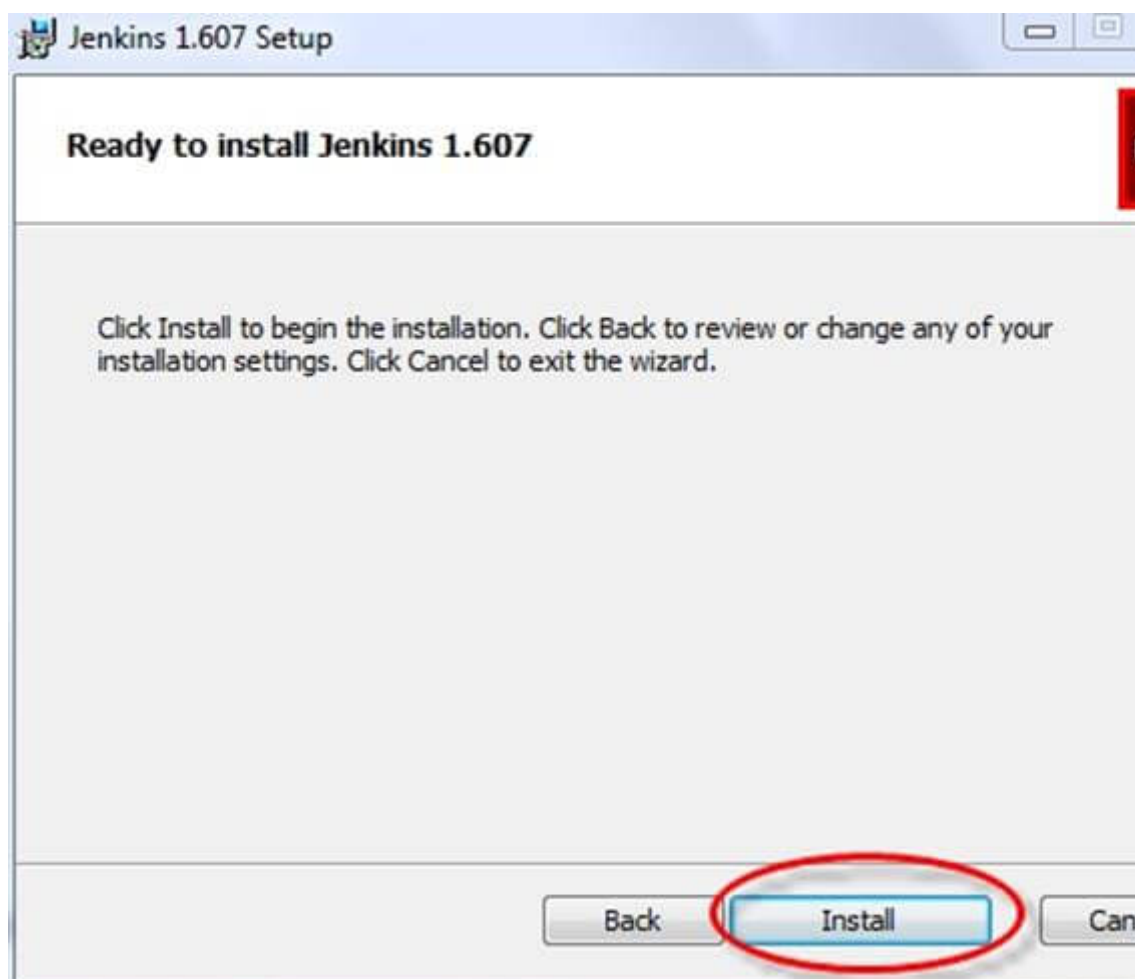
**Step 2)** Unzip Jenkins to specified folder. Run exe file as shown in following screenshot:



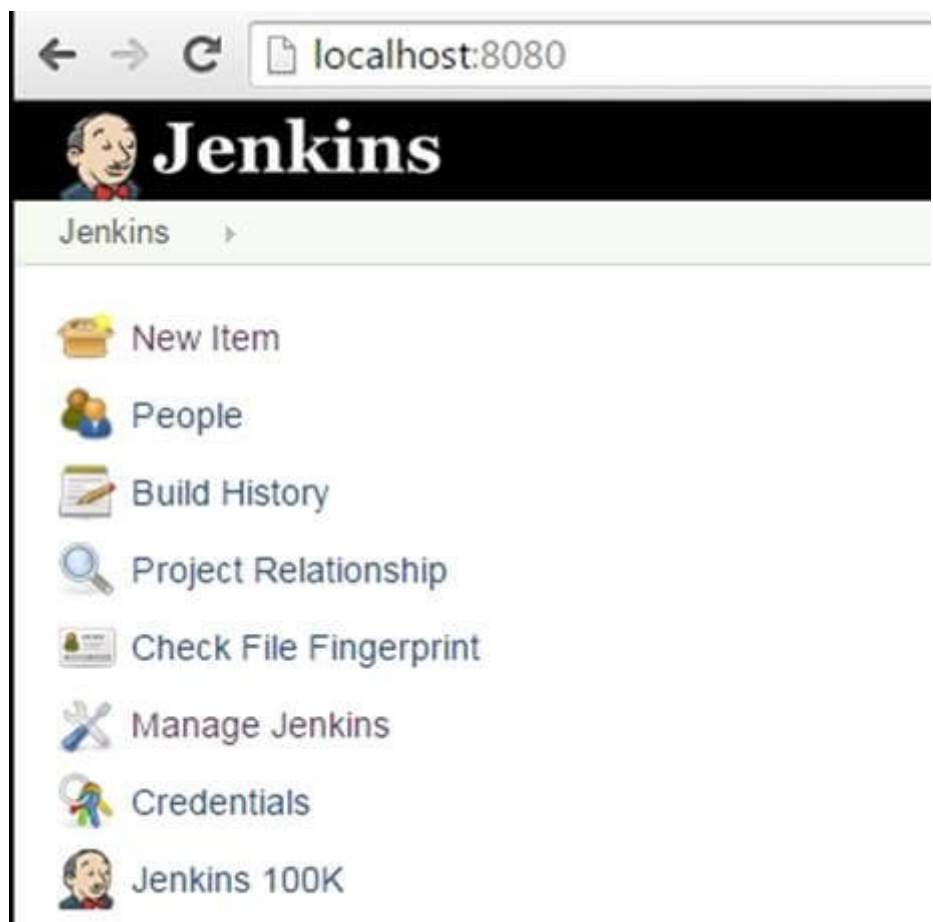
**Step 3)** In **Jenkins 1.607 Setup** window click on **Next** button.



**Step 4)** Click on **Install** button in the end.



**Step 5)** Once installation is done, navigate to the Jenkins Dashboard (<http://localhost:8080> | browser window).



**Step 6)** Click on the **New Item** link to create a CI job.



**Step 7)** Select the Maven project radio button as shown in the following screenshot:

Item name

☐ **Freestyle project**  
This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM something other than software build.

☒ **Maven project**  
Build a maven project. Jenkins takes advantage of your POM files and drastically reduce

☐ **External Job**  
This type of job allows you to record the execution of a process run outside Jenkins, even Jenkins as a dashboard of your existing automation system. See [the documentation for](#)

☐ **Multi-configuration project**  
Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing

☐ **Copy existing Item**  
Copy from

Using the Build a **Maven Project** option, Jenkins supports building and testing Maven projects.

**Step 6)** Click on OK button. A new job with name "WebdriverTest" is created in Jenkins Dashboard.



**Step 7)** Go to **Manage Jenkins** => **Configure System** as shown in the following screenshot



The screenshot shows the Jenkins web interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: New Item, People, Build History, Project Relationship, Check File Fingerprint, Manage Jenkins (highlighted), Credentials, and Jenkins 100K. Below the sidebar are two panels: 'Build Queue' showing 'No builds in the queue.' and 'Build Executor Status' showing '1 Idle'. On the right is the 'Manage Jenkins' section, which contains several options: 'Configure System' (highlighted with a red box), 'Configure Global Security', 'Reload Configuration', 'Manage Plugins', 'System Information', and 'System Log'. At the top of the 'Manage Jenkins' section, there are two warning messages: 'New version of Jenkins (1.606)' and 'Unsecured Jenkins allows any authentication to discourage n'.

Click on JDK installations and configure JDK as in the following screenshot:

## JDK

### JDK installations

JDK  
Name

java 1.7.0

JAVA\_HOME

C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.7.0\_17

☐ Install automatically

Add JDK

List of JDK installations on this system

**Step 8)** Go to the **Build** section of new job.

- In the **Root POM** textbox, enter full path to pom.xml
- In Goals and options section, enter "clean test"



The image shows a Jenkins configuration form. The 'Build' tab is selected and circled in red. A red arrow points from the 'Build' tab to the 'Build section' header. Below the header, there are two input fields: 'Root POM' with the value 'C:\Users\Dell\workspace\WebdriverTest\pom.xml' and 'Goals and options' with the value 'clean test'.

**Step 9)** Click on **Apply** button.

### Build Settings

☐ E-mail Notification

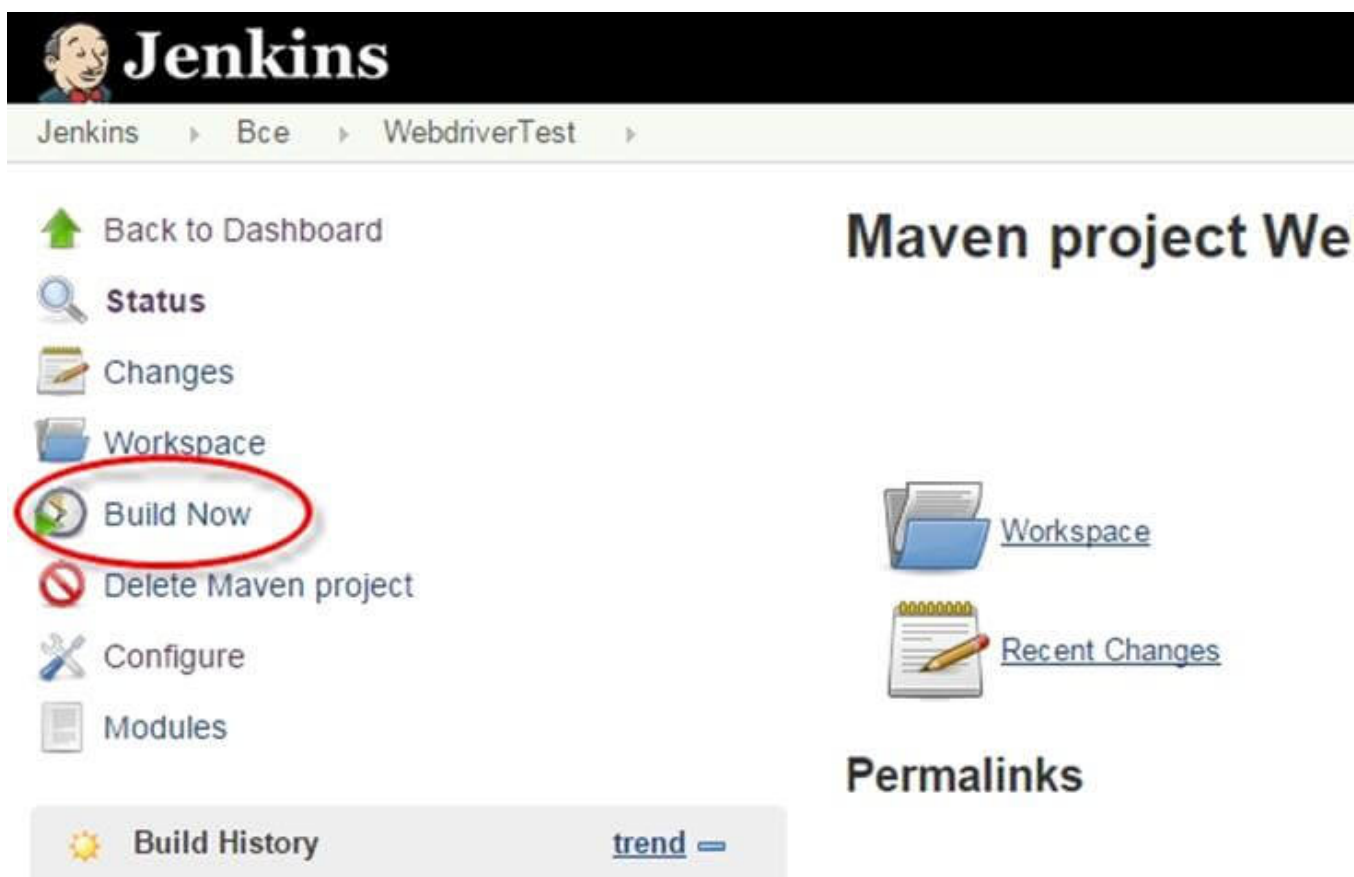
### Post-build Actions

Add post-build action ▼

Save

Apply

**Step 10)** On the WebdriverTest project page, click on the **Build Now** link.






The image shows the Jenkins dashboard for the 'WebdriverTest' project. The 'Build Now' button is circled in red. The page title is 'Maven project We'. The left sidebar contains links: Back to Dashboard, Status, Changes, Workspace, Build Now, Delete Maven project, Configure, and Modules. The right sidebar contains links: Workspace and Recent Changes. The bottom section is titled 'Permalinks' and contains a 'Build History' button and a 'trend' link.

Maven will build the project. It will then have TestNG execute the test cases.

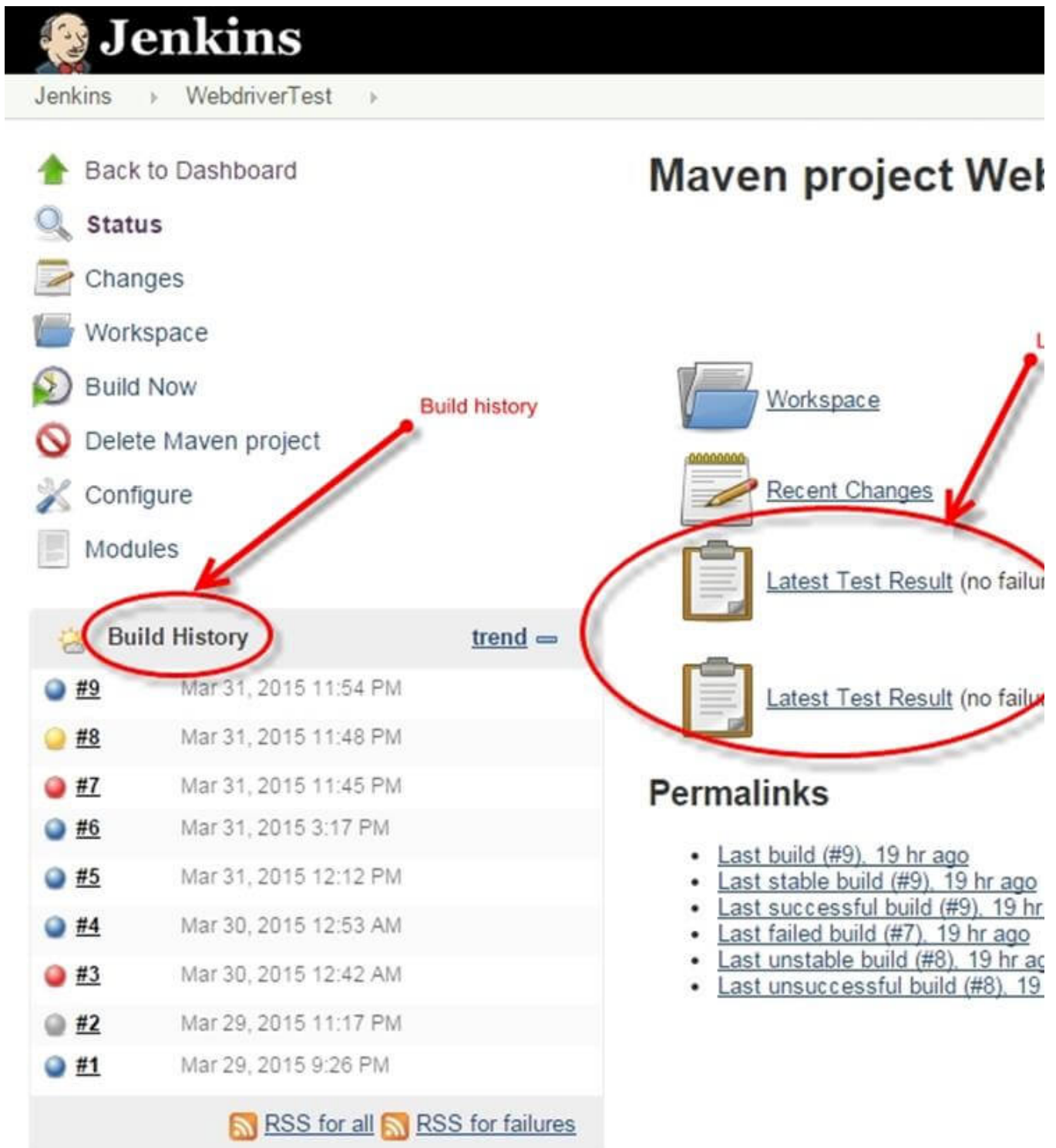
**Step 11)** Once the build process is completed, in Jenkins Dashboard click on the **Webdrive**



Bce		+		
S	W	Name ↓	Last Success	Last
		<a href="#">Tests</a>	3 days 18 hr - <a href="#">#13</a>	2 da
		<a href="#">WebdriverTest</a>	19 hr - <a href="#">#9</a>	19 h

Icon: S M L

**Step 12)** The WebdriverTest project page displays the build history and links to the results as following screenshot:



**Jenkins**

Jenkins > WebdriverTest >

Back to Dashboard

Status

Changes

Workspace

Build Now

Delete Maven project

Configure

Modules

**Build History** trend

Build Number	Timestamp
#9	Mar 31, 2015 11:54 PM
#8	Mar 31, 2015 11:48 PM
#7	Mar 31, 2015 11:45 PM
#6	Mar 31, 2015 3:17 PM
#5	Mar 31, 2015 12:12 PM
#4	Mar 30, 2015 12:53 AM
#3	Mar 30, 2015 12:42 AM
#2	Mar 29, 2015 11:17 PM
#1	Mar 29, 2015 9:26 PM

RSS for all RSS for failures

**Maven project WebdriverTest**

Workspace

Recent Changes

Latest Test Result (no failure)

Latest Test Result (no failure)

**Permalinks**

- Last build (#9), 19 hr ago
- Last stable build (#9), 19 hr ago
- Last successful build (#9), 19 hr ago
- Last failed build (#7), 19 hr ago
- Last unstable build (#8), 19 hr ago
- Last unsuccessful build (#8), 19 hr ago

**Step 13)** Click on the "Latest Test Result" link to view the test results as shown in the follow

## Test Result

0 failures (-1)

Module
<a href="#">ToolsQA: DemoMavenProject</a>

**Step 14).** Select specific build, and you will see the current status by clicking on "**console o**

```

-----
T E S T S
-----
Running TestSuite
Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 2.748 sec

Results :

Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0

[JENKINS] Recording test results
log4j:WARN No appenders could be found for logger (org.apache.commons.beanutils.converters.BooleanConverte
log4j:WARN Please initialize the log4j system properly.
[pool-1-thread-1 for channel] INFO org.apache.maven.cli.event.ExecutionEventLogger - -----
[pool-1-thread-1 for channel] INFO org.apache.maven.cli.event.ExecutionEventLogger - BUILD SUCCESS
[pool-1-thread-1 for channel] INFO org.apache.maven.cli.event.ExecutionEventLogger - -----
[pool-1-thread-1 for channel] INFO org.apache.maven.cli.event.ExecutionEventLogger - Total time: 01:26 min
[pool-1-thread-1 for channel] INFO org.apache.maven.cli.event.ExecutionEventLogger - Finished at: 2015-03-
[pool-1-thread-1 for channel] INFO org.apache.maven.cli.event.ExecutionEventLogger - Final Memory: 25M/52M
[pool-1-thread-1 for channel] INFO org.apache.maven.cli.event.ExecutionEventLogger - -----
Ожидая пока Jenkins закончит сбор данных
[JENKINS] Archiving C:\Users\Dell\workspace\FirstWebdriverTest\pom.xml to ToolsQA/DemoMavenProject/0.0.1-S
0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.pom
channel stopped
Finished: SUCCESS

```

## Scheduling Jenkins for automatic execution.

Scheduling builds(Selenium Tests) is one of the important features of Jenkins where it autor build, based on defined criteria. Jenkins provides multiple ways to trigger the build process Trigger configuration.

For example:

Enter 0 23 \* \* \* in the Schedule textbox as shown in the following screenshot. This will trigg every day at 11 p.m.



### Build Triggers

☒ Build whenever a SNAPSHOT dependency is built

☐ Build after other projects are built

☒ Build periodically


Schedule

## Using Jenkins without Maven

To run pure TestNG script in Jenkins, enter the following in build

**D:>java -cp "Pathtolibfolder\lib\\*;Pathtobinfolder\bin" org.testng.TestNG testng.xml**

### Build

 **Execute Windows batch command**

Command

[See the list of available environment variables](#)

**Add build step** ▼

### Post-build Actions

**Add post-build action** ▼

**Save** **Apply**

- Click on Save button.
- Note: The actual path of lib and bin folder need to add in above command.
- After saving the command, Jenkins will build project in predefined time, and this comma TestNG.
- Result will be stored in custom report HTML file that can be sent via email with a Jenkin c
- Output of the code will be

### Test results

1 suite

#### All suites

##### Default suite

**Info**

- C:\Users\hiteshkumar\_panchani\AppData\Local\Temp\testng-eclipse-1972880750\testng-customsuite.xml
- 1 test
- 0 groups
- Times
- Reporter output
- Ignored methods
- Chronological view

**Results**

- 1 method, 1 passed
- Passed methods (hide) (show)
- LiveLink105VM13

temp.CopyOfTestng1

LiveLink105VM13

C:\Users\hiteshkumar\_panchani\AppData\Local\Temp\testng-eclipse-1972880750\testng-customsuite.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE suite SYSTEM "http://testng.org/testng-1.0.dtd">
<suite name="Default suite">
  <test verbose="2" name="Default test">
    <classes>
      <class name="temp.CopyOfTestng1"/>
    </classes>
  </test> <!-- Default test -->
</suite> <!-- Default suite -->
```

#### Tests for Default suite

Default test (1 class)

#### Groups for Default suite

#### Times for Default suite

## Benefits of using Jenkins

1. Early issue finding – Bug can be detected in early phase of the software development
2. Automatic integration – no separate effort required to integrate all changes
3. Installer – a deployable system available at any point of development
4. Records – part build records maintained
5. Support and Plugins: One of the reasons for Jenkin's popularity is the availability of large support. Also, lots of ready-made plugins are available which help you expand its function

### You Might Like



ASP.Net Tutorial



How to Create and Run Asp.Net Unit Testing Project



Install and First C++ Hello World Program



Introduction to C++

< Prev

8 Comments

Guru99

♥ Recommend 1

🔗 Share



Join the discussion

[Join the discussion...](#)**Mangesh W** • 4 months ago

Hi,

thanks for article, i am new in Automation what is next step after creating build file means how to build Snapshot file . and where?

[^](#) | [v](#) • [Reply](#) • [Share](#) ›**jaysan ias** • 9 months ago

Hi -

I followed this tutorial step by step and when I reached the Root POM textbox under configuration an error message. When I entered the full path of my pom.xml, it gives me the following error

No such file: '/Users/jaysanias/Documents/workspace/CucumberTest/pom.xml' (image attached)

I know the above path is correct and there is that pom.xml file in this path but I am sure what I am stuck here for more than a day.

Any help or advice to fix this issue would be greatly appreciated.

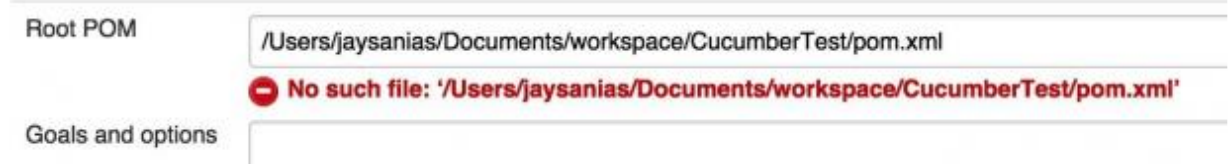
P.S. I am running Jenkins in our local host and working in Mac

-Jaysan

#### Pre Steps



#### Build

[^](#) | [v](#) • [Reply](#) • [Share](#) ›**Venkat Rao** • 10 months ago

Hi -

I am currently writing an automation framework, where I work has several environments viz. Development, Staging and Live. And understandably we have different base urls, user name and password environments. I plan to automate the daily tests on different environments using Jenkins. At present, I have hardcoded all the variables in the step definition files, committed in the repo and run it on Jenkins.

What I am thinking at this stage is that I should be able to pass the environment I want to test to Jenkins and based on this a correct configuration with appropriate variables (urls, user name and password) is chosen which is in turn used by the step definition files for execution.

I did some basic look up in google and I am not sure if I am searching for correct things based on my requirements.

I am not looking for shortcuts here, I am willing to spend the time it takes to learn things by reading examples.

Can someone point me in the right direction as to how to approach this?

Your help is much appreciated, thanks a ton in advance for your time.

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Vall** • a year ago

Hi, Could you please tell me how to specify specific tests to run in Pom.xml? I am sure it has attribute, but an example would be nice. Thanks!!

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Ankit** → Vall • 2 months ago

Hi Val,

You can configure your testng.xml file and include the specific methods inside your testng.xml inside your pom.xml as <suitxmlfile> tag and that will do the rest of the work

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Vall** → Ankit • 2 months ago

Thank You. That works!!

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**nguoiianphu** • a year ago

Could we create .jar executable file to run without Maven? I added maven-jar-plugin into pom.xml  
# java -jar test.jar

Error: Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NoClassDefFoundError: org/testng

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**avishek behera** • a year ago

A very nice tutorial and explained in a very clear manner...

Found a spelling mistake above in the line

Using Jenkins without Maven- It is supposed to be jenkins instead of Jenkins. May be being not resist to share it. Hope it makes sense.. :)

^ | v • Reply • Share ›

#### ALSO ON GURU99

### Installation and Configuration of HIVE and MYSQL

2 comments • 6 months ago



**Vineet kumar singh** — after hive is installed when i m running cmd create database; it show error communication link failure

### Coded UI Test (CUIT)

1 comment • 24 days ago



**Gaurav Sikka** — Any good link to learn coded ui. need to learn from scratch having good knowledge of C#. kindly suggest.

### Cassandra Architecture

1 comment • 4 months ago



**Amol Shinde** — What a neat Doc this doc God bless you

### Using Robot API with Selenium

3 comments • 8 months ago



**Bibhishan** — If some one will tell me the program given above, this program seems like XPATH has change



Subscribe



Add Disqus to your site Add Disqus Add



Privacy

## About

[About us](#)  
[Advertise with Us](#)  
[Jobs](#)  
[Privacy Policy](#)

## Contact Us

[Contact us](#)  
[FAQ](#)  
[Write For Us](#)

## Android App



## Certificat

[ISTQB Cer](#)  
[MySQL Cel](#)  
[QTP Certifi](#)  
[Testing Ce](#)  
[CTAL Exam](#)

© Copyright - Guru99 2016





