

# Facial expression recognition Group Activity

Kritika Tripathi -21BAC10032 Rakesh Lodhi-21BAC10034 Ashish Barpete-21BAC10037

Name	Ashish Barpete
Reg no.	21BAC10037
Faculty	Dr.Anirban Bowmick
Sub	Multimedia signal processing
slot	C11+12+13+14+15

**Objective:** Recognition Facial expression recognition.

**Methodology**: In this project Facial expression recognition based on Local Binary Patterns & SVM which done in three steps-

#### 1.Database Creation:

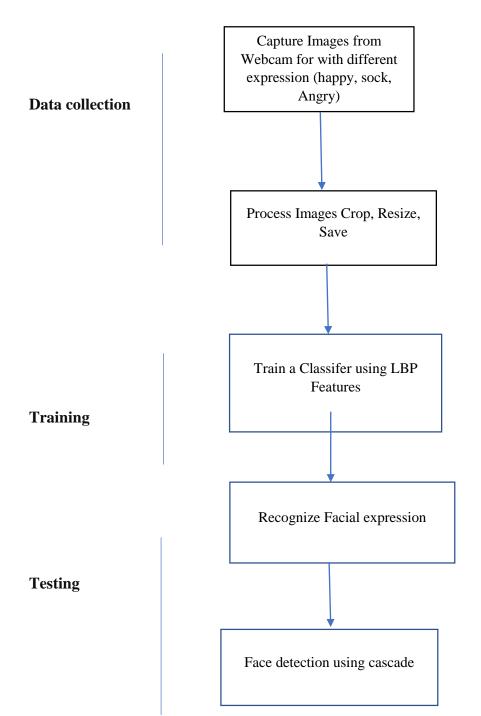
Starts by initializing the webcam (cao) and a face detector (face Detector). It enters a loop where it continuously captures snapshots from the webcam (e). The face detector is then applied to detect any faces in the captured image. If a face is detected, it crops the image around the face region, resizes it to 128x128 pixels, and saves it as a bitmap file with a unique name. The loop continues until a specified number of face images (c) are captured. The captured images will serve as the training data for the face recognition system.

2. Model Training: The code initializes an image data store (imps) that reads the images from the created face database. It creates empty matrices (training Features and training Labels) to store the extracted features and corresponding labels. It then iterates over each image in the image data store, reads the image, extracts Local Binary Pattern (LBP) features from the grayscale version of the image, and stores the features and labels in the matrices. After processing all the images, it trains a multiclass support vector machine (SVM) classifier (Classifier) using the extracted features and labels. Finally, it saves the trained classifier for later use.

## 3. Testing:

Loads the previously trained classifier (Classifier) and initializes the webcam (cao) and face detector (face Detector). It enters an infinite loop where it continuously captures snapshots from the webcam. The face detector is applied to detect any faces in the captured image. If a face is detected, it crops the image around the face region, resizes it to 128x128 pixels, converts it to grayscale, and extracts LBP features from the image. The trained classifier is then used to predict the class (person) of the face based on the extracted features. The predicted class is displayed as the title of the captured image shown in a figure. If no face is detected, it simply displays the captured image. The loop continues indefinitely, allowing real-time face recognition.

Overall, this code creates a face database by capturing multiple face images, trains a classifier using the extracted features from the database, and then performs real-time face recognition using the trained classifier.



## **Application:**

**Emotion-aware User Interfaces**: Enhancing user interfaces in various applications such as smartphones, tablets, and computers to adapt and respond based on the user's facial expressions.

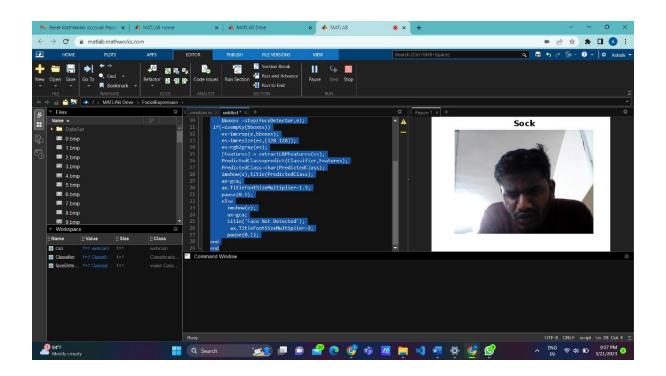
**Virtual Meetings and Video Conferencing**: Improving remote communication by analyzing participants' facial expressions during virtual meetings and video conferences.

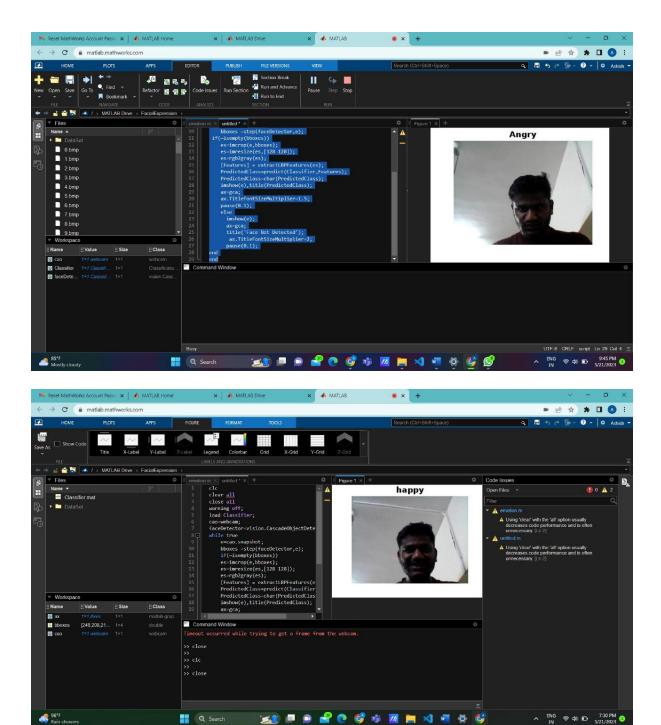
**Smart Assistants and Chatbots**: Enabling smart assistants and chatbots to recognize and respond to users' emotional states.

**Driver Monitoring Systems**: Enhancing road safety by integrating facial expression recognition into driver monitoring systems. The technology can detect signs of drowsiness, distraction, or fatigue, providing timely alerts to prevent accidents.

**Mental Wellness Applications**: Supporting mental wellness by providing emotion analysis tools that individuals can use to track and monitor their emotional states over time.

## **Output:**





## **APPENDEX:**

**CODE** 

# **Code to create Database:**

clc

clear all

close all

```
warning off;
cao=webcam;
faceDetector=vision.CascadeObjectDetector;
c=150;
temp=0;
while true
  e=cao.snapshot;
  bboxes =step(faceDetector,e);
  if(sum(sum(bboxes))\sim=0)
  if(temp>=c)
    break;
  else
  es=imcrop(e,bboxes(1,:));
  es=imresize(es,[128 128]);
  filename=strcat(num2str(temp),'.bmp');
  imwrite(es,filename);
  temp=temp+1;
  imshow(es);
  drawnow;
  end
  else
    imshow(e);
    drawnow;
  end
end
```

# **Model Training:**

```
Model Training:
clc;
clear all;
close all;
warning off;
imds=imageDatastore('Mj','IncludeSubFolders',true,'LabelSource','foldernames');
trainingFeatures=[];
trainingLabels=imds.Labels;
for i = 1:numel(imds.Files)  % Read images using a for loop
    img = readimage(imds,i);
    trainingFeatures(i,:)=extractLBPFeatures(rgb2gray(img));
end
Classifier =fitcecoc(trainingFeatures,trainingLabels);
save Classifier Classifier
```

# **Testing:**

```
Testing:
clc
clear all
close all
warning off;
load Classifier;
cao=webcam;
faceDetector=vision.CascadeObjectDetector;
while true
  e=cao.snapshot;
  bboxes =step(faceDetector,e);
  if(~isempty(bboxes))
  es=imcrop(e,bboxes);
  es=imresize(es,[128 128]);
  es=rgb2gray(es);
  [Features] = extractLBPFeatures(es);
  PredictedClass=predict(Classifier,Features);
  PredictedClass=char(PredictedClass);
  imshow(e),title(PredictedClass);
  ax=gca;
  ax.TitleFontSizeMultiplier=1.5;
  pause(0.1);
  else
   imshow(e);
```

```
ax=gca;
title('Face Not Detected');
ax.TitleFontSizeMultiplier=2;
pause(0.1);
end
end
```