MySQL Function

1. MySQL String Functions

Function	Description
ASCII	Returns the ASCII value for the specific character
CHAR_LENGTH	Returns the length of a string (in characters)
CHARACTER_LENGTH	Returns the length of a string (in characters)
CONCAT	Adds two or more expressions together
CONCAT_WS	Adds two or more expressions together with a separator
FIELD	Returns the index position of a value in a list of values
FIND_IN_SET	Returns the position of a string within a list of strings
FORMAT	Formats a number to a format like "#, ###, ###. ##", rounded to a specified number of decimal places
INSERT	Inserts a string within a string at the specified position and for a certain number of characters
INSTR	Returns the position of the first occurrence of a string in another string
LCASE	Converts a string to lower-case
LEFT	Extracts a number of characters from a string (starting from left)
LENGTH	Returns the length of a string (in bytes)
LOCATE	Returns the position of the first occurrence of a substring in a string
LOWER	Converts a string to lower-case
LPAD	Left-pads a string with another string, to a certain length
LTRIM	Removes leading spaces from a string
MID	Extracts a substring from a string (starting at any position)
POSITION	Returns the position of the first occurrence of a substring in a string
REPEAT	Repeats a string as many times as specified
REPLACE	Replaces all occurrences of a substring within a string, with a new substring
REVERSE	Reverses a string and returns the result
RIGHT	Extracts a number of characters from a string (starting from right)
RPAD	Right-pads a string with another string, to a certain length
RTRIM	Removes trailing spaces from a string
SPACE	Returns a string of the specified number of space characters
STRCMP	Compares two strings
SUBSTR	Extracts a substring from a string (starting at any position)
SUBSTRING	Extracts a substring from a string (starting at any position)
SUBSTRING_INDEX	Returns a substring of a string before a specified number of delimiters occur
TRIM	Removes leading and trailing spaces from a string
UCASE	Converts a string to upper-case
UPPER	Converts a string to upper-case

2. MYSQL Numeric Functions

Function	Description
ABS	Returns the absolute value of a number
ACOS	Returns the arc cosine of a number
ASIN	Returns the arc sine of a number
ATAN	Returns the arc sine of a number
ATAN2	Returns the arc tangent of two numbers
AVG	Returns the average value of an expression
CEIL	Returns the smallest integer value that is >= to a number
CEILING	Returns the smallest integer value that is >= to a number
COS	Returns the cosine of a number
COT	Returns the cotangent of a number
COUNT	Returns the number of records returned by a select query
DEGREES	Converts a value in radians to degrees
DIV	Used for integer division
EXP	Returns e raised to the power of a specified number
FLOOR	Returns the largest integer value that is <= to a number
GREATEST	Returns the greatest value of the list of arguments
LEAST	Returns the smallest value of the list of arguments
LN	Returns the natural logarithm of a number
LOG	Returns the natural logarithm of a number, or the logarithm of a
	number to a specified base
LOG10	Returns the natural logarithm of a number to base 10
LOG2	Returns the natural logarithm of a number to base 2
MAX	Returns the maximum value in a set of values
MIN	Returns the minimum value in a set of values
MOD	Returns the remainder of a number divided by another number
PI	Returns the value of PI
POW	Returns the value of a number raised to the power of another
	number
POWER	Returns the value of a number raised to the power of another
	number
RADIANS	Converts a degree value into radians
RAND	Returns a random number
ROUND	Rounds a number to a specified number of decimal places
SIGN	Returns the sign of a number
SIN	Returns the sine of a number
SQRT	Returns the square root of a number
SUM	Calculates the sum of a set of values
TAN	Returns the tangent of a number
TRUNCATE	Truncates a number to the specified number of decimal places

3. MYSQL Date Functions

Function	Description
ADDDATE	Adds a time/date interval to a date and then returns the date
ADDTIME	Adds a time interval to a time/datetime and then returns the time/datetime
CURDATE	Returns the current date
CURRENT_DATE	Returns the current date

CURRENT TIME	Returns the current time
CURRENT TIMESTAMP	Returns the current date and time
CURTIME	Returns the current time
DATE	Extracts the date part from a datetime expression
DATEDIFF	Returns the number of days between two date values
DATE_ADD	Adds a time/date interval to a date and then returns the
_	date
DATE_FORMAT	Formats a date
DATE_SUB	Subtracts a time/date interval from a date and then
	returns the date
DAY	Returns the day of the month for a given date
DAYNAME	Returns the weekday name for a given date
DAYOFMONTH	Returns the day of the month for a given date
DAYOFWEEK	Returns the weekday index for a given date
DAYOFYEAR	Returns the day of the year for a given date
EXTRACT	Extracts a part from a given date
FROM_DAYS	Returns a date from a numeric datevalue
HOUR	Returns the hour part for a given date
LAST DAY	Extracts the last day of the month for a given date
LOCALTIME	Returns the current date and time
LOCALTIMESTAMP	Returns the current date and time
MAKEDATE	Creates and returns a date based on a year and a
	number of days value
MAKETIME	Creates and returns a time based on an hour, minute,
	and second value
MICROSECOND	Returns the microsecond part of a time/datetime
MINUTE	Returns the minute part of a time/datetime
MONTH	Returns the month part for a given date
MONTHNAME	Returns the name of the month for a given date
NOW	Returns the current date and time
PERIOD_ADD	Adds a specified number of months to a period
PERIOD_DIFF	Returns the difference between two periods
QUARTER	Returns the quarter of the year for a given date value
SECOND	Returns the seconds part of a time/datetime
SEC TO TIME	Returns a time value based on the specified seconds
STR_TO_DATE	Returns a date based on a string and a format
SUBDATE	Subtracts a time/date interval from a date and then
SOBBATE	returns the date
SUBTIME	Subtracts a time interval from a datetime and then
002111112	returns the time/datetime
SYSDATE	Returns the current date and time
TIME	Extracts the time part from a given time/datetime
TIME_FORMAT	Formats a time by a specified format
TIME_TO_SEC	Converts a time by a specified format
TIMEDIFF	Returns the difference between two time/datetime
	expressions
TIMESTAMP	Returns a datetime value based on a date or datetime
	value
TO_DAYS	Returns the number of days between a date and date
	"0000-00-00"
WEEK	Returns the week number for a given date
WEEKDAY	Returns the weekday number for a given date
WEEKOFYEAR	Returns the week number for a given date
VVLLNOITIEAN	Tretume the week number for a given date

YEAR	Returns the year part for a given date
YEARWEEK	Returns the year and week number for a given date

4. MYSQL Advanced Functions

Function	Description
BIN	Returns the ASCII value for the specific character
BINARY	Returns the length of a string (in characters)
CASE	Returns the length of a string (in characters)
CAST	Adds two or more expressions together
COALESCE	Adds two or more expressions together with a separator
CONNECTION_ID	Returns the index position of a value in a list of values
CONV	Returns the position of a string within a list of strings
CONVERT	Formats a number to a format like "#, ###, ###. ##",
	rounded to a specified number of decimal places
CURRENT_USER	Inserts a string within a string at the specified position and for
	a certain number of characters
DATABASE	Returns the position of the first occurrence of a string in
	another string
IF	Converts a string to lower-case
IFNULL	Extracts a number of characters from a string (starting from
	left)
ISNULL	Returns the length of a string (in bytes)
LAST_INSERT_ID	Returns the position of the first occurrence of a substring in a
	string
NULLIF	Converts a string to lower-case
SESSION_USER	Left-pads a string with another string, to a certain length
SYSTEM_USER	Removes leading spaces from a string
USER	Extracts a substring from a string (starting at any position)
VERSION	Returns the position of the first occurrence of a substring in a
	string

For more detail: https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_ref_mysql.asp