

Experiment 12

Matrix Chain Multiplication (MCM) problem

Compatible: No. of columns of A must equal the no. of rows of B.

If A is $p \times q$ matrix and B is a $q \times r$ matrix, the resulting matrix C is a $p \times r$ matrix

Pseudocode

MATRIX-MULTIPLY(A, B)

if columns[A] \neq rows[B]

then error "incompatible dimensions"

else for $i \leftarrow 1$ to rows[A]

do for $j \leftarrow 1$ to columns[B]

do $C[i, j] \leftarrow 0$

for $k \leftarrow 1$ to columns[A]

do $C[i, j] \leftarrow C[i, j] + A[i, k] \cdot B[k, j]$

return C

* Time to compute C is dominated by the no. of scalar multiplications in last second line, which is pqr .

Time Complexity :- $O(n^3)$

Auxiliary Space :- $O(n^2)$

(1,1)	15750	7875	9375	11875	15125
	(2,2)	2625	4375	7125	10500
		(3,3)	750	2500	5375
			(4,4)	1000	3500
				(5,5)	5000
					(6,6)

P_0	P_1	P_2	P_3	P_4	P_5	P_6
30	35	15	5	10	20	25
A_1	A_2	A_3	A_4	A_5	A_6	

Recurrence Relation

$$P(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n=1 \\ \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} P(k)P(n-k) & \text{if } n \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

Recurrence Solⁿ

$$m[i, j] = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i=j \\ \min_{i \leq k < j} \{m[i, k] + m[k+1, j] + p_{i-1}p_kp_j\} & \text{if } i < j \end{cases}$$

$$* \quad m[1,1], m[2,2], m[3,3], m[4,4], m[5,5], m[6,6] = 0$$

$$* \quad m[1,2] = m[1,1] + m[2,2] + p_0 p_1 p_2$$

$$= 0 + 0 + 30 \times 35 \times 15 = 15750$$

similarly $m[2,3] = 2625$

$$m[3,4] = 750$$

$$m[4,5] = 1000$$

$$m[5,6] = 5000$$

$$* \quad m[1,3] = \min \begin{cases} m[1,1] + m[2,3] + p_0 p_1 p_3 \\ m[1,2] + m[3,3] + p_0 p_2 p_3 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 7875 \\ 18000 \end{cases} \checkmark$$

similarly, $m[2,4] = 4375$

$$m[3,5] = 2500$$

$$m[4,6] = 3500$$

$$* \quad m[1,4] = \min \begin{cases} m[1,1] + m[2,4] + p_0 p_1 p_4 \\ m[1,2] + m[3,4] + p_0 p_2 p_4 \\ m[1,3] + m[4,4] + p_0 p_3 p_4 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 14875 \\ 20250 \\ 9375 \end{cases} \checkmark$$

similarly, $m[2,5] = 7125$

$$m[3,6] = 5375$$

$$* \quad m[1,5] = \min \begin{cases} m[1,1] + m[2,5] + p_0 p_1 p_5 \\ m[1,2] + m[3,5] + p_0 p_2 p_5 \\ m[1,3] + m[4,5] + p_0 p_3 p_5 \\ m[1,4] + m[5,5] + p_0 p_4 p_5 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 28125 \\ 27250 \\ 11875 \\ 15375 \end{cases} \checkmark$$

similarly, $m[2,6] = 10500$

$$\begin{aligned}
 * \quad m[1,6] = & \min \begin{cases} m[1,1] + m[2,6] + p_0 p_1 p_6 \\ m[1,2] + m[3,6] + p_0 p_2 p_6 \\ m[1,3] + m[4,6] + p_0 p_3 p_6 \Rightarrow 15125 \\ m[1,4] + m[5,6] + p_0 p_4 p_6 \quad (\text{required ans.}) \\ m[1,5] + m[6,6] + p_0 p_5 p_6 \quad (\text{Minimum cost}) \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$