

IUBAT— International University of Business Agriculture and Technology

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Final Assignment

Course Name: Programming Languages and Structures

Course Code: CSC 461

Submitted To

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Title: Recursive Descent Parser Implementation in C

Objective:

The purpose of this assignment was to design and implement a Recursive Descent Parser in the C programming language. The parser validates and evaluates input mathematical expressions according to the given grammar.

Grammar Specification

The following grammar, written in Backus-Naur Form (BNF), was used:

```
1. <expression> => <term> { ("+" | "-") <term> }
```

- 2. <term> => <factor> { ("*" | "/") <factor> }
- 3. <factor> => <number> | "(" <expression> ")"
- 4. <number> => <digit> { <digit> }
- 5. <digit> => "0" | "1" | ... | "9"

Assignment Requirements

- 1. **Lexer Implementation**: Tokenizes the input into numbers, operators, and parentheses.
- 2. **Parser Implementation**: Validates expressions and parses them according to the grammar.
- 3. **Evaluation**: Calculates the result for valid expressions.
- 4. **Error Handling**: Identifies and displays error messages for invalid inputs.
- 5. **Testing**: Includes test cases for both valid and invalid expressions.

Code Explanation

Global Variables and Token Types

- **TokenType**: Enum representing different token types (e.g., NUMBER, PLUS, etc.).
- Token Structure: Contains the type and value of a token.
- Global Variables:
 - input: Pointer to the input string.
 - o currentToken: Stores the currently processed token.

Function Descriptions

1. **getNextToken()**:

- o Tokenizes the input string.
- o Skips spaces, identifies numbers, operators, and parentheses.
- 2. evaluateExpression():
 - o Parses and evaluates expressions with + and operators.
- 3. evaluateTerm():
 - o Parses and evaluates terms with * and / operators.
 - o Handles division by zero.
- 4. evaluateFactor():
 - o Parses numbers and handles nested expressions within parentheses.
- 5. throwError(const char *message):
 - o Displays error messages and exits the program.
- 6. **main()**:
 - o Reads input, tokenizes, validates, and evaluates expressions.
 - Prints results for valid expressions or error messages for invalid inputs.

Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>

// Define Token Types
typedef enum {
    NUMBER, PLUS, MINUS, MULTIPLY, DIVIDE, LPAREN, RPAREN, END, INVALID
} TokenType;

// Define Token Structure
typedef struct {
    TokenType type;
    int value;
} Token;
```

```
char *input;
Token currentToken:
void getNextToken();
int evaluateExpression();
int evaluateTerm();
int evaluateFactor();
void throwError(const char *message);
// Function to Fetch the Next Token
void getNextToken() {
  // Skip spaces
  while (isspace(*input)) input++;
  if (*input == '\setminus0') { // End of input
    currentToken.type = END;
    return;
  }
  if (isdigit(*input)) { // Handle numbers
    currentToken.type = NUMBER;
    currentToken.value = 0;
    while (isdigit(*input)) {
       currentToken.value = currentToken.value * 10 + (*input - '0');
       input++;
    return:
  // Handle operators and parentheses
  switch (*input) {
    case '+': currentToken.type = PLUS; input++; break;
    case '-': currentToken.type = MINUS; input++; break;
    case '*': currentToken.type = MULTIPLY; input++; break;
    case '/': currentToken.type = DIVIDE; input++; break;
    case '(': currentToken.type = LPAREN; input++; break;
```

```
case ')': currentToken.type = RPAREN; input++; break;
    default: currentToken.type = INVALID; input++; break;
 Throw Error and Exit
void throwError(const char *message) {
  printf("Error: %s\n", message);
  exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
// Parse and Evaluate an Expression (Handles +, -)
int evaluateExpression() {
  int result = evaluateTerm();
  while (currentToken.type == PLUS || currentToken.type == MINUS) {
    TokenType operator = currentToken.type;
    getNextToken();
    int nextValue = evaluateTerm();
    if (operator == PLUS) {
       result += nextValue;
     } else {
       result -= nextValue;
  return result;
// Parse and Evaluate a Term (Handles *, /)
int evaluateTerm() {
  int result = evaluateFactor();
  while (currentToken.type == MULTIPLY || currentToken.type == DIVIDE) {
    TokenType operator = currentToken.type;
```

```
getNextToken();
    int nextValue = evaluateFactor();
    if (operator == MULTIPLY) {
       result *= nextValue;
     } else {
       if (\text{nextValue} == 0) {
         throwError("Division by zero is not allowed.");
       result /= nextValue;
  return result;
// Parse and Evaluate a Factor (Handles numbers and parentheses)
int evaluateFactor() {
  if (currentToken.type == NUMBER) {
    int value = currentToken.value;
    getNextToken();
    return value;
  } else if (currentToken.type == LPAREN) {
    getNextToken();
    int value = evaluateExpression();
    if (currentToken.type != RPAREN) {
       throwError("Missing closing parenthesis.");
    getNextToken();
    return value;
  } else {
    throwError("Invalid input.");
    return 0; // Unreachable
```

```
// Main Function
int main() {
  char inputBuffer[256];
  printf("Enter an expression: ");
  if (!fgets(inputBuffer, sizeof(inputBuffer), stdin)) {
     throwError("Failed to read input.");
  input = inputBuffer;
  getNextToken();
  int result = evaluateExpression();
  if (currentToken.type != END) {
     throwError("Unexpected input at the end.");
  if(result){
     printf("Valid Expression\n");
     printf("Result: %d\n", result);
  return 0;
```

Test Cases

Valid Inputs

Input	Output
1 + 2	Valid Expression, Result: 3
5 * (8 + 1)	Valid Expression, Result: 45
15 / 3 + 6	Valid Expression, Result: 11

Invalid Inputs

Input	Error Message
9 +	Error: Unexpected input at the end.
(1/5	Error: Missing closing parenthesis.
1 / 0	Error: Division by zero is not allowed.