# Fixing "Bad Permissions" for .pem Files on Windows (SSH to EC2)

This guide explains how to properly set file permissions on a . pem private key file to allow SSH access to an EC2 instance using Windows.

## Where to Start

- Your .pem file is stored in: D:\Deployment\Pristine Couture\e-commerce.pem
- The SSH command you're using is:

## bash CopyEdit

ssh -i "D:\Deployment\Pristine Couture\e-commerce.pem" ubuntu@<your-ec2-public-dns>

## Problem

When trying to SSH, you got this error:

#### vbnet

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WARNING: UNPROTECTED PRIVATE KEY FILE!

Permissions for 'e-commerce.pem' are too open.

Permission denied (publickey).



Fix: Restrict Permissions for .pem on Windows

## Step 1: Open File Properties

- 1. Go to the folder in File Explorer:
  - D:\Deployment\Pristine Couture
- 2. Right-click e-commerce.pem → click **Properties**
- 3. Go to the **Security** tab
- 4. Click the Advanced button

## Step 2: Remove Inherited Permissions

- 1. Click Disable inheritance
- 2. Select Remove all inherited permissions from this object
- 3. Under **Permission entries**, remove:
  - NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users
  - Users
  - o Any other accounts except your Windows user

## Step 3: Add Your User with Read Permission

- 1. Still in Advanced Security Settings, click Add
- 2. Click Select a principal
- 3. In the dialog, either:
  - o Type your Windows username (e.g., user) and click Check Names, or
  - Click Advanced → Find Now

- From the list, pick your user (e.g., DESKTOP-MJ65D6G\user)
- Click OK
- 4. Under Basic permissions, check Read
- 5. Click **OK**, then **Apply**, then exit all dialogs

## Test the SSH Command

Once permissions are fixed, run your command again:

#### bash

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ssh -i "D:\Deployment\Pristine Couture\e-commerce.pem" ubuntu@<your-ec2-public-dns>

### Example:

#### bash

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ssh -i "D:\Deployment\Pristine Couture\e-commerce.pem" ubuntu@ec2-16-171-3-247.eu-north-1.compute.amazonaws.com

You should now connect successfully



## How to Check Your Windows Username (Optional)

If you're not sure what your Windows username is:

## CMD:

bash

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whoami

Returns: DESKTOP-XYZ123\yourusername

## PowerShell:

powershell CopyEdit

\$env:USERNAME

Returns: yourusername