Sending Push Notifications to Android with Firebase

• You are going to have push notifications function in your new Android app

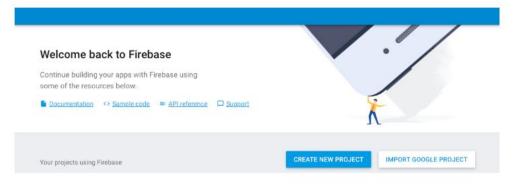
Before We Start

You'll need the following:

- The latest stable Android Studio
- A <u>Firebase</u> account

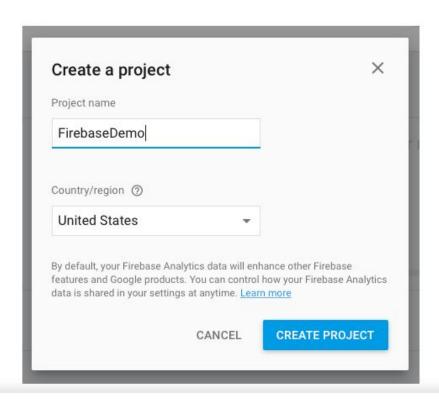
1. Get started

Add a new project or import an existing project to Firebase console.

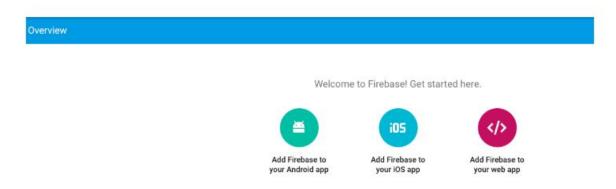


If you choose to create a new project, you need to set the project name and country.

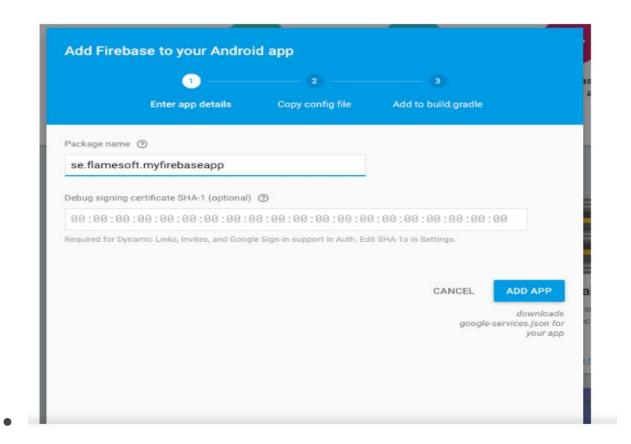
For example, I will call my project FirebaseDemo.



Then select "Add Firebase to your Android app".



Set a package name for your app. I only set my package name and omit the SHA-1 because I don't use Firebase for my app's authentication.



 Click the ADD APP button here to download google-services.json. This is an important file and you will need to put it into your app.

• 2. Add google-services.json to your app folder

Replace the google-services.json in your app folder. The Google services plugin for
 Gradle will load the google-services.json file you just downloaded.

• 3. Configure gradle files

 Open Android Studio and modify your build.gradle files to use the Google services plugin.

```
    Gradle Scripts
    build.gradle (Project: YourAppName)
    build.gradle (Module: app)
    gradle-wrapper.properties (Gradle Version)
```

}

- (3.1) Update the project-level build.gradle (the one in your project folder)
- Add the following line to the build.gradle file:

```
• buildscript {
    dependencies {
        classpath 'com.google.gms:google-services:3.0.0' // Add
        this line
    }
```

- (3.2) Update the app-level build.gradle (the one in your project/your app-module)
- (a) Add this line to the bottom of the build.gradle file
- apply plugin: 'com.google.gms.google-services'
- (b) Add Firebase related dependencies

- And Firebase related dependencies under dependencies in the same build.gradle file.
- dependencies {

```
compile 'com.google.firebase:firebase-core:9.2.0'

// this line must be included to integrate with Firebase
    compile 'com.google.firebase:firebase-messaging:9.2.0'

// this line must be included to use FCM
}
```

- (c) Update services using com.google.android.gms:play-services
- If you add Firebase into an existing project which uses any function of gms:play-services, such as gps location,
- you have to update their versions, too. Upon writing this tutorial, 9.2.0 works well. If you
 get compilation problems, you need to check find out the correct version number.

```
compile 'com.google.android.gms:play-services-location:9.2.0'
compile 'com.google.android.gms:play-services-places:9.2.0'
```

- (d) Add the applicationId to the defaultConfig section
- android {

```
defaultConfig {
          applicationId "com.example.my.app" // this is the id
          that your app has
     }
}
```

• 4. Add services to your app

- Two services should be added to use Firebase Cloud Messaging service: a basic code for testing if push notification works, and other codes to handle receiving message or sending message in your app according to your design.
- (1) Add a service that extends FirebaseMessagingService
- To be able to receive any notification in your app, you should add a service which extends FirebaseMessagingService like this:
- public class MyFirebaseMessagingService extends

```
FirebaseMessagingService {
    private static final String TAG = "FCM Service";

@Override
    public void onMessageReceived(RemoteMessage remoteMessage)

{
        // TODO: Handle FCM messages here.

        // If the application is in the foreground handle both
```

```
data and notification messages here.

// Also if you intend on generating your own

notifications as a result of a received FCM

// message, here is where that should be initiated.

Log.d(TAG, "From: " + remoteMessage.getFrom());

Log.d(TAG, "Notification Message Body: " +

remoteMessage.getNotification().getBody());

}
```

Then add it into the AndroidManifest.xml file.

• (2) Add a service that extends FirebaseInstanceIdService

• public class FirebaseIDService extends

```
FirebaseInstanceIdService {
private static final String TAG = "FirebaseIDService";
@Override
public void onTokenRefresh() {
// Get updated InstanceID token.
String refreshedToken =
FirebaseInstanceId.getInstance().getToken();
Log.d(TAG, "Refreshed token: " + refreshedToken);
// TODO: Implement this method to send any
registration to your app's servers.
sendRegistrationToServer(refreshedToken);
}
/**
* Persist token to third-party servers.
*
* Modify this method to associate the user's FCM
```

```
InstanceID token with any server-side account
    * maintained by your application.

*

* @param token The new token.

*/

private void sendRegistrationToServer(String token) {

    // Add custom implementation, as needed.
}
```

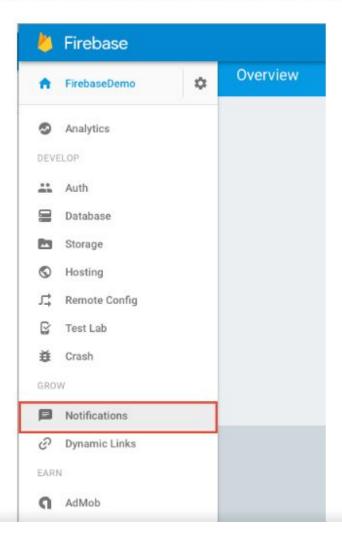
 Add it into the AndroidManifest.xml file, this makes sure that the service is loaded

• 5. Test and send your first push notification!

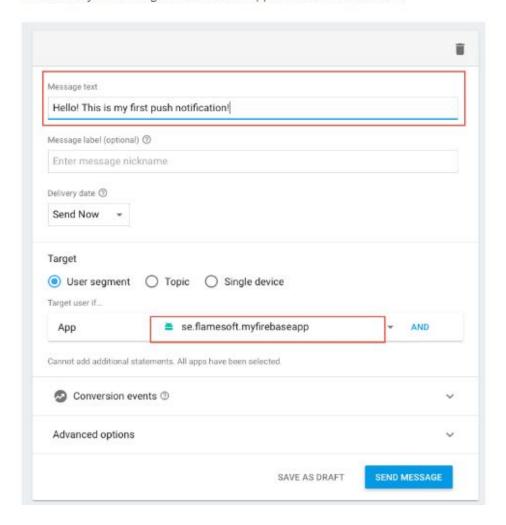
 To see if the setup works, run a test by sending a test message to your own mobile.

5. Test and send your first push notification!

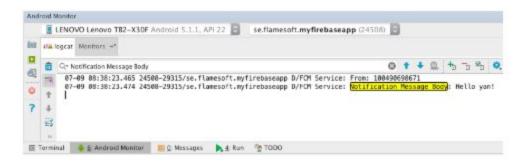
To see if the setup works, run a test by sending a test message to your own mobile.



Write down your message and choose an app. Click "SEND MESSAGE".



Now you should get a push notification on your Android mobile. If your app is running on the background, you will get it on the mobile's notification center; otherwise you can see it in your Android Monitor log (we have to put a code to log incoming messages) like this.



If the setup is successful, you should get a notification on your mobile. Sometimes, it can take a couple of minutes for the message to send and arrive, so just be patient for a little while.

