• Events

- a) Event ID
- b) Event Name
- c) Date
- d) Location
- e) Type

• Clients

- a) Client ID
- b) Name
- c) Contact Information
- d) Personal Details
- e) Event Preferences

• Client Interactions

- a) Interaction ID
- b) Client ID
- c) Type (e.g., consultation, contract, feedback)
- d) Date
- e) Details

• Resources

- a) Resource ID
- b) Type (e.g., venue, equipment, staff)
- c) Availability
- d) Schedule
- e) Staff Requirements (if applicable)

• Vendors

- a) Vendor ID
- b) Name
- c) Contact Information
- d) Type (e.g., equipment supplier, venue provider)

• Bookings

- a) Booking ID
- b) Event ID
- c) Resource ID
- d) Date
- e) Details

• Financials

- a) Invoice ID
- b) Event ID
- c) Amount
- d) Payment Status
- e) Date

• Reports

- a) Report ID
- b) Type (e.g., performance, client satisfaction, resource utilization)
- c) Date
- d) Details

• Event Types

- a) Type ID
- b) Type Name
- c) Description

• Event Details

- a) Event ID
- b) Detailed Description
- c) Agenda/Schedule

• Contracts

- a) Contract ID
- b) Client ID
- c) Event ID
- d) Contract Details
- e) Signed Date

• Payments

- a) Payment ID
- b) Invoice ID
- c) Payment Amount
- d) Payment Date
- e) Payment Method

• Expenses

- a) Expense ID
- b) Event ID
- c) Expense Type
- d) Amount
- e) Date
- f) Description

• Resource Types

- a) Resource Type ID
- b) Resource Type Name
- c) Description

• Feedback

- a) Feedback ID
- b) Client ID
- c) Event ID
- d) Rating

e) Comments f) Date • Attendees a) Attendee ID b) Event ID c) Name d) Contact Information • Venue Bookings a) Venue ID b) Booking Count 1. Events a) Primary Key: EventID 2. Clients a) Primary Key: ClientID 3. Client Interactions a) Primary Key: InteractionID b) Foreign Key: ClientID (references Clients.ClientID) 4. Resources a) Primary Key: ResourceID b) Foreign Key: Resource Type (references Resource Types.ResourceTypeID, if applicable) 5. Vendors

a) Primary Key: VendorID

6. Bookings
a) Primary Key: BookingID
b) Foreign Key: EventID (re
c) Foreign Key: Resourcel
7. Financials
a) Primary Key: InvoiceID
b) Foreign Key: EventID (re
8. Reports
a) Primary Key: ReportID

ventID (references Events.EventID)

ResourceID (references Resources.ResourceID)

ventID (references Events.EventID)

9. Event Types

a) Primary Key: TypeID

10. Event Details

a) Primary Key: EventID (references Events.EventID)

11. Contracts

a) Primary Key: ContractID

b) Foreign Key: ClientID (references Clients.ClientID)

c) Foreign Key: EventID (references Events.EventID)

12. Payments

a) Primary Key: PaymentID

b) Foreign Key: InvoiceID (references Financials.InvoiceID)

13. Expenses

- a) Primary Key: ExpenseID
- b) Foreign Key: EventID (references Events.EventID)
- 14. Resource Types
 - a) Primary Key: ResourceTypeID
- 15. Feedback
 - a) Primary Key: FeedbackID
 - b) Foreign Key: ClientID (references Clients.ClientID)
 - c) Foreign Key: EventID (references Events.EventID)
- 16. Attendees
 - a) Primary Key: AttendeeID
 - b) Foreign Key: EventID (references Events.EventID)
- 17. Venue Bookings
 - a) Primary Key: VenueID
 - b) Foreign Key: ResourceID (references Resources.ResourceID)

- 1. Find the event that generated the highest revenue.
- `SELECT EventID, SUM(Amount) AS TotalRevenue FROM Financials GROUP BY EventID ORDER BY TotalRevenue DESC LIMIT 1;`
- 2. Calculate the average number of attendees per event type.
- `SELECT ET.TypeName, AVG(AttendeeCount) AS AverageAttendees FROM (SELECT E.TypeID, COUNT(A.AttendeeID) AS AttendeeCount FROM Events E JOIN Attendees A

ON E.EventID = A.EventID GROUP BY E.EventID) AS EventAttendeeCounts JOIN EventTypes ET ON EventAttendeeCounts.TypeID = ET.TypeID GROUP BY ET.TypeName;

3. Retrieve the minimum number of staff required for any event.

`SELECT MIN(StaffRequirements) AS MinStaffRequired FROM Resources WHERE Type = 'staff';`

4. Find the client who has hosted the most events.

`SELECT C.ClientID, C.Name, COUNT(E.EventID) AS EventCount FROM Clients C JOIN Events E ON C.ClientID = E.ClientID GROUP BY C.ClientID, C.Name ORDER BY EventCount DESC LIMIT 1;`

5. List the top 5 most booked venues.

`SELECT ResourceID, COUNT(*) AS BookingCount FROM Bookings WHERE ResourceID IN (SELECT ResourceID FROM Resources WHERE Type = 'venue') GROUP BY ResourceID ORDER BY BookingCount DESC LIMIT 5;`