#CALCULATOR APPLICATION

#INTRODUCTION

A fully featured scientific calculator with proper operator precedence is implemented,including trig functions and logarithms, factorials, 12 levels of parantheses, logs to base 2 bitwise logical operators, hex, octal, binary and ASCII display

#SWOT ANALYSIS

#Strength

Calculator can solve complicated problems quickly and in efficient manner Calculators gives more accurate results than counting manually

#Weakness

People will be so dependent on using calculators for counting people will become lazy because they already have a calculator for counting

#Future Scope

Our project will be able to implement in future after making some changes and modifications as we make our project at a very low level So the modifications that can be done in our project are: To make it screen touch so no need to touch key buttons and one more change which can we made is to add snaps of the person who use it

#System Requirements

Operating System: MS Windows XP or WIndows vista Language: C Processor: Pentium IV processor RAM:512MB Hard disk:5GB

#4 W'S and 1H

#Where

A calculator is used in business, basics and scientific

#Who

It is used by students, financial advisors, accountants, and many others

#When

If they want to test how fast you can calculate answers using a calculator , compared to how fast you can solve them without one you will need a calculator

#What

A calculator is a device that performs arithmetic operations on numbers

#How

It scans the keyboard waiting to pick up an electrical signal when a key is pressed

SOURCE CODE

#include <stdio.h></stdio.h>
#include <conio.h></conio.h>
#include <math.h></math.h>
#include <stdlib.h></stdlib.h>
#define KEY "Enter the calculator Operation you want to do:"
void addition();
<pre>void subtraction();</pre>
<pre>void multiplication();</pre>
<pre>void division();</pre>
void modulus();
<pre>void power();</pre>
int factorial():

```
void calculator_operations();
int main()
{
  int X=1;
  char Calc_oprn;
   calculator_operations();
   while(X)
  {
     printf("\n");
     printf("%s: ", KEY);
     Calc_oprn=getche();
     switch(Calc_oprn)
     {
       case '+': addition();
             break;
       case '-': subtraction();
             break;
       case '*': multiplication();
             break;
       case '/': division();
```

```
break;
    case '?': modulus();
           break;
     case '!': factorial();
           break;
    case '^': power();
           break;
     case 'H':
    case 'h': calculator_operations();
           break;
     case 'Q':
    case 'q': exit(0);
           break;
     case 'c':
    case 'C': system("cls");
           calculator_operations();
           break;
     default : system("cls");
printf("\n*******You have entered unavailable option");
printf("********\n");
```

```
printf("\n*****Please Enter any one of below available ");
  printf("options****\n");
             calculator_operations();
     }
  }
}
void calculator_operations()
{
  printf("\n
                    Welcome to C calculator \n\n");
  printf("****** Press 'Q' or 'q' to quit ");
  printf("the program *******\n");
  printf("***** Press 'H' or 'h' to display ");
  printf("below options *****\n\n");
  printf("Enter 'C' or 'c' to clear the screen and");
  printf(" display available option \n\n");
  printf("Enter + symbol for Addition \n");
  printf("Enter - symbol for Subtraction \n");
  printf("Enter * symbol for Multiplication \n");
  printf("Enter / symbol for Division \n");
  printf("Enter ? symbol for Modulus\n");
  printf("Enter ^ symbol for Power \n");
  printf("Enter ! symbol for Factorial \n\n");
}
```

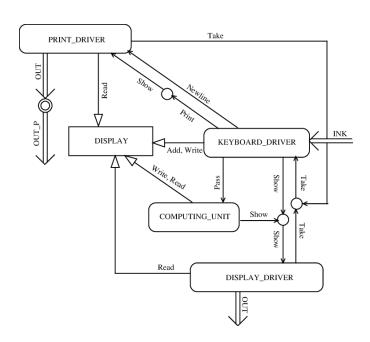
```
void addition()
{
  int n, total=0, k=0, number;
  printf("\nEnter the number of elements you want to add:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Please enter %d numbers one by one: \n",n);
  while(k<n)
    scanf("%d",&number);
    total=total+number;
    k=k+1;
  }
  printf("Sum of %d numbers = %d \n",n,total);
}
void subtraction()
{
  int a, b, c = 0;
  printf("\nPlease enter first number : ");
  scanf("%d", &a);
  printf("Please enter second number : ");
  scanf("%d", &b);
  c = a - b;
  printf("\n%d - %d = %d\n", a, b, c);
}
void multiplication()
```

```
{
  int a, b, mul=0;
  printf("\nPlease enter first numb : ");
  scanf("%d", &a);
  printf("Please enter second number: ");
  scanf("%d", &b);
  mul=a*b;
  printf("\nMultiplication of entered numbers = %d\n",mul);
}
void division()
{
  int a, b, d=0;
  printf("\nPlease enter first number : ");
  scanf("%d", &a);
  printf("Please enter second number : ");
  scanf("%d", &b);
  d=a/b;
  printf("\nDivision of entered numbers=%d\n",d);
}
void modulus()
  int a, b, d=0;
  printf("\nPlease enter first number : ");
  scanf("%d", &a);
  printf("Please enter second number : ");
```

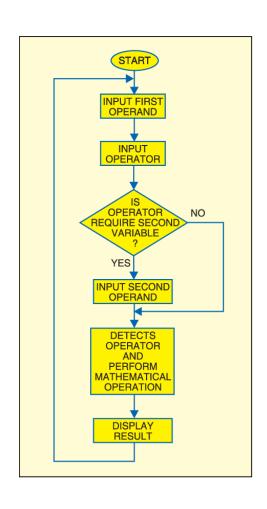
```
scanf("%d", &b);
  d=a%b;
  printf("\nModulus of entered numbers = \%d\n",d);
}
void power()
{
  double a,num, p;
  printf("\nEnter two numbers to find the power \n");
  printf("number: ");
  scanf("%lf",&a);
  printf("power : ");
  scanf("%lf",&num);
  p=pow(a,num);
  printf("\n% If to the power % If = % If \n",a,num,p);
}
int factorial()
  int i,fact=1,num;
  printf("\nEnter a number to find factorial : ");
  scanf("%d",&num);
```

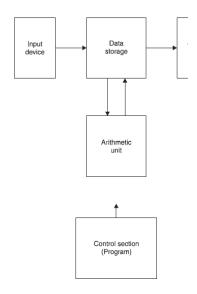
```
if (num<0)
{
    printf("\nPlease enter a positive number to");
    printf(" find factorial and try again. \n");
    printf("\nFactorial can't be found for negative");
    printf(" values. It can be only positive or 0 \n");
    return 1;
}

for(i=1;i<=num;i++)
fact=fact*i;
printf("\n");
printf("\n");
printf("Factorial of entered number %d is:%d\n",num,fact);
return 0;</pre>
```



}





OUTPUT

