module3

September 25, 2022

0.1 Logic Gates Implementation for AND, NAND, OR, NOR operations

X1	X2	AND	NAND	OR	NOR
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	1	0

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[1]: #import libraries
     import numpy as np
[2]: #Create Truth table
     xs = [(0,0), (0,1), (1,0), (1,1)]
     print(xs)
    [(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0), (1, 1)]
[3]: #Function to perform AND gate and bias denoted as b
     def do_and(x1,x2):
         x = np.array([x1,x2])
         w = np.array([0.5, 0.5])
         b = -0.8
         y = np.sum(x*w) + b
         return 1 if y>0 else 0
[4]: # calculate y for AND operation of all values in truth table
     for x in xs:
         res = do_and(x[0], x[1])
         print("AND operation with \{\} and \{\}, we will have \{\}".format(x[0],x[1],res))
    AND operation with 0 and 0, we will have 0
    AND operation with 0 and 1, we will have 0
    AND operation with 1 and 0, we will have 0
    AND operation with 1 and 1, we will have 1
[5]: #Function to perform Nand gate and bias denoted as b
     def do_nand(x1,x2):
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x = np.array([x1,x2])
          w = np.array([0.5, 0.5])
          b = -0.8
          y = np.sum(x*w) + b
          return 0 if y >= 0 else 1
 [6]: | # calculate y for NAND operation of all values in truth table
      for x in xs:
          ans = do_nand(x[0], x[1])
          print("NAND operation with {} and {}, we will have {}".
       \rightarrowformat(x[0],x[1],ans))
     NAND operation with 0 and 0, we will have 1
     NAND operation with 0 and 1, we will have 1
     NAND operation with 1 and 0, we will have 1
     NAND operation with 1 and 1, we will have 0
 [7]: #Function to perform OR gate and bias denoted as b
      def do_or(x1,x2):
          x = np.array([x1,x2])
          w = np.array([0.5, 0.5])
          b = -0.2
          y = np.sum(x*w) + b
          return 1 if y > 0 else 0
 [8]: # calculate y for OR operation of all values in truth table
      for x in xs:
          result = do_or(x[0], x[1])
          print("OR operation with {} and {}, we will have {}".
       \negformat(x[0],x[1],result))
     OR operation with 0 and 0, we will have 0
     OR operation with 0 and 1, we will have 1
     OR operation with 1 and 0, we will have 1
     OR operation with 1 and 1, we will have 1
 [9]: #Function to perform NOR gate and bias denoted as b
      def do nor(x1, x2):
          x = np.array([x1,x2])
          w = np.array([0.5, 0.5])
          b = -0.2
          y = np.sum(x*w) + b
          return 0 if y > 0 else 1
[10]: # calculate y for NOR operation of all values in truth table
```