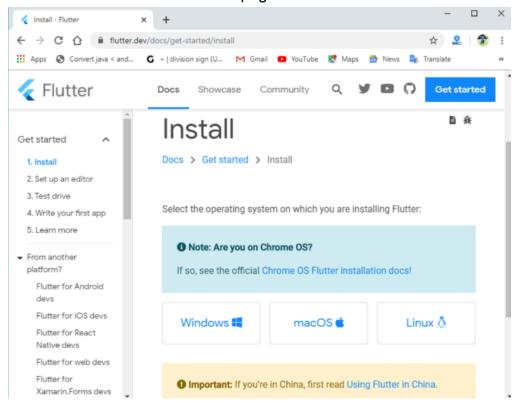
Experiment 1

Aim: Installation and Configuration of Flutter Environment.

Install the Flutter SDK

Step 1: Download the Flutter SDK for Windows

 Visit the official Flutter website at https://docs.flutter.dev/get-started/install. You'll see the Flutter installation page.



Step 2: Download the SDK

 Locate and click the Windows icon on the website to access the download link for the latest Flutter SDK.

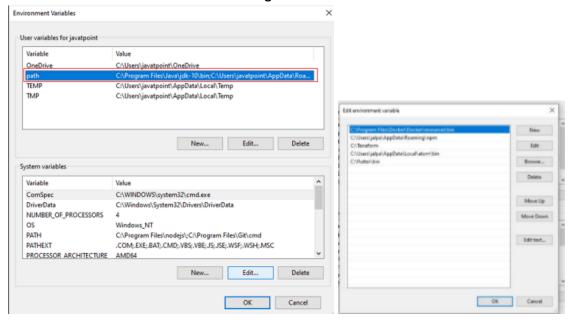
Step 3: Extract the SDK

 Once the download completes, extract the zip file to a preferred location, such as C:\Flutter.

Step 4: Update the System Path

• To run Flutter commands from the Windows Command Prompt, add the Flutter bin directory to your system's PATH environment variable. Follow these steps:

- Step 4.1: Right-click on This PC or My Computer, select Properties, go to the Advanced tab, and click Environment Variables.
- Step 4.2: In the Environment Variables window, find the Path variable under System Variables, select it, and click Edit.
- Step 4.3: Click New, add the path to the Flutter bin folder (e.g., C:\Flutter\bin), then click OK to save all changes.



Step 5: Verify Flutter Installation

Open a Command Prompt and run the following command:

flutter

Next, run:

flutter doctor

The flutter doctor command checks your system for Flutter development requirements and generates a report showing the status of your setup.



Step 6: Review the Flutter Doctor Report

 After running flutter doctor, you'll see a report detailing any missing tools or configurations needed for Flutter development, as well as the status of installed tools not yet connected to a device.

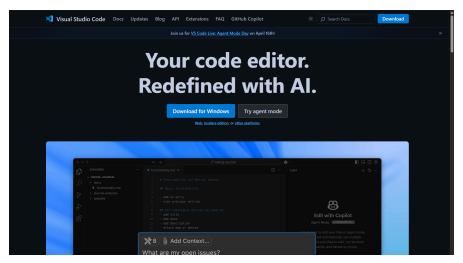
Install Required Tools

Step 7: Install Visual Studio Code and Android SDK

 If flutter doctor indicates that the Android SDK or a compatible IDE is missing, you'll need to install Visual Studio Code (VS Code) and configure the Android SDK manually. Follow these steps:

Step 7.1: Download Visual Studio Code

 Go to the official VS Code website (https://code.visualstudio.com/) and download the latest installer for Windows.



Step 7.2: Install VS Code

 Once downloaded, run the .exe file. Follow the installation wizard to complete the setup.

Step 7.3: Install Flutter and Dart Extensions

 Open VS Code, go to the Extensions view (Ctrl+Shift+X), and search for Flutter and Dart. Install both extensions to enable Flutter development support in VS Code.

Step 7.4: Install the Android SDK



Step 7.6: Accept Android Licenses

 Run the following commands in the Command Prompt: flutter doctor flutter doctor --android-licenses Follow the prompts to accept all Android SDK licenses.

```
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(**) Flutter (channel stable, 2.8.1, on M
```

Step 8: Enable Flutter Web Support and Run on Chrome

 To test your Flutter app in a web browser like Chrome, you need to enable Flutter's web support and configure VS Code to run the app in Chrome. Follow these steps:

Step 8.1: Enable Web Support in Flutter

- Ensure your Flutter SDK is up to date and supports web development. Open a Command Prompt and run:
 - flutter channel stable
 - flutter upgrade
- This ensures you're on the stable channel with the latest Flutter version.
- Enable web support by running: flutter config --enable-web

This command enables the web renderer for Flutter, allowing you to target Chrome as a runtime environment.

Step 8.2: Create or Open a Flutter Project

- If you don't already have a Flutter project, create one by running: flutter create my_app
 cd my_app
- Replace my app with your desired project name.
- Open the project in VS Code:
- Launch VS Code.
- Go to File > Open Folder and select the project folder (e.g., my app).

Step 8.3: Configure VS Code to Run on Chrome

- Ensure the Flutter and Dart extensions are installed in VS Code (as described in the previous response, Step 7.3).
- Open the pubspec.yaml file in your project and ensure it includes the Flutter web dependencies. Most Flutter projects created after web support became stable (Flutter 2.0+) include these by default. If not, you don't need to modify anything manually unless you're using specific web-related packages.
- In VS Code, go to the Run and Debug panel (Ctrl+Shift+D).
- Click create a launch.json file (if it doesn't exist) and select Dart & Flutter as the environment.
- Modify the launch.json file in the .vscode folder to include a configuration for web, like this:

```
"version": "0.2.0",

"configurations": [

{
    "name": "Run on Chrome",
    "type": "dart",
    "request": "launch",
    "program": "lib/main.dart",
    "deviceld": "web-server",
    "args": ["--web-renderer", "auto"]
    }
]
```

This sets up VS Code to run your app on Chrome via Flutter's web server.

Step 8.4: Run the App on Chrome

In VS Code, go to the Device Selector (bottom-right corner) and select Chrome (web-javascript) or Web Server from the list of available devices. If Chrome doesn't appear, ensure web support is enabled (Step 8.1) and Chrome is installed. Open the terminal in VS Code ('Ctrl+'') and run: bash

flutter run

Alternatively, press F5 or click Run > Start Debugging with the "Run on Chrome" configuration selected in the Run and Debug panel.

Flutter will build the app for the web and launch Chrome automatically, displaying your app at a URL like http://localhost:port (e.g., http://localhost:53599).

Conclusion:

The successful installation and configuration of the Flutter environment, as outlined in this experiment, enable developers to create and test cross-platform applications efficiently. By setting up the Flutter SDK, integrating Visual Studio Code with Flutter and Dart extensions, configuring the Android SDK, and enabling web support to run the app on Chrome, a robust development environment is established. This setup eliminates the need for physical devices or emulators during initial testing, streamlining the development process and allowing for rapid iteration and debugging of Flutter applications directly in a web browser.