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STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

SHREE RAKSHITA KORI

Roll Number

3BR23EC154

Title

PEAK ELEMENT FINDER

Description

Description: You are given an N- dimensional array arr[]. A peak element in the array is defined as an element whose value is greater than or equal to its neighboring elements (if they exist). Your task is to find the index of any peak element in the given array

Note: use 0-based indexing

Input:

An integer representing the number of elements in the array. N space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the array.

BR23EC15A3BR23EC

N space-separated integers ,denoting the elements of the array arr[]

3BR23EC15ABAC15A5BC15A3BR23EC15ABAC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A5BC15A

Sample Input:

5

1 3 20 4 1

Sample Output:

2

3BR23EC15A 3BR2:

Source Code: 3BR23EC15A3BR23EC15A3BR23EC15A3BR23EC

```
def find_peak_element(arr):
 n = len(arr)
 if n == 1:
    return 0
 if arr[0] > arr[1]:
    return 0
 if arr[n - 1] > arr[n - 2]:
    return n - 1
 for i in range(1, n - 1):
    if arr[i] > arr[i - 1] and arr[i] > arr[i + 1]:
      return i
 return -1
n = int(input())
arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
index = find_peak_element(arr)
if index != -1:
 print(index)
else:
 print("No peak element found.")
```

5 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 100 %