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### Task 1: Prediction using Supervised Machine Learning

## GRIP @ The Sparks Foundation

In this regression task I tried to predict the percentage of marks that a student is expected to score based upon the number of hours they studied.

This is a simple linear regression task as it involves just two variables.

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split from sklearn.linear\_model import LinearRegression

```
Step 1 - Reading the data from source
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```
# Reading data from remote link
url = r"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/AdiPersonalWorks/Random/master/student_scores%20-%20student_scores.csv"
s_data = pd.read_csv(url)
```

print("Data import successful") s\_data.head(10)

#Data import successful

# Importing the required libraries

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

Data import successful

**Hours Scores** 

2.5 21

25

plt.title('Hours vs Percentage') plt.xlabel('Hours Studied') plt.ylabel('Percentage Score')

5.1 47 3.2 27 8.5 75 3.5 30

1.5 20 9.2 88 60 5.5 8.3 81

2.7

plt.show()

80 70

In [5]:

Scores

Out[3]:

Step 2 - Input data Visualization # Plotting the distribution of scores s\_data.plot(x='Hours', y='Scores', style='o')

Hours vs Percentage

30 20

Step 3 - Data Preprocessing This step involved division of data into "attributes" (inputs) and "labels" (outputs).

# X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(X, y, test\_size=0.2, random\_state=0)

regressor = LinearRegression()

# Plotting the regression line

line = regressor.coef\_\*X+regressor.intercept\_

Training complete.

plt.show()

Step 4 - Model Training

 $X = s_{data.iloc[:, :-1].values}$ y = s\_data.iloc[:, 1].values

regressor.fit(X\_train.reshape(-1,1), y\_train) print("Training complete.")

Splitting the data into training and testing sets, and training the algorithm.

Now since our model is trained now, its the time to visualize the best-fit line of regression.

Step 5 - Plotting the Line of regression

# Plotting for the test data plt.scatter(X, y) plt.plot(X, line,color='red');

80 60 Step 6 - Making Predictions Now that we have trained our algorithm, it's time to test the model by making some predictions.

#### In [9]: # Testing data print(X\_test) # Model Prediction

y\_pred = regressor.predict(X\_test) [[1.5]

df = pd.DataFrame({'Actual': y\_test, 'Predicted': y\_pred})

- Actual Predicted

[7.4] [2.5] [5.9]]

# Comparing Actual vs Predicted

[3.2]

In [10]:

In [11]:

In [12]:

In [13]:

70

For this we will use our test-set data

Out[10]: Actual Predicted 20 16.884145

# Plotting the Bar graph to depict the difference between the actual and predicted value

Step 7 - Comparing Actual result to the Predicted Model result

27 33.732261 69 75.357018 30 26.794801

62 60.491033 #Estimating training and test score print("Training Score:", regressor.score(X\_train, y\_train))

print("Test Score:", regressor.score(X\_test, y\_test)) Training Score: 0.9515510725211552 Test Score: 0.9454906892105356

df.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(5,5)) plt.grid(which='major', linewidth='0.5', color='red') plt.grid(which='minor', linewidth='0.5', color='blue') plt.show()

60 50 40 30 20 10

# Testing the model with our own data

own\_pred = regressor.predict(test) print("No of Hours = {}".format(hours))

hours = 9.25

No of Hours = 9.25

test = np.array([hours]) test = test.reshape(-1, 1)

Step 8 - Evaluating the model

Predicted Score = 93.69173248737538

#### calculated to compare the model performance and predict the accuracy. In [14]: from sklearn import metrics

print("Predicted Score = {}".format(own\_pred[0]))

print('Mean Absolute Error:', metrics.mean\_absolute\_error(y\_test, y\_pred)) print('Mean Squared Error:', metrics.mean\_squared\_error(y\_test, y\_pred)) print('Root Mean Squared Error:', np.sqrt(metrics.mean\_squared\_error(y\_test, y\_pred))) print('R-2:', metrics.r2\_score(y\_test, y\_pred))

The final step is to evaluate the performance of algorithm. This step is particularly important to compare how well different algorithms perform on a particular dataset. Here different errors have been

Mean Absolute Error: 4.183859899002975 Mean Squared Error: 21.5987693072174 Root Mean Squared Error: 4.6474476121003665 R-2: 0.9454906892105356

THANK YOU

I was successfully able to carry-out Prediction using Supervised ML task and was able to evaluate the model's performance on various parameters.¶

Conclusion