

# Introduction Infrastructure Programming

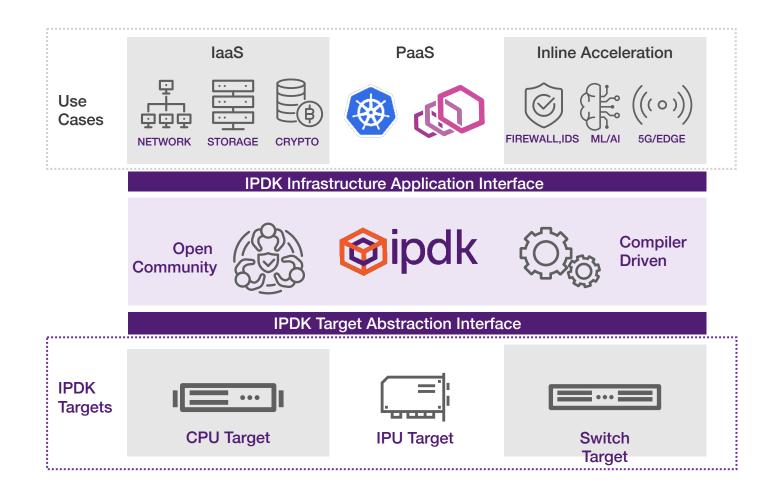
Presented by // DAN DALY

OCTOBER, 2021



#### **IPDK Overview**

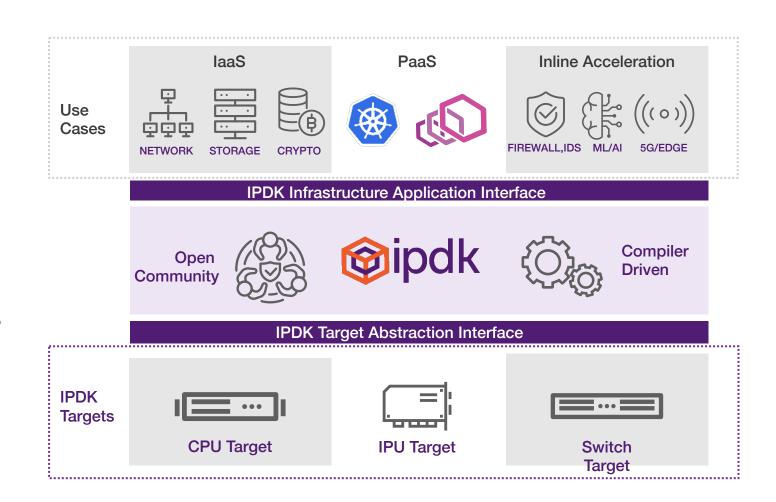
IPDK is a community-driven target agnostic framework for infrastructure programming that runs on a CPU, IPU, DPU, or switch.





## Agenda

- Charter
- Approach
- Use cases
- Open-source development
  - Example: Infrastructureas-a-Service
- Roadmap
- Call to action



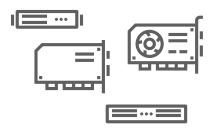


#### **IPDK Charter**





Open-source project with standard interfaces



Target Agnostic:

Any CPU, IPU, DPU, or switch

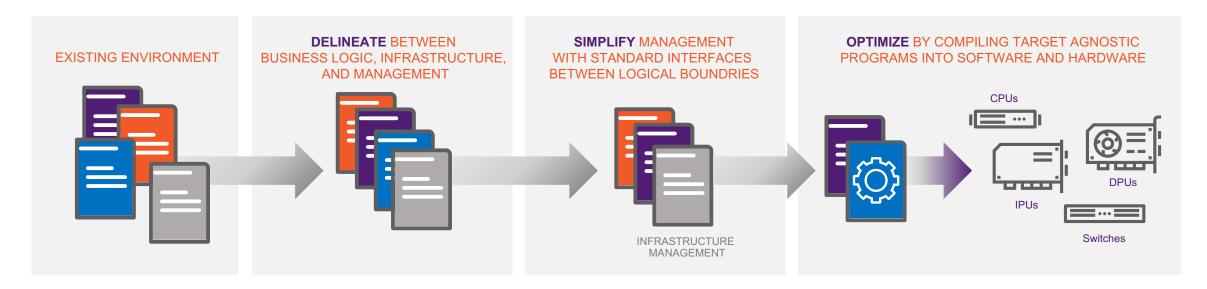


Use-Case Driven:

Use programmability for adaptability



## Approach

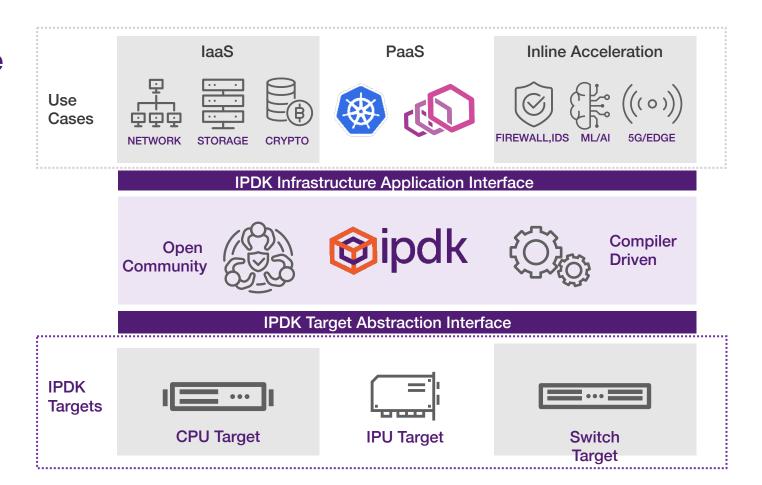


- 1. Delineate Business Logic vs. Infrastructure
- 2. Simplify Infrastructure Management
- 3. Optimize using a Compiler-Driven Target Abstraction



#### **Use-Case Driven**

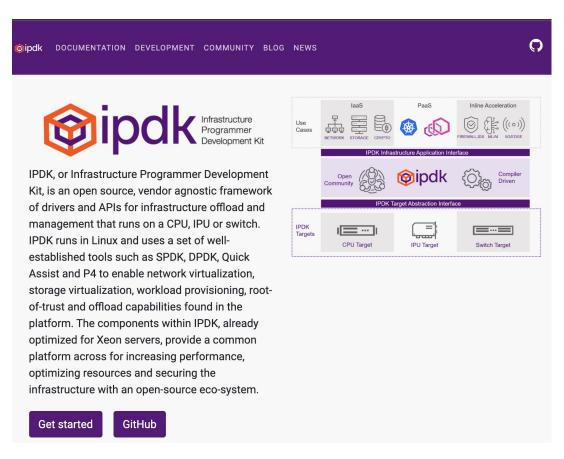
- 1. Infrastructure-as-a-Service
  Virtual networking, storage
  and Crypto across VMs,
  containers and bare metal
- 2. Platform-as-a-Service
  Container Networking
  (Kubernetes) Sidecars
  (Envoy, MongoDB)
- 3. Inline Acceleration
  Firewall, IDS, Network
  Telemetry 5G/Wireless
  Infrastructure, AI/ML





## Open-Source Development

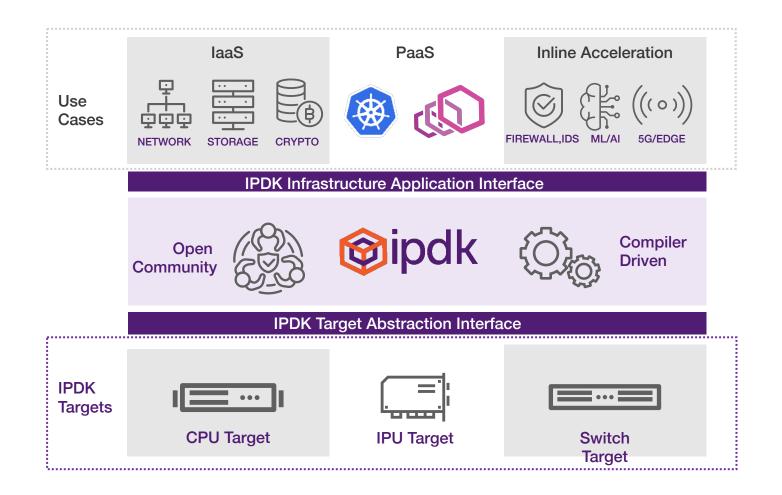
- Recipes
   Delineate, simplify, and optimize for each major use case and functional area
- Open-Source Development &
   Governance
   New patches, agents, and
   interface support
   Open-Source definitions of interfaces
   Dockerfiles and pre-built containers
- Development has started, come join! Collaborate on Slack, Github & IPDK.io





#### **IPDK Standard Interfaces**

- Infrastructure
   Application Interface
   Devices & Services for
   Workload Apps
   Platform Capabilities
   Offered to Mgmt
- Target Abstraction Interface (TAI)
   Target Capabilities
   Offered to IPDK



#### Take-Home Demo

#### **Download Containers**

- IPDK Container
- Traffic Gen Container
- Storage Target Container

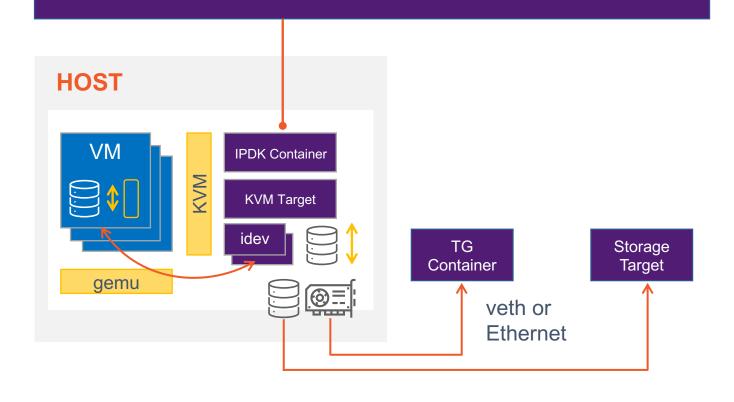
#### **Create Virtual Devices**

- Create virtual port
- Create virtual disk

Generate network traffic and storage read/writes

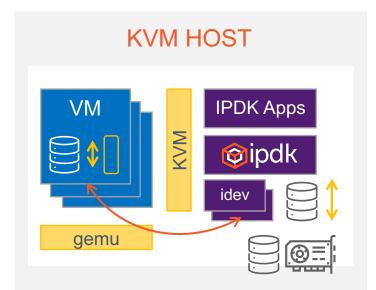
#### **OpenConfig RPC or CLI**

- > create port host1 virtio-net 10Gbps netdev1
- > create disk host1 virtio-blk 100KIOPS bdev1





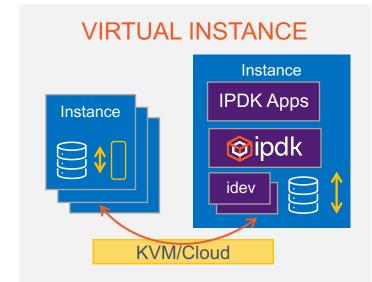
#### Where Can IPDK Run?



- Insert devices into VMs
- Sockets in/out of VM apps/containers
- Direct attached devices (drives, NICs, Accel)

#### **Software Hypervisor**

Software Virtual Switch

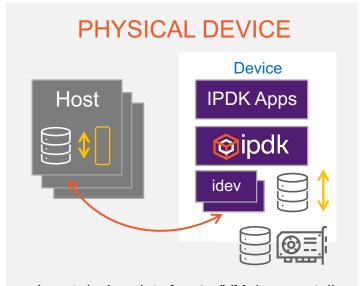


- Insert devices into instances (VM, bare metal)
- Sockets in/out of **instance** apps/containers
- Virtual devices (drives, NICs, Accel)

#### **Cloud Hypervisor**

Cloud Virtual Switch

KVM can also run in each instance



- Insert devices into hosts (VM, bare metal)
- Sockets in/out of host or VM apps/containers
- Direct and virtual devices (drives, NICs, Accel)

#### **Hardware Hypervisor**

Hardware Virtual Switch

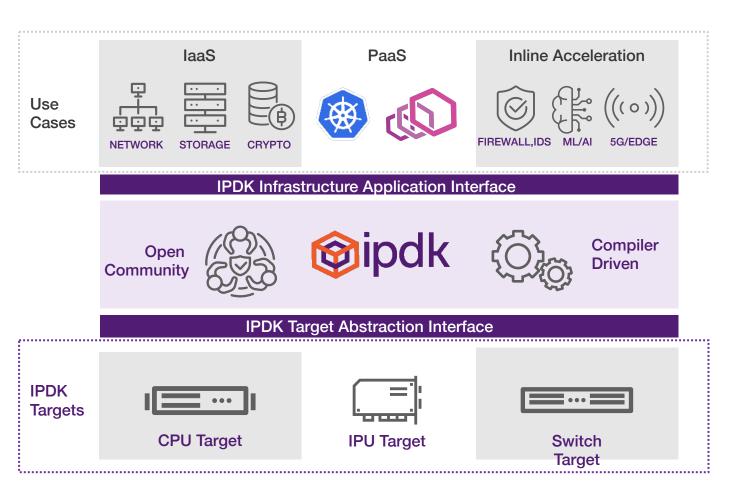
KVM can also run in each instance



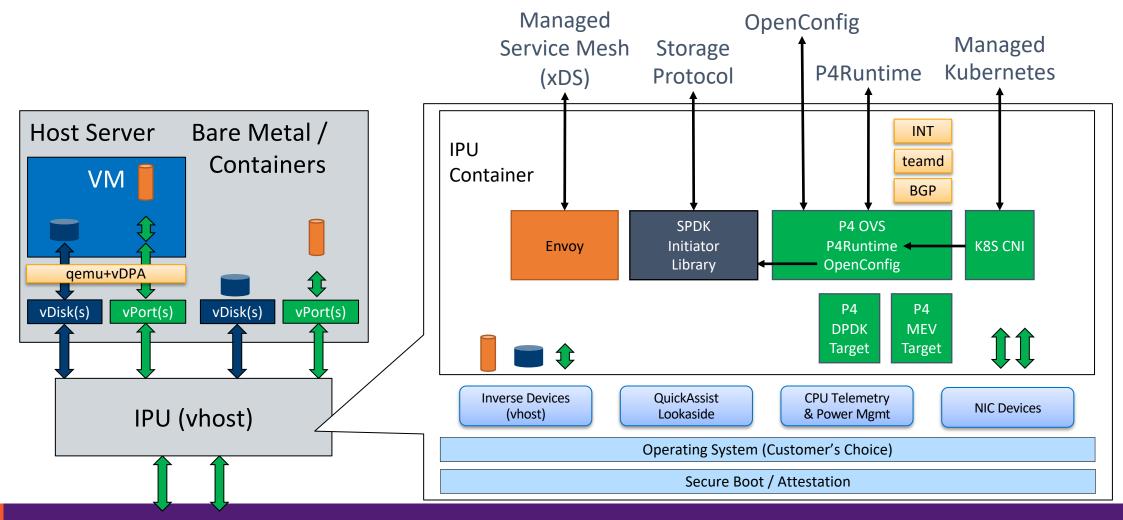
#### Call to Action

#### **Come Join the Community**

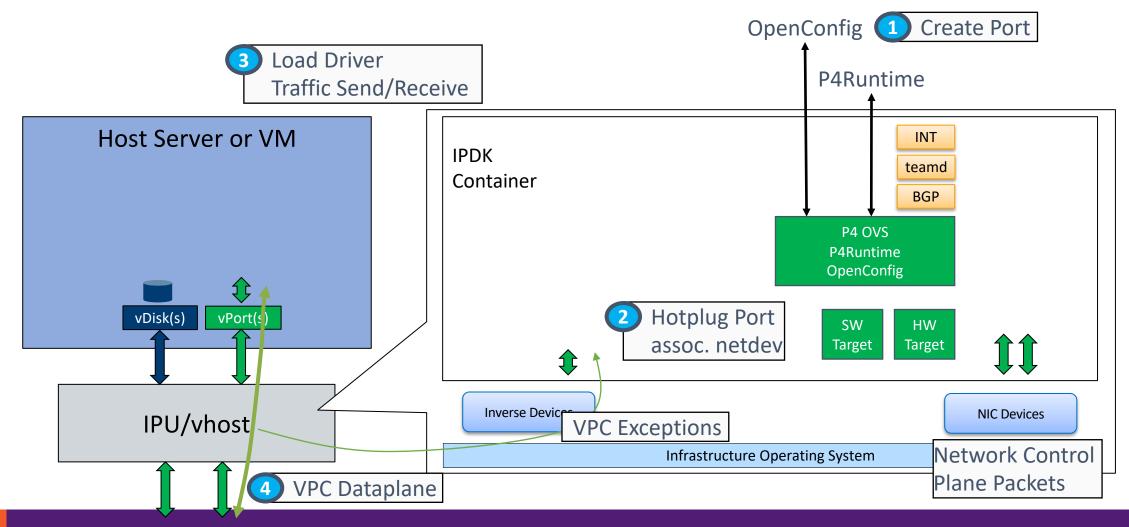
- Develop IPDK-compatible Applications
- Contribute an IPDK Target
  - Software, Switch, IPU,
     DPU, etc.
- Develop New Recipes
- Contribute to Existing Recipes
- Contribute to the Interfaces



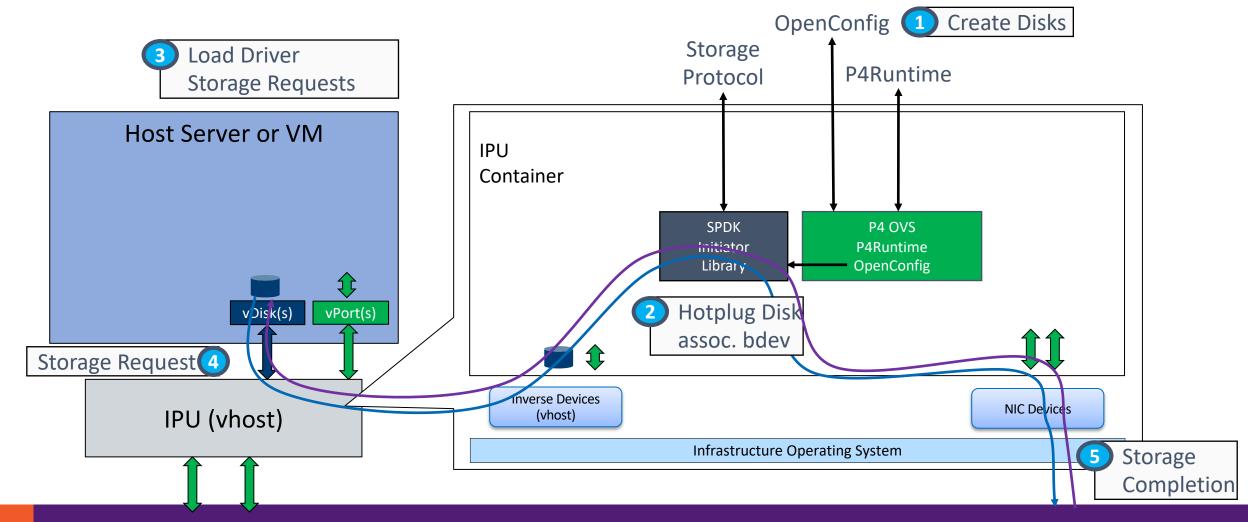
#### **IPDK Container**



#### laaS - Network Virtualization

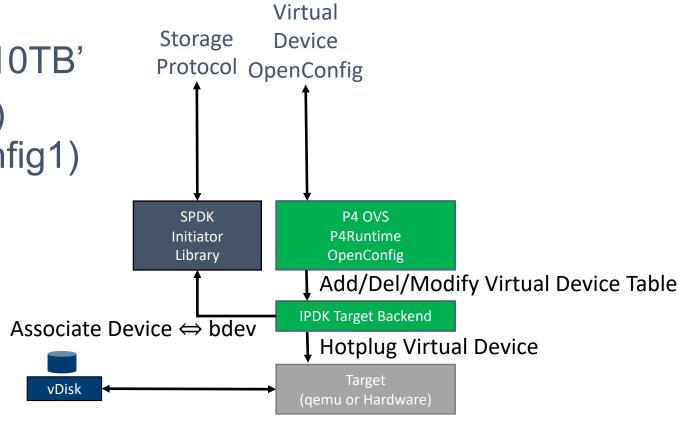


## laaS – Storage Virtualization



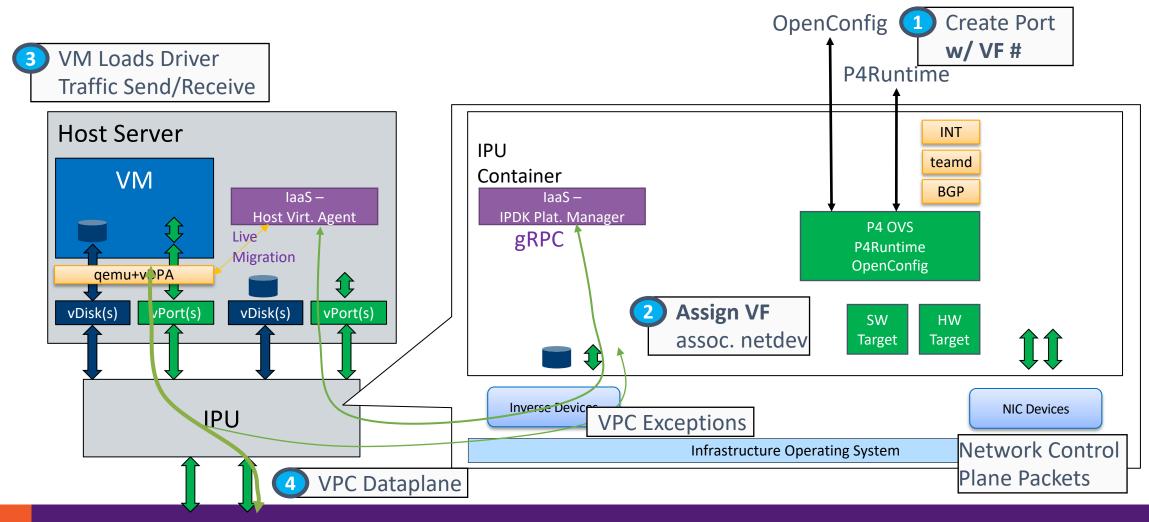
## laaS – Storage Virtualization - Interfaces

- OpenConfig Operation 'add virtio-blk disk1 bdev5 10TB'
- 2. TDI (Table Driven Interface) 'addEntry(vdev, "disk1", config1)
- 3. Backend Device Operation
  - KVM: qemu hotplug
  - Canyon: pci hotplug
  - MEV: simulated hotplug
- 4. SPDK Operation associate device w/ 'bdev5'

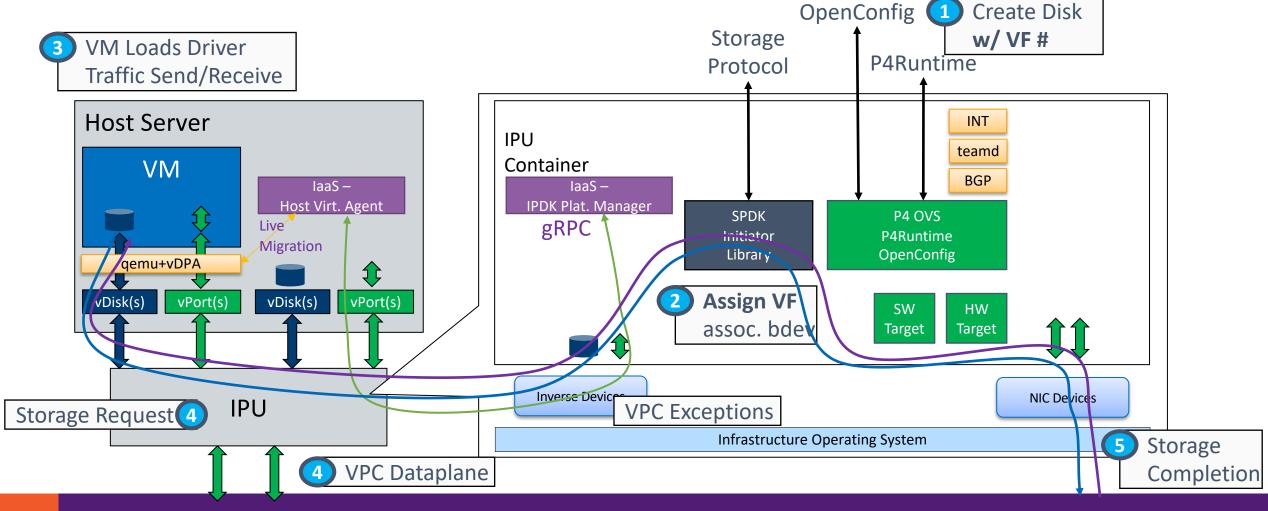




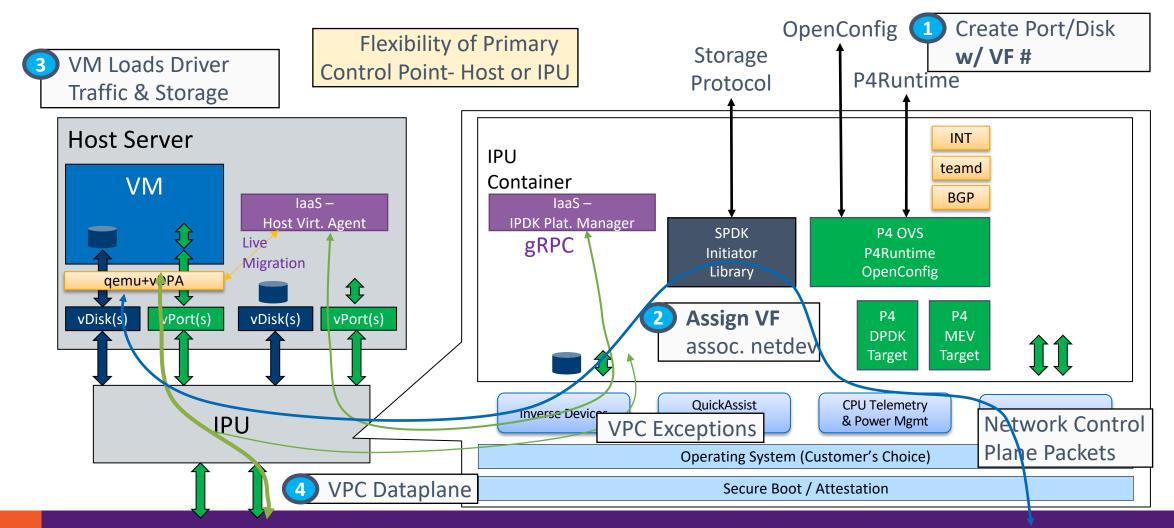
#### laaS - Host Virtualization - Network



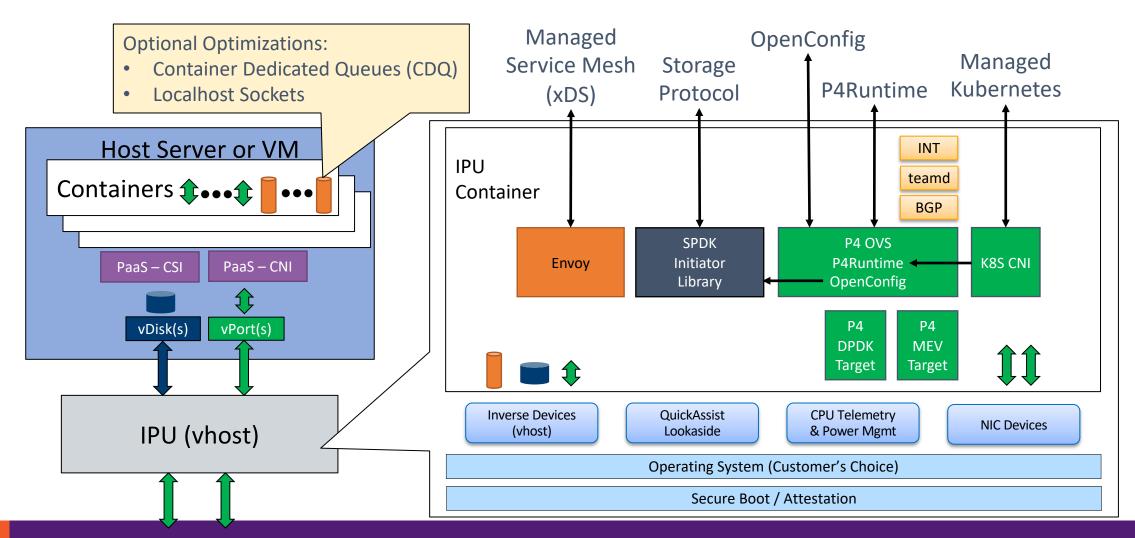
#### laaS – Host Virtualization – Disk



#### laaS – Host Virtualization – Net+Disk

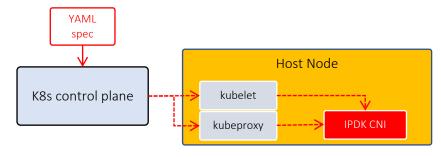


#### PaaS - CSI & CNI

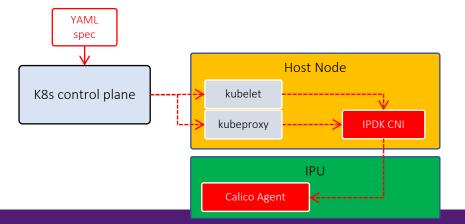


#### PaaS – K8s Delineations

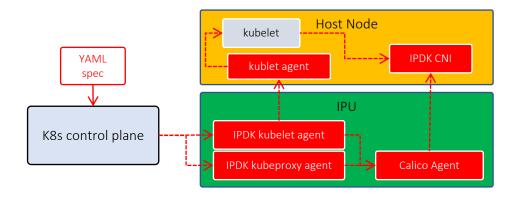
O. Bare Metal, no IPU



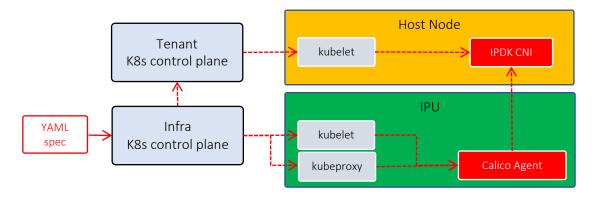
1. Trusted host anchored control (Self Managed)



2. IPU anchored control (Managed Services)

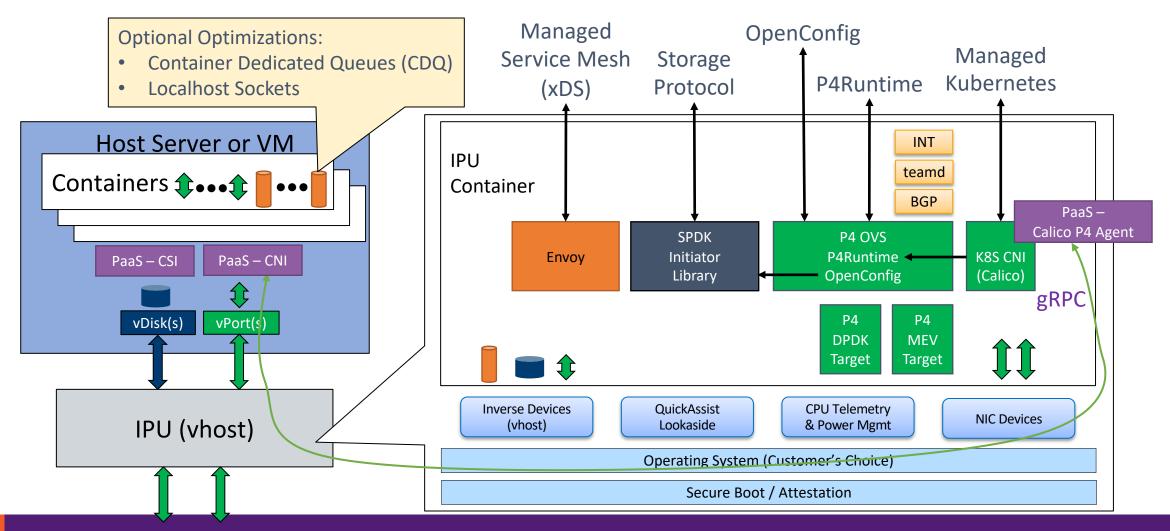


3. Split Tenant & Managed Infrastructure



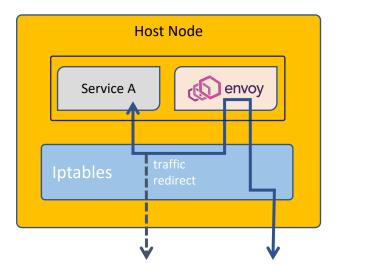


## PaaS – Calico Running on IPU

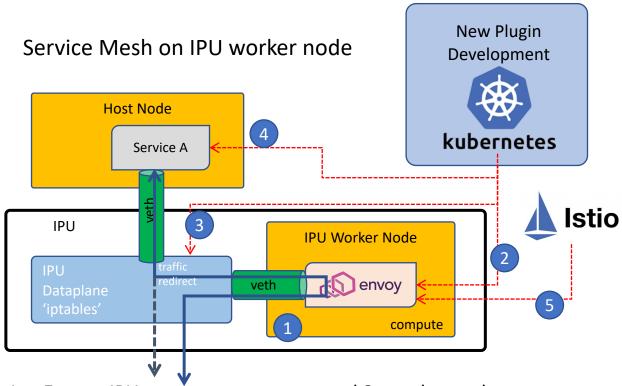


## PaaS – Envoy Delineations

**Current Service Mesh on Host** 



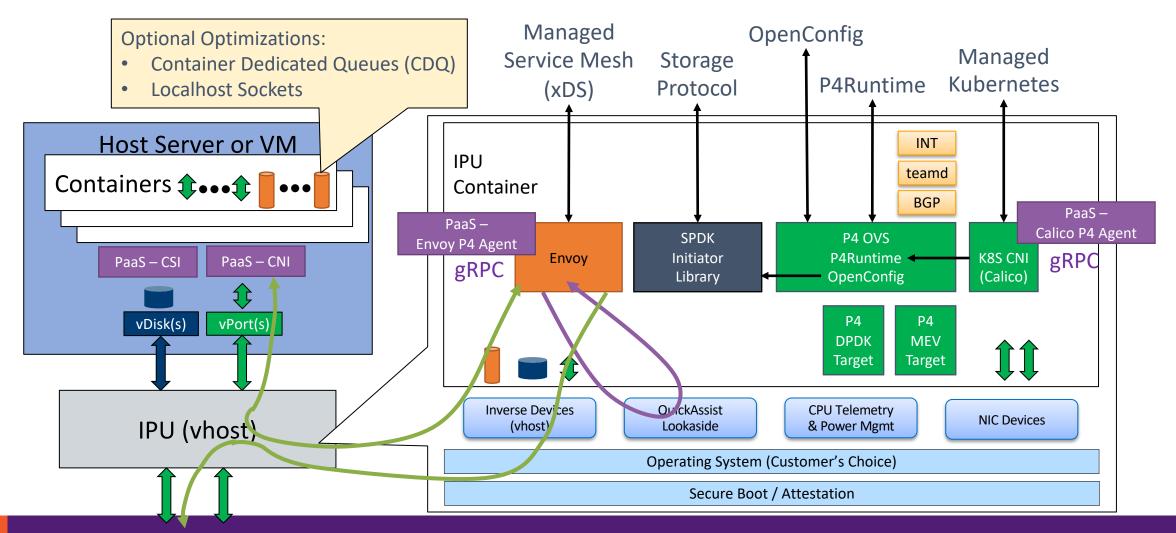




- 1. Expose IPU compute resources as a k8s worker node
- 2. Modify k8s orchestration to inject Envoy to IPU Worker Node
- 3. Configure IPU dataplane offload for 'iptables' traffic redirect
- 4. Orchestrate tenant service
- 5. Istio configuration of Envoy

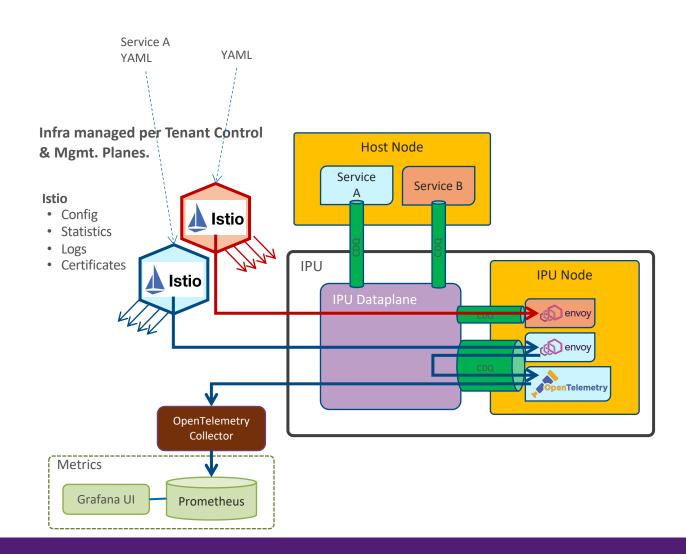


## PaaS – Envoy on IPU



## PaaS – Multi-Tenancy (Service:Sidecar)

- IPU dataplane used for traffic redirection to Envoy proxy and offload of CNI
- 1:1 Service Mesh (Envoy) containers
  - Resource allocation & life cycle
  - CDQ enable scheduling & BW allocations
  - Separation of mTLS Certificates
- No restriction on Istio deployment
  - Support various deployments such as multiple Envoy instances, soft multi-tenancy, & RBAC namespaces.
- Additional services (OpenTelemetry) can be orchestrated
- Optional to use Istio soft multi-tenancy





## Thank you.

IPDK.io: Infrastructure Programmer Development Kit Collaborate with the community on Github & Slack

