Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 6_MCQ_Updated_1

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. Why is Merge Sort preferred for sorting large datasets compared to Quick Sort?

Answer

Merge Sort has better worst-case time complexity

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which of the following sorting algorithms is based on the divide and conquer method?

Answer

Merge Sort

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

249	3. Which of the following statements is true about the merge s algorithm? Answer It requires additional memory for merging Status: Correct	ort ADTOTATE Marks: 1/1
245	 4. What happens when Merge Sort is applied to a single-eleme Answer The array remains unchanged and no merging is required Status: Correct 5. Merge sort is 	nt array? Marks: 1/1
	Answer Comparison-based sorting algorithm Status: Correct	<i>Marks</i> : 1/1
245	6. In a quick sort algorithm, what role does the pivot element p Answer It is used to partition the array Status: Correct	·
7. Which of the following is not true about QuickSort? Answer It can be implemented as a stable sort		
245	Status: Correct	Marks: 1/1

8. What happens during the merge step in Merge Sort?

Answer

Two sorted subarrays are combined into one sorted array

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. In a quick sort algorithm, where are smaller elements placed to the pivot during the partition process, assuming we are sorting in increasing order?

Answer

To the left of the pivot

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Consider the Quick Sort algorithm, which sorts elements in ascending order using the first element as a pivot. Then which of the following input sequences will require the maximum number of comparisons when this algorithm is applied to it?

Answer

52 25 76 67 89

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

11. What is the best sorting algorithm to use for the elements in an array that are more than 1 million in general?

Answer

Quick sort.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Which of the following is true about Quicksort?

Answer

It is an in-place sorting algorithm

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Which of the following scenarios is Merge Sort preferred over Quick Sort?

Answer

When sorting linked lists

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Let P be a quick sort program to sort numbers in ascending order using the first element as a pivot. Let t1 and t2 be the number of comparisons made by P for the inputs {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} and {4, 1, 5, 3, 2}, respectively. Which one of the following holds?

Answer

t1 > t2

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Which of the following strategies is used to improve the efficiency of Quicksort in practical implementations?

Answer

Choosing the pivot randomly or using the median-of-three method

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. What is the main advantage of Quicksort over Merge Sort?

Answer

Quicksort requires less auxiliary space

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. Which of the following methods is used for sorting in merge sort?

Answer

merging

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. Is Merge Sort a stable sorting algorithm?

Answer

Yes, always stable.

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

19. Which of the following modifications can help Quicksort perform better on small subarrays?

Answer

Switching to Bubble Sort for small subarrays

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

20. The following code snippet is an example of a quick sort. What do the 'low' and 'high' parameters represent in this code?

```
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
   if (low < high) {
     int pivot = partition(arr, low, high);
     quickSort(arr, low, pivot - 1);
     quickSort(arr, pivot + 1, high);
   }
}</pre>
```

Answer

The value of the pivot element

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1