Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: RAKSHITHA R

Email: 240701418@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701418 Phone: 7305274265

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 30 Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

In an educational setting, Professor Smith tasks Computer Science students with designing an algorithm to evaluate postfix expressions efficiently, fostering problem-solving skills and understanding of stackbased computations.

The program prompts users to input a postfix expression, evaluates it, and displays the result, aiding students in honing their coding abilities.

Input Format

The input consists of the postfix mathematical expression.

The expression will contain real numbers and mathematical operators (+, -, *, /), without any space.

Output Format

The output prints the result of evaluating the given postfix expression.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 82/
    Output: 4
    Answer
    // You are using GCC
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <ctype.h>
    float stack[100];
    int top = -1;
    void push(float val) {
      stack[++top] = val;
    }
    float pop() {
      return stack[top--];
    int main() {
      char expr[100];
      scanf("%s", expr);
      for (int i = 0; expr[i] != '\0'; i++) {
         char ch = expr[i];
         if (isdigit(ch)) {
           push(ch - '0');
         } else {
        \Re float b = pop();
           float a = pop();
           switch (ch) {
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Rithi is building a simple text editor that allows users to type characters, undo their typing, and view the current text. She has implemented this text editor using an array-based stack data structure.

She has to develop a basic text editor with the following features:

Type a Character (Push): Users can type a character and add it to the text editor. Undo Typing (Pop): Users can undo their typing by removing the last character they entered from the editor. View Current Text (Display): Users can view the current text in the editor, which is the sequence of characters in the buffer. Exit: Users can exit the text editor application.

Write a program that simulates this text.

Write a program that simulates this text editor's undo feature using a character stack and implements the push, pop and display operations accordingly.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Push the character onto the stack. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated character, representing the character to be pushed onto the stack.

Choice 2: Pop the character from the stack.

Choice 3: Display the characters in the stack.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the stack:

- 1. If the choice is 1, print: "Typed character: <character>" where <character> is the character that was pushed to the stack.
- 2. If the choice is 2, print: "Undo: Removed character < character>" where
- 3. If the choice is 2, and if the stack is empty without any characters, print "Text editor buffer is empty. Nothing to undo." editor buffer is empty. Nothing to undo."
 - 4. If the choice is 3, print: "Current text: <character1> <character2> ... <characterN>" where <character1>, <character2>, ... are the characters in the stack, starting from the last pushed character.
 - 5. If the choice is 3, and there are no characters in the stack, print "Text editor buffer is empty."
 - 6. If the choice is 4, exit the program.
 - 7. If any other choice is entered, print "Invalid choice"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 H 1 A

3 4

Output: Typed character: H

Typed character: A Current text: A H

Answer

// You are using GCC #include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h>

```
240701418
                                                        240701418
    #define MAX 100
    char stack[MAX];
int top = -1;
    void push(char ch) {
       if (top < MAX - 1) {
         stack[++top] = ch;
         printf("Typed character: %c\n", ch);
       }
    }
    void pop() {
       if (top == -1) {
printf("Undo: Removed character %c\n", stack[top--]);
}
void display() (
    void display() {
       if (top == -1) {
         printf("Text editor buffer is empty.\n");
       } else {
         printf("Current text:");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i-) {
           printf(" %c", stack[i]);
         }
         printf("\n");
int main() {
       int choice;
       char ch;
       while (1) {
         if (scanf("%d", &choice) != 1) break;
         switch (choice) {
            case 1:
              scanf(" %c", &ch);
              push(ch);
                                                                                    240707478
                            240707478
                                                        240701418
              break;
            case 2:
              pop();
```

```
break;
case 3:
display();
break;
case 4:
exit(0);
default:
printf("Invalid choice\n");
}

return 0;
}

Status: Correct
```

3. Problem Statement

Siri is a computer science student who loves solving mathematical problems. She recently learned about infix and postfix expressions and was fascinated by how they can be used to evaluate mathematical expressions.

Marks : 10/10

She decided to write a program to convert an infix expression with operators to its postfix form. Help Siri in writing the program.

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing an infix expression.

Output Format

The output prints a single line containing the postfix expression equivalent to the given infix expression.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: (2 + 3) * 4

```
240701418
     Output: 23+4*
Answer
     // You are using GCC
     #include <stdio.h>
     #include <ctype.h>
     #define MAX 50
     char stack[MAX];
     int top = -1;
void push(char c) {
                           240701418
       if (top >= 0)
         return stack[top--];
       return '\0';
     }
     char peek() {
       if (top >= 0)
         return stack[top];
       return '\0';
int precedence(char op) {

if (op == '+' || on =- ' ' ''

if (or
       if (op == '*' || op == '/') return 2;
       return 0;
     }
     int isOperator(char c) {
       return c == '+' || c == '-' || c == '*' || c == '/';
     }
     int main() {
                                                       240707478
fgets(infix, MAX, stdin);
```

240707478

240707478

```
240701418
                                                                                          240707478
        for (int i = 0; infix[i] != '\0'; i++) {
          char c = infix[i];
          if (c == ' ') continue;
          if (isdigit(c)) {
             printf("%c", c);
           else if (c == '(') {
             push(c);
          else if (c == ')') {
             while (top != -1 && peek() != '(') {
                                                                                          240707478
               printf("%c", pop());
             }
             pop();
           else if (isOperator(c)) {
             while (top != -1 && precedence(peek()) >= precedence(c)) {
               printf("%c", pop());
             }
             push(c);
          }
        }
re (top != -1) {
printf("%c", pop());
     }
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

240701418

240701418

240701418

240707478