

I'll structure it like:

- Dashboard Tabs
 - What each tab shows
 - What graphs inside
 - What columns used
 - What insights user gets
-

COMPLETE DASHBOARD PLAN (Python Dash)

Your dashboard will have **6 MAIN TABS**.

Think of it like a story:

 Overview → Pipeline → Revenue → Customers → Timeline → Performance

TAB 1 — Executive Overview (MAIN SUMMARY)

This is the **landing page** of your dashboard.

Goal:

 High-level understanding in 5 seconds.

Graphs inside Tab 1

KPI CARDS (Top Row)

Use:

- Lead Id
- Lead Status
- Value in Rs (Lakhs)
- Contracted Price

Show:

- Total Leads
- Active Leads
- Contracted Leads
- Total Pipeline Value

- Contracted Revenue
-

Lead Type Distribution

Columns:

- Lead Type

Graph:

 Donut Chart

Insight:

Defence vs Civil workload.

Leads by Business Unit (SBU)

Columns:

- UNIT/SBU

Graph:

 Horizontal Bar Chart

Insight:

Which SBU handles most work.

Monthly Lead Creation Trend

Columns:

- Creation Date

Graph:

 Line Chart

Insight:

Tender activity timeline.

TAB 2 — Lead Pipeline & Funnel

This tab shows how leads move through stages.

Goal:

 Understand drop-offs.

Graphs

Funnel Chart (Main Visual)

Columns:

- Lead Stages

Stages example:

Initiated → Evaluation → Bid → Contract

Insight:

Where leads fail.

Lead Status Breakdown

Columns:

- Lead Status

Graph:

 Pie Chart

Stage vs Business Unit

Columns:

- Lead Stages
- UNIT/SBU

Graph:

 Stacked Bar Chart

Insight:

Which SBU progresses leads better.

TAB 3 — Revenue & Financial Analytics

This tab is VERY important for decision makers.

Goal:

 Understand money flow.

Graphs

Revenue by Customer

Columns:

- Main Customer
- Value in Rs (Lakhs)

Graph:

 TreeMap

Insight:

Top revenue sources.

Contracted vs Pipeline Value

Columns:

- Lead Status
- Value in Rs (Lakhs)

Graph:

 Stacked Column Chart

Insight:

Future vs secured revenue.

Revenue by SBU

Columns:

- UNIT/SBU
- Contracted Price(in Lakh)

Graph:

 Bar Chart

Insight:

Top performing unit.

Forecast Year Analysis

Columns:

- Forecast Year
- Value in Rs

Graph:



Insight:

Future business projection.

TAB 4 — Customer & Market Insights

Goal:



Graphs

Leads by Main Customer

Columns:

- Main Customer

Graph:



Lead Type vs Customer

Columns:

- Lead Type
- Main Customer

Graph:



Insight:

Which customer prefers defence/civil.

Single Vendor vs Multi Vendor

Columns:

- Single/Multi Vendor

Graph:



Insight:

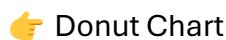
Competition level.

Business Segment Distribution

Columns:

- Business Segment

Graph:



Insight:

Market focus areas.

TAB 5 — Timeline & Delay Analytics

Goal:



Graphs

Lead Timeline

Columns:

- Issue Date
- Due date
- Extended due date

Graph:



Insight:
Tender duration.

Delay Analysis

Compare:

- Due date vs Extended due date

Graph:

 Bar Chart (Delay Days)

Insight:
How many tenders got extended.

Milestone Tracking

Columns:

- Tech. Bid Open Date
- Comm. Bid Opening Date
- PNC Conclusion Date

Graph:
 Timeline Scatter Plot

Insight:
Process speed.

TAB 6 — Team Performance & Ownership

Goal:
 Understand employee performance.

Graphs

Leads per Owner

Columns:

- Lead Owner .1

Graph:

👉 Bar Chart

Contract Value by Owner

Columns:

- Lead Owner .1
- Contracted Price

Graph:

👉 Column Chart

Insight:

Top closers.

Owner Success Rate

Columns:

- Lead Owner .1
- Lead Status

Graph:

👉 Stacked Bar

Insight:

Who wins vs regrets.

Marketing Officer Activity

Columns:

- Created Name

Graph:

👉 Horizontal Bar Chart

GLOBAL FILTERS (Very Important in Dash)

Add filters at top:

- Lead Type
- UNIT/SBU
- Main Customer
- Lead Status
- Forecast Year

These filters should control ALL tabs.

1 Stacked Charts — When to Use in YOUR Data

👉 Use stacked charts when you want to compare **multiple categories inside one main category**.

Case 1 — Customer vs Lead Status

X-axis: Main Customer

Stack: Lead Status (Approved / Open / Closed)

What you learn:

- Not just how many leads NAVY has
- But how many are still active vs completed

Example Insight:

NAVY may have many leads, but most could be still “In Progress”.

Case 2 — Forecast Year vs Lead Stage

X-axis: Forecast Year

Stack: Lead Stages

Shows:

- Pipeline maturity across years.
-

Case 3 — Business Unit vs Enquiry Type

X-axis: UNIT/SBU

Stack: RFP / RFQ / Budget Quote

Useful for management reporting.

2 Horizontal Bar Charts — When to Use

👉 Use horizontal bars when:

- ✓ Category names are long
- ✓ Many categories exist
- ✓ You want easy readability

Your dataset has long names like:

- Lead Owner
- Lead Name
- Main Customer

Case 1 — Leads by Lead Owner

Horizontal bars work BEST here.

Why?

- Owner names may be long.
 - Easy comparison.
-

Case 2 — Value by Customer

Sort descending and plot horizontally.

Managers quickly see:

👉 Highest-value customers at top.

Case 3 — Lead Count by Enquiry Description

If you have many enquiry types, horizontal layout avoids crowding.

3 Donut Charts — When to Use

👉 Use donut charts for **percentage distribution** (simple overview).

Avoid using for too many categories.

Case 1 — Lead Status Distribution

Example:

- Approved
- Active
- Regret

Quick executive snapshot.

Case 2 — Single vs Multi Vendor

Use column:

👉 Single/Multi Vendor

Shows procurement style distribution.

Case 3 — Lead Classification Breakdown

Example:

- Capital
 - Service
 - Upgrade
-

4 Bubble Charts — When to Use

👉 Bubble charts are perfect when you want to show **3 variables together**.

In your data you have:

- Customer
- Value
- Quantity

- Stage
- Owner

So this chart is very powerful.

✓ Case 1 — Customer vs Value vs Quantity

- X-axis → Customer
- Y-axis → Value in Rs
- Bubble Size → Quantity

Shows:

👉 Which customers bring high value AND high volume.

✓ Case 2 — Lead Owner Performance

- X-axis → Lead Owner
- Y-axis → Contracted Price
- Bubble Size → Number of Leads

Very good medium-level analytics idea.

✓ Case 3 — Timeline Risk Analysis

- X-axis → Due Date
- Y-axis → Creation Date
- Bubble Size → Value

Shows delayed high-value projects.

▼ 5 Funnel Charts — BEST Chart for YOUR DATASET

Honestly — funnel chart is the MOST PERFECT chart for this data.

Why?

Because your columns include:

👉 Lead Stages

👉 Enquiry lifecycle (RFP → Bid → Contract)

✓ Case 1 — Lead Pipeline Funnel

Stages example:

1. Created
2. Proposal
3. Technical Bid
4. Commercial Bid
5. Negotiation
6. Contracted

Shows:

⭐ Drop-off between stages

⭐ Conversion rate

This is EXACTLY how enterprise sales dashboards look.

✓ Case 2 — Value Funnel (Advanced Medium Level)

Instead of count — use:

👉 Sum(Value in Rs Lakhs)

Shows:

- How total money reduces across stages.

Very impressive dashboard feature.