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#Code originally on kaggle
!pip install -q POT
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, Subset, TensorDataset,
import torchvision.datasets as datasets
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
import torch.nn.functional as F
import numpy as np
import h5py
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import ot
from tqdm import tqdm
import random
device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is available() else 'cpu')
pin memory = True if device.type == 'cuda' else False
# Part 1: MNIST Conditional Variational Autoencoder (Digits 0 and 4)
transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.ToTensor()])
mnist train = datasets.MNIST(root='./data', train=True, download=True,
transform=transform)
selected digits = [0, 4]
indices = [i for i, ( , label) in enumerate(mnist train) if label in
selected digits]
mnist subset = Subset(mnist train, indices)
mnist loader = DataLoader(mnist subset, batch size=128, shuffle=True,
num workers=2, pin_memory=pin_memory)
class MNISTCVAE(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, latent_dim=16, num_classes=2):
        super(MNISTCVAE, self).__init__()
        self.num classes = num classes
        self.encoder conv = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(1, 16, 3, 2, 1),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Conv2d(16, 32, 3, 2, 1),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Flatten()
        )
        self.feature dim = 32 * 7 * 7
        self.fc mu = nn.Linear(self.feature dim + num classes,
latent dim)
        self.fc logvar = nn.Linear(self.feature dim + num classes,
latent dim)
        self.decoder fc = nn.Sequential(
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nn.Linear(latent dim + num classes, 32 * 7 * 7),
            nn.ReLU()
        self.decoder conv = nn.Sequential(
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(32, 16, 3, 2, 1, output padding=1),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(16, 1, 3, 2, 1, output padding=1),
            nn.Sigmoid()
        )
    def reparameterize(self, mu, logvar, force mean=False):
        if force mean:
            return mu
        std = torch.exp(0.5 * logvar)
        eps = torch.randn like(std)
        return mu + eps * std
    def encode(self, x, y):
        x feat = self.encoder conv(x)
        x feat cond = torch.cat([x feat, y], dim=1)
        mu = self.fc mu(x feat cond)
        logvar = self.fc logvar(x feat cond)
        return mu, logvar
    def decode(self, z, y):
        z_{cond} = torch.cat([z, y], dim=1)
        x_fc = self.decoder_fc(z_cond)
        x fc = x fc.view(z.size(0), 32, 7, 7)
        return self.decoder conv(x fc)
    def forward(self, x, y, force_mean=False):
        mu, logvar = self.encode(\bar{x}, y)
        z = self.reparameterize(mu, logvar, force mean=force mean)
        recon = self.decode(z, y)
        return recon, mu, logvar
model mnist = MNISTCVAE(latent dim=16, num classes=2).to(device)
optimizer mnist = optim.Adam(model mnist.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
def loss function(recon, x, mu, logvar, kl weight=0.001):
    BCE = F.binary cross entropy(recon, x, reduction='mean')
    KL = -0.5 * kl weight * torch.mean(1 + logvar - mu.pow(2) -
logvar.exp())
    return BCE + KL
num epochs = 20
print("Training MNIST CVAE...")
for epoch in range(num epochs):
    model mnist.train()
    running loss = 0.0
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for images, labels in tqdm(mnist loader, desc=f"Epoch
{epoch+1}/{num epochs}"):
        images = images.to(device, non blocking=True)
        condition = F.one hot((labels == 4).long(),
num classes=2).float().to(device)
        optimizer mnist.zero grad()
        recon, mu, logvar = model mnist(images, condition)
        loss = loss function(recon, images, mu, logvar)
        loss.backward()
        optimizer mnist.step()
        running loss += loss.item()
    epoch loss = running loss / len(mnist loader)
    print(f"Epoch {epoch+1}/{num epochs} Loss: {epoch loss:.4f}")
def optimal transport mapping conditioned(latent batch, condition,
reg=0.0005, adjust distribution=False):
    batch size, latent dim = latent batch.shape
    transported = torch.zeros like(latent_batch)
    classes = condition.argmax(dim=1)
    for class idx in [0, 1]:
        idx = (classes == class idx).nonzero(as tuple=True)[0]
        if idx.numel() == 0:
            continue
        latent group = latent batch[idx]
        group size = latent group.size(0)
        shift = -5 if class idx == 0 else 5
        target = torch.randn(group_size, latent_dim,
device=latent batch.device) + shift
        x norm = (latent group ** 2).sum(dim=1, keepdim=True)
        y_norm = (target ** 2).sum(dim=1, keepdim=True).t()
        cost_matrix = x_norm + y_norm - 2 * torch.mm(latent group,
target.t())
        cost matrix np = cost matrix.detach().cpu().numpy()
        a = np.ones(group_size) / group_size
        b = np.ones(group size) / group size
        transport plan = ot.sinkhorn(a, b, cost matrix np, reg)
        transported np = np.dot(transport plan,
target.detach().cpu().numpy())
        transported group = torch.tensor(transported np,
dtype=latent batch.dtype, device=latent batch.device)
        if adjust distribution:
            eps = 1e-6
            mean_latent = latent_group.mean(dim=0, keepdim=True)
            std latent = latent group.std(dim=0, keepdim=True) + eps
            if (std latent < 1e-9).all():
                transported_group = latent_group.clone()
            else:
                transported group = (transported group -
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transported group.mean(dim=0, keepdim=True)) /
(transported group.std(dim=0, keepdim=True) + eps)
                transported group = transported group * std latent +
mean latent
        transported[idx] = transported group
    return transported
def optimal transport mapping general(latent batch, reg=0.0005,
adjust_distribution=True, alpha=0.5):
    batch size, latent dim = latent batch.shape
    target = torch.randn(batch size, latent dim,
device=latent batch.device)
    x norm = (latent batch ** 2).sum(dim=1, keepdim=True)
    y norm = (target ** 2).sum(dim=1, keepdim=True).t()
    cost_matrix = x_norm + y_norm - 2 * torch.mm(latent batch,
target.t())
    cost matrix np = cost matrix.detach().cpu().numpy()
    a = np.ones(batch size) / batch size
    b = np.ones(batch size) / batch size
    transport plan = ot.sinkhorn(a, b, cost matrix np, reg)
    transported np = np.dot(transport plan,
target.detach().cpu().numpy())
    transported = torch.tensor(transported np,
dtype=latent batch.dtype, device=latent batch.device)
    if adjust distribution:
        eps = 1e-6
        mean latent = latent batch.mean(dim=0, keepdim=True)
        std latent = latent batch.std(dim=0, keepdim=True) + eps
        if (std latent < 1e-9).all():
            transported = latent batch.clone()
        else:
            transported = (transported - transported.mean(dim=0,
keepdim=True)) / (transported.std(dim=0, keepdim=True) + eps)
            transported = transported * std latent + mean latent
    transported = (1 - alpha) * latent batch + alpha * transported
    return transported
model mnist.eval()
with torch.no grad():
    for images, labels in mnist loader:
        images = images.to(device, non blocking=True)
        condition = F.one hot((labels == 4).long(),
num classes=2).float().to(device)
        recon, _, _ = model_mnist(images, condition, force mean=True)
        mu, logvar = model mnist.encode(images, condition)
        transported latent = optimal transport mapping conditioned(mu,
condition, reg=0.0005, adjust distribution=True)
        generated ot = model mnist.decode(transported latent,
condition)
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break
# Map random Gaussian noise to latent space using a conditional latent
generator
latent data = []
label data = []
with torch.no grad():
    for images, labels in mnist loader:
        images = images.to(device, non blocking=True)
        condition = F.one hot((labels == 4).long(),
num classes=2).float().to(device)
        mu, _ = model_mnist.encode(images, condition)
        latent data.append(mu.cpu())
        label data.append(labels.cpu())
latent data = torch.cat(latent data, dim=0)
label data = torch.cat(label data, dim=0)
labels onehot = F.one hot((label data == 4).long(),
num classes=2).float()
conditional dataset = TensorDataset(latent data, labels onehot)
conditional loader = DataLoader(conditional dataset, batch size=128,
shuffle=True)
class ConditionalLatentGenerator(nn.Module):
    def init (self, latent dim=16, noise dim=16, num classes=2):
        super(ConditionalLatentGenerator, self). init ()
        self.net = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(noise dim + num classes, 64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Linear(64, latent_dim)
    def forward(self, noise, label):
        x = torch.cat([noise, label], dim=1)
        return self.net(x)
cond latent generator = ConditionalLatentGenerator(latent dim=16,
noise dim=16, num classes=2).to(device)
optimizer cond = optim.Adam(cond latent generator.parameters(), lr=1e-
3)
criterion cond = nn.MSELoss()
num epochs cond = 5
for epoch in range(num epochs cond):
    cond latent generator.train()
    running loss = 0.0
    total samples = 0
    for latent batch, label batch in tgdm(conditional loader,
desc=f"Cond Gen Epoch {epoch+1}/{num_epochs_cond}", leave=False):
        latent_batch = latent_batch.to(device, non_blocking=True)
        label batch = label batch.to(device, non blocking=True)
        noise = torch.randn(latent batch.size(0), 16).to(device)
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gen latent = cond latent generator(noise, label batch)
        loss = criterion_cond(gen latent, latent batch)
        optimizer cond.zero grad()
        loss.backward()
        optimizer cond.step()
        running loss += loss.item()
        total samples += 1
    epoch loss = running loss / total samples
    print(f"Cond Gen Epoch {epoch+1}/{num epochs cond} Loss:
{epoch loss:.4f}")
cond latent generator.eval()
with torch.no grad():
    mixed batch = 16
    noise = torch.randn(mixed_batch, 16).to(device)
    labels mixed = torch.zeros(mixed batch, 2).to(device)
    half = mixed batch // 2
    labels mixed[:half, 0] = 1
    labels mixed[half:, 1] = 1
    gen latent mixed = cond latent generator(noise, labels mixed)
    generated cond mixed = model mnist.decode(gen latent mixed,
labels_mixed)
def plot mnist random(images, title="Images", n=8):
    images = images.detach().cpu().numpy()
    idx = np.random.choice(images.shape[0], n, replace=False)
    selected = images[idx]
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(\frac{1}{1}, n, figsize=(n*2, \frac{2}{1}))
    for i in range(n):
        axes[i].imshow(selected[i].squeeze(), cmap='gray')
        axes[i].axis('off')
    plt.suptitle(title)
    plt.show()
plot_mnist_random(images, title="MNIST: Original", n=8)
plot mnist random(recon, title="MNIST: Reconstructed ", n=8)
plot mnist random(generated ot, title="MNIST: OT Generated", n=8)
plot mnist random(generated cond mixed, title="MNIST: Cond Generator")
(Noise-Mapped)", n=8)
class HEPAutoencoderSubset(Dataset):
    def init (self, h5 path, num samples=3000):
        with h5py.File(h5 path, 'r') as f:
            data = f['X jets'][:num samples]
        self.data = torch.tensor(data, dtype=torch.float32).permute(0,
3, 1, 2)
        for i in range(len(self.data)):
            for c in range(self.data.shape[1]):
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channel = self.data[i, c]
                min val = channel.min()
                max_val = channel.max()
                if max val > min val:
                     self.data[i, c] = (channel - min val) / (max val -
min val)
    def len (self):
        return self.data.shape[0]
    def __getitem__(self, idx):
        return self.data[idx]
HEP PATH = '/kaggle/input/quark-gluon/quark-gluon data-
set n139306.hdf5'
try:
    hep dataset = HEPAutoencoderSubset(HEP PATH, num samples=3000)
except FileNotFoundError:
    print(f"File not found at {HEP PATH}. Using dummy data for
demonstration.")
    dummy data = torch.rand(3000, 3, 125, 125)
    class DummyDataset(Dataset):
        def __init__(self, data):
            self.data = data
        def __len__(self):
            return len(self.data)
        def __getitem__(self, idx):
    return self.data[idx]
    hep dataset = DummyDataset(dummy data)
class HEPConvAutoencoder(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, latent_dim=64):
        super(HEPConvAutoencoder, self).__init__()
        self.encoder = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(3, 32, 3, 2, 1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(32),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Conv2d(32, 64, 3, 2, 1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Conv2d(64, 128, 3, 2, 1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Flatten(),
            nn.Linear(128 * 16 * 16, latent dim),
            nn.BatchNorm1d(latent dim)
        )
        self.decoder fc = nn.Sequential(
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nn.Linear(latent dim, 128 * 16 * 16),
            nn.ReLU()
        )
        self.decoder conv = nn.Sequential(
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(128, 64, 3, 2, 1, output padding=1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(64, 32, 3, 2, 1, output padding=1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(32),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(32, 3, 3, 2, 1, output_padding=1),
            nn.Sigmoid()
        )
    def encode(self, x):
        return self.encoder(x)
    def decode(self, latent):
        x_fc = self.decoder_fc(latent)
        x fc = x fc.view(-1, 128, 16, 16)
        return self.decoder conv(x fc)[:, :, :125, :125]
    def forward(self, x):
        latent = self.encode(x)
        recon = self.decode(latent)
        return recon, latent
hep model = HEPConvAutoencoder(latent dim=64).to(device)
hep optimizer = optim.Adam(hep model.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
hep criterion = nn.MSELoss(reduction='sum')
scaler = torch.cuda.amp.GradScaler() if device.type == 'cuda' else
None
from torch.utils.data import RandomSampler
num batches per epoch = 1500
batch size hep = 32
num samples for sampler = num batches per epoch * batch size hep
sampler = RandomSampler(hep dataset, replacement=True,
num_samples=num_samples_for_sampler)
hep loader = DataLoader(
    hep dataset,
    batch size=batch size hep,
    sampler=sampler,
    num workers=2,
    pin memory=pin memory
)
num epochs hep = 20
MAX BATCHES PER EPOCH = 1500
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for epoch in range(num epochs hep):
    hep model.train()
    running loss = 0.0
    total samples = 0
    for i, images in enumerate(tqdm(hep loader, desc=f"HEP Epoch
{epoch+1}/{num epochs hep}", leave=False)):
        if i >= MAX BATCHES PER EPOCH:
            break
        images = images.to(device, non blocking=True)
        hep optimizer.zero grad()
        if scaler:
            with torch.amp.autocast(device type='cuda'):
                recon, latent = hep model(images)
                loss = hep criterion(recon, images)
            scaler.scale(loss).backward()
            scaler.step(hep optimizer)
            scaler.update()
        else:
            recon, latent = hep model(images)
            loss = hep criterion(recon, images)
            loss.backward()
            hep optimizer.step()
        batch size = images.size(0)
        running loss += loss.item() * batch size
        total samples += batch size
    epoch_loss = running_loss / total_samples
    print(f"HEP Epoch {epoch+1}/{num epochs hep} Loss:
{epoch loss:.4f}")
hep model.eval()
with torch.no grad():
    for images in hep loader:
        images = images.to(device, non blocking=True)
        recon, latent = hep model(images)
        pure ot latent = optimal transport mapping general(latent,
reg=0.01, adjust distribution=True, alpha=1.0)
        pure ot generated = hep model.decode(pure ot latent)
        blended ot latent = optimal transport mapping general(latent,
reg=0.01, adjust distribution=True, alpha=0.5)
        blended_ot_generated = hep_model.decode(blended_ot_latent)
        random latent = torch.randn like(latent).to(device)
        random latent = random latent * latent.std(dim=0,
keepdim=True) + latent.mean(dim=0, keepdim=True)
        random generated = hep model.decode(random latent)
        break
def plot channels scaled(image, title="Scaled Image Channels"):
    channels = image.detach().cpu().numpy()
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(\frac{1}{3}, figsize=(\frac{12}{4}))
```

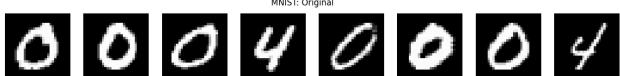
```
for i in range(3):
        c = channels[i]
        c = np.log1p(c * 100) / np.log1p(100)
        axes[i].imshow(c, cmap='viridis', vmin=0, vmax=1)
        axes[i].axis('off')
        axes[i].set_title(f'Channel {i}')
    plt.suptitle(title)
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
rand idx = random.randint(0, images.size(0)-1)
plot channels scaled(images[rand idx], title="HEP: Original Image")
plot channels scaled(recon[rand idx], title="HEP: Reconstructed")
plot channels scaled(pure ot generated[rand idx], title="HEP: Pure OT
Generated Image")
plot channels scaled(blended ot generated[rand idx], title="HEP:
Blended OT Generated Image")
plot channels scaled(random generated[rand idx], title="HEP: Noise-
Generated Image")
class HEPLatentGenerator(nn.Module):
    def init (self, noise dim=32, latent dim=64):
        super(HEPLatentGenerator, self). init ()
        self.net = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(noise_dim, 128),
            nn.LeakyReLU(0.2),
            nn.Linear(128, 256),
            nn.LeakyReLU(0.2),
            nn.Linear(256, latent dim),
            nn.Tanh()
    def forward(self, noise):
        return self.net(noise)
latent gen = HEPLatentGenerator(noise dim=32,
latent dim=64).to(device)
latent gen optimizer = optim.Adam(latent gen.parameters(), lr=1e-4)
latent gen criterion = nn.MSELoss()
hep latents = []
hep model.eval()
with torch.no grad():
    for i, images in enumerate(hep loader):
        if i >= 100:
            break
        images = images.to(device, non blocking=True)
        _, latent = hep model(images)
        hep latents.append(latent.cpu())
hep latents = torch.cat(hep latents, dim=0)
```

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latent dataset = TensorDataset(hep latents)
latent loader = DataLoader(latent dataset, batch size=64,
shuffle=True)
num epochs latent = 10
for epoch in range(num epochs latent):
    latent gen.train()
    running loss = 0.0
   total samples = 0
    for i, (latent batch,) in enumerate(tgdm(latent loader,
desc=f"Latent Gen Epoch {epoch+1}/{num_epochs_latent}", leave=False)):
        latent batch = latent batch.to(device, non blocking=True)
        noise = torch.randn(latent batch.size(0), 32).to(device)
        latent gen optimizer.zero grad()
        gen latent = latent gen(noise)
        loss = latent gen criterion(gen latent, latent batch)
        loss.backward()
        latent gen optimizer.step()
        running loss += loss.item() * latent batch.size(0)
        total samples += latent batch.size(0)
   epoch_loss = running_loss / total_samples
    print(f"Latent Gen Epoch {epoch+1}/{num epochs latent} Loss:
{epoch_loss:.4f}")
latent gen.eval()
hep model.eval()
with torch.no grad():
   noise = torch.randn(16, 32).to(device)
   gen latent = latent gen(noise)
   noise generated = hep model.decode(gen latent)
    rand idx = random.randint(0, noise generated.size(0)-1)
    plot channels scaled(noise generated[rand idx], title="HEP: Noise-
Generated Image")
                                  865.6/865.6 kB 15.2 MB/s eta
0:00:00a 0:00:01
/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Failed to download (trying next):
HTTP Error 404: Not Found
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/train-
images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/train-
images-idx3-ubyte.gz to ./data/MNIST/raw/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
      9.91M/9.91M [00:00<00:00, 57.9MB/s]
Extracting ./data/MNIST/raw/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to
./data/MNIST/raw
```

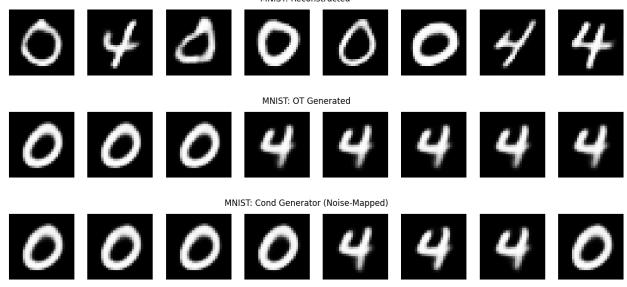
```
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-labels-idx1-
ubvte.az
Failed to download (trying next):
HTTP Error 404: Not Found
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/train-
labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/train-
labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to ./data/MNIST/raw/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
100% | 28.9k/28.9k [00:00<00:00, 1.67MB/s]
Extracting ./data/MNIST/raw/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to
./data/MNIST/raw
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Failed to download (trying next):
HTTP Error 404: Not Found
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/t10k-images-
idx3-ubyte.gz
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/t10k-images-
idx3-ubyte.gz to ./data/MNIST/raw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
100% | 1.65M/1.65M [00:00<00:00, 14.7MB/s]
Extracting ./data/MNIST/raw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to
./data/MNIST/raw
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Failed to download (trving next):
HTTP Error 404: Not Found
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/t10k-labels-
idx1-ubyte.gz
Downloading https://ossci-datasets.s3.amazonaws.com/mnist/t10k-labels-
idx1-ubyte.gz to ./data/MNIST/raw/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
     4.54k/4.54k [00:00<00:00, 13.7MB/s]
Extracting ./data/MNIST/raw/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to
./data/MNIST/raw
Training MNIST CVAE...
Epoch 1/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:02<00:00, 42.23it/s]
Epoch 1/20 Loss: 0.3804
Epoch 2/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 85.17it/s]
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Epoch 2/20 Loss: 0.2513
Epoch 3/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 82.96it/s]
Epoch 3/20 Loss: 0.1985
Epoch 4/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 84.07it/s]
Epoch 4/20 Loss: 0.1521
Epoch 5/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 83.90it/s]
Epoch 5/20 Loss: 0.1301
Epoch 6/20: 100% | 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 84.37it/s]
Epoch 6/20 Loss: 0.1200
Epoch 7/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 84.29it/s]
Epoch 7/20 Loss: 0.1144
Epoch 8/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 83.58it/s]
Epoch 8/20 Loss: 0.1108
Epoch 9/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 85.74it/s]
Epoch 9/20 Loss: 0.1082
Epoch 10/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 83.77it/s]
Epoch 10/20 Loss: 0.1063
Epoch 11/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 82.96it/s]
Epoch 11/20 Loss: 0.1048
Epoch 12/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 84.65it/s]
Epoch 12/20 Loss: 0.1036
Epoch 13/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 85.42it/s]
Epoch 13/20 Loss: 0.1025
Epoch 14/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 79.79it/s]
Epoch 14/20 Loss: 0.1017
Epoch 15/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 83.77it/s]
Epoch 15/20 Loss: 0.1009
Epoch 16/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 82.31it/s]
```

Epoch 16/20 Loss: 0.1002 Epoch 17/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 87.64it/s] Epoch 17/20 Loss: 0.0995 Epoch 18/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 86.98it/s] Epoch 18/20 Loss: 0.0990 Epoch 19/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 87.52it/s] Epoch 19/20 Loss: 0.0985 Epoch 20/20: 100% | 92/92 [00:01<00:00, 83.14it/s] Epoch 20/20 Loss: 0.0981 /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ot/bregman/ sinkhorn.py:631: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in divide v = b / KtransposeU/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ot/bregman/ sinkhorn.py:643: UserWarning: Warning: numerical errors at iteration 0 warnings.warn("Warning: numerical errors at iteration %d" % ii) Cond Gen Epoch 1/5 Loss: 1.8184 Cond Gen Epoch 2/5 Loss: 1.5720 Cond Gen Epoch 3/5 Loss: 1.4755 Cond Gen Epoch 4/5 Loss: 1.4669 Cond Gen Epoch 5/5 Loss: 1.4640



MNIST: Reconstructed



<ipython-input-1-fe9d46db2f98>:339: FutureWarning:
`torch.cuda.amp.GradScaler(args...)` is deprecated. Please use
`torch.amp.GradScaler('cuda', args...)` instead.
 scaler = torch.cuda.amp.GradScaler() if device.type == 'cuda' else
None

HEP Epoch 1/20 Loss: 13059.3396

HEP Epoch 2/20 Loss: 342.7961

HEP Epoch 3/20 Loss: 242.7392

HEP Epoch 4/20 Loss: 209.3069

HEP Epoch 5/20 Loss: 194.3286

HEP Epoch 6/20 Loss: 183.1492

HEP Epoch 7/20 Loss: 175.1301

HEP Epoch 8/20 Loss: 165.5424

HEP Epoch 9/20 Loss: 155.5915

HEP Epoch 10/20 Loss: 145.2767

HEP Epoch 11/20 Loss: 135.6450

HEP Epoch 12/20 Loss: 127.5305

HEP Epoch 13/20 Loss: 120.5782

HEP Epoch 14/20 Loss: 113.9880

HEP Epoch 15/20 Loss: 108.7008

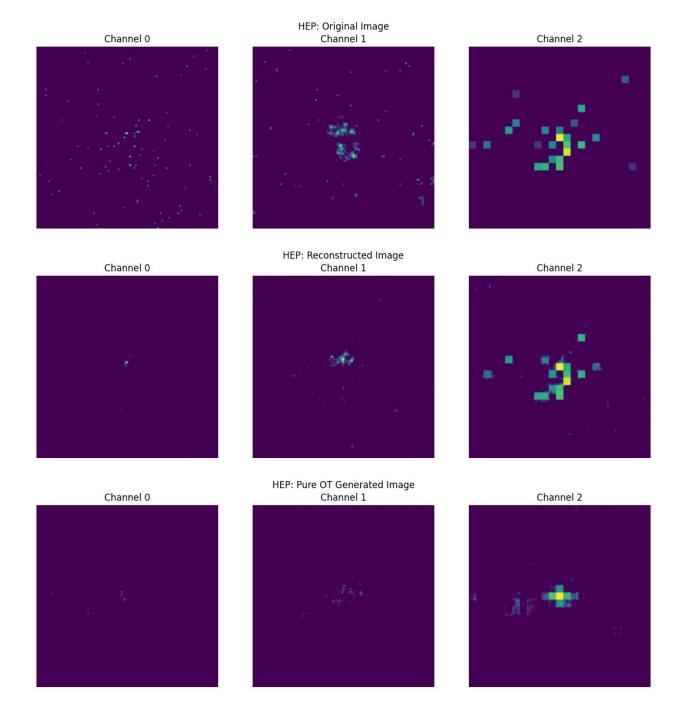
HEP Epoch 16/20 Loss: 104.6929

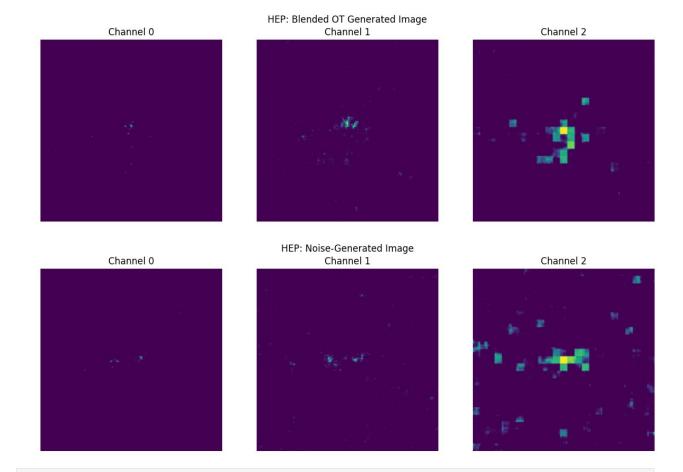
HEP Epoch 17/20 Loss: 101.7539

HEP Epoch 18/20 Loss: 99.6971

HEP Epoch 19/20 Loss: 96.8082

HEP Epoch 20/20 Loss: 96.2557





Latent Gen Epoch 1/10 Loss: 0.7731

Latent Gen Epoch 2/10 Loss: 0.7272

Latent Gen Epoch 3/10 Loss: 0.7118

Latent Gen Epoch 4/10 Loss: 0.7070

Latent Gen Epoch 5/10 Loss: 0.7057

Latent Gen Epoch 6/10 Loss: 0.7050

Latent Gen Epoch 7/10 Loss: 0.7043

Latent Gen Epoch 8/10 Loss: 0.7039

Latent Gen Epoch 9/10 Loss: 0.7038

Latent Gen Epoch 10/10 Loss: 0.7037

