Jason Anderson 852 HW1 - Exponential Distribution

```
1) P[X > 2.0], \lambda = 0.5

= 1 - P[X <= 2.0]

= 1 - (1 - e^{-0.5(2.0)})

= 1 - (1 - 0.36788)

= 0.36788

2) P[X <= 5.0], \lambda = 0.5

= 1 - e^{-0.5(5.0)}

= 1 - 0.08208

= 0.91792

3) P[1 < X <= 3], \lambda = 0.5

= P[X <= 3] - P[X <= 1]

= (1 - e^{-0.5(3)}) - (1 - e^{-0.5(1)})

= (1 - 0.22313) - (1 - 0.60653)

= 0.77687 - 0.39347

= 0.3834
```

4) For the last problem, I was unsure if we should use the average value of 2 seconds on for every 5 seconds off, , or use 2/(2+5) as λ to determine to probability of the random variable being "on" at any given time.

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Assuming the former:
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20Mb/s * 2/(2+5) = average 5.714Mb/s
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Assuming the latter:

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on avg 2 seconds, off avg 5 seconds over 1 second timescale, \lambda(on)=2/(2+5) for any given second (x=1), P[on]=(2/7)e^{-(2/7)1} P[on]=0.21471 If on state = 20Mb/s, 20\text{Mb/s} * 0.21471 = \text{average 4.294Mb/s}
```