

Quiz # 17

Name: key*You must show your work to get full credit.*1. Show that $11^n - 1$ is divisible by 10 for all $n \geq 0$.Base case $11^0 - 1 = 1 - 1 = 0$ is divisible by 10Induction step show $10 \mid (11^k - 1) \Rightarrow 10 \mid (11^{k+1} - 1)$ Assume $10 \mid (11^k - 1)$. Then $11^k - 1 = 10l$ for some l . That is $11^k = 10l + 1$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Then } 11^{k+1} - 1 &= 11 \cdot 11^k - 1 \\
 &= 11 \cdot (10l + 1) - 1 \\
 &= 110l + 11 - 1 \\
 &= 110l + 10 \\
 &= 10(11l + 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus $10 \mid (11^{k+1} - 1)$ 2. Show that $n^3 < 3^n$ for all $n \geq 4$.Base case $n=4$ $4^3 = 64 < 3^4 = 81$ Induction step show $k^3 < 3^k \Rightarrow (k+1)^3 < 3^{k+1}$ Assume $k^3 < 3^k$. Multiply both sides of this by $(1 + \frac{1}{k})^3 = (\frac{k+1}{k})^3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k^3 \left(\frac{k+1}{k}\right)^3 &< 3^k \left(\frac{k+1}{k}\right)^3 \\
 \text{ie } (k+1)^3 &< 3^k \left(1 + \frac{1}{k}\right)^3 \quad (*)
 \end{aligned}$$

As $k \geq 4$, $\frac{1}{k} \leq \frac{1}{4}$ so $(1 + \frac{1}{k})^3 \leq (1 + \frac{1}{4})^3 = (\frac{5}{4})^3 = \frac{125}{64} < 3$.

Use this in (*) to get

$$(k+1)^3 < 3^k \cdot 3 = 3^{k+1}.$$