Name: Key

You must show your work to get full credit.

Let a > 0 be a constant and set

 $f(x) = ax^2 - x^3$ where $0 \le x \le a$.

(1) Find the critical point(s) of f(x) in the interval 0 < x < a.

 $\beta'(x) = 2ax - 3x^{2}$ $= \chi(2a - 3x) = 0$ Critical Point(s) = $\frac{2a}{3}$ So $\chi = 0$ or (2a - 3x) = 0 | But 0 is not between 0 and a life $\chi = 0$ or $\chi = \frac{2a}{3}$ | so only $\chi = \frac{2a}{3}$ counts.

(2) Where is f(x) increasing on the interval $0 \le x \le a$?

1+++++ 1---+ - 1/x1=x(2a-3x) 0x 0<x<3a

What is the maximizer of f(x) on $0 \le x \le a$?

From diagram $\chi = 2$

 $\chi = \frac{29}{3}$

 $(4) \text{ What are the maximum value of } f(x) \text{ on } 0 \le x \le a?$

(5) Give a rough graph of y = f(x) for $0 \le x \le a$ labeling the maximum point.

