Quiz 4

Key Name:

You must show your work to get full credit.

1. Let A(t) be an exponential function with A(0) = 50 and A(3) = 400. Given a formula for A(t).

$$A(t) = 50(2)^{t}$$

 $N(t) = 16.15 (-858)^{2}$

$$a^3 = \frac{400}{50} = 8$$

2. Let N(t) be an exponential function with N(3) = 10.2 and N(4.5) = 8.1. Give a formula for N(t). $N(t) = N_0 a^{t}$

$$N(3) = N_0 a^3 = 10.2$$

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 $N(4.5) = N_0 a^{4.5} = 8.1$

$$N(4.5) = N0a^{4.5} = 8.1$$

$$SO \frac{8.1}{10.2} = \frac{N(4.5)}{N(3)} = \frac{N_0(a)^{4.5}}{N(3)^3} = a^{1.5}$$

$$A^{(4.5)} = \frac{N_0(4.5)}{N(3)} = \frac{N_0(a)^{4.5}}{N(3)^3} = a^{1.5}$$

$$N(3) = N_0(.858)^3 = 10.2$$

$$N_0 = \frac{10.2}{(.858)^3}$$

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$$a = (8.1/10.2)^{(1/1.5)} = .858$$

3. Let
$$P(t) = 5.1(1.2)^t$$
. Solve $P(t) = 100$.

$$t = 16.32$$

$$5.1(1.2)^{+} = 100$$

$$(1.2)^{+} = \frac{100}{5.1}$$

$$t \ln(1.2) = \ln(100/5.1)$$

$$t = \ln(100/5.1)/\ln(1.2)$$

$$= 16.32$$