

Quiz 2

Name: key*You must show your work to get full credit.*

1. Show that for all integers x that $x^5 - 3x + 7$ is odd.

There are two cases.

case 1. x is even. Then $x \equiv 0 \pmod{2}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Whence } x^5 - 3x + 7 &\equiv 0^5 - 3(0) + 7 \pmod{2} \\ &\equiv 7 \pmod{2} \\ &\equiv 1 \pmod{2} \end{aligned}$$

so x is odd.

case 2 x is odd. Then $x \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Whence } x^5 - 3x + 7 &\equiv 1^5 - 3 \cdot 1 + 7 \pmod{2} \\ &\equiv 1 - 3 + 7 \pmod{2} \\ &\equiv 5 \pmod{2} \\ &\equiv 1 \pmod{2} \end{aligned}$$

so x is also odd in this case. done

2. Give a contrapositive proof that if $x^2 + 1$ is even, that x is odd.

The contrapositive is If x is even, then $x^2 + 1$ is odd.

Assume. x is even. Then $x = 2k$ for some $k \in \mathbb{Z}$.

Then

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 1 &= (2k)^2 + 1 \\ &= 4k^2 + 1 \\ &= 2(2k^2) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

and $2k^2 \in \mathbb{Z}$. Thus $x^2 + 1$ is odd. done