Mathematics 122

Quiz #20

Kex Name:

You must show your work to get full credit.

Let a, b, c, k be constansts. Compute the following derivatives.

1.
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{e^x} = \chi e^{-\chi}$$
$$f(x) = (1)e^{-\chi} + \chi (-e^{-\chi})$$

$$f'(x) = \underline{e}^{\gamma} - \chi \underline{e}^{\gamma} = (1 - \chi)\underline{e}^{\gamma}$$

2.
$$z = \frac{1-t}{1+t}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{-2}{(1+t)^2}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{(1-t)^2(1+t)^2}{(1+t)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(-1)(1+t)^2}{(1+t)^2} = \frac{1-1-t-1+t}{(1+t)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(-1)(1+4) - (1-4)(1)}{(1+4)^2} = \frac{1-1-x-1+x}{(1+x)^2} = \frac{-2}{(1+x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(-1)(1+x)^2}{(1+x)^2} = \frac{-2}{(1+x)^2}$$

$$3. f(x) = \frac{ax+b}{cx+k}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{ak - bc}{(c + k)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(ax+b)'(cx+h) - (ax+b)(cx+a)'}{(cx+h) - (ax+b)(c)}$$

$$= \frac{a(cx+h) - (ax+b)(c)}{(cx+h)^2}$$

$$= \frac{acx+ah - acx-bc}{(cx+h)^2}$$