

You must show your work to get full credit.

1. Show that if  $m$  and  $n$  are even, then  $mn + 3$  is even.

If  $m$  and  $n$  are even, then for some integers  $k, l$

$$m = 2k + 1$$

$$n = 2l + 1$$

$$\text{Then } mn + 3 = (2k + 1)(2l + 1) + 3$$

$$= 4kl + 2k + 2l + 1 + 3$$

$$= 4kl + 2k + 2l + 4$$

$$= 2(2kl + k + l + 2)$$

$$= 2(\text{integer})$$

Thus  $mn + 3$  is even

2. Show that if  $n \geq 4$  that  $n^2 - 4$  is never prime.

$$n^2 - 4 = (n - 2)(n + 2) \quad \text{and } n - 2 \geq 2 \text{ (as } n \geq 4)$$

$$n + 2 \geq 6 \text{ (as } n \geq 4)$$

Thus  $n^2 - 4$  factors and hence is not prime.