

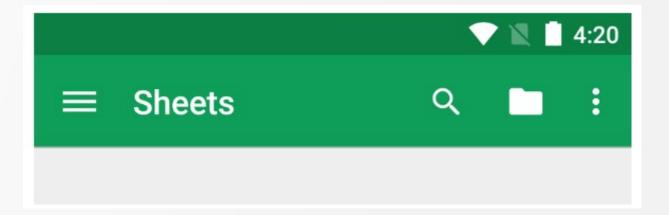
App Bar

App Bar

- The app bar, also known as the action bar, is one of the most important design elements in your app's activities:
 - Provides a visual structure and interactive elements that are familiar to users
 - Makes your app consistent with other Android apps
 - Letting users quickly understand how to operate your app and have a great experience

App Bar

- The key functions of the app bar are as follows:
 - Dedicated space for giving your app an identity and indicating the user's location in the app
 - Predictable access to important actions, such as search
 - Support for navigation and view switching, using tabs or menus



Step 1: Add a Toolbar to the activity's layout

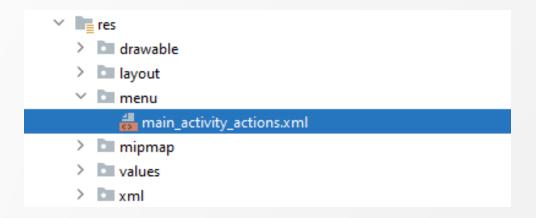
```
<androidx.appcompat.widget.Toolbar
android:id="@+id/my_toolbar"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="?attr/actionBarSize"
android:background="?attr/colorPrimary"
android:elevation="4dp"
android:theme="@style/ThemeOverlay.AppCompat.ActionBar"
app:popupTheme="@style/ThemeOverlay.AppCompat.Light"/>
```

Step 2: Set the toolbar as the app bar for the activity.

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_my);

Toolbar myToolbar = (Toolbar) findViewById(R.id.my_toolbar);
    setSupportActionBar(myToolbar);
}
```

Step 3: Create a menu xml file in res/menu



Step 4: Add actions to the menu

```
<menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto">
  <item
    android:id="@+id/action_call"
    android:icon="@android:drawable/ic menu call"
    android:title="Call"
    app:showAsAction="always"/>
  <item
    android:id="@+id/action_search"
    android:icon="@android:drawable/ic menu search"
    android:title="Search"
    app:showAsAction="ifRoom"/>
  <item android:id="@+id/action_settings"
    android:title="Settings"
    app:showAsAction="never"/>
</menu>
```

Step 5: Inflate menu in the toolbar

```
@Override
  public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {
    getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.main_activity_actions, menu);
    return super.onCreateOptionsMenu(menu);
}
```

Step 6: Respond to actions

```
@Override
public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item) {
  int id = item.getItemId();
  if(id == R.id.action settings){
    // User chooses the "Settings" item. Show the app settings UI.
     return true;
  if(id == R.id.action call){
    // User chooses the "call" item. Perform the call.
     return true:
  if(id == R.id.action_search){
    // User chooses the "search" item. Perform the search.
     return true
  return super.onOptionsItemSelected(item);
```

Add an action view

Step 1: Add a SearchView widget to the app bar

```
<item
    android:id="@+id/action_search"
    android:icon="@android:drawable/ic_menu_search"
    android:title="Search"
    app:showAsAction="ifRoom|collapseActionView"
    app:actionViewClass="androidx.appcompat.widget.SearchView" />
```

Add an action view

Step 2: Respond to action

```
@Override
public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {
  getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.main activity actions, menu);
  MenuItem searchItem = menu.findItem(R.id.action_search);
  SearchView searchView =
       (SearchView) searchItem.getActionView();
  searchView.setOnQueryTextListener(new SearchView.OnQueryTextListener() {
    @Override
    public boolean onQueryTextSubmit(String query) {
       return false:
    @Override
    public boolean onQueryTextChange(String newText) {
       return false:
  });
  return super.onCreateOptionsMenu(menu);
```