Name: Saral (B-45) LAB-

**EXPERIMENT** 

Sap Id: 500126672

Enrollment No: R2142232082

### **EXPERIMENT-1**

- Q.1 Write Python programs to print strings in the given manner:
- a) Hello Everyone!!

print("HELLO EVERYONE!!")

### HELLO EVERYONE!!

b) Hello

World

 $print("Hello\n\nWorld")$ 

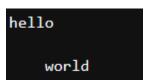
Hello

World

c) Hello

World

 $print("hello\n\n world")$ 



d) 'Rohit's date of birth is 12\05\1999'

print("' Rohit's date of birth is 12\05\1999'")

# ' Rohit' s date of birth is 1200999'

Q.2 Declare a string variable called x and assign it the value "Hello".

Print out the value of x

x="Hello"

# Hello

Q.3 Take different data types and print values using print function.

```
x=5
y="UPES"
z='k'
print(x)
print(y)
print(z)
```



Q.4 Take two variable a and b. Assign your first name and last name. Print your Name after adding your First name and Last name together.

```
a="Saral"
b="Singh"
print(a+b)
```

### Saral Singh

Q.5 Declare three variables, consisting of your first name, your last name and Nickname.

Write a program that prints out your first name, then your nickname in parenthesis and then your last name.

```
a="Saral"
b="Singh"
c="saral"
print(a+"("+c+")"+b)
```

# Saral(saral)Singh

Q.6 Declare and assign values to suitable variables and print in the following way:

NAME: NIKUNJ BANSAL

SAP ID: 500069944

DATE OF BIRTH: 13 Oct 1999

ADDRESS: UPES

Bidholi Campus

Pincode: 248007

Programme: AI & ML

Semester: 2

n="Saral"

sap="500126672"

dob="13 dec 2004"

add="UPES\n bidholi campus\n pincode:248007"

prog="AI & ML"

sem="2"

print("NAME : "+n)

print("SAP ID : "+sap)

print("DATE OF BIRTH : "+dob)

print("ADDRESS : "+add)

print("PROGRAMME : "+prog)

print("SEMESTER : "+sem)

NAME : Saral

SAP ID: 500126672

DATE OF BIRTH: 13 dec 2004

ADDRESS : UPES

bidholi campus

pincode:248007

PROGRAMME : AI & ML

SEMESTER: 2

# **EXPERIMENT-2**

Q.1 Declare these variables (x, y and z) as integers. Assign a value of 9 to x, Assign a

value of 7 to y, perform addition, multiplication, division and subtraction on these two variables and Print out the result.

x=9

y=7

z=1

print(x+y)

print(y\*z)

print(z-x)

16

7

-8

Q.2 Write a Program where the radius is taken as input to compute the area of a circle.

r=6

ar=3.14\*r\*r

print(ar)

### 113.0399999999999

'Q.3 Write a Python program to solve (x+y)\*(x+y)

Test data : x = 4, y = 3

Expected output: 49"

x=4

y=3

print((x+y)\*(x+y))

Q.4 Write a program to compute the length of the hypotenuse (c) of a right triangle using Pythagoras theorem a=int(input()) b=int(input()) import math c=a\*a+b\*bprint(c\*\*0.5) 76 76 107.48023074035522 Q.5 Write a program to find simple interest. p = 100r=5t=6 si=(p\*r\*t)/100print(si) 30.0 Q.6 Write a program to find area of triangle when length of sides are given. s1 = int(input("Enter the side 1: ")) s2 = int(input("Enter the side 2: ")) s3 = int(input("Enter the side 3: ")) s = (a + b + c) / 2import math area = math.sqrt((s)\*(s-s1)\*(s-s2)\*(s-s3))print("The area of the triangle is:",area)\

```
Enter the side 1:
 Enter the side 2:
 Enter the side 3:
 The area of the triangle is: 34202022.8761217
Q.7 Write a program to convert given seconds into hours, minutes and remaining seconds.
t=int(input("Enter time in seconds:"))
hours=t//3600
t = t\%3600
min=t/60
t = t\%60
print(f"{hours}:{min}:{t}")
Enter time in seconds: 45678
12:41:18
Q.8 Write a program to swap two numbers without taking additional variable.
x=int(input())
y=int(input())
print ("Before swapping: ")
print("Value of x:", x, " and y:", y)
x, y = y, x
print ("After swapping: ")
print("Value of x:", x, " and y:", y)
 4
Before swapping:
Value of x: 4 and y: 5
After swapping:
```

Q.9Write a program to find sum of first n natural numbers.

Value of x: 5 and y: 4

n=int(input("Enter Till where you want to find the sum"))

```
sum=0
for x in range(n):
  sum=sum+x
print(f"Sum of {n} numbers is =",sum)
Enter Till where you want to find the sum 65
Sum of 65 numbers is = 2080
Q.10 Write a program to print truth table for bitwise operators( & , | and ^ operators)
print("Truth Table for AND")
print("0 & 0 =", 0 & 0)
print("0 & 1 =", 0 & 1)
print("1 & 0 =", 1 & 0)
print("1 & 1 =", 1 & 1)
print("Truth Table for R")
print("0 | 0 = ", 0 | 0)
print("0 | 1 =", 0 | 1)
print("1 | 0 =", 1 | 0)
print("1 | 1 =", 1 | 1)
print("Truth Table for XOR")
print("0 ^ 0 =", 0 ^ 0)
print("0 ^ 1 =", 0 ^ 1)
print("1 ^ 0 =", 1 ^ 0)
print("1 ^ 1 =", 1 ^ 1)
```

```
Truth Table for AND
0 & 0 = 0
0 & 1 = 0
1 & 0 = 0
1 & 1 = 1
Truth Table for R
0 | 0 = 0
0 | 1 = 1
1 | 0 = 1
1 | 1 = 1
Truth Table for XOR
0 ^ 0 = 0
0^{1} = 1
1 ^ 0 = 1
1 ^ 1 = 0
Q.11 Write a program to find left shift and right shift values of a given number.
num= int(input("Enter a number: "))
shifts = int(input("Enter the number of shifts: "))
ls= num << shifts
rs= num >> shifts
print("Left shifted value:", ls)
print("Right shifted value:", rs)
 Enter a number:
 Enter the number of shifts:
 Left shifted value: 256
 Right shifted value: 0
Q.12 Using membership operator find whether a given number is in sequence (10,20,56,78,89)
seq = [10, 20, 56, 78, 89]
num = int(input("Enter a number to check: "))
if num in seq:
  print(num, "is in the sequence.")
```

else:

print(num, "is not in the sequence.")

```
Enter a number to check:
1 is not in the sequence.
Q.13 Using membership operator find whether a given character is in a string.
str= input("Enter a string: ")
char= input("Enter a character to check: ")
if char in str:
  print(char, "is present in the string.")
else:
  print(char, "is not present in the string.")
Enter a string:
              Bachhan Ji
Enter a character to check: p
p is not present in the string.
                      EXPERIMENT-3
Q.1 Check whether given number is divisible by 3 and 5 both.
n=int(input("Enter a number:"))
if n\%3==0 and n\%5==0:
  print(f"Yes, {n} is divisible by both 3 and 5")
else:
  print(f"No, {n} is not divisible by both 3 and 5")
 Enter a number: 15
Yes, 15 is divisible by both 3 and 5
'Q.2 Check whether a given number is multiple of five or not. "
n=int(input("Enter a number"))
```

if n%5 == 0:

```
print(f"Yes {n} is a multiple of 5")
else:
  print(f''{n} is not a multiple of 5'')
Enter a number 5
Yes 5 is a multiple of 5
Q.3 Find the greatest among two numbers. If numbers are equal
than print "numbers are equal"."
n1=int(input("Enter the first number"))
n2=int(input("Enter the second number"))
if n1>n2:
   print(f''{n1} is Greater than {n2}'')
elif n1<n2:
       print(f''{n2} is Greater than {n1}'')
else:
           print(f"both are equal")
 Enter the first number 4
 Enter the second number 4
 both are equal
Q.4 Find the greatest among three numbers assuming no two values
are same."
n1=int(input("Enter the First number"))
n2=int(input("Enter the second number"))
n3=int(input("Enter the third number"))
if n1>n2 and n1>n3:
```

```
print(f"{n1} is the Greater than {n2} and {n3}")
elif n2>n1 and n2>n3:
  print(f"{n2} is the Greater than {n1} and {n3}")
else:
  print(f"{n3} is the Greater than {n1} and {n2}")
Enter the First number 5
Enter the second number 7
Enter the third number 8
8 is the Greater than 5 and 7
'Q.5 Check whether the quadratic equation has real roots or
imaginary roots. Display the roots'"
import math
def quadratic_roots(a, b, c):
  discriminant = b ** 2 - 4 * a * c
  if discriminant > 0:
    root1 = (-b + math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a)
    root2 = (-b - math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a)
    return "Two distinct real roots:", root1, root2
  elif discriminant == 0:
    root = -b / (2 * a)
    return "One real root (repeated):", root
```

```
else:
```

```
real part = -b/(2*a)
    imaginary part = math.sqrt(abs(discriminant)) / (2 * a)
    root1 = complex(real_part, imaginary_part)
    root2 = complex(real_part, -imaginary_part)
    return "Two imaginary roots:", root1, root2
a = float(input("Enter the coefficient of x^2 (a):"))
b = float(input("Enter the coefficient of x (b): "))
c = float(input("Enter the constant term (c): "))
roots = quadratic_roots(a, b, c)
print("Roots of the quadratic equation:")
for root in roots:
  print(root)
Enter the coefficient of x^2 (a):
Enter the coefficient of x (b): 6
Enter the constant term (c): a
Q.6 Find whether a given year is a leap year or not."
def is leap year(year):
  if (year \% 4 == 0 and year \% 100 != 0) or (year \% 400 == 0):
```

```
return True
  else:
    return False
year = int(input("Enter a year: "))
if is_leap_year(year):
  print(year, "is a leap year.")
else:
  print(year, "is not a leap year.")
 Enter a year:
2037 is not a leap year.
Q.7 Write a program which takes any date as input and display next
date of the
calendar
e.g.
I/P: day=20 month=9 year=2005
O/P: day=21 month=9 year 2005'''
def is_leap_year(year):
  if (year \% 4 == 0 and year \% 100 != 0) or (year \% 400 == 0):
    return True
```

```
else:
    return False
def next_date(day, month, year):
  days_in_month = [31, 28 if not is_leap_year(year) else 29, 31, 30,
31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31]
  if day < days_in_month[month - 1]:
    day += 1
  else:
    day = 1
    if month < 12:
       month += 1
    else:
       month = 1
       year += 1
  return day, month, year
day = int(input("Enter the day: "))
month = int(input("Enter the month: "))
year = int(input("Enter the year: "))
```

next\_day, next\_month, next\_year = next\_date(day, month, year)

print("Next date:", "day =", next\_day, "month =", next\_month,
"year =", next\_year)

```
Enter the day: 5
Enter the month: 5
Enter the year: 2005
Next date: day = 6 month = 5 year = 2005
```

Q.8 Print the grade sheet of a student for the given range of cgpa. Scan marks of five

subjects and calculate the percentage.

CGPA=percentage/10

**CGPA** range:

0 to 3.4 -> F

3.5 to 5.0->C+

5.1 to 6->B

6.1 to 7 -> B +

7.1 to 8-> A

8.1 to 9->A+

**9.1** to **10->** O (Outstanding)

**Sample Gradesheet** 

**Name: Rohit Sharma** 

Roll Number: R17234512 SAPID: 50005673

Sem: 1 Course: B.Tech. CSE AI&ML

```
Subject name: Marks
PDS:
         70
Python:
          80
Chemistry: 90
English:
         60
Physics:
         50
Percentage: 70%
CGPA:7.0
Grade: ""
maths=int(input("MATHS (100)="))
chem=int(input("CHEMISTRY (100)="))
phy=int(input("PHYSICS (100)="))
eng=int(input("ENGLISH (100)="))
bio=int(input("BIOLOGY (100)="))
per=float((((maths+chem+phy+eng+bio)/500)*100))
cgpa=per/10
if (cgpa \ge 0) and (cgpa \le 3.4):
  g='F'
elif (cgpa>=3.5) and (cgpa<=5):
  g='C+'
elif (cgpa>=5.1) and (cgpa<=6):
```

g='B'

```
elif (cgpa>=6.1) and (cgpa<=7):
  g='B+'
elif (cgpa>=7.1) and (cgpa<=8):
  g='A'
elif (cgpa>=8.1) and (cgpa<=9):
  g='A+'
elif (cgpa>=9.1) and (cgpa<=10):
  g='O'
else:
  print("Entered Wrong information")
name=input("NAME: ")
roll,sap=input("Roll Number: "),input("SAP ID: ")
sem,cou=input("Sem: "),input("Course: ")
print(f"NAME: {name}")
print("Roll Number: "+roll+"\tSAP ID: "+sap)
print("Semester: " + sem + "\tCourse: " + cou)
print(f"Subject Name:\t Marks ")
print(f"CHEMISTRY:\t {chem}")
print(f"PHYSICS:\t {phy}")
print(f"ENGLISh:\t {eng}")
print(f''MATHS:\t\t {maths}'')
print(f"BIOLOGY:\t {bio}")
```

```
print(f"PERCENTAGE:\t {per:.2f}%")
print(f"CGPA:\t {cgpa}")
print(f"GRADE:\t {g}")
```

```
MATHS (100)= 2
CHEMISTRY (100)= 3
PHYSICS (100)= 88
ENGLISH (100)= 99
BIOLOGY (100) = 0
NAME: Mehendak Pratap Chanewala
Roll Number: R000000000001
SAP ID: 50000009
Sem: 1St
Course: b.tech cse
NAME: Mehendak Pratap Chanewala
Roll Number: R000000000001
                               SAP ID: 50000009
Semester: 1St Course: b.tech cse
Subject Name:
                 Marks
CHEMISTRY:
                 3
                 88
PHYSICS:
ENGLISh:
                 99
MATHS:
                 2
BIOLOGY:
PERCENTAGE:
                 38.40%
CGPA:
         3.84
GRADE:
         C+
```

### **EXPERIMENT-4**

```
Q.1 Find a factorial of given number ?""

n = int(input("Enter a number: "))

fact = 1

if n >= 1:

for i in range (1, n+1):
```

```
fact = fact * i
print("Factorial of the given number is: ", fact)
Enter a number:
Factorial of the given number is:
                                            5040
Q.2 Find whether the given number is Armstrong number?"
def is_armstrong(num):
 num_str = str(num)
 num digits = len(num str)
 sum_of_digits = sum(int(digit) ** num_digits for digit in num_str)
 return sum_of_digits == num
number = int(input("Enter a number to check if it's an Armstrong number: "))
if is_armstrong(number):
 print(number, "is an Armstrong number.")
else:
 print(number, "is not an Armstrong number.")
Enter a number to check if it's an Armstrong number:
                                                                    3456
3456 is not an Armstrong number.
Q.3 Print Fibonacci series up to given term?"
def fibonacci_series(n):
 fib\_series = [0, 1]
 while len(fib_series) < n:
```

```
next_term = fib_series[-1] + fib_series[-2]
     fib_series.append(next_term)
  return fib series
n = int(input("Enter the number of terms for the Fibonacci series: "))
print("Fibonacci series up to", n, "terms:")
print(fibonacci_series(n))
[0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, 233, 377, 610, 987, 1597, 2584, 4181, 6765, 10946, 17711, 28657, 46368, 75025, 121393, 196418, 31 7811, 514229, 832040, 1346269, 2178309, 3524578, 5702887, 9227465, 14930352, 24157817, 39088169, 63245986, 102334155, 165580141, 267914296, 4334 94437, 701408733, 1134903170, 1836311903, 2971215073, 4807526976, 7778742049, 12586269025, 20365011074, 32951280099, 53316291173, 86267571272, 1
Q.5 Check whether given number is palindrome or not?""
a=int(input("Enter a number: "))
temp=num
rev=0
while(num>0):
  dig=num%10
  rev=rev*10+dig
  num=num//10
if(temp==rev):
  print("It is a palindrome!")
else:
  print("It is not a palindrome!")
 Enter a number:
 It is a palindrome!
Q.6 Write a program to print sum of digits?""
a=int(input("Enter a: "))
b=int(input("Enter b: "))
```

```
print(a+b)
```

```
Enter a: 2
Enter b: 4
6
```

Q.7 Count and print all numbers divisible by 5 or 7 between 1 to 100?""

```
count = 0

for i in range(1, 101):
    if i % 5 == 0 or i % 7 == 0:
        print(i)
        count += 1

print("Total count: ", count)
```

```
10
14
15
20
21
25
28
30
35
40
42
45
49
50
55
56
60
63
65
70
75
77
80
84
85
90
91
95
98
100
Total count: 32
Q.8 Convert all lower cases to upper case in a string?""
```

Q.8 Convert all lower cases to upper case in a string?

s = "python classes"

s\_upper = s.upper()

print(s\_upper)

# PYTHON CLASSES

Q.9 Print all prime numbers between 1 and 100 ?"" for num in range(2, 101):

```
is_prime = True
for i in range(2, num):
  if num % i == 0:
      is_prime = False
      break
if is_prime:
    print(num)
```

```
Q.10 Print the table for a given number:
5 * 1 = 5
5 * 2 = 10....."
num=int(input("Enter a number: "))
for i in range(1, 11):
 product = num * i
 print(f"{num} x {i} = {product}")
Enter a number:
89 \times 1 = 89
89 \times 2 = 178
89 \times 3 = 267
89 \times 4 = 356
89 \times 5 = 445
89 \times 6 = 534
89 \times 7 = 623
89 \times 8 = 712
89 \times 9 = 801
89 x 10 = 890
```

# **EXPERIMENT-5**

```
'O.1 Write a program to count and display the number of capital
letters in a given string."
def count and display capital letters(input string):
  capital_count = sum(1 for char in input_string if char.isupper())
  capital_letters = ".join(char for char in input_string if
char.isupper())
  print("Number of capital letters in the string:", capital_count)
  print("Capital letters in the string:", capital_letters if
capital letters else "None")
input_string = input("Enter a string: ")
count_and_display_capital_letters(input_string)
Enter a string: ADGYljiefnbsh
Number of capital letters in the string: 4
Capital letters in the string: ADGY
Q.2 Count total number of vowels in a given string. "
def count vowels(string):
  vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"
  count = 0
  for char in string:
    if char in vowels:
       count += 1
  return count
string = "Hello World"
print("Total number of vowels:", count_vowels(string))
```

```
Q.3 Input a sentence and print words in separate lines."
def print_words(sentence):
  words = sentence.split()
  for word in words:
    print(word)
sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")
print("Words in separate lines:")
print_words(sentence)
Q.4 WAP to enter a string and a substring. You have to print the
number of times that
the substring occurs in the given string. String traversal will take
place from left to
right, not from right to left.
Sample Input
ABCDCDC
CDC
Sample Output
2 "
def count_substring(string, substring):
  count = 0
  length = len(substring)
```

```
for i in range(len(string)):
    if string[i:i+length] == substring:
       count += 1
  return count
'Q.5 Given a string containing both upper and lower case
alphabets. Write a Python
program to count the number of occurrences of each alphabet (case
insensitive)
and display the same.
Sample Input
ABaBCbGc
Sample Output
2A
3B
2C
1G'''
def count_alphabets(string):
  counts = {}
  for char in string:
    if char.isalpha():
       char = char.upper()
       counts[char] = counts.get(char, 0) + 1
```

```
for char, count in sorted(counts.items()):
    print(f''{count}{char}'')
string = "ABaBCbGc"
count alphabets(string)
2A
3B
2C
1G
Q.6 Program to count number of unique words in a given sentence
using sets.""
def count_unique_words(sentence):
  words = sentence.split()
  unique_words = set(words)
  return len(unique_words)
sentence = "This is a sample sentence with repeated words. This
sentence has repeated words."
print("Number of unique words:", count_unique_words(sentence))
Number of unique words: 9
Q.7Create 2 sets s1 and s2 of n fruits each by taking input from user
and find:
a) Fruits which are in both sets s1 and s2
b) Fruits only in s1 but not in s2
c) Count of all fruits from s1 and s2"
def main():
```

```
n = int(input("Enter the number of fruits for each set: "))
  print("Enter fruits for set s1:")
  s1 = set(input_fruits(n))
  print("Enter fruits for set s2:")
  s2 = set(input\_fruits(n))
  fruits_in_both = s1.intersection(s2)
  fruits_only_in_s1 = s1.difference(s2)
  count all fruits = len(s1) + len(s2)
  print("Fruits which are in both sets s1 and s2:", fruits in both)
  print("Fruits only in s1 but not in s2:", fruits only in s1)
  print("Count of all fruits from s1 and s2:", count_all_fruits)
def input_fruits(n):
  fruits = []
  for i in range(n):
     fruit = input(f''Enter fruit {i+1}: '')
     fruits.append(fruit)
  return fruits
if __name__ == ''__main__'':
  main()
```

```
O.8 Take two sets and apply various set operations on them:
S1 = \{Red, yellow, orange, blue\}
S2 = {violet, blue, purple}'''
def main():
  S1 = {"Red", "yellow", "orange", "blue"}
  S2 = {"violet", "blue", "purple"}
  union = S1.union(S2)
  intersection = S1.intersection(S2)
  difference S1 S2 = S1.difference(S2)
  difference S2 S1 = S2.difference(S1)
  print("Union of S1 and S2:", union)
  print("Intersection of S1 and S2:", intersection)
  print("Difference of S1 from S2:", difference_S1_S2)
  print("Difference of S2 from S1:", difference S2 S1)
if name == " main ":
  main()
Union of S1 and S2: {'blue', 'purple', 'orange', 'violet', 'yellow', 'Red'}
Intersection of S1 and S2: {'blue'}
Difference of S1 from S2: {'yellow', 'Red', 'orange'}
Difference of S2 from S1: {'purple', 'violet'}
```

**EXPERIMENT-6** 

Q.1 Scan n values in range 0-3 and print the number of times each value has occurred'''

value has occurred'" def count\_occurrences(n): counts =  $\{0: 0, 1: 0, 2: 0, 3: 0\}$ for \_ in range(n): value =  $int(input(f''Enter value({0} - {3}): ''))$ if value in counts: counts[value] += 1 for value, count in counts.items(): print(f"Value {value} occurred {count} times.") n = int(input("Enter the number of values: "))

count\_occurrences(n)

```
Enter the number of values: 5
Enter value (0 - 3): 2
Enter value (0 - 3): 1
Enter value (0 - 3): 3
Enter value (0 - 3): 4
Enter value (0 - 3): 5
Value 0 occurred 0 times.
Value 1 occurred 1 times.
Value 2 occurred 1 times.
Value 3 occurred 1 times.
```

Q.2 Create a tuple to store n numeric values and find average of all values. '''

```
def calculate_average(num_values):
```

```
values = tuple(float(input(f"Enter value {i + 1}: ")) for i in
range(num_values))

total = sum(values)

average = total / num_values

return average

n = int(input("Enter the number of values: "))

avg = calculate_average(n)
print("Average of all values:", avg)
```

```
Enter the number of values: 4
Enter value 1: 1
Enter value 2: 2
Enter value 3: 3
Enter value 4: 4
Average of all values: 2.5
Q.3 WAP to input a list of scores for N students in a list data type.
Find the score of the
runner-up and print the output.
Sample Input
N = 5
Scores = 23665
Sample output
5
Note: Given list is [2, 3, 6, 6, 5]. The maximum score is 6, second
maximum is 5.
Hence, we print 5 as the runner-up score."
def find_runner_up_score(scores):
  sorted_scores = sorted(scores, reverse=True)
  max_score = sorted_scores[0]
  runner_up_score = max(s for s in sorted_scores if s < max_score)
```

return runner\_up\_score

N = int(input("Enter the number of students: "))

```
scores = list(map(int, input("Enter the scores separated by space:
").split()))
runner up score = find runner up score(scores)
print("The runner-up score is:", runner_up_score)
Enter the number of students: 2
Enter the scores separated by space: 13
Q.4 Create a dictionary of n persons where key is name and value is
city.
a) Display all names
b) Display all city names
c) Display student name and city of all students.
d) Count number of students in each city.""
def create persons dictionary(n):
  persons = {}
  for i in range(n):
    name = input(f''Enter name of person \{i + 1\}: '')
    city = input(f''Enter city of person \{i + 1\}: '')
    persons[name] = city
  return persons
def display all names(persons):
  print("All names:")
  for name in persons.keys():
```

```
print(name)
def display all cities(persons):
  print("All cities:")
  for city in set(persons.values()):
    print(city)
def display_persons_info(persons):
  print("Name and city of all persons:")
  for name, city in persons.items():
    print(f"Name: {name}, City: {city}")
def count_students_in_each_city(persons):
  city_counts = {}
  for city in persons.values():
    city_counts[city] = city_counts.get(city, 0) + 1
  print("Number of students in each city:")
  for city, count in city_counts.items():
    print(f''{city}: {count}'')
n = int(input("Enter the number of persons: "))
persons = create_persons_dictionary(n)
display_all_names(persons)
```

display\_all\_cities(persons)
display\_persons\_info(persons)
count\_students\_in\_each\_city(persons)

```
Enter the number of persons: 3
Enter name of person 1:
Enter city of person 1:
                         asdf
Enter name of person 2:
                         asdf
Enter city of person 2:
                         asdf
Enter name of person 3:
Enter city of person 3:
All names:
sdfgh
asdf
sdf
All cities:
asd
asdf
Name and city of all persons:
Name: sdfgh, City: asdf
Name: asdf, City: asdf
Name: sdf, City: asd
Number of students in each city:
asdf: 2
asd: 1
```

Q.5 Store details of n movies in a dictionary by taking input from the user. Each movie

must store details like name, year, director name, production cost, collection made

(earning) & perform the following:-

- a) print all movie details
- b) display name of movies released before 2015
- c) print movies that made a profit.

```
d) print movies directed by a particular director."
def create movies dictionary(n):
  movies = \{\}
  for i in range(n):
    name = input(f''Enter name of movie \{i + 1\}: '')
    year = int(input(f''Enter year of release for movie {name}: ''))
    director = input(f"Enter director name for movie {name}: ")
    production cost = float(input(f''Enter production cost for
movie {name}: "))
    collection = float(input(f''Enter collection made for movie
{name}: ''))
    movies[name] = {'Year': year, 'Director': director, 'Production
Cost': production_cost, 'Collection': collection}
  return movies
def print_all_movie_details(movies):
  print("All movie details:")
  for name, details in movies.items():
    print(f"Name: {name}, Year: {details['Year']}, Director:
{details['Director']}, Production Cost: {details['Production Cost']},
Collection: {details['Collection']}'')
def movies released before 2015(movies):
  print("Movies released before 2015:")
```

```
for name, details in movies.items():
    if details['Year'] < 2015:
       print(name)
def movies_with_profit(movies):
  print("Movies that made a profit:")
  for name, details in movies.items():
    if details['Collection'] > details['Production Cost']:
       print(name)
def movies by director(movies, director):
  print(f"Movies directed by {director}:")
  for name, details in movies.items():
    if details['Director'] == director:
       print(name)
n = int(input("Enter the number of movies: "))
movies = create_movies_dictionary(n)
print all movie details(movies)
movies released before 2015(movies)
movies_with_profit(movies)
director = input("Enter the director name to filter movies: ")
```

# movies\_by\_director(movies, director)

```
Enter the number of movies: 2
Enter name of movie 1: godzilla
Enter year of release for movie godzilla: 2019
Enter director name for movie godzilla: systum
Enter production cost for movie godzilla: 123 MILLIONS
```

### **Experiment-7**

Q.1Write a Python function to find the maximum and minimum numbers from a sequence of numbers. (Note: Do not use built-in functions.) '''

```
def find_max_min(sequence):
```

```
max_num = sequence[0]
min_num = sequence[0]
```

for num in sequence:

```
if num > max_num:
```

max\_num = num

if num < min num:

min\_num = num

return max\_num, min\_num

```
sequence = [5, 3, 9, 1, 7]
max_num, min_num = find_max_min(sequence)
```

```
print("Maximum number:", max_num)
print("Minimum number:", min_num)

Maximum number: 9
Minimum number: 1
```

Q.2 Write a Python function that takes a positive integer and returns the sum of the

cube of all the positive integers smaller than the specified number.''' def sum of cube(n):

```
sum_cubes = 0

for i in range(1, n):
    sum_cubes += i ** 3

return sum_cubes

n = int(input("Enter a positive integer: "))
result = sum_of_cube(n)
print("Sum of the cubes of positive integers smaller than", n, "is:", result)
```

```
Enter a positive integer: 2
Sum of the cubes of positive integers smaller than 2 is: 1
```

Q.3 Write a Python function to print 1 to n using recursion. (Note: Do not use loop)'''

```
def print_numbers(n):
  if n > 0:
    print_numbers(n - 1)
    print(n)
n = int(input("Enter a positive integer: "))
print("Numbers from 1 to", n, "using recursion:")
print_numbers(n)
Enter a positive integer: 4
Numbers from 1 to 4 using recursion:
'Q.4 Write a recursive function to print Fibonacci series upto n
terms."
def fibonacci(n, a=0, b=1):
  if n > 0:
    print(a, end=" ")
    fibonacci(n - 1, b, a + b)
n = int(input("Enter the number of terms for the Fibonacci series:
"))
print("Fibonacci series up to", n, "terms:")
fibonacci(n)
```

```
Enter the number of terms for the Fibonacci series: 2
Fibonacci series up to 2 terms:
0 1
```

Q.5 Write a lambda function to find volume of cone. "

cone\_volume = lambda radius, height: (1/3) \* 3.14159 \* radius \*\* 2 \* height

radius = float(input("Enter the radius of the cone: "))

height = float(input("Enter the height of the cone: "))

volume = cone\_volume(radius, height)

print("Volume of the cone:", volume)

Enter the radius of the cone: 4
Enter the height of the cone: 5
Volume of the cone: 83.77573333333333

Q.6 Write a lambda function which gives tuple of max and min from a list.

Sample input: [10, 6, 8, 90, 12, 56]

**Sample output: (90,6) '''** 

max\_min\_tuple = lambda lst: (max(lst), min(lst))

 $input_list = [10, 6, 8, 90, 12, 56]$ 

result = max\_min\_tuple(input\_list)

print("Result:", result)

Result: (90, 6)

- **'Q.7 Write functions to explain mentioned concepts:**
- a. Keyword argument

```
b. Default argument
c. Variable length argument ""
def greet(name, message):
  print(f''{message}, {name}!'')
greet(name="Alice", message="Hello")
 Hello, Alice!
def greet(name, message="Hello"):
  print(f''{message}, {name}!'')
greet("Alice")
Hello, Alice!
def sum_values(*args):
  return sum(args)
result = sum\_values(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
print("Result:", result)
Result: 15
```

#### **EXPERIMENT-8**

# 1. Add few names, one name in each row, in "name.txt" file. with open("name.txt", "w") as file: file.write("Alice\n") file.write("Bob\n") file.write("Charlie\n") file.write("David\n") file.write("Eva\n") # a.

Count the number of names with open("name.txt", "r") as file: names = file.readlines() num\_of\_names = len(names) print("Number of names:", num\_of\_names) # b. Count all names starting with a vowel vowels = "aeiouAEIOU" num\_starting\_with\_vowel = sum(1 for name in names if name[0] in vowels) print("Number of names starting with a vowel:", num\_starting\_with\_vowel) # c. Find the longest name longest\_name = max(names, key=len).strip() print("Longest name:", longest\_name)

- # 2. Store integers in a file. with open("integers.txt", "w") as file: file.write("10\n") file.write("20\n") file.write("30\n") file.write("40\n") file.write("50\n") # Read integers from file with open("integers.txt", "r") as file: integers = [int(line.strip()) for line in file] # a. Find the max number max\_number = max(integers) print("Max number:", max\_number) # b. Find average of all numbers average = sum(integers) / len(integers) print("Average:", average) # c. Count number of numbers greater than 100 num\_greater\_than\_100 = sum(1 for num in integers if num > 100) print("Number of numbers greater than 100:", num\_greater\_than\_100)
- # 3. Create a file named "city.txt" with details of 5 cities. with open("city.txt", "w") as file: file.write("Dehradun 5.78 308.20\n") file.write("Delhi 190 1484\n") file.write("Mumbai 120 603\n") file.write("Kolkata 70 185\n") file.write("Chennai 60 426\n") # a. Display details of all cities with open("city.txt", "r") as file: cities = [line.strip().split() for line in file] print("Details of all cities:") for city in cities: print(city) # b. Display city names with population more than 10 Lakhs population\_more\_than\_10\_lakhs = [city[0] for city in cities if float(city[1]) > 10] print("City names with population more than 10 Lakhs:", population\_more\_than\_10\_lakhs) # c. Display sum of areas of all cities sum\_of\_areas = sum(float(city[2]) for city in cities) print("Sum of areas of all cities:", sum\_of\_areas)

- # 4. Implement the integer division operation. try:  $N = int(input("Enter the number of test cases: ")) for _ in range(N): a, b = map(int, input().split()) print(a // b) except ZeroDivisionError: print("Error Code: integer division or modulo by zero") except ValueError as e: print(f"Error Code: <math>\{e\}$ ")
- # 5. Create multiple suitable exceptions for a file handling program. try: with open("non\_existent\_file.txt", "r") as file: content = file.read() except FileNotFoundError: print("File not found.") except PermissionError: print("Permission denied to access the file.") except Exception as e: print(f"An error occurred: {e}")

```
Number of names: 5
Number of names starting with a vowel: 2
Longest name: Charlie
Max number: 50
Average: 30.0
Number of numbers greater than 100: 0
Details of all cities:
['Dehradun', '5.78', '308.20']
['Delhi', '190', '1484']
['Mumbai', '120', '603']
['Kolkata', '70', '185']
['Chennai', '60', '426']
City names with population more than 10 Lakhs: ['Delhi', 'Mumbai', 'Kolkata', 'Chennai']
Sum of areas of all cities: 3006.2
Enter the number of test cases:
```

### **EXPERIMENT-9**

'Q.1 Create a class of student (name, sap id, marks[phy,chem,maths]). Create 3

objects by taking inputs from the user and display details of all students'''

```
class Student:
  def init (self, name, sap id, marks):
    self.name = name
    self.sap id = sap id
    self.marks = marks
  def display details(self):
    print("Name:", self.name)
    print("SAP ID:", self.sap id)
    print("Physics Marks:", self.marks[0])
    print("Chemistry Marks:", self.marks[1])
    print("Maths Marks:", self.marks[2])
    print()
students = []
for i in range(3):
  print(f"Enter details for student {i + 1}:")
  name = input("Enter student's name: ")
  sap id = input("Enter student's SAP ID: ")
  phy marks = float(input("Enter Physics marks: "))
  chem_marks = float(input("Enter Chemistry marks: "))
```

```
math_marks = float(input("Enter Maths marks: "))
marks = [phy_marks, chem_marks, math_marks]
students.append(Student(name, sap_id, marks))
```

print("\nDetails of all students:")

for student in students:

student.display\_details()

Q.2 Add constructor in the above class to initialize student details of n students and

implement following methods:

- a) Display() student details
- b) Find Marks\_percentage() of each student
- c) Display result() [Note: if marks in each subject >40% than Pass else Fail]

Write a Function to find average of the class.

- 3. Create programs to implement different types of inheritances.
- 4. Create a class to implement method Overriding.
- 5. Create a class for operator overloading which adds two Point Objects where Point

has x & y values

e.g. if

$$P1(x=10,y=20)$$

$$P2(x=12,y=15)$$

```
P3=P1+P2 \implies P3(x=22,y=35)'''
class Student:
  def __init__(self, name, roll_no, marks):
    self.name = name
    self.roll_no = roll_no
    self.marks = marks
  def display(self):
    print("Name:", self.name)
    print("Roll No:", self.roll_no)
    print("Marks:", self.marks)
  def marks_percentage(self):
    total marks = sum(self.marks)
    percentage = (total_marks / (len(self.marks) * 100)) * 100
    return percentage
  def display_result(self):
    percentage = self.marks percentage()
    if all(mark >= 40 for mark in self.marks):
       print("Result: Pass")
    else:
```

```
print("Result: Fail")
def class average(students):
  total percentage = sum(student.marks percentage() for student
in students)
  average_percentage = total_percentage / len(students)
  return average_percentage
n = int(input("Enter the number of students: "))
students = []
for i in range(n):
  name = input("Enter student's name: ")
  roll_no = input("Enter student's roll number: ")
  marks = [int(x) for x in input("Enter student's marks separated")]
by space: ").split()]
  students.append(Student(name, roll_no, marks))
print("\nStudent Details:")
for student in students:
  student.display()
  print()
print("\nStudent Results:")
```

### for student in students:

```
student.display_result()
print()
```

## average = class\_average(students)

## print("\nClass Average Marks Percentage:", average)

```
Enter student name: Rishant
Enter SAP ID: 500126797
Enter Physics marks: 57
Enter Chemistry marks: 65
Enter Maths marks: 49
Enter student name: Anadi
Enter SAP ID: 500126798
Enter Physics marks: 45
Enter Chemistry marks: 67
Enter Maths marks: 39
Enter student name: Akshat
Enter SAP ID: 500124379
Enter Physics marks: 88
Enter Chemistry marks: 67
Enter Maths marks: 45
Details of all students:
Name: Rishant
SAP ID: 500126797
Marks (Physics, Chemistry, Maths): [57, 65, 49]
Name: Anadi
SAP ID: 500126798
Marks (Physics, Chemistry, Maths): [45, 67, 39]
SAP ID: 500124379
Marks (Physics, Chemistry, Maths): [88, 67, 45]
Enter the number of students: 2
Enter student name: Rishant
Enter SAP ID: 500126797
Enter Physics marks: 57
Enter Chemistry marks: 65
Enter Maths marks: 49
Enter student name: Anadi
Enter SAP ID: 500126798
Enter Physics marks: 45
Enter Chemistry marks: 67
Enter Maths marks: 39
Details of all students:
Name: Rishant
SAP ID: 500126797
Marks (Physics, Chemistry, Maths): [57, 65, 49]
Marks Percentage: 56.99999999999999
```

#### **EXPERIMENT-10**

import numpy as np import pandas as pd

- # 1. Create numpy array to find the sum of all elements in an array. arr1 = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]) sum\_arr1 = np.sum(arr1) print("Sum of all elements in arr1:", sum\_arr1)
- # 2. Create numpy array of (3,3) dimension. Now find the sum of all rows & columns # individually. Also find the 2nd maximum element in the array. arr2 = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]) row\_sums = np.sum(arr2, axis=1) col\_sums = np.sum(arr2, axis=0) second\_max = np.partition(arr2.flatten(), -2)[-2] print("Row sums:", row\_sums) print("Column sums:", col\_sums) print("Second maximum element:", second\_max)
- # 3. Perform Matrix multiplication of any 2 n\*n matrices. matrix1 = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]]) matrix2 = np.array([[5, 6], [7, 8]]) result = np.dot(matrix1, matrix2) print("Matrix multiplication result:") print(result)
- # 4. Write a Pandas program to get the powers of array values element-wise. data = {'X': [78, 85, 96, 80, 86], 'Y': [84, 94, 89, 83, 86], 'Z': [86, 97, 96, 72, 83]} df = pd.DataFrame(data) # Define a function to calculate powers element-wise def calculate\_power(value, exponent): return np.power(value, exponent) # Apply the function to each element

of the DataFrame powers\_df = df.apply(calculate\_power, exponent=2) print("Powers of array values element-wise:") print(powers\_df)

- # 5. Write a Pandas program to get the first 3 rows of a given DataFrame. exam\_data = {'name': ['Anastasia', 'Dima', 'Katherine', 'James', 'Emily', 'Michael', 'Matthew', 'Laura', 'Kevin', 'Jonas'], 'score': [12.5, 9, 16.5, np.nan, 9, 20, 14.5, np.nan, 8, 19], 'attempts': [1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1], 'qualify': ['yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes']} labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j'] df = pd.DataFrame(exam\_data, index=labels) first\_three\_rows = df.head(3) print("First three rows of the DataFrame:") print(first\_three\_rows)
- # 6. Write a Pandas program to find and replace the missing values in a given DataFrame # which do not have any valuable information. df.replace(np.nan, 0, inplace=True) print("DataFrame after replacing missing values:") print(df)
- # 7. Create a program to demonstrate different visual forms using Matplotlib. import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Example: Plotting a simple line graph x = np.linspace(0, 10, 100) y = np.sin(x) plt.plot(x, y) plt.title("Sine Wave") plt.xlabel("X") plt.ylabel("Y") plt.show()

```
Sum of all elements in arr1: 15
Row sums: [ 6 15 24]
Column sums: [12 15 18]
Second maximum element: 8
Matrix multiplication result:
Powers of array values element-wise:
   X Y Z
6084 7056 7396
   7225 8836 9409
9216 7921 9216
   6400 6889 5184
          7396
First three rows of the DataFrame:

name score attempts qualify
   Anastasia
   Katherine
                         attempts qualify
   Anastasia
         Dima
   Katherine
        Emily
      Michael
      Matthew
        Laura
        Kewin
        Jonas
```

